

Status	Finished
Started	Thursday, 27 November 2025, 12:13 PM
Completed	Thursday, 27 November 2025, 12:33 PM
Duration	20 mins 7 secs

Question **1**

Correct

Given a string, **s**, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Input Format

The first line contains a string, **num** which is the given number.

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(\text{num}) \leq 1000$$

All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from **0** to **9**.

Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

Explanation 0

In the given string:

- **1** occurs two times.
- **2, 4, 5, 6** and **7** occur one time each.

The remaining digits **0, 3, 8** and **9** don't occur at all.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4  char str[1000];
5  scanf("%s",str);
6  int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
7  int temp;
8  for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
9  {
10 temp=str[i]-'0';
11 if(temp<=9&&temp>=0)
12 {
13 hash[temp]++;
14 }
15 }
16 for(int i=0;i<=9;i++)
17 {
18 printf("%d ",hash[i]);
19 }
20 return 0;
21 }
22

```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	✓
✓	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	✓
✓	1v88886l256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Given a sentence, **s**, print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Input Format

The first and only line contains a sentence, **s**.

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(s) \leq 1000$$

Output Format

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Sample Input 0

This is C

Sample Output 0

This

is

C


Explanation 0

In the given string, there are three words ["This", "is", "C"]. We have to print each of these words in a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | #include<stdio.h>
2 | int main()
3 | {
4 |     char s[1000];
```

```
5 scanf("%[^\\n]s",s);
6 for(int i=0;s[i]!='\\0';i++)
7 {
8     if(s[i]!=' ')
9         printf("%c",s[i]);
10    else
11        printf("\\n");
12 }
13 return 0;
14 }
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	This is C	This is C	This is C	✓
✓	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Input Format

You are given two strings, **a** and **b**, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of **a** and **b** respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating **a** and **b** (**a + b**).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, **a'** and **b'**. **a'** and **b'** are the same as **a** and **b**, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

Sample Input

```
abcd
ef
```

Sample Output

```
4 2
abcdef
ebcd af
```

Explanation

a = "abcd"

b = "ef"

|a| = 4

|b| = 2

a + b = "abcdef"

a' = "ebcd"

b' = "af"

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      char str1[10],str2[10],t;
5      int i=0,j=0;
6      int count1=0,count2=0;
7      scanf("%s",str1);
8      scanf("%s",str2);
9      while(str1[i]!='\0')
10     {
11         count1++;
12         i++;
13     }
14     while(str2[j]!='\0')
15     {
16         count2++;
17         j++;
18     }
19     printf("%d %d\n",count1,count2);
20     printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
21     t=str1[0];
22     str1[0]=str2[0];
23     str2[0]=t;
24     printf("%s %s",str1,str2);
25     return 0;
26 }
27

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓