

MULTIPLEXER:

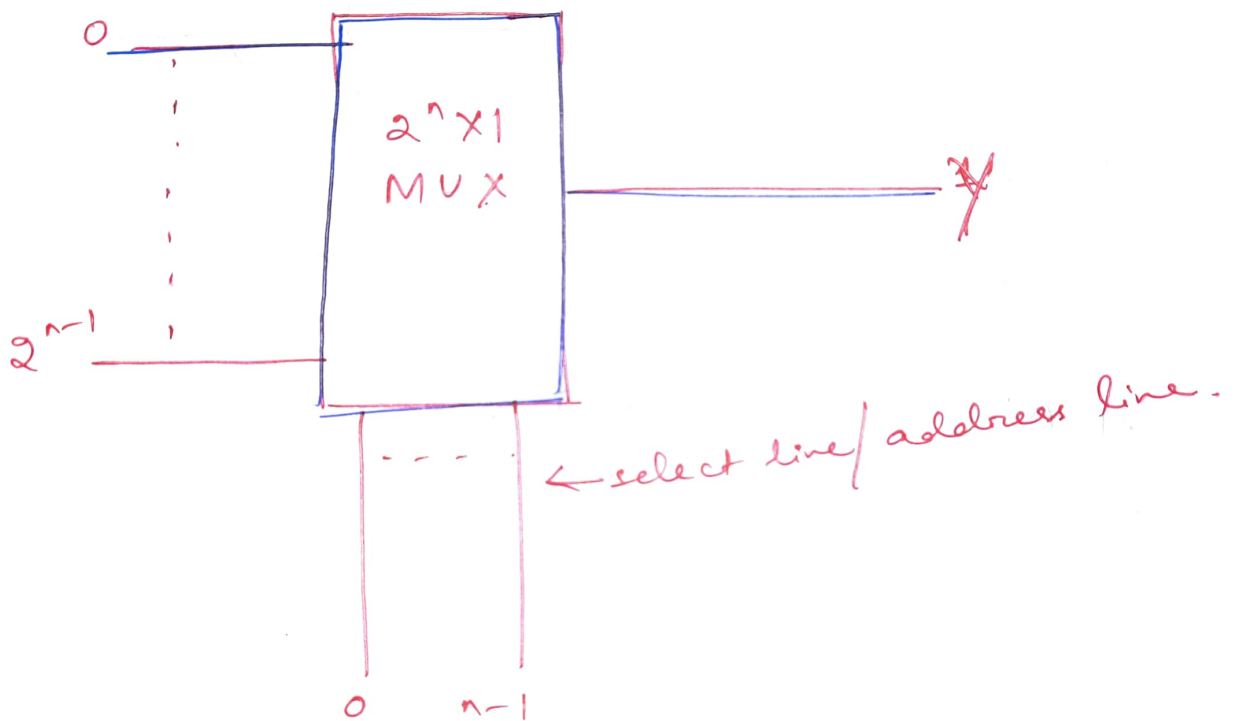
(many inputs ; one output)

No. of input lines = 2^n

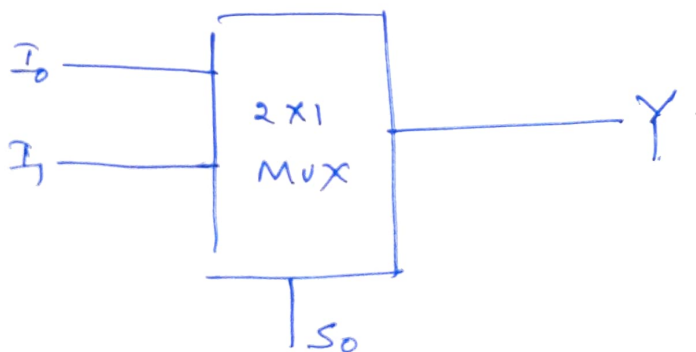
No. of output line = 1.

n = no. of select lines.

- the best combination of selection lines ~~will~~ at any point will determine the input lines.

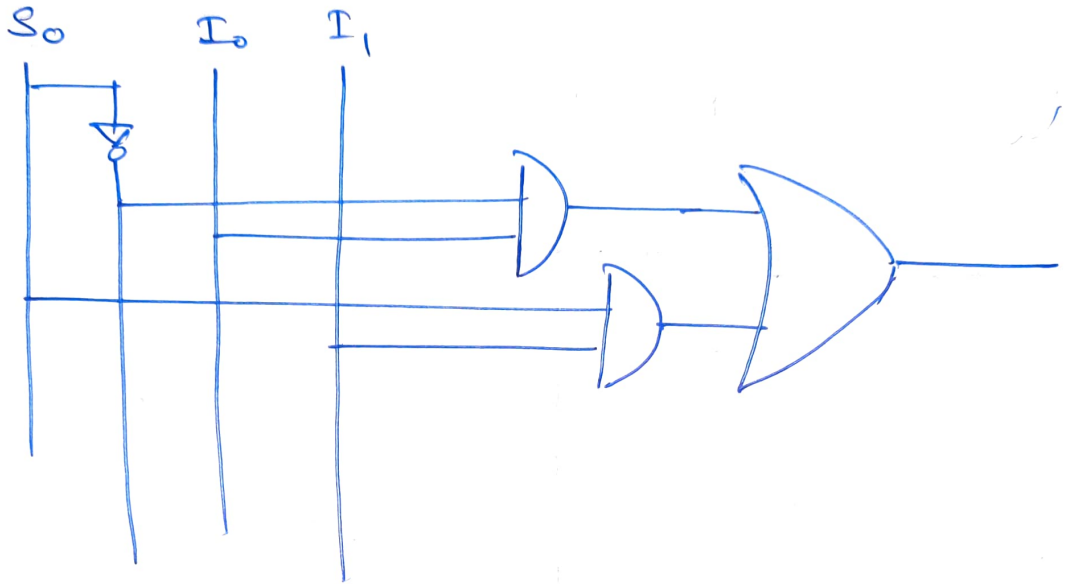


* 2×1 MUX: No. of input = 2
No. of select lines = 1
No. of o/p = 1

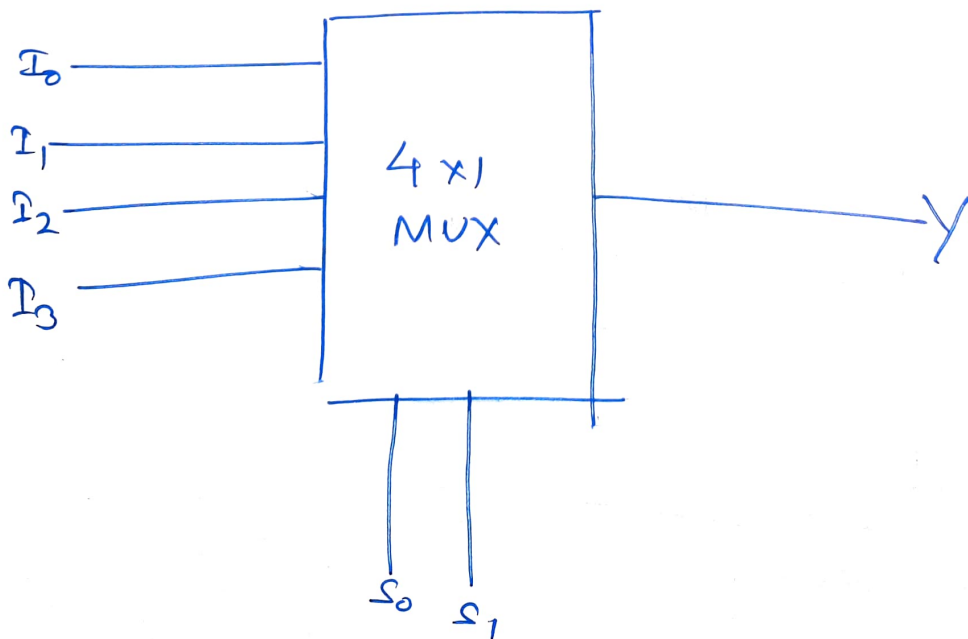


S_0	Y
0	I_0
1	I_1

$$Y = \bar{S}_0 I_0 + S_0 I_1$$



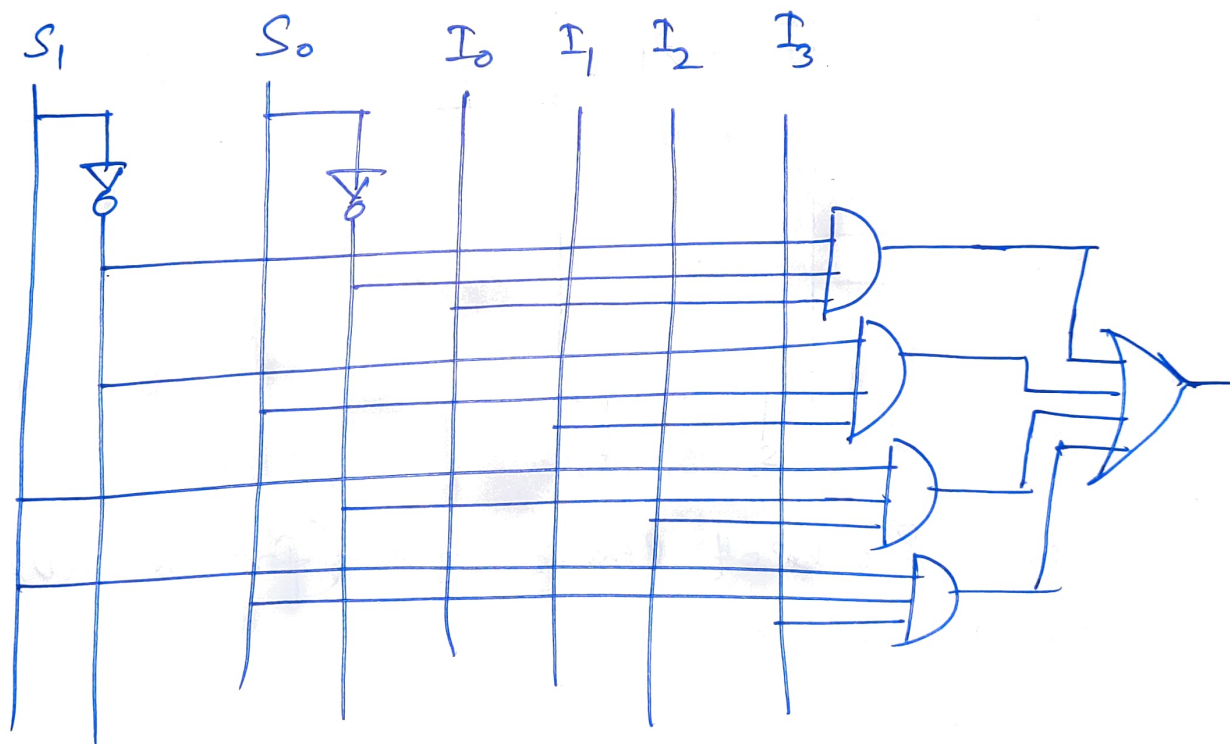
* 4 x 1 MUX : No. of I/P = 4
No. of select lines = 2



$$Y = \bar{S}_1 \bar{S}_0 I_0 + \bar{S}_1 S_0 I_1 + S_1 \bar{S}_0 I_2 + S_1 S_0 I_3$$

~~$$S_1 \quad S_0$$~~

S_1	S_0	Y
0	0	I_0
0	1	I_1
1	0	I_2
1	1	I_3



Q. Implement the following Boolean function using MUX.

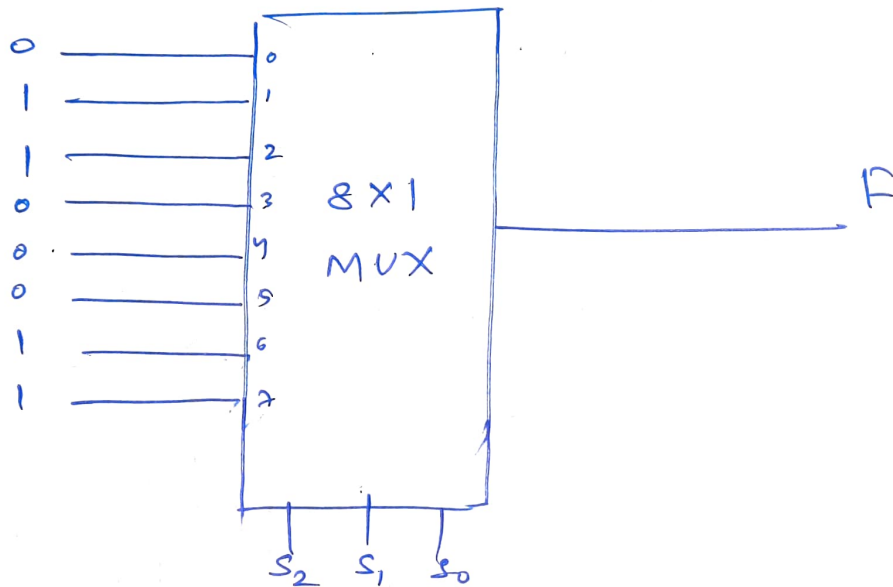
$$F = \sum m(1, 2, 6, 7)$$

i) Use 8×1 MUX

ii) Use 4×1 MUX. *

Ans.

i) 8×1 MUX:

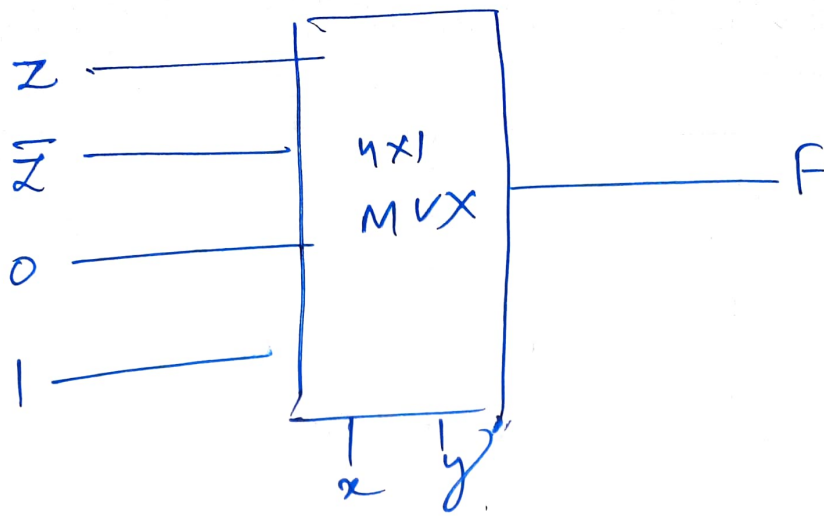


ii) No. of select lines = 3. ✓ (for 8×1 MUX).

For 4×1 MUX:

Let x & y be select lines.

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3
\bar{z}	0	(2)	4	(6)
z	(1)	3	5	(7)
	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	
	z	\bar{z}	$\bar{z} + z = 1$	



~~Q.2~~

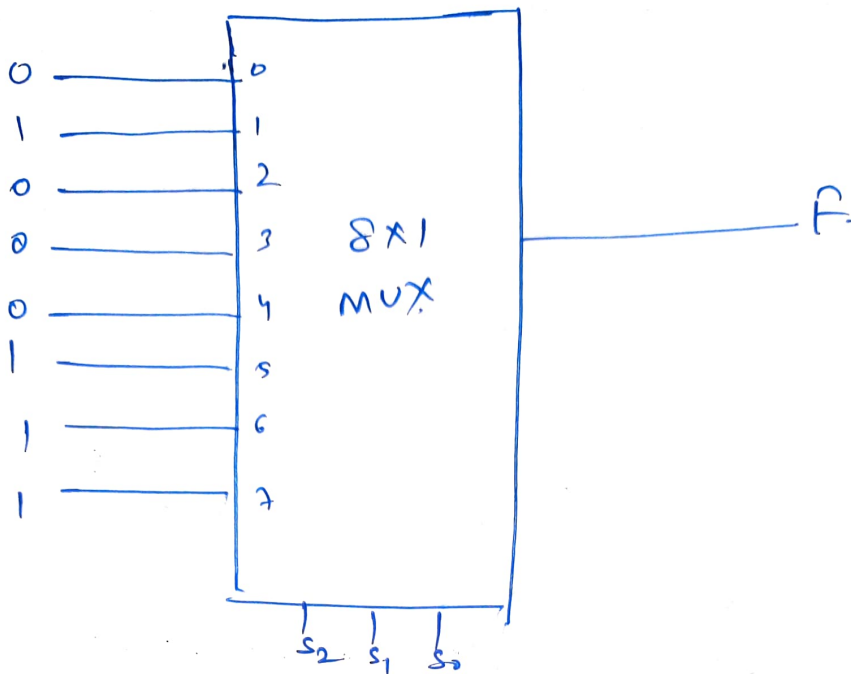
Q. Implement the function $AB + \bar{B}C$ using

- i) 8×1 MUX
- ii) 4×1 MUX

Ans.	A	B	C	AB	\bar{B}	$\bar{B}C$	$AB + \bar{B}C$
	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
	1	1	1	1	0	0	1

$$F = \sum m(1, 5, 6, 7)$$

i) 8x1 MUX :



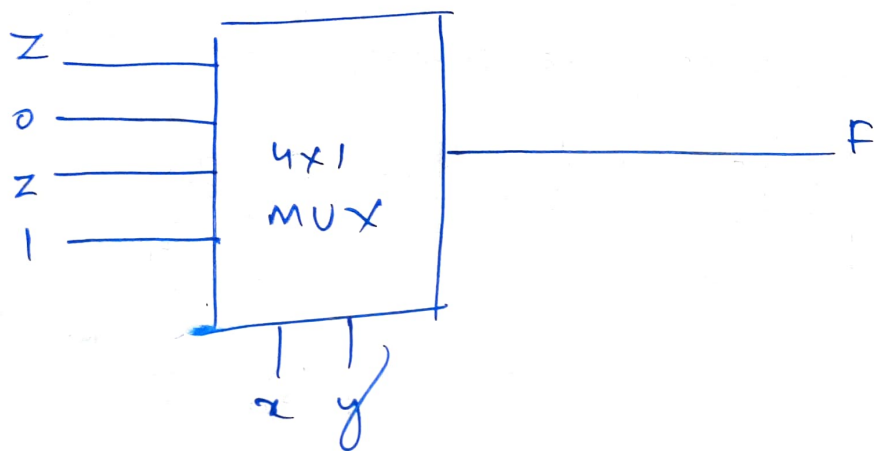
ii) 4x1 MUX :

~~test~~ No. of select lines for 8x1 MUX = 3

" " " " " 4x1 MUX = 2

let x and y be select lines

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3
\bar{Z}	0	2	4	(6)
Z	(1)	3	(5)	(7)
<hr/>				
	\Downarrow	\Downarrow	\Downarrow	\Downarrow
	Z	0	Z	$\bar{Z} + Z = 1$

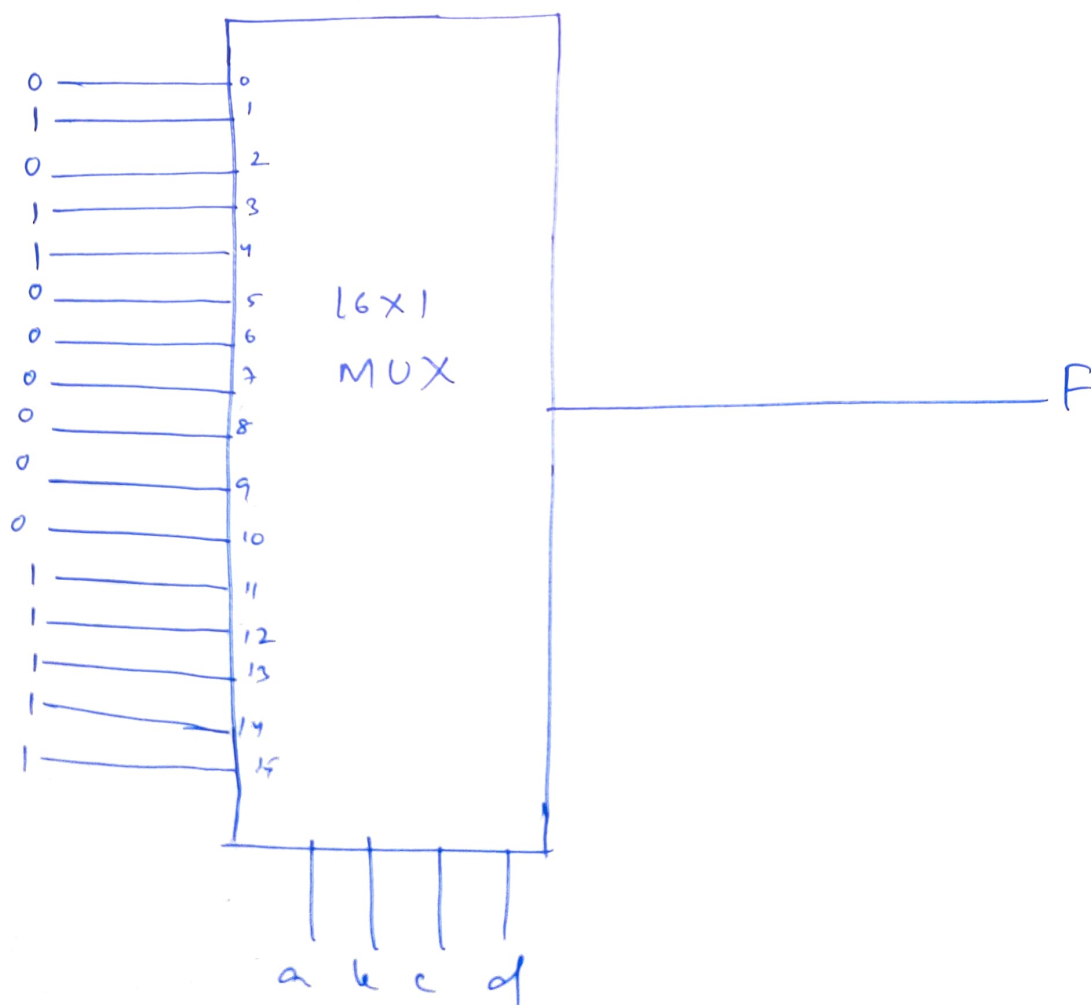


Q. Solve using suitable MUX ~~as~~ implementing following function:

$$f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(1, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$$

Ans.

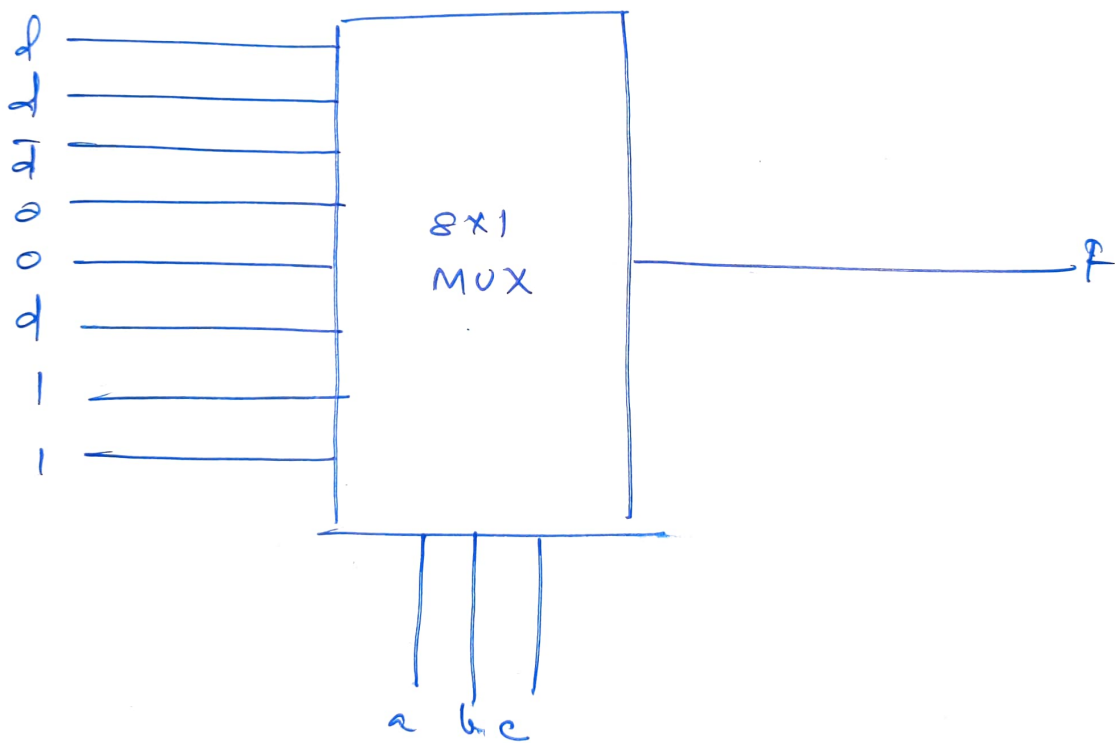
Method-1 (Using 16x1 MUX)



Method-2: (Using 8x1 mux)

Let a, b, c be select lines;

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4	I_5	I_6	I_7
\bar{d}	0	2	(4)	6	8	10	(12)	(14)
d	(1)	(3)	5	7	9	(11)	(13)	(15)
	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow
	d	d	\bar{d}	0	0	d	$\bar{d}+d=1$	$\bar{d}+d=1$



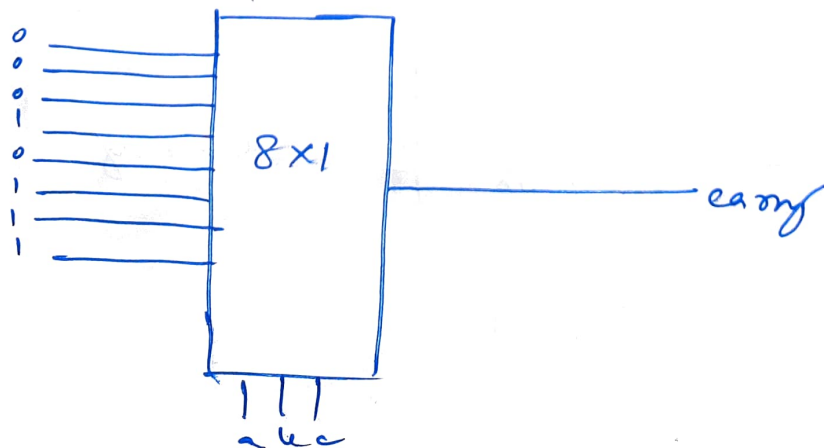
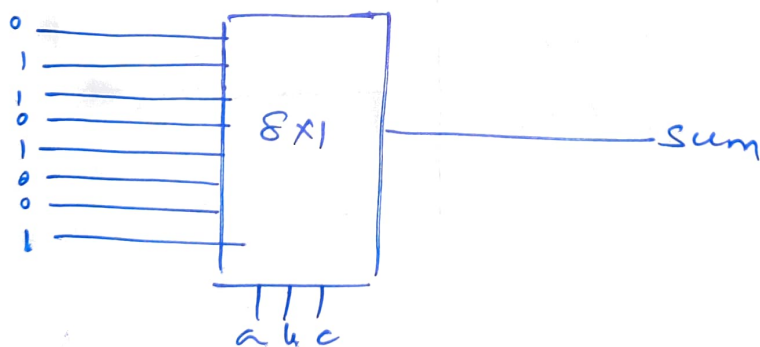
Q. Design Full adder using suitable Mux.

<u>Ans.</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>Sum</u>	<u>Carry</u>
	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1	1	0
	0	1	0	1	0
	0	1	1	0	1
	1	0	0	1	0
	1	0	1	0	1
	1	1	0	0	1
	1	1	1	1	1

$$\text{Sum} = \sum m(1, 2, 4, 7)$$

$$\text{Carry} = \sum m(3, 5, 6, 7)$$

i) Using two 8x1 Mux:



ii) two 4x1 MUX:

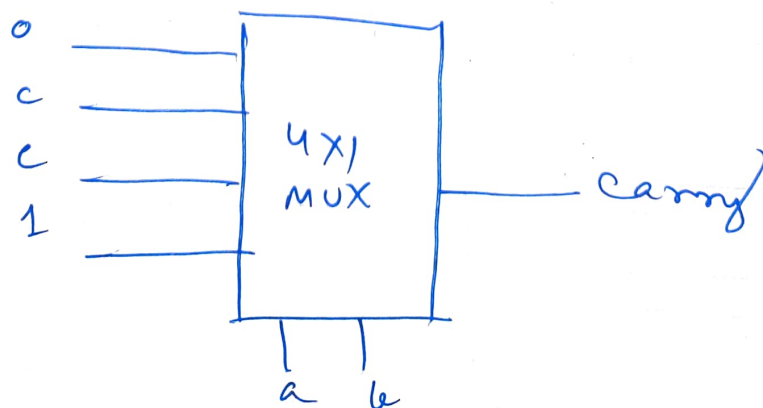
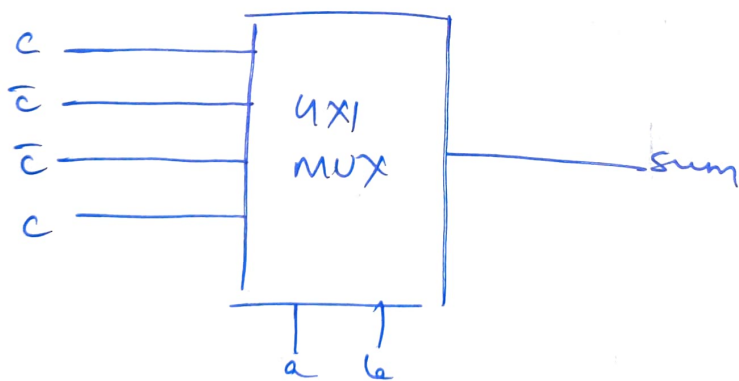
Let a & b be input lines.

Sum:

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3
\bar{c}	0	(2)	(4)	6
c	(1)	3	5	(7)
	c	\bar{c}	\bar{c}	c

Carry:

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3
\bar{c}	0	2	4	(6)
c	1	(3)	(5)	(7)
	0	c	c	$c + \bar{c} = 1$



Q. Design XOR gate using

i) 4×1 MUX

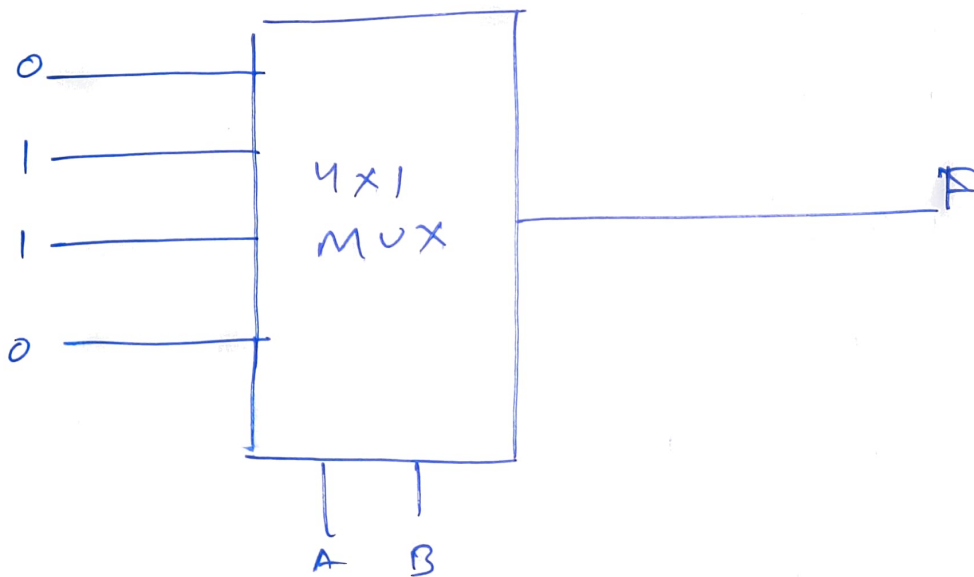
ii) 2×1 MUX

Ans.

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>F</u>
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

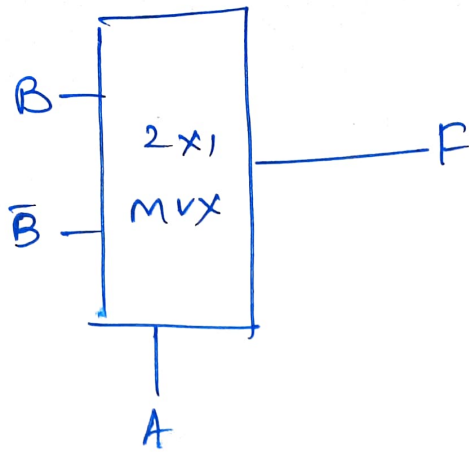
$$F = \sum m(1, 2)$$

i) 4×1 MUX:



ii) 2×1 MUX: let A be input line.

	I_0	I_1
\bar{B}	0	(2)
B	(1)	3
	<u>B</u>	<u>\bar{B}</u>



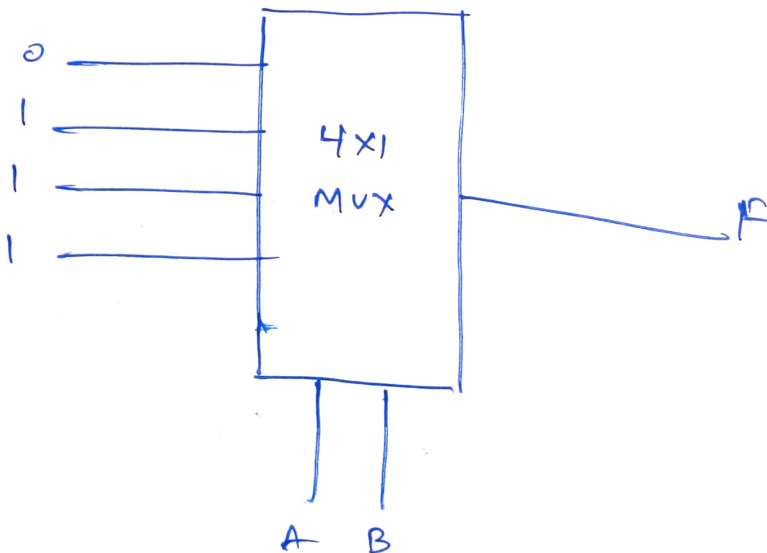
Q. Design OR gate using i) 4x1 MUX
ii) 2x1 MUX.

Ans.

A	B	F
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

$$F = \sum m(1, 2, 3)$$

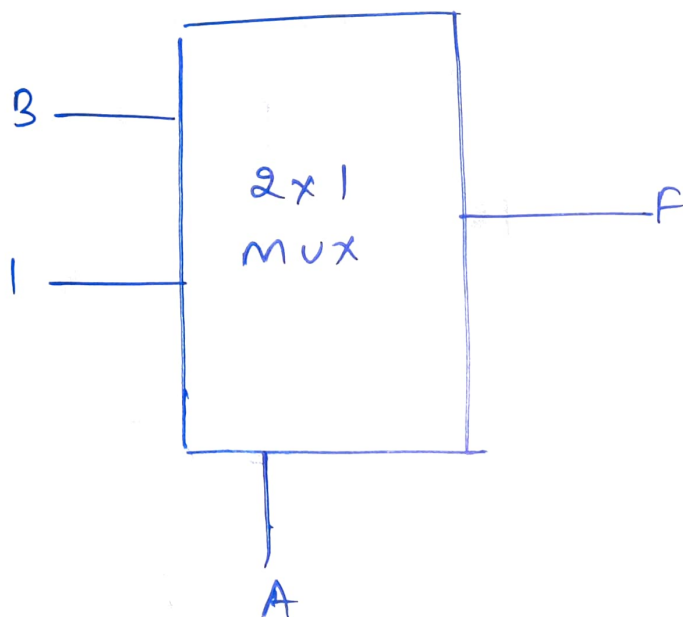
ii) Using 4x1 MUX:



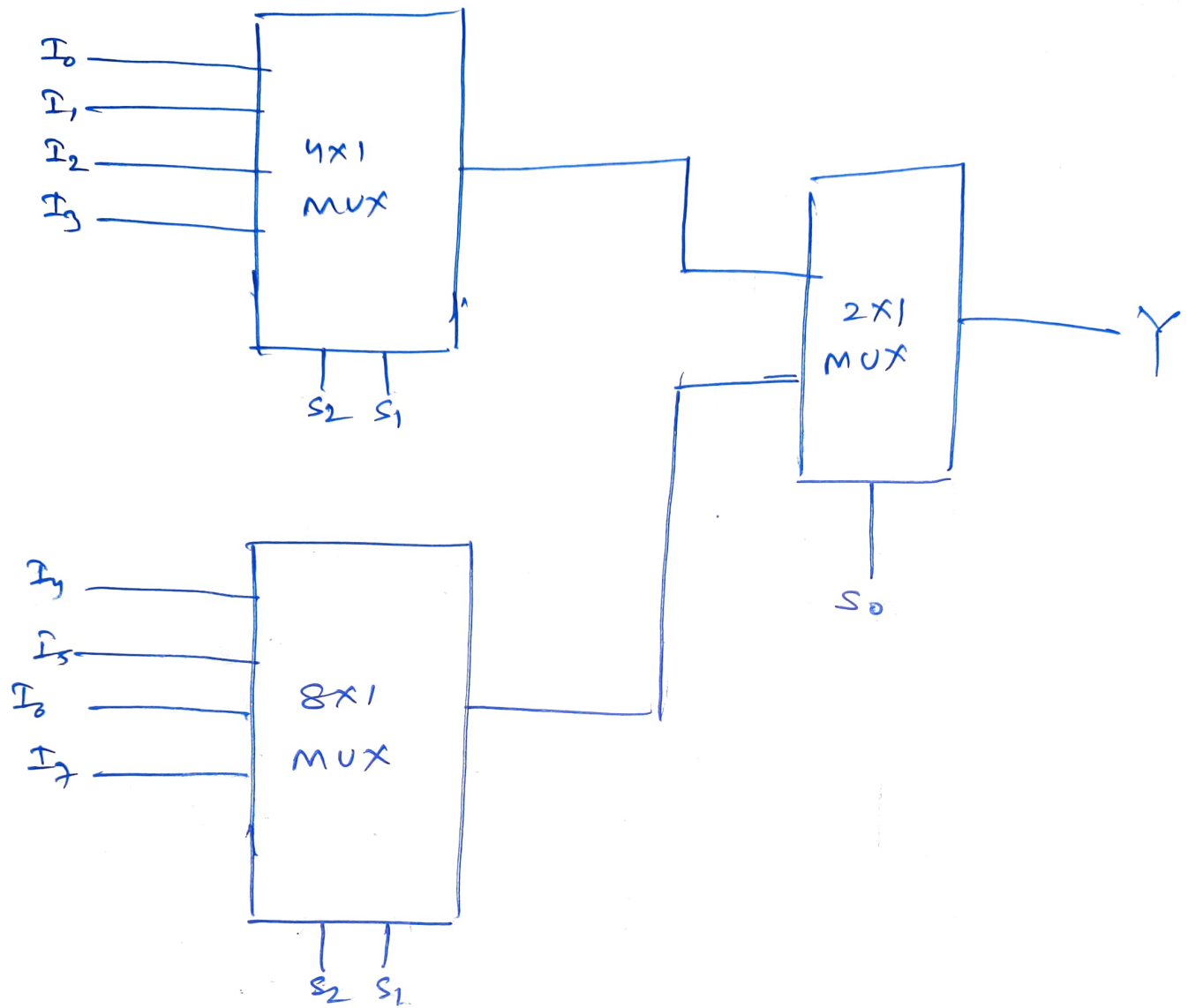
ii) using 2×1 MUX :

let A be the input line.

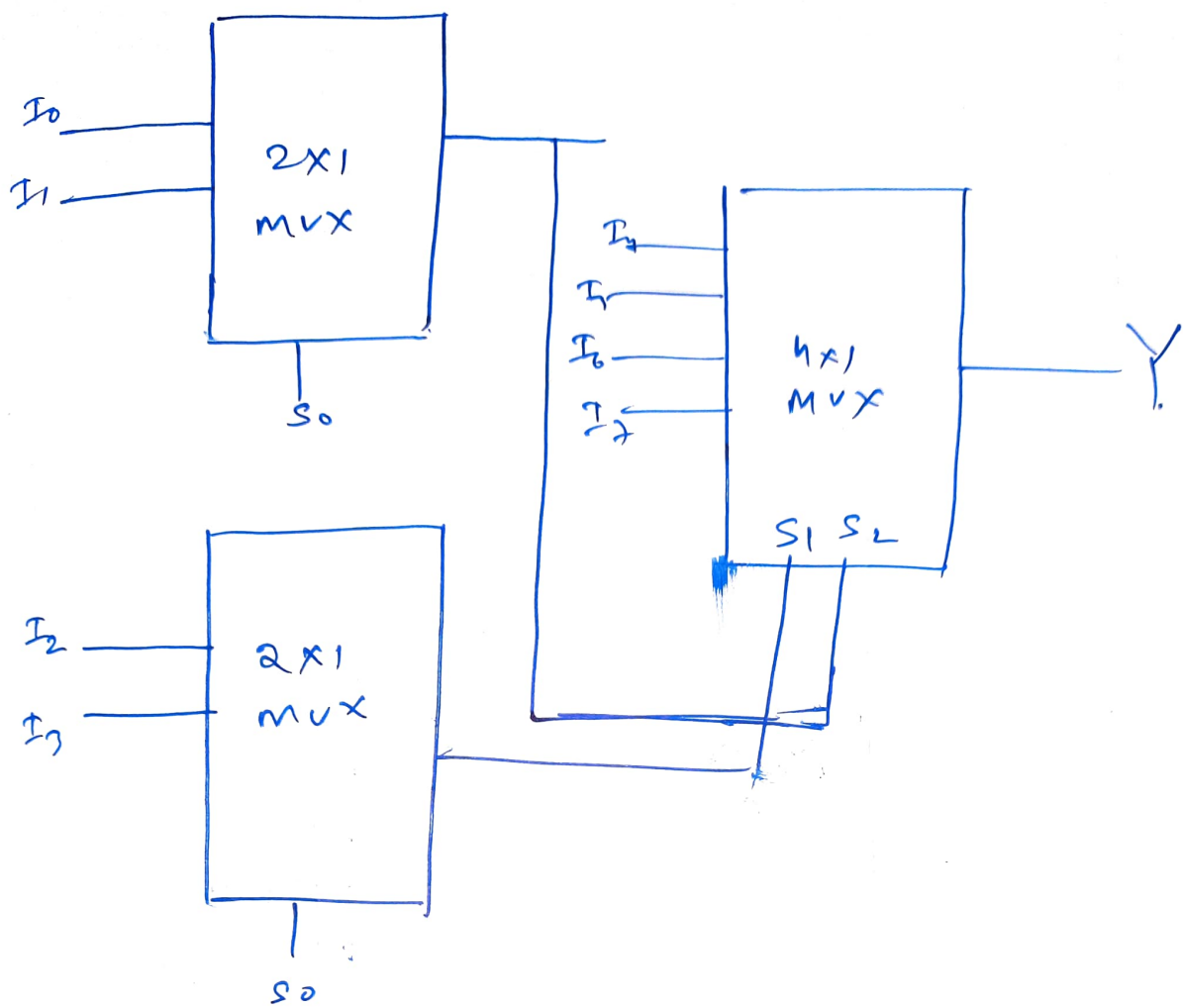
	I_0	I_1
\bar{B}	0	(2)
B	(1)	(3)
<hr/>		
	B	$\bar{B} + B = 1$



Q Design 8×1 MUX using two 4×1 MUX and one 2×1 MUX.



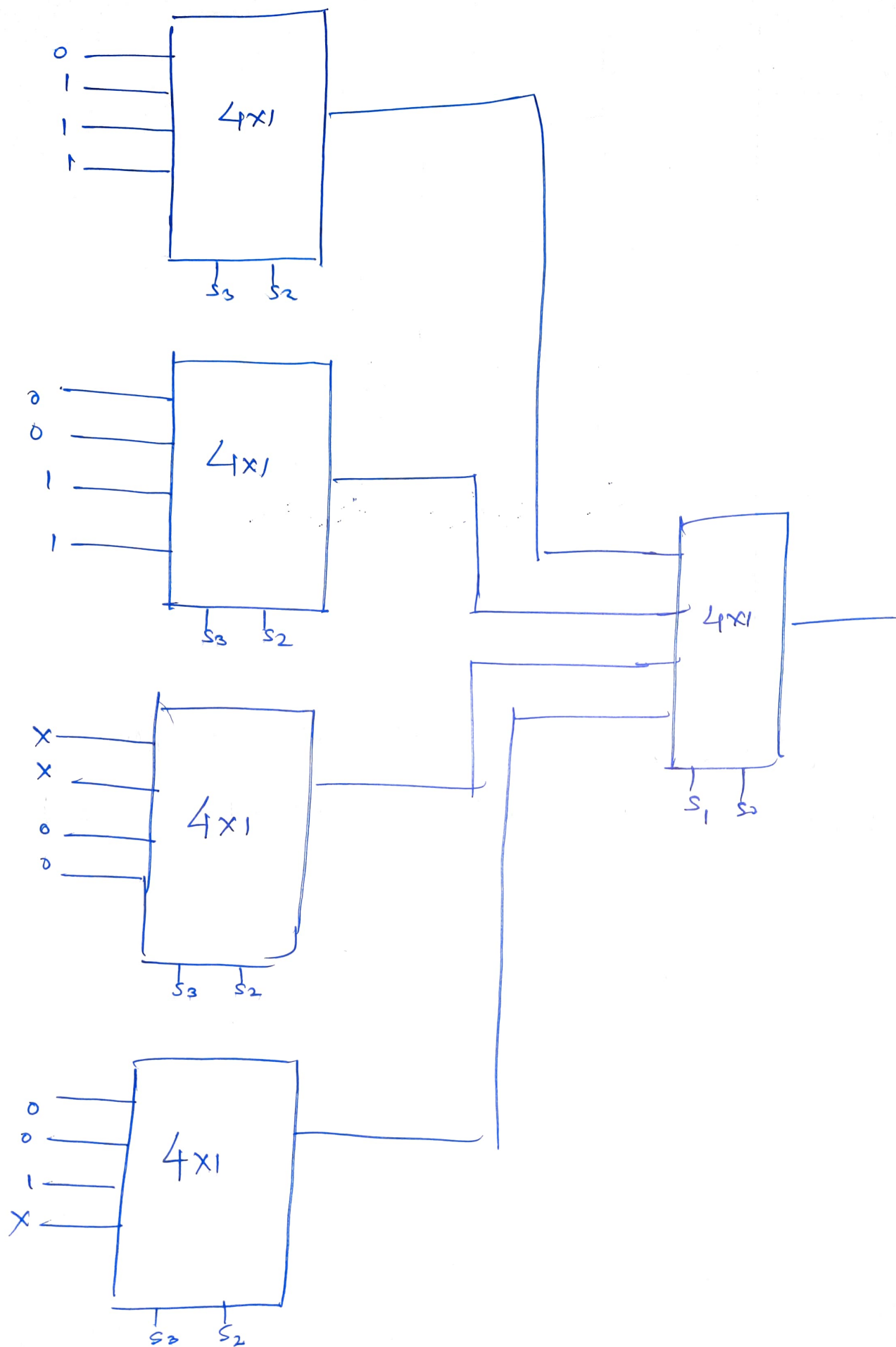
Q. Use 8×1 MUX using two 2×1 MUX and one 4×1 MUX.



Q. Use 4x1 MUX to implement the functⁿ.
 $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 14) + d(8, 9, 15)$

Ans.

(P.T.O.)



* Using single 4x1 MUX:

Let ~~w~~ & ~~x~~ be input lines;
y & z be select lines.

	I_0	I_1	I_2	I_3
$\bar{w}\bar{x}$	0	(1)	(2)	(3)
$\bar{w}x$	4	5	(6)	(7)
$w\bar{x}$	8	9	10	11
wx	12	13	(14)	15
	↓	↓	↓	↓
	0	$\bar{w}\bar{x}$	$\bar{w}\bar{x} + \bar{w}x + wx$	$\bar{w}\bar{x} + \bar{w}x$

w	x	y	z	F
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	x
1	0	0	1	x
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	x

$$I_0 = 0$$

$$I_1 = \bar{w} \bar{x}$$

$$I_2 = \bar{w} \bar{x} + \bar{w} x + w x$$

$$\textcircled{I_2} = \bar{w} (\bar{x} + x) + w x$$

$$= \bar{w} + w x$$

$$= (\bar{w} + w) (\bar{w} + x)$$

$$= \bar{w} + x$$

$$I_3 = \bar{w} \bar{x} + \bar{w} x$$

$$= \bar{w} (\bar{x} + x)$$

$$= \bar{w}$$

