

1.write c a program for Fibonacci series using iterative?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i,n;

    long int a=0,b=1,temp;

    printf("enter the number of terms:");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("fabonacci series:");

    for(i=1;i<n;i++){
        printf("%d ",a);

        temp=a+b;

        a=b;

        b=temp;
    }

    return 0;

}
```

Output:

```
enter the number of terms:10
fabonacci series:0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21
-----
Process exited after 3.143 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

1.1.write c a program for Fibonacci series using recursive?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int fibonacci(int n)
{
    if(n<=1)
    {
        return n;
    }
    else{
        return fibonacci(n-1)+fibonacci(n-2);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int n=10;
    printf("fibonacci serials upto %d term is:",n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
        printf("%d",fibonacci(i));
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
fibonacci serials upto 10 term is:0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
-----
Process exited after 0.537 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

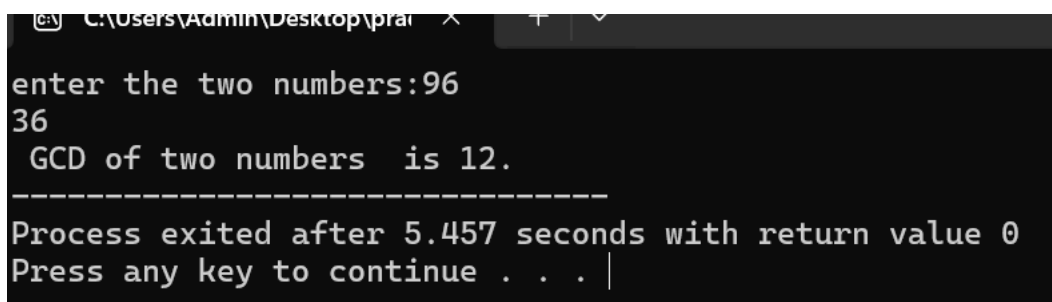
2.write C program for Armstrong number?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int n,r,sum=0,temp;
    printf("enter the number=");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    temp=n;
    while(n>0)
    {
        r=n%10;
        sum=sum+(r*r*r);
        n=n/10;
    }
    if(temp==sum)
        printf("armstrong number ");
    else
        printf("not armstrong number");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:



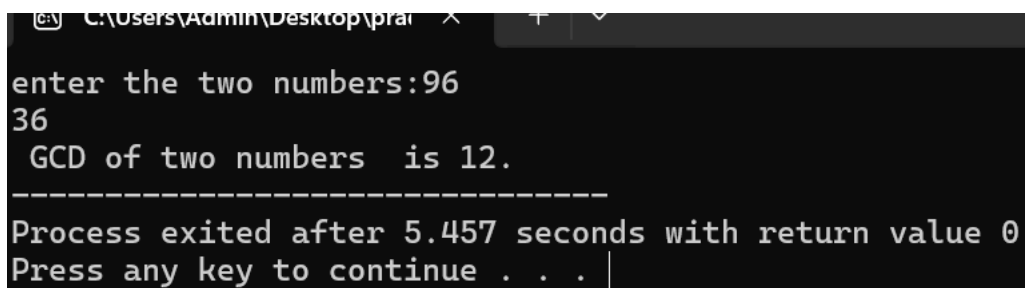
```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\prai x  +  v
enter the two numbers:96
36
GCD of two numbers is 12.
-----
Process exited after 5.457 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

3.write C program for GCD of two numbers?

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
int main()
{
    int num1, num2;
    printf("enter the two numbers:");
    scanf("%d %d",&num1,&num2);
    while (num1 != num2)
    {
        if (num1 > num2)
        {
            num1 = num1 - num2;
        }
        else
        {
            num2 = num2 - num1;
        }
    }
    printf( " GCD of two numbers is %d.", num2);
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following output:

```
enter the two numbers:96
36
GCD of two numbers is 12.
-----
Process exited after 5.457 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

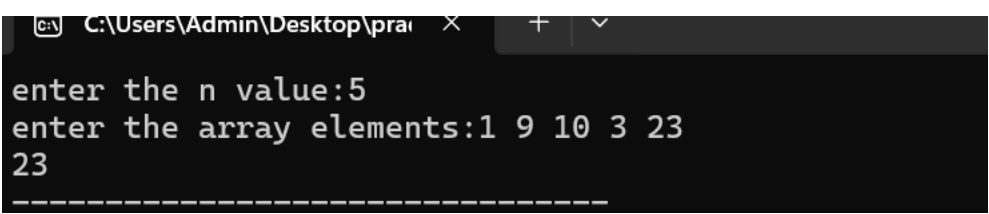
4. write C program for largest number of an array?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int n,i,a[10],max;
    printf("enter the n value:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter the array elements:");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    max=a[0];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        if(a[i]>max){
            max=a[i];
        }
    }
    printf("%d",max);
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\pra x + v
enter the n value:5
enter the array elements:1 9 10 3 23
23
-----
```

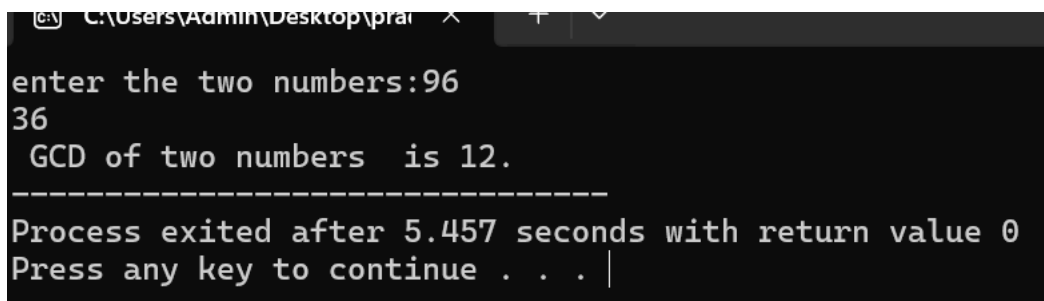
5.write C program for factorial using iterative?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i,fact=1,number;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d",&number);
    for(i=1;i<=number;i++){
        fact=fact*i;
    }
    printf("Factorial of %d is: %d",number,fact);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\prat >
enter the two numbers:96
36
GCD of two numbers is 12.
-----
Process exited after 5.457 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

5.1.write C program for factorial using recursive?

Program:

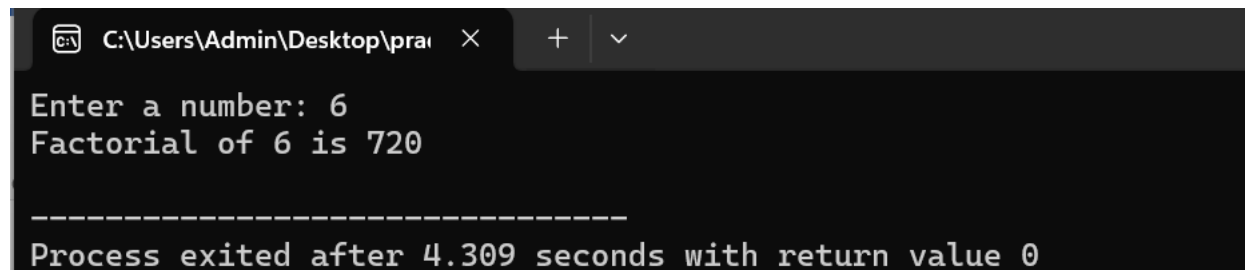
```
#include<stdio.h>

long factorial(int n)
{
    if (n == 0)
        return 1;
    else
        return(n * factorial(n-1));
}

int main()
{
    int number;
    long fact;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);

    fact = factorial(number);
    printf("Factorial of %d is %ld\n", number, fact);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\prai X + v
Enter a number: 6
Factorial of 6 is 720
-----
Process exited after 4.309 seconds with return value 0
```

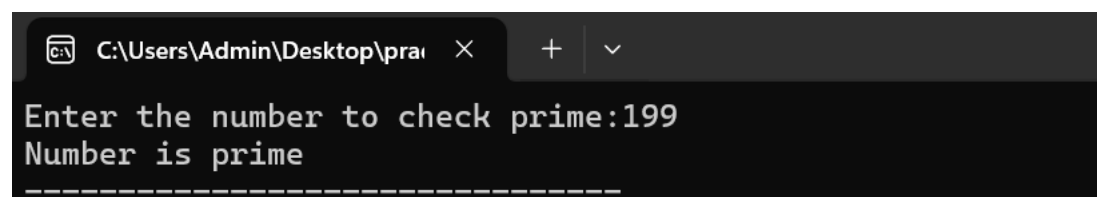
6.write C program for prime number?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int n,i,m=0,flag=0;
    printf("Enter the number to check prime:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    m=n/2;
    for(i=2;i<=m;i++)
    {
        if(n%i==0)
        {
            printf("Number is not prime");
            flag=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(flag==0)
    printf("Number is prime");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window with a dark background. The title bar at the top indicates the file path 'C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\prai' and includes standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The command prompt displays the following text: 'Enter the number to check prime:199' followed by 'Number is prime' on the next line. A horizontal dashed line is visible below the output text.

7. write C program for Selection Sort?

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void selection(int arr[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, small;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        small = i;
```

```
        for (j = i+1; j < n; j++)
```

```
            if (arr[j] < arr[small])
```

```
                small = j;
```

```
        int temp = arr[small];
```

```
        arr[small] = arr[i];
```

```
        arr[i] = temp;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void printArr(int a[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        printf("%d ", a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int a[5];

int n = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);

printf("Enter the elements:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &a[i]);
}

printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");

printArr(a, n);

selection(a, n);

printf("\nAfter sorting array elements are - \n");

printArr(a, n);

return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the elements:
12
4
7
88
0
Before sorting array elements are -
12 4 7 88 0
After sorting array elements are -
0 4 7 12 88
```

8. Write C program for Bubble sort?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

void print(int a[], int n)
{
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
    }
}

void bubble(int a[], int n)
{
    int i, j, temp;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for(j = i+1; j < n; j++)
        {
            if(a[j] < a[i])
            {
                temp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[j];
                a[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main ()
{
    int i, j,temp;
    int a[5];
```

```
int n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);

    printf("Enter the elements:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

    scanf("%d", &a[i]);

}

printf("Before sorting array elements are - \n");

print(a, n);

bubble(a, n);

printf("\nAfter sorting array elements are - \n");

print(a, n);

}
```

Output:

```
Enter the elements:
111
10
23
45
5
Before sorting array elements are -
111 10 23 45 5
After sorting array elements are -
5 10 23 45 111
```

9.write a C program for Matrix Multiplication?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

int main(){

int a[10][10],b[10][10],mul[10][10],r,c,i,j,k;

system("cls");

printf("enter the number of row=");

scanf("%d",&r);

printf("enter the number of column=");

scanf("%d",&c);

printf("enter the first matrix element=\n");

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<c;j++)

{

scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

}

}

printf("enter the second matrix element=\n");

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{

for(j=0;j<c;j++)

{

scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);

}

}

printf("multiply of the matrix=\n");

for(i=0;i<r;i++)

{
```

```

for(j=0;j<c;j++)
{
mul[i][j]=0;
for(k=0;k<c;k++)
{
mul[i][j]+=a[i][k]*b[k][j];
}
}
}

for(i=0;i<r;i++)
{
for(j=0;j<c;j++)
{
printf("%d\t",mul[i][j]);
}
printf("\n");
}

return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

enter the number of row=3
enter the number of column=3
enter the first matrix element=
1 1 1
2 2 2
3 3 3
enter the second matrix element=
1 1 1
2 2 2
3 3 3
multiply of the matrix=
6      6      6
12     12     12
18     18     18

```

10. write C program for string palindrome?

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int n,r,sum=0,temp;
    printf("enter the string=");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    temp=n;
    while(n>0)
    {
        r=n%10;
        sum=(sum*10)+r;
        n=n/10;
    }
    if(temp==sum)
        printf("palindrome ");
    else
        printf("not palindrome");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
enter the string=madam
palindrome
-----
Process exited after 5.84 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```