Project Document For System Integration Comp851. Fall 2019

Members of the team:

- Usha
- Pradeep
- Roopesh
- Rahul
- Surya

The Project First Phase

GitHub Link for the project: https://github.com/shiva6162/ptwc

If we are to pick a name for our team, we would be *Team Ranger*s (Just for the sake of picking a name) (3)

Work division:

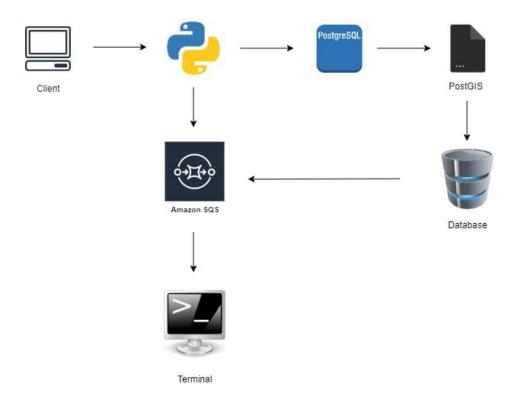
- Usha Division of tasks and following up on task completion
- Pradeep Creation of process flow diagram and downloading required manuals
- Roopesh Preparing the system and coding
- Rahul Researching online resources and help from various platforms
- Surya PostGres implementation and Documentation

Project Topic:

We have chosen the *second integration* part for our project –

- The PTWC Widgets will be deployed into the field and communicate their GPS position. In order to prepare field operations, we would establish a database which can determine the proximity of Widgets to county and township locations where field operators may be stationed or sent. In order to do this, we would deploy a GIS database, called PostGIS and ingest the city latitude / longitude positions.
- In addition, we would notify and record the ingest of these positions in preparation for the location of the field operators and Widget positions. We would do so using the AWS SQS, and SNS/ SES interfaces in order to send the notifications and emails, and finally we would deposit log entries on s3.
- We would implement the same using Python3.

IO diagram explaining the process flow:



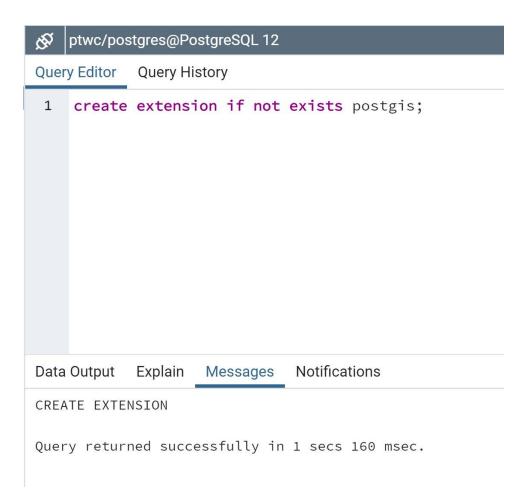
Project PoC Phase

Implementation of the project using PostGres GUI:

- Before implementing the project using python, the team has decided to implement it using the PostGres GUI.
- Our aim is to test the process flow agreed upon using the PostGres GUI and then on fetching the appropriate results we then want to use Python to implement the same.

Below is the Step-step execution flow in PostGres GUI:

Step1: Create Post GIS Extension



Step 2: Create Table

```
Query Editor Query History
1 CREATE TABLE if not exists landmarks
2 (
3
     gid serial NOT NULL,
4 name character varying(50),
5 address character varying(50),
  date_built character varying(10),
7 architect character varying(50),
8 landmark character varying(10),
9 latitude double precision,
10 longitude double precision,
     the_geom geometry,
11
12 CONSTRAINT landmarks_pkey PRIMARY KEY (gid),
constraint enforce_dims_the_geom CHECK (st_ndims(the_geom) = 2),
   CONSTRAINT enforce_geotype_geom CHECK (geometrytype(the_geom) = 'POINT'::te
14
    CONSTRAINT enforce_srid_the_geom CHECK (st_srid(the_geom) = 4326)
15
16 )
Data Output Explain Messages Notifications
CREATE TABLE
Query returned successfully in 82 msec.
```

Step3: Create Index



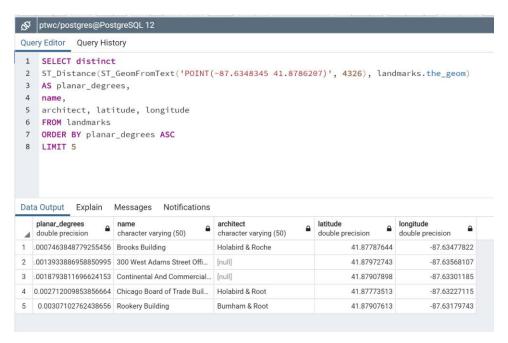
Step4: Import data from the CSV file



Step5: Convert Latitude and longitude coordinates to points that are readable by Post GIS



Step6: Write a Post GIS query to display the nearest 5 locations for the given latitude and longitude



Implementation of the project using Python:

```
#connecting to postgis
connection = psycopg2.connect(user="postgres",
                 password="6162",
                 host="127.0.0.1")
connection.set_isolation_level(ISOLATION_LEVEL_AUTOCOMMIT);
cursor = connection.cursor()
#create databse
cursor.execute("drop database if exists pwtc;")
create_database = """create database pwtc; """
cursor.execute(create_database)
connection.commit()
#create extension postgis
create_extension_query = """create extension if not exists postgis;"""
cursor.execute(create extension query)
connection.commit()
#creating table
create_tables_landmarks = """CREATE TABLE if not exists landmarks
gid serial NOT NULL,
name character varying(50),
address character varying(50),
date_built character varying(10),
architect character varying(50),
```

```
landmark character varying(10),
 latitude double precision,
 longitude double precision,
 the_geom geometry,
CONSTRAINT landmarks_pkey PRIMARY KEY (gid),
CONSTRAINT enforce dims the geom CHECK (st ndims(the geom) = 2),
CONSTRAINT enforce geotype geom CHECK (geometrytype(the geom) = 'POINT'::text OR
the geom IS NULL),
CONSTRAINT enforce srid the geom CHECK (st srid(the geom) = 4326)
cursor.execute(create tables landmarks)
connection.commit()
#create index
create_index_landmarks = """ CREATE INDEX if not exists landmarks_the_geom_gist ON
landmarks USING gist (the_geom )"""
cursor.execute(create_index_landmarks)
connection.commit()
#insertion of data
insert data = """ copy
landmarks(name,address,date_built,architect,landmark,latitude,longitude) FROM
'Individual Landmarks.csv' DELIMITERS ',' CSV HEADER """
cursor.execute(insert_data)
connection.commit()
#sending insertion info to queue
response = queue.send_message(MessageBody='Landmarks',MessageAttributes={
'Insertion':{
```

```
'StringValue':'Data Uploaded Successfully!!!',
'DataType':'String'
}})
queue = sqs.get_queue_by_name(QueueName='pwtc-project')
# Converting Latitude and longitude coordinates to points
update table = """UPDATE landmarks SET the geom = ST GeomFromText('POINT(' ||
longitude || ' ' || latitude || ')',4326) """
cursor.execute(update table)
connection.commit()
#Displaying nearest locations
select_statement = """SELECT distinct
ST_Distance(ST_GeomFromText('POINT(-87.6348345 41.8786207)', 4326),
landmarks.the geom) AS planar degrees, name, architect, latitude, longitude
FROM landmarks
ORDER BY planar_degrees ASC
LIMIT 5 """
 count = 1
 cursor.execute(select statement)
 connection.commit()
 location details=[]
 records = cursor.fetchall()
 print("5 closest landmarks to -87.6348345 41.8786207")
 print("************")
 for row in records:
    print("Location-" + str(count))
   print("----")
```

```
print("Planar_Degrees - " + str(row[0]))
  print("Name - " + str(row[1]))
  print("Architect - " + str(row[2]))
  print("Latitude - "+ str(row[3]))
   print("Longitude - "+ str(row[4]))
  print("*************")
  count +=1
  location_details.append(str(row[0]))
  location details.append(str(row[1]))
  location details.append(str(row[2]))
  location_details.append(str(row[3]))
  location details.append(str(row[4]))
#sending location data to the queue
response = queue.send_message(MessageBody='Landmarks',MessageAttributes={
'Locations':{
'StringValue':",".join(location_details),
'DataType':'String'
}})
connection.commit()
#to handle error exceptions
except (Exception, psycopg2.Error) as error:
 if(connection):
   print(error)
```

finally:

```
#closing database connection.
if(connection):
    cursor.close()
    connection.close()
    print("PostgreSQL connection is closed")
```

Output:

1. On execution of the above code, below is the output generated in the terminal

```
:\Users\roope\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\sys_integration>python pwtc.py
closest landmarks to -87.6348345 41.8786207
Planar_Degrees - 0.0007463848779255456
Name - Brooks Building
Architect - Holabird & Roche
Latitude - 41.87787644
Longitude - -87.63477822
Location-2
Planar_Degrees - 0.0013933886958850995
Name - 300 West Adams Street Office Building Architect - None
Latitude - 41.87972743
Longitude - -87.63568107
Location-3
Planar_Degrees - 0.0018793811696624153
Name - Continental And Commercial National Bank Building
Architect - None
Latitude - 41.87907898
Longitude - -87.63301185
Planar_Degrees - 0.002712009853856664
Name - Chicago Board of Trade Building
Architect - Holabird & Root
Latitude - 41.87773513
Longitude - -87.63227115
Location-5
Planar_Degrees - 0.00307102762438656
Planar_Degrees - 0.0030/10/
Name - Rookery Building
Architect - Burnham & Root
Latitude - 41.87907613
Longitude - -87.63179743
 PostgreSQL connection is closed
```

2. The output from the Queue(pwtc-project)

Challenges during the project execution:

• We attempted to send all the 5 locations to the queue, and we observed that the 5 locations data generated in Tuple and we have converted them into a list to send it into the Q and we had issues doing that. Hence, we had to convert each list into a string to achieve this.