





Real World Challenges

NETCH

Low vaccine coverage rate, floating population leading to repeat measles outbreaks Maternal mortality reduction target hard to meet for Nepal: Officials डोल्पा अस्पतालमा औषधि अभाव

Petron control test

२०४६ असार ८ आइलबार १२ अस्ति प्रकरित क्र

Acton Prodel, Extherauto



24 persent motions die during childbirth, 19 persent is postsatal period

- Artist Prodei, Tarlimanle



Feb 10, 2019



डोल्पा- दुई हप्तादेखि टाइफाइड र ज्वरीको बिरामीको सङ्ख्या बढेपनि डोल्पा अस्पतालमा औषधि नहुँदा समस्या पएको छ। टाइफाइड जीच गर्नका लागि आवश्यक पनै किट (हुइइल पेष्ट रियाजेन्ट) नहुँदा समस्या उत्पन्न भएको हो। पाँच दिनदेखि यो औषधि अधाव हुँदा अस्पतालमा आएका बिरामीहरू उपचारमा चुनौती धर्मणको दा सिजन शतलने बताए।

मौसम परिवर्तनसँगै डोल्पामा बिरामी बढेयनि टाइफाइड पता लगाउने किट (अँषधी) नै नहुँदा समस्या थएपछि अनुमानका आधारमा उपचार गर्ने बाध्य भएको डाक्टर रावलले बताए। यातायात र हवाई यातायातको सहज पहुँच नथएको होल्पामा औपधिको आपुर्तिमा दिलासुस्ती गर्दा धेरै विरामीले निजी औषधि पसलमा उपचार गर्ने बाध्य भएका छन्।

Mer 6, 2010

Page 2

7/18/2019 | Data 4 Helath

Real World Opportunity

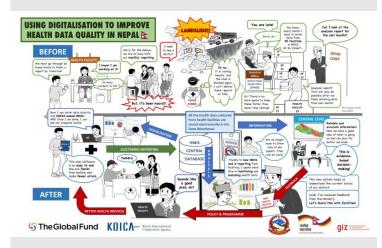
FEDERALISM

- Locally elected representatives
- Local decision making
- Availability of resources at the local level
- Local implementation
- Local benefits

Data 4 Helath

How can YOU help?

- Help decision makers understand the situation
- Support in moving from anecdotal evidence to REAL evidence
- Improve transparency and accountability mechanisms



The Evidence

Two sources of data available for Everest-Hack

Health facility survey

- Survey of all health facilities in 3 municipalities (Madhyapur Thimi Municipality, Nepalgunj Sub-Metropolitan city, and Godawari Municipality)
- Done in 2017
- Various aspects of health service availability and quality collected
- GIS Data available (Health Facility locations)

Health Management Information System (HMIS)

- Government system for routine data collection
- Every facility is required to report each month

Data 4 Helath

- Standard data sets
- In use since 1990s



Health Facility Survey

Assess the availability of basic services in health facilities

Assess the preparedness of health facilities to provide quality services

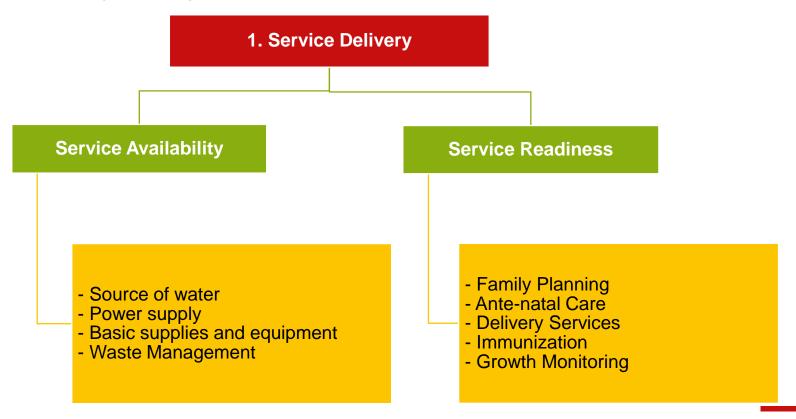
Provide baseline assessment for tracking future progress

Identify gaps in support services and process used to provide health service that may limit the ability of facilities to provide quality service

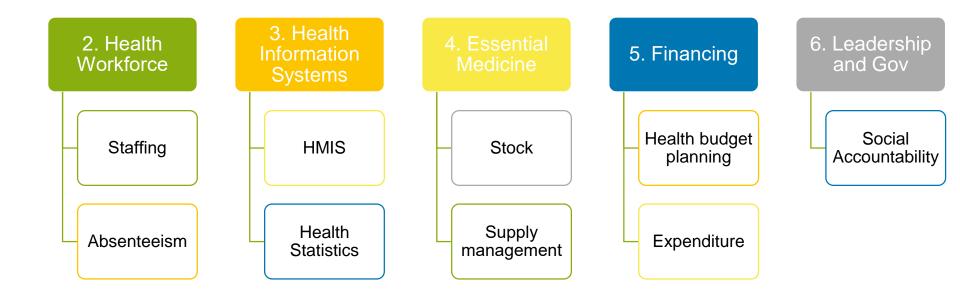
Provide a comprehensive body of information on the performance of health facilities (client satisfaction, operation and management)

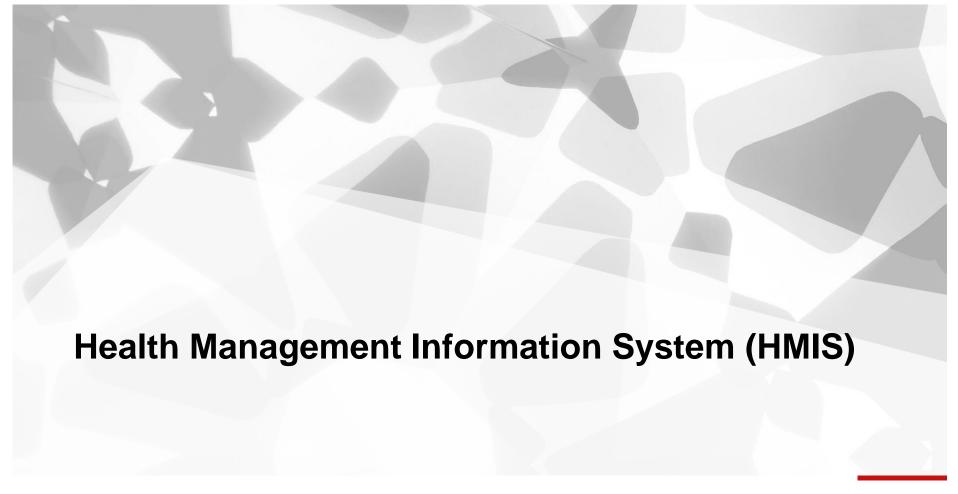
To map the existing public and private health institutions, in three municipalities

Health Facility Survey



Health Facility Survey

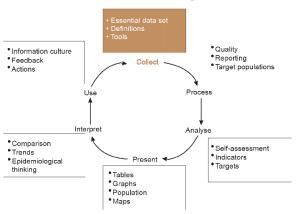




HMIS Data

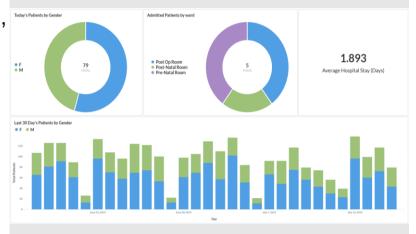
- More than 3000 data items collected from every health facility
- Related data items organized into datasets (forms)
- Aggregated numerical data of health service delivery
- Analyzed periodically to calculate the various indicators
 - Percentage of children aged 9-11 months immunized with measles/rubella 1
 - Percentage of institutional deliveries
- Collected on monthly basis

The Information Cycle



What we think you can work on

- A comparison (HMIS vs. Survey)
- Use the two data sources (or more! census data, global burden of disease data etc) for deeper insights!
- Advanced methods of visualization key of information
- Provide decision makers at municipalities a tool to understand their health situation better!



The Data

- Health Facility Survey
 - Survey questions and their relevance to the health system
 - Answers corresponding to survey questions (Excel)
 - 408 Rows (corresponds to each health facility)
 - 1439 Columns (corresponds to each question)
- **HMIS**
 - Selected indicators (Immunization, Nutrition and Safe Motherhood program)
 - Available in JSON format
 - Data for last two fiscal years (shrawan-ashad)
 - Contains the data of 3 municipalities (Madhyapur Thimi, Godawari and Nepalgunj)

Download the data!



Contact

Saurav Bhattarai

Deputy Chief Technical Adviser, S2HSP, GIZ-Nepal saurav.bhattarai@giz.de T +977 1 5013088

Pravin Tiwari

Technical Adviser, S2HSP, GIZ-Nepal pravin.tiwari@giz.de T +977 1 5013088

Purushottam Sapkota

Technical Adviser, S2HSP, GIZ-Nepal purushottam.sapkota@giz.de T +977 1 5013088



www.giz.de



https://twitter.com/giz_gmbh



https://www.facebook.com/gizprofile/

As a federally owned enterprise, GIZ supports the German Government in achieving its objectives in the field of international cooperation for sustainable development.

Published by:

Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH

Registered offices Bonn and Eschborn

Sanepa, Lalitpur

T +977 1 5013088

E s2hsp@giz.de

I www.giz.de

Author:

Saurav Bhattarai, Padam Dahal, Purushottam Sapkota, Pravin Tiwari

URL links:

Responsibility for the content of external websites linked in this publication always lies with their respective publishers. GIZ expressly dissociates itself from such content.

GIZ is responsible for the content of this publication.

In cooperation with:



Photo credits/sources

Photo credits/source for slide number 1

Support to the Health Sector Programme (S2HSP)/ GIZ

Photo credits/source for slide number 2

Arjun Poudel, Kathmandu post

Photo credits/source for slide number 2

Arjun Poudel, Kathmandu post

Photo credits/source for slide number 2

Swastya Khabar Patrika

Photo credits/source for slide number 4

Vijay Yongoon Park, S2HSP

Photo credits/source for slide number 11

dhis2.org

