Toonification of grayscale image (14uec080,14uec109)

Table of Contents

| Anisotropic Diffusion | 1 |
|-----------------------|---|
| Edge Detection | 2 |

Anisotropic Diffusion

```
clear all;
close all;
clc;
im=imread('portraits6.jpg');
im=rgb2gray(im);
                 - input image
          niter - number of iterations.
          kappa - conduction coefficient 20-100 ?
          lambda - max value of .25 for stability
          option - 1 Perona Malik diffusion equation No 1
                   2 Perona Malik diffusion equation No 2
niter=10;
kappa=30;
lambda=0.2;
option =2;
diff=im;
diff = anis_diff(im, niter, kappa, lambda, option);
figure;
imagesc(diff), colormap(gray), axis image% axis none
ax = gca
ax.Visible = 'off'
colormap(gray);
f=getframe; imwrite(f.cdata,'test.png');
%saveas(gcf,'figgur.png')
%figure;
%e = canny(diff);
%imshow(e);
close all;
ax =
  Axes with properties:
             XLim: [0.5000 683.5000]
             YLim: [0.5000 1.0245e+03]
```

```
XScale: 'linear'
           YScale: 'linear'
   GridLineStyle: '-'
         Position: [0.1300 0.1100 0.7750 0.8150]
            Units: 'normalized'
 Use GET to show all properties
ax =
 Axes with properties:
             XLim: [0.5000 683.5000]
             YLim: [0.5000 1.0245e+03]
           XScale: 'linear'
           YScale: 'linear'
   GridLineStyle: '-'
         Position: [0.1300 0.1100 0.7750 0.8150]
            Units: 'normalized'
 Use GET to show all properties
```

Edge Detection

```
% Input Image
clear all;
clc;
A=[];
piA=[];
%Using 16 fuzzy edge templets that show the possible direction of the
edges
% in the image and then calculating the divergence between the original
%image and the 16 fuzzy templets.
III = rgb2gray(imread('test.png'));%name of the image
II = imcrop(III,[5 5 560 450]);
I = double(II);
[r,k] = size(I);
% Selection of the 16 fuzzy templets
a=0.3; b=0.8;
t1 = [a a a; 0 0 0; b b b];
t2 = [a \ a \ b; \ a \ b \ 0; \ b \ 0 \ 0];
t3 = [b b b; 0 0 0; a a a];
t4 = [b \ a \ a; \ 0 \ b \ a; \ 0 \ 0 \ b];
t5 = [b a 0; b a 0; b a 0];
t6 = [a \ 0 \ b; a \ 0 \ b; a \ 0 \ b];
t7 = [0 \ 0 \ 0; \ b \ b; \ a \ a \ a];
t8 = [0 b a; 0 b a; 0 b a];
t9 = [a \ a \ a; \ b \ b; 0 \ 0 \ 0];
```

```
t10 = [a b 0; a b 0; a b 0];
t11 = [0 \ 0 \ 0; \ a \ a \ a; b \ b];
t12 = [0 \ a \ b; \ 0 \ a \ b; \ 0 \ a \ b];
t13 = [b b b; a a a; 0 0 0];
t14 = [b \ 0 \ a; \ b \ 0 \ a; \ b \ 0 \ a];
t15 = [b \ 0 \ 0; b \ 0 \ a; a \ a \ b];
t16 = [0 \ 0 \ b; \ 0 \ b \ a; \ b \ a \ a];
% Initization of algorithm
xmax = max(max(max(I))); %maximum pixel/element of the image;
%converting into the fuzzy domain from the original image;
fim = I/xmax; %fim is the image data of the input image in the fuzzy
  domain
%all values of fim are in the interval of [0 1];
%initializing the edge image as zeros matrix
fedgeim = zeros(r,k);%in fuzzy domain
%Increaing the border line of the image i.e to increase the row and
  column
%by 2 in the first and last by taking the mirror image of the
 immediate
%existing rows and columns respectively
r1 = fim(2,:); Copy of all element in the 2nd row of fim
r2 = fim(r-1,:);
c1 = fim(:,2);
c2 = fim(:,k-1);
b1 = [0 r1 0];
b2 = [0 r2 0];
b3 = [c1 fim c2];
bfim = [b1;b3;b2];%bfim = Border fuzzy image matix
bfim(1,1) = fim(1,1);
bfim(r+2, k+2) = fim(r,k);
\texttt{bfim}(1,k+2) = \texttt{fim}(1,k);
bfim(r+2,1) = fim(r,1);
%finding Hesitation degree or intuitionstic fuzzy index
%c = input("Enter the value of pi ");
c = 0.2;
pibfim = c*(1-bfim);
pit1 = c*(1-t1); pit2 = c*(1-t2); pit3 = c*(1-t3); pit4 = c*(1-t4); pit5 =
  c*(1-t5);pit6 = c*(1-t6);pit7 = c*(1-t7);
pit8 = c*(1-t8); pit9 = c*(1-t9); pit10 = c*(1-t10); pit11 = c*(1-t10); pit110 = c*
t11);pit12 = c*(1-t12);pit13 = c*(1-t13);
pit14 = c*(1-t14); pit15 = c*(1-t15); pit16 = c*(1-t16);
Calculation of the maximum of the divergance value between the 16
 templates
%and the original image of the same size let the original image
 denoted by
%A this A arew formed by taking the 3x3 matrix in the border matix i.e
  from
*Considering the fuzzy templats as mask of size 3x3 and then we will
  slide
```

```
%this matix in the fuzzy matrix i.e in the fim not inj the bfim
for i = 2:r+1
       for j = 2:k+1
               A = [bfim(i-1, j-1) \ bfim(i, j-1) \ bfim(i+1, j-1) ; \ bfim(i-1, j)
 bfim(i,j) bfim(i+1,j); bfim(i-1,j+1) bfim(i,j+1) bfim(i+1,j+1)];
               piA = [pibfim(i-1,j-1) pibfim(i,j-1) pibfim(i+1,j-1);
 pibfim(i-1,j) pibfim(i,j) pibfim(i+1,j) ; pibfim(i-1,j+1) pibfim(i,j
+1) pibfim(i+1,j+1)];
               %3x3 matrix for determining the divergence with the tempelets
 t1,
               %t2...15,16.
               %we calculate the divergence of 3x3 matrix at a time and then
               %taking the minimun element of the matrix for all 16 fuzzy
               %tempelets;
               %d1 is a matrix of 3x3 = divergence with original matix and
               %fuzzy templets 1
               d1 = 2 - (1-A+t1).*exp(A-t1)-(1-t1+A).*exp(t1-A)+ 2- (1-(A-t1)-(1-t1+A)).*exp(t1-A)+ 2- (1-(A-t1)-(1-t1+A)).*exp(A-t1-A)+ 2- (1-(A-t1)-(1-t1+A)).*exp(A-t1-A)+ 2- (1-(A-t1)-(A-t1+A)).*exp(A-t1-A)+ 2- (A-t1-A)+ 2- (A-
t1)+pit1-piA).*exp(A-t1-(pit1-piA))-(1-(pit1-piA)+A-t1).*exp(pit1-piA-
(A-t1));
               min1 =min(min(d1));
               d^2 is the matix of d^2 = divergence matix with orinigal
 matrix and fuzzy tempelts 2.
               d2 = 2 - (1-A+t2).*exp(A-t2)-(1-t2+A).*exp(t2-A)+2-(1-(A-t2)-(1-t2+A))
t2)+pit2-piA).*exp(A-t2-(pit2-piA))-(1-(pit2-piA)+A-t2).*exp(pit2-piA-
(A-t2));
               min2 =min(min(d2));
               d3 = 2 - (1-A+t3).*exp(A-t3)-(1-t3+A).*exp(t3-A)+2-(1-(A-t3))
t3)+pit3-piA).*exp(A-t3-(pit3-piA))-(1-(pit3-piA)+A-t3).*exp(pit3-piA-
(A-t3));
               min3 =min(min(d3));
               d4 = 2 - (1-A+t4).*exp(A-t4)-(1-t4+A).*exp(t4-A)+2-(1-(A-t4))
t4)+pit4-piA).*exp(A-t4-(pit4-piA))-(1-(pit4-piA)+A-t4).*exp(pit4-piA-
(A-t4));
               min4 =min(min(d4));
               d5 = 2 - (1-A+t5).*exp(A-t5)-(1-t5+A).*exp(t5-A)+2-(1-(A-t5))
t5)+pit5-piA).*exp(A-t5-(pit5-piA))-(1-(pit5-piA)+A-t5).*exp(pit5-piA-
(A-t5));
               min5 =min(min(d5));
               d6 = 2 - (1-A+t6).*exp(A-t6)-(1-t6+A).*exp(t6-A)+2-(1-(A-t6))
t6)+pit6-piA).*exp(A-t6-(pit6-piA))-(1-(pit6-piA)+A-t6).*exp(pit6-piA-
(A-t6));
               min6 =min(min(d6));
               d7 = 2 - (1-A+t7).*exp(A-t7)-(1-t7+A).*exp(t7-A)+2-(1-(A-t7+A))
t7)+pit7-piA).*exp(A-t7-(pit7-piA))-(1-(pit7-piA)+A-t7).*exp(pit7-piA-
(A-t7));
               min7 =min(min(d7));
               d8 = 2 - (1-A+t8).*exp(A-t8)-(1-t8+A).*exp(t8-A)+2-(1-(A-t8))
t8)+pit8-piA).*exp(A-t8-(pit8-piA))-(1-(pit8-piA)+A-t8).*exp(pit8-piA-
(A-t8));
               min8 =min(min(d8));
               d9 = 2 - (1-A+t9).*exp(A-t9)-(1-t9+A).*exp(t9-A)+2-(1-(A-t9+A))
t9)+pit9-piA).*exp(A-t9-(pit9-piA))-(1-(pit9-piA)+A-t9).*exp(pit9-piA-
(A-t9));
```

```
min9 =min(min(d9));
        d10 = 2 - (1-A+t10).*exp(A-t10)-(1-t10+A).*exp(t10-A)+2-
(1-(A-t10)+pit10-piA).*exp(A-t10-(pit10-piA))-(1-(pit10-piA)+A-
t10).*exp(pit10-piA-(A-t10));
        min10 =min(min(d10));
        d11 = 2 - (1-A+t11).*exp(A-t11)-(1-t11+A).*exp(t11-A)+2-
(1-(A-t11)+pit11-piA).*exp(A-t11-(pit11-piA))-(1-(pit11-piA)+A-
t11).*exp(pit11-piA-(A-t11));
        min11 =min(min(d11));
        d12 = 2 - (1-A+t12).*exp(A-t12)-(1-t12+A).*exp(t12-A)+2-
(1-(A-t12)+pit12-piA).*exp(A-t12-(pit12-piA))-(1-(pit12-piA)+A-
t12).*exp(pit12-piA-(A-t12));
        min12 =min(min(d12));
        d13 = 2 - (1-A+t13).*exp(A-t13)-(1-t13+A).*exp(t13-A)+2-
(1-(A-t13)+pit13-piA).*exp(A-t13-(pit13-piA))-(1-(pit13-piA)+A-
t13).*exp(pit13-piA-(A-t13));
        min13 =min(min(d13));
        d14 = 2 - (1-A+t14).*exp(A-t14)-(1-t14+A).*exp(t14-A)+2-
(1-(A-t14)+pit14-piA).*exp(A-t14-(pit14-piA))-(1-(pit14-piA)+A-
t14).*exp(pit14-piA-(A-t14));
        min14 = min(min(d14));
        d15 = 2 - (1-A+t15).*exp(A-t15)-(1-t15+A).*exp(t15-A)+2-
(1-(A-t15)+pit15-piA).*exp(A-t15-(pit15-piA))-(1-(pit15-piA)+A-
t15).*exp(pit15-piA-(A-t15));
        min15 =min(min(d15));
        %d16 is the matix of 3x3 = divergence matix with orinigal
matrix and
        %fuzzy tempelts 16.
        d16 = 2 - (1-A+t16).*exp(A-t16)-(1-t16+A).*exp(t16-A)+2-
(1-(A-t16)+pit16-piA).*exp(A-t16-(pit16-piA))-(1-(pit16-piA)+A-
t16).*exp(pit16-piA-(A-t16));
        min16 =min(min(d16));
        %Selecting the minimum divergence among the 16 divergence
values
        %and is positioned at the center of the templets position for
 the
        %edge iamge i.e in edgeim.
        dd = [min1 min2 min3 min4 min5 min6 min7 min8 min9 min10 min11
min12 min13 min14 min15 min16];
        fedgeim(i-1,j-1) = max(dd);
    end
end
% We wil get the edge image in the fuzzy doamin as edgeim matrix So we
% to transform back in the image pixel domain i.e in the interval [1
255]
fedgeimmax = max(max(fedgeim));
edgeim = double((1/fedgeimmax)*(fedgeim));
% Output
tt = 255*edgeim;
ttt = uint8(tt);
addedim=imadd(uint8(I),ttt);
```

```
im1=imread('portraits6.jpg');
im2=imread('test.png');
figure; clf;
set(gcf,'Name','Original Image');
imshow(rgb2gray(im1));
title('Original Image');
figure;
set(gcf,'Name','After anisotropic diffusion');
imshow(rgb2gray(im2));
title('Image after anisotropic diffusion');
figure;
set(gcf,'Name','Final Cartoon after edge detection');
imshow(addedim);
title('Final Cartoon after edge detection');
```

Warning: Image is too big to fit on screen; displaying at 50%



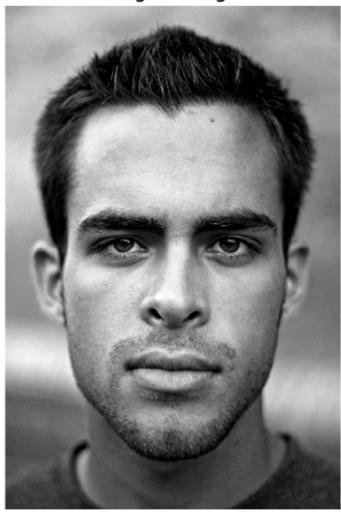


Image after anisotropic diffusion



Final Cartoon after edge detection



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