## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



# LAB REPORT On COMPILER DESIGN

Submitted by SURYA BHAT (1BM21CS225)

Under the Guidance of Lohith J J Assistant Professor, BMSCE

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
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## B. M. S. College of Engineering,

**Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019** 

(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

### **Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the lab work entitled "Compiler Design" carried out by **SURYA BHAT** (1BM21CS225) who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering.** It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visveswaraiah Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2023-2024. The lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of Compiler Design Lab **(22CS5PCCPD)** work prescribed for the said degree.

Signature of the Guide Lohith J J Assistant Professor, Dept. of CSE BMSCE, Bengaluru Signature of the HOD Dr. Jyothi S Nayak Prof.& Head, Dept. of CSE BMSCE, Bengaluru

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#### WEEK-1

## Program 1

```
%option noyywrap
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }
%%
[0-9]+ {printf("number:%s\n",yytext);}
[+-] {printf("operator:%s\n",yytext);}
[ \t\n] {/*ignore whitespaces and newline*/}
[a-zA-Z]* {printf("invalid character:%s\n",yytext);}
%%
int main()
printf("Enter the input: ");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex prog1.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Enter the input: xyz
invalid character:xyz
```

```
Program 2
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int c=0;
% }
%%
[a-zA-Z0-9]+ \{c++;\}
\n {printf("The count is %d",c);}
%%
int yywrap()
int main()
printf("Enter the sentence : ");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex prog2.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Enter the sentence : Have a good day
The count is 4
```

```
Program 3
#include<stdio.h>
int vow_count=0;
int const_count=0;
% }
%%
[aeiouAEIOU] {vow_count++;}
[a-zA-Z] {const_count++;}
\n {printf("Vowels count is=%d, Consonants count is=%d",vow_count,const_count);}
%%
int yywrap()
int main()
printf("Enter the string of vowels and consonants: ");
```

```
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex prog3.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Enter the string of vowels and consonants: Good Morning
Vowels count is=4, Consonants count is=7
```

#### Program 4

```
option noyywrap
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }
%%
int|char|float {printf("\n%s->keyword",yytext);}
,|; {printf("\n %s->separator",yytext);}
[a-zA-Z0-9]* {printf("\n %s->identifier",yytext);}
%%
int wrap()
{
}
```

```
int main()
{
printf("Enter the input : ");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex prog4.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Enter the input : int,variable,float

int->keyword
,->separator
variable->identifier
,->separator
float->keyword
```

```
. ECHO;
%%
int yywrap(void)
{
```

int main(void)

Program 5

%%

{
yylex();
return 0;

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex prog5.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Yashaswini G A
Yashaswini G A
```

#### WEEK 2

1. Write a lex program to check whether input is digit or not % { #include<stdio.h> #include<stdlib.h> %} %% ^[0-9]\* printf("digit"); ^[^0-9]|[0-9]\*[a-zA-Z] printf("not a digit"); .; %% int yywrap() int main() yylex(); return 0; **OUTPUT** bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253\$ lex w2p1.l bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253\$ gcc lex.yy.c bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253\$ ./a.out 7a not a digit

2. Write a lex program to check whether the given number is even or odd.

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int i;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {i=atoi(yytext);
      if(i%2==0)
         printf("Even");
      else
     printf("Odd");}
%%
int yywrap(){}
int main()
  yylex();
  return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ lex w2p2.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ ./a.out
8
Even
31
Odd
```

3. Write a lex program to check whether a number is Prime or not.

```
% {
 #include<stdio.h>
 #include<stdlib.h>
 int flag,c,j;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {c=atoi(yytext);
     if(c==2)
      printf("\n Prime number");
     else if(c==0 || c==1)
     {
      printf("\n Not a Prime number");
     }
     else
      for(j=2;j<c;j++)
     if(c%j==0)
      flag=1;
     if(flag==1)
      printf("\n Not a prime number");
```

```
else if(flag==0)
           printf("\n Prime number");
%%
int yywrap()
int main()
 yylex();
  return 0;
 }
OUTPUT
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ lex w2p3.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18M21C5253$ ./a.out
 Prime number
```

4. Write a lex program to recognize a) identifiers

- b) keyword-int and float
- c) anything else as invalid tokens.

```
% {

#include<stdio.h>
% }
```

Not a prime number

```
alpha[a-zA-Z]
digit[0-9]
%%

(float|int) {printf("\nkeyword");}
{alpha}({digit}|{alpha})* {printf("\nidentifier");}
{digit}({digit}|{alpha})* {printf("\ninvalid token");}
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
int main()
{
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ lex w2p4.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
int
keyword
var
identifier
8b
invalid token
```

- 5. Write a lex program to identify a) identifiers
  - b) keyword-int and float
  - c) anything else as invalid tokens

Read these from a text file.

```
% {
 #include<stdio.h>
 char fname[25];
%}
alpha[a-zA-Z]
digit[0-9]
%%
(float|int) {printf("\nkeyword");}
{alpha}({digit}|{alpha})* {printf("\nidentifier");}
{digit}({digit}|{alpha})* {printf("\ninvalid token");}
%%
int yywrap()
{
int main()
{
printf("enter filename");
scanf("%s",fname);
yyin=fopen(fname,"r");
yylex();
return 0;
```

```
fclose(yyin);
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18H21CS253$ lex w2p5.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18H21CS253$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:-/Documents/18H21CS253$ ./a.out
enter filenameInput.txt
keyword
identifier;
```

#### WEEK-3

1.Lex program to count the number of comment lines (multi line comments or single line) in a program. Read the input from a file called input.txt and print the count in a file called output.txt % { #include <stdio.h> int cc=0; % } %x CMNT %% "/\*" {BEGIN CMNT;} <CMNT>.; <CMNT>"\*/" {BEGIN 0; cc++;} %% int yywrap() { } int main(int argc, char \*argv[]) if(argc!=3) { printf("Usage : %s <scr\_file> <dest\_file>\n",argv[0]); return 0; } yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");

yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");

```
yylex(); \\ printf("\nNumber of multiline comments = \%d\n",cc); \\ return 0; \\ \}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ lex w3p6.l
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ ./a.out f1.txt f2.txt

Number of multiline comments = 2
```

2. Write a program in LEX to recognize Floating Point Numbers. Check for all the following

```
input cases
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int cnt=0;
% }
sign [+|-]
num [0-9]
dot [.]
%%
{sign}?{num}*{dot}{num}* {printf("Floating point no.");cnt=1;}
{sign}?{num}* {printf("Not Floating point no.");cnt=1;}
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
```

```
int main()
{
  yylex();
  if(cnt==0){
  printf("Not floating pnt no.");
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ lex w3p5.1
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ ./a.out
-67.5
Floating point no.
-93
Not Floating point no.
```

3. Write a program to read and check if the user entered number is signed or unsigned using appropriate meta character

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int cnt=0;
% }
sign [+|-]
num [0-9]
dot [.]
% %
```

```
{sign}{num}*{dot}*{num}* {printf("Signed no.");cnt=1;}
{num}*{dot}*{num}* {printf("Unsigned no.");cnt=1;}
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
int main()
{
yylex();
if(cnt==0){
printf("Not floating pnt no.");
}
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ lex w3p4.1
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ gcc lex.yy.c
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ ./a.out
+67
Signed no.
89
Unsigned no.
```

4. Write a program to check if the input sentence ends with any of the following punctuation

```
marks ( ? , fullstop , ! )
% {
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int cnt=0;
% }
punc [?|,|.|!]
chars [a-z|A-Z|0-9|""|\t]
%%
{chars}*{punc} {printf("Sentence ends with punc");}
{chars}* {printf("Sentence does not end with punc");}
%%
int yywrap()
int main()
yylex();
return 0;
}
OUTPUT
 bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ lex w3p3.lbmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ gcc lex.yy.cbmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/VAISHNAVI KAMATH$ ./a.out
Sentence does not end with punc
Hello hi.
Sentence ends with punc
5.
% {
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int cnt=0;
% }
chars [a-z|A-Z|0-9]
check [A|a|AN|An|THE|The]
% %
{check}+{chars}* {printf("Begins with %s",yytext);} {chars}* {printf("Invalid");}
% %
int yywrap()
{
}
int main()
{
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

## WEEK-4

1. Write a program in LEX to recognize different tokes: Keywords, Identifiers, Constants, Operators and Punctuations?

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int cnt=0;
% }
letter [a-zA-Z]
digit [0-9]
punc [!|,|.]
oper [+|*|-|/|%]
boole [true|false]
%%
{digit}+|{digit}*.{digit}+ {printf("Constants");}
int|float {printf("Keyword");}
{letter}({digit}|{letter})* {printf("Identifiers");}
{oper} {printf("Operator");}
{punc} {printf("Punctuator");}
%%
int yywrap()
```

```
int main()
{
  yylex();
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
```

```
a
Identifiers
25
Constants
int
Keyword
!
Punctuator
+
Operator
hello!
IdentifiersPunctuator
```

- 2. Write a LEX program to recognize the following tokens over the alphabets {0,1,..,9}
- a) The set of all string ending in 00.
- b) The set of all strings with three consecutive 222's.
- c) The set of all string such that every block of five consecutive symbols contains at least two 5's.

% {

#include<stdio.h>

```
int flag=0,i;
%}
letter [a-zA-Z]
digit [0-9]
A [0-9]
punc [!|,|.]
oper [+|*|-|/|%]
boole [true|false]
%%
{digit}*00 {printf("Ending with 00");}
{digit}*222{digit}* {printf("Consecutive 222");}
{A}{A}{A}{A}{A}{A}
flag=0;
for(i=0;i<yyleng;i++){
if(yytext[i]=='5'){
flag=flag+1;
}
if(flag>=2){
printf("Success");
else{
```

```
printf("Failure");
}

%%
int yywrap()
{
}
int main()
{
yylex();
return 0;
}

OUTPUT

1200
Ending with 00
```

- 122233 Consecutive 222 12535 Success
- d) The set of all strings beginning with a 1 which, interpreted as the binary representation of an integer, is congruent to zero modulo 5.
- e) The set of all strings such that the 10th symbol from the right end is 1.

```
d[0-9]
%{

/* d is for recognising digits */
int c1=0,c2=0,c3=0,c4=0,c5=0,c6=0,c7=0;
```

```
/* c1 to c7 are counters for rules a1 to a7 */
% }
%%
(\{d\})*00 \{ c1++; printf("%s rule A\n",yytext); \}
({d})222({d}) {c2++; printf("%s rule B\n",yytext);}
(1(0)(11|01)(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))0)(1|10(0)(11|01)(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))*10) \ \{(1(0)(11|01)(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(11|1))(01*01|00*10(0)(01*01|00*10(00*10)(01*01|00*10(00*10)(01*01|00*10(00*10)(01*01|00*10(00*10)(01*01)(01*01|00*10(00*10)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(01*01)(
c4++;
printf("%s rule D \n",yytext);
}
({d})*1{d}{9} {
c5++; printf("%s rule E \setminus n",yytext);
 }
({d})* {
int i,c=0;
if(yyleng<5)
printf("%s doesn't match any rule\n",yytext);
 }
else
for(i=0;i<5;i++) \{ if(yytext[i]=='5') \{
c++; } }
if(c>=2)
```

```
for(;i<yyleng;i++)
{
if(yytext[i-5]=='5') {
c--; }
if(yytext[i]=='5') { c++;
}
if(c<2) { printf("%s doesn't match any rule\n",yytext);</pre>
break; }
}
if(yyleng==i)
{
printf("\%s \ ruleC \ n", yytext); \ c3++; \ \}
}
else
printf("%s doesn't match any rule\n",yytext);
}
%%
int yywrap()
```

```
int main()
{
printf("Enter text\n");
yylex();
printf("Total number of tokens matching rules are : \n");
printf("Rule A : %d \n",c1);
printf("Rule B : %d \n",c2);
printf("Rule C : %d \n",c3);
printf("Rule D : %d \n",c4);
printf("Rule E : %d \n",c5);
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
```

```
Enter text
1000
1000 rule A

122200
122200 rule A

12223
12223
12223 rule B

1253533535
1253533535 rule E

12535
```

#### WEEK-5

1. Write a Program to design Lexical Analyzer in C/C++/Java/python language(to recognize any five keywords,identifiers,numbers,operators and punctuation)

```
kwd=['int','float','char','if','else']
oper=['+','-','*','/','%']
punct=['.',',','!']
def func():
txt=input("Enter text")
txt=txt.split()
for token in txt:
 if token in kwd:
         print(token + "is keyword")
 elif (token in oper):
         print(token + "is operator")
  elif(token in punct):
         print(token + "is punctuator")
 elif(token.isnumeric()):
         print(token + "is number")
 elif(not token[0].isnumeric()):
         print(token + "is identifier")
  else:
         print(token + "is not valid identifier")
func()
```

```
Enter textHello int 123 . +
Hellois identifier
intis keyword
123is number
.is punctuator
+is operator
```

2. Write a Lex Program that copies a file,replacing each nonempty sequence of white spaces by a single blank.

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }
%%

[\t"]+ fprintf(yyout,"");
.\\n fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);
%%
  int yywrap()
{
  return 1;
}
  int main(void)
{
  yyin=fopen("input1.txt","r");
```

```
yyout=fopen("output.txt","w");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

## Input.txt

```
w5p1.l ×

1 Good Morning. How are you. I am fine . Thank you.
```

## Output.txt

```
w5p1.l

1 Good Morning. How are you. I am fine . Thank you.
```

## WEEK-6

- 1. Design a suitable grammar for evaluation of arithmetic expression having + and operators.
- + has least priority and it is left associative
- has higher priority and is right associative

```
<u>lex</u>
```

%left '+'

```
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
% }
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t]
       return 0;
\n
       return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
<u>yacc</u>
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }
%token NUM
```

```
%right '-'
%%
expr:e {printf("Valid Expression\n"); printf ("Result: %d\n",$$); return 0;}
e:e'+'e {$$=$1+$3;}
| e'-'e {$$=$1-$3;}
| NUM
               {$$=$1;}
%%
int main()
{
printf("\n Enter an arithmetic expression\n");
yyparse();
return 0;
}
int yyerror()
printf("\nInvalid expression\n");
return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out

Enter an arithmetic expression
2+3
Valid Expression
Result: 5
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out

Enter an arithmetic expression
5-2+3-6
Valid Expression
Result: 0
```

```
2. Design a suitable grammar for evaluation of arithmetic expression having +, -, *, /,
%, ^ operators.
^ having highest priority and right associative
% having second highest priority and left associative
*, / have third highest priority and left associative
+, - having least priority and left associative
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
[\t]
\n
       return 0;
       return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
{
```

```
}
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }
%token NUM
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/' '%'
%right '^'
%%
expr: e { printf("Valid expression\n"); printf("Result: %d\n", $$); return 0; }
e: e '+' e
               \{\$\$ = \$1 + \$3;\}
| e' - ' e  {$$ = $1 - $3;}
|e'*'e {\$\$ = \$1 * \$3;}
| e'' e {\$\$ = \$1 / \$3;}
| e'\%' e  {$$ = $1 % $3;}
| e '^' e {
             int result = 1;
             for (int i = 0; i < \$3; i++) {
             result *= $1;
            }
              $$ = result;
           }
   | NUM
                 \{\$\$ = \$1;\}
```

```
;
%%
int main()
{
    printf("\nEnter an arithmetic expression:\n");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}

int yyerror()
{
    printf("\nInvalid expression\n");
    return 0;
}
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21C5253$ ./a.out

Enter an arithmetic expression:
1+2*3%1^2
Valid expression
Result: 1
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21C5253$
```

# WEEK-7

1. Program to recognize the grammar (anb,  $n \ge 5$ ).

```
Hint :S → aaaaaEb
E →a E| €
p2.1
% { #include "y.tab.h" % }
%%
[aA] {return A;}
[bB] {return B;}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%
int yywrap()
 return 1;
}
p2.y
% {
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
%}
 %token A B NL
 %%
```

```
stmt: A A A A A S B NL {printf("valid string\n"); exit(0);}
;
S: S A
|;
%%
int yyerror(char *msg)
{
 printf("invalid string\n");
 exit(0);
}
main()
{
 printf("enter the string\n");
 yyparse();
```

```
C:\Users\Prameetha\Desktop\SS\ss>7a.exe
enter the string
aaab
invalid string

C:\Users\Prameetha\Desktop\SS\ss>7a.exe
enter the string
aaaaaab
valid string

C:\Users\Prameetha\Desktop\SS\ss>7a.exe
enter the string
aaaaaab
valid string

C:\Users\Prameetha\Desktop\SS\ss>7a.exe
enter the string
ababa
invalid string

C:\Users\Prameetha\Desktop\SS\ss>
```

```
2. Program to recognize strings 'aaab', 'abbb', 'ab' and 'a' using the grammar (anbn, n>=
   0).
    \mathsf{Hint}:\mathsf{S}\to\mathsf{aSb}\mid \mathsf{E}
   P3.1
   % { #include "y.tab.h" % }
    %%
   [aA] {return A;}
   [bB] {return B;}
   \n {return NL;}
    . {return yytext[0];}
    %%
     int yywrap() {
     return 1; }
   P3.y
    % {
   #include<stdio.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
    % }
    %token A B NL
    %%
   stmt: S NL {printf("valid string\n"); exit(0);}
```

```
S: A S B
|;
%%
int yyerror(char *msg)
{
 printf("invalid string\n");
 exit(0);
}
main()
{
 printf("enter the string\n");
 yyparse();
}
OUTPUT:
enter the string
aabb
valid string
vaishnavi@vaishnavi-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/yaccprograms$ ./a.out
enter the string
abb
invalid string
3. Write a YACC program to accept strings with exactly one a where \Sigma = \{a,b\}
P4.1
% { #include "y.tab.h" % }
%%
[aA] {return A;}
[bB] {return B;}
\n {return NL;}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
%}
%token A B NL
%%
stmt: S NL {printf("valid string\n"); exit(0);}
S: BS
|AX;
X : B X \mid
%%
int yyerror(char *msg)
printf("invalid string\n");
exit(0);
main()
printf("enter the string\n");
yyparse();
OUTPUT:
vaishnavi@vaishnavi-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/yaccprograms$ ./a.out
enter the string
abbb
valid string
vaishnavi@vaishnavi-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/yaccprograms$ ./a.out
enter the string
aabb
invalid string
vaishnavi@vaishnavi-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/yaccprograms$
```

int yywrap() {
 return 1; }

#include<stdio.h>

P4.y

% {

4. Recursive Descent Parsing with back tracking (Brute Force Method).S->cAd,A->ab/a

```
#include <stdio.h>
int index = 0;
int parse_A(char input_str[]) {
  int current_index = index;
  if (input_str[index] == 'a') {
     index++;
    if (input_str[index] == 'b') {
       index++;
       return 1;
     } else {
       // Backtrack
       index = current_index;
       return 0;
  } else if (input_str[index] == 'a') {
    index++;
     return 1;
  return 0;
}
int parse_S(char input_str[]) {
  if (input_str[index] == 'c') {
```

```
index++;
     if (parse_A(input_str)) {
       if (input_str[index] == 'd') {
          index++;
          return 1;
       }
  return 0;
}
void recursive_descent_parser(char input_str[]) {
  index = 0;
  if (parse_S(input_str) && input_str[index] == '\0') {
    printf("Parsing successful.\n");
  } else {
     printf("Parsing failed.\n");
}
int main() {
  char input_string[] = "cabdc";
  recursive_descent_parser(input_string);
```

```
return 0;
```

OBJ

5. Write a Yacc program to generate syntax tree for a given arithmetic expression

### p<u>1.l</u>

```
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
% }
%%
[0-9]+ { yylval=atoi(yytext); return digit;}
[\t];
[\n] return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
```

# p<u>1.y</u>

% { #include <math.h> #include<ctype.h>

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
struct tree_node
char val[10];
int lc;
int rc;
};
int ind;
struct tree_node syn_tree[100];
void my_print_tree(int cur_ind);
int mknode(int lc,int rc,char val[10]);
% }
%token digit
%%
S:E { my_print_tree($1); }
E:E'+T \{ \$= mknode(\$1,\$3,"+"); ; \}
|T { $$=$1; }
T:T'*'F { $$= mknode($1,$3,"*"); ; }
|F {$$=$1;}
F:'('E')' { $$=$2; }
|digit {char buf[10]; sprintf(buf,"%d", yylval); $$ = mknode(-1,-1,buf);}
%%
int main()
{
ind=0;
printf("Enter an expression\n");
yyparse();
return 0;
int yyerror()
printf("NITW Error\n");
int mknode(int lc,int rc,char val[10])
strcpy(syn_tree[ind].val,val);
syn_tree[ind].lc = lc;
syn_tree[ind].rc = rc;
ind++;
return ind-1;
}
```

```
/*my_print_tree function to print the syntax tree in DLR fashion*/
void my_print_tree(int cur_ind)
{
    if(cur_ind==-1) return;
    if(syn_tree[cur_ind].lc==-1&&syn_tree[cur_ind].rc==-1)
    printf("Digit Node -> Index : %d, Value :
    %s\n",cur_ind,syn_tree[cur_ind].val); else
    printf("Operator Node -> Index : %d, Value : %s, Left Child Index : %d,Right Child
    Index : %d \n",cur_ind,syn_tree[cur_ind].val,
    syn_tree[cur_ind].lc,syn_tree[cur_ind].rc); my_print_tree(syn_tree[cur_ind].lc);
    my_print_tree(syn_tree[cur_ind].rc);
}
```

```
root@DESKTOP-HUVA0GE:~
root@DESKTOP-HUVA0GE:~# ./a.out
Enter an expression
2+3*5
Operator Node -> Index : 4, Value : +, Left Child Index : 0,Right Child Index : 3
Leaf Node -> Index : 0, Value : 2
Operator Node -> Index : 3, Value : *, Left Child Index : 1,Right Child Index : 2
Leaf Node -> Index : 3, Value : *
Leaf Node -> Index : 1, Value : 3
Leaf Node -> Index : 2, Value : 5
root@DESKTOP-HUVA0GE:~#
```

### WEEK-8

1. Use YACC to convert: Infix expression to Postfix expression.

```
p4.1
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
%}
%%
[0-9]+ { yylval=atoi(yytext); return digit;}
[\t];
[\n] return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
{
}
p4.y
% {
#include <ctype.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
% }
%token digit
%%
S: E {printf("\n');}
E: E '+' T { printf ("+");}
| T
T: T '*' F { printf("*");}
| F
F: '(' E ')'
```

```
| digit {printf("%d", $1);}
;
%%
int main()
{
  printf("Enter infix expression: ");
  yyparse();
}
  yyerror()
{
  printf("Error");
}
OUTPUT
```

2. Modify the program so as to include operators such as / , - , ^ as per their arithmetic associativity and precedence

```
% {
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
% }
%token digit
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%right '^'
%%
S: E {printf("\n\n");}
E: E '+' T { printf ("+");}
|E '-' T { printf ("-");}
| T
T: T '*' G { printf("*");}
|T '/' G{ printf("/");}
|G
G: G'^'F { printf("^");}
|\mathbf{F}|
F: '(' E ')'
| digit {printf("%d", $1);}
%%
int main()
printf("Enter infix expression: ");
yyparse();
yyerror()
printf("Error");
```

```
bmsce@bmsce-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop/1BM21CS205$ lex p4.l
bmsce@bmsce-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop/1BM21CS205$ yacc -d p4.y
bmsce@bmsce-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop/1BM21CS205$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:1223:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-f
unction-declaration]
1223
              yychar = yylex ();
y.tab.c:1392:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror'; did you mea
n 'yyerrok'? [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
              yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
1392
              yyerrok
p4.y: At top level:
p4.y:30:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
  30 | yyerror()
bmsce@bmsce-OptiPlex-3060:~/Desktop/1BM21CS205$ ./a.out
Enter infix expression: 2^3+4^5
23^45^+
```

# WEEK 9

1)Use YACC to implement, evaluator for arithmetic expressions (Desktop calculator).

```
% {
 /* Definition section */
#include<stdio.h>
#include "y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
% }
/* Rule Section */
%%
[0-9]+ {
       yylval=atoi(yytext);
       return NUMBER;
        }
[\t];
[\n] return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
```

```
int yywrap()
return 1;
}
token NUMBER
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/' '%'
%left '(' ')'
/* Rule Section */
%%
ArithmeticExpression: E{
       printf("\nResult=%d\n", $$);
```

```
return 0;
       };
E:E'+'E {$$=$1+$3;}
|E'-'E {$$=$1-$3;}
|E'*'E {$$=$1*$3;}
|E'/'E {$$=$1/$3;}
|E'%'E {$$=$1%$3;}
|'('E')' {$$=$2;}
| NUMBER {$$=$1;}
%%
//driver code
void main()
```

printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets:\n");

```
yyparse();
if(flag==0)
printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");
}

void yyerror()
{
    printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
    flag=1;
```

### **OUTPUT**

Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets: 1+2\*3 Result=7 Entered arithmetic expression is Valid

```
2)YACC to generate 3-Adress code for given expression.
p.l
% {
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
extern char iden[20];
% }
d [0-9]+
a [a-zA-Z]+
%%
{d} { yylval=atoi(yytext); return digit; }
{a} { strcpy(iden,yytext); yylval=1; return id;}
[ \t] {;}
\n return 0;
. return yytext[0];
%%
int yywrap()
```

```
P.y
% {
#include <math.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int var_cnt=0;
char iden[20];
% }
%token id
%token digit
%%
S:id '=' E { printf("%s=t%d\n",iden,var_cnt-1); }
E:E '+' T { \$=var_cnt; var_cnt++; printf("t%d = t%d + t%d;\n", $$, $1, $3);
  }
|E'-T'| = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}
 }
|T { $$=$1; }
T:T '*' F { $$=var_cnt; var_cnt++; printf("t%d = t%d * t%d;\n", $$, $1, $3 ); }
|T '/' F { \$=var\_cnt; var\_cnt++; printf("t%d = t%d / t%d;\n", \$\$, \$1, \$3 ); }
|F {$$=$1;}
F:P '^' F { \$=var_cnt; var_cnt++; printf("t%d = t%d ^ t%d;\n", $$, $1, $3 );}
```

```
| P { $$ = $1;}
P: '(' E ')' { $$=$2; }
|digit { \$=var_cnt; var_cnt++; printf("t%d = %d;\n",$$,$1); }
%%
int main()
var_cnt=0;
printf("Enter an expression : \n");
yyparse();
return 0;
yyerror()
printf("error");
```

```
bmscecse@bmscecse-OptiPlex-3060:~/Documents/1BM21CS253$ ./a.out
Enter an expression :
a=3*5+4
t0 = 3;
t1 = 5;
t2 = t0 * t1;
t3 = 4;
t4 = t2 + t3;
a=t4
```