#### The Circulation Model

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#### WindKessel Model

► https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bx9Nu2PkPsE

## Single Compartment WindKessel Model

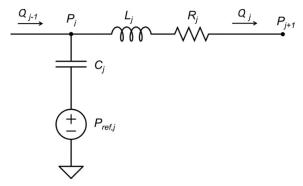


Fig. 3. Single-compartment, windkessel-type model. Q, outgoing blood flow rate; R, resistance; C, compliance; L, inertance; j, j + 1, j - 1, compartment index;  $P_{\rm ref}$ , extravascular pressure reference (atmospheric pressure or  $P_{\rm pl}$ , depending on the location of j).

## Schematic diagram of cardiovascular system

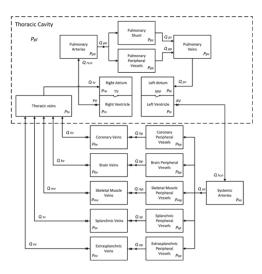


Fig. 2. Schematic diagram of the cardiovascular system model. P. pressure: O. blood flow: MV. mitral valve; AV, aortic valve; TV, tricuspid valve; PV, pulmonary valve. Subscripts: la, left atrium; lv, left ventricle; lv, o, left-ventricle output; sa, systemic arteries; sp, splanchnic peripheral compartment; sv, splanchnic veins; ep, extrasplanchnic peripheral compartment; ev. extrasplanchnic veins; mp, skeletal muscle peripheral compartment; mv, skeletal muscle veins; bp. brain peripheral compartment; by, brain veins; hp, coronary peripheral compartment; hv. coronary veins; tv. thoracic veins; ra. right atrium; rv, right ventricle; rv, o, right-ventricle output; pa, pulmonary artery; pp, pulmonary peripheral circulation; ps, pulmonary shunt; pv, pulmonary veins: pl. pleural space.

## Equation of Pressure and Flow

$$V_{j} = \underbrace{C_{j} \cdot P_{tm,j}}_{V_{e,j}} + V_{u,j} \tag{1}$$

## PV Relationship of Thoracic Vein Compartment

$$P_{tm,tv} = \begin{cases} D_1 + K_1 \cdot (V_{tv} - V_{u,tv}) - \psi & V_{tv} \ge V_{u,tv} \\ D_2 + K_2 \cdot e^{\frac{V_{tv}}{V_{tv,min}}} - \psi & V_{tv} < V_{u,tv} \end{cases}$$
with  $\psi = K_{xp} / \left( \frac{V_{tv}}{e^{K_{xv}}} - 1 \right)$  (2)

## Resistance of Thoracic Vein Compartment

$$R_{tv} = K_R \cdot \left(\frac{V_{tv,max}}{V_{tv}}\right)^2 + R_{tv,0} \tag{3}$$

# **Auxilary Equations**

$$C_{sa} \cdot \frac{dP_{sa}}{dt} = Q_{lv,o} - Q_{sa} \tag{A1}$$

$$L_{sa} \cdot \frac{dQ_{sa}}{dt} = P_{sa} - P_{ep} - R_{sa} \cdot Q_{sa} \tag{A2}$$

$$V_{sa} = C_{sa} \cdot P_{sa} + V_{u,sa} \tag{A3}$$

$$C_{p,eq} \cdot \frac{dP_{ep}}{dt} = Q_{sa} - \sum_{j} Q_{jp} \tag{A4}$$

$$P_{ep} = P_{sp} = P_{mp} = P_{bp} = P_{hp}$$
 (A5)

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# The End