Interfacing COBRA and CellNetAnalyzer

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Reviewers:

INTRODUCTION

CellNetAnalyzer (CNA) is a MATLAB toolbox for exploring structural and functional properties of metabolic, signaling, and regulatory networks. Metabolic networks can be analyzed with stoichiometric and constraint-based modeling techniques, including flux balance analysis (FBA), metabolic flux analysis, elementary-modes analysis, computational strain design (based on minimal cut sets) and others. Signal transduction and (gene) regulatory networks are represented and analyzed as logical networks or interaction graphs but will not be considered herein. CNA can be used either via graphical user interface (GUI) or from command line via an application programming interface (API). In the following we will focus on CNA's API functions for constrained based modeling of metabolic networks which can easily be interfaced with the COBRA toolbox.

CNA and the COBRA toolbox have some overlap in their functionality for constraint-based modeling of metabolic networks (e.g., FBA, FVA, etc), however, each tool provides also methods not supported by the other. For example, unique functions of CNA are related to metabolic pathways analysis (calculation of elementary flux modes, elementary flux vectors, convex basis) and computational strain/network design via minimal cut sets. Here we will show how a COBRA model can be converted to a CNA model which can then be analyzed with CNA's API functions.

CNA can be downloaded at http://www.mpi-magdeburg.mpg.de/projects/cna/cna.html. Follow the instructions for installation and path settings as described in the manual which is distributed along with the software package. An online version of the manual as well as a tutorial can also be found at the CNA web site given above (see links at the end of this document).

In general, interfacing COBRA and CNA is rather simple as they both run under MATLAB and use partially similar model structures. If you have a COBRA model and you would like to use a function of CNA you first have to convert your COBRA model to a CNA model before you can apply API functions of CNA.

MATERIALS

- Please ensure that the COBRA Toolbox has been properly installed and initialised.
- Also, you should install CNA (CellNetAnalyzer) software and initialise it. CNA web site (with manual): https://www2.mpi-magdeburg.mpg.de/projects/cna/cna.html

EQUIPMENT SETUP

Requirements for using CellNetAnalyzer are:

• MATLAB Version 7.5 (Release 18) or higher.

- some functions require an LP or (M)ILP solver; CNA supports the optimization toolbox of MATLAB, GLPKMEX, and CPLEX).
- More information can be found on: https://www2.mpi-magdeburg.mpg.de/projects/cna/cna.html where also a how-to tutorial on CellNetAnalyzer is provided.

PROCEDURE

Before you start with CNA *codes*, you should initialise *the* COBRA Toolbox and CNA software by the following commands

```
initCobraToolbox;
```

```
% Add path to Cell Net Analyzer
CNAPath = '~/work/CellNetAnalyzer';
addpath(genpath(CNAPath));
startcna(1)

% Define the COBRA model
global CBTDIR
addpath([CBTDIR filesep 'tutorials' filesep 'additionalTutorials' filesep 'pathVectors'])
load('COBRAmodel.mat')% a simple MATLAB struct with fields defined in the Documentation.
% Define the directory (the place that CNA model will be saved there)
directory = 'Pathwaysvector';
```

Converting a COBRA model to a CNA model

The next step is the conversion of the COBRA model 'COBRA model' to a CNA model (project) "cnap" which is achieved by the CNA function "cobra2cna":

```
cnap = CNAcobra2cna(COBRAmodel);

Field 'type' not defined. Initialized with '1' (for mass-flow).
Field 'nums' not defined. Initialized with 6.
Field 'numr' not defined. Initialized with 10.
Field 'specNotes' not defined. Initialized empty 'specNotes'.
Field 'specExternal' not defined. Initialized with zero vector (i.e. all species are configured as interfield 'reacNotes' not defined. Initialized empty 'reacNotes'.
Field 'reacVariance' not defined. Initialized for all reactions a variance level of 0.01.
Field 'reacDefault' not defined. Initialized with NaN vector (empty default values).
Field 'mue' not defined. Initialized according to existence of string 'mue' in 'reacID'.
Field 'reacBoxes' not defined. Initialized with default values.
Field 'macroComposition' not defined. Initialized as empty matrix (no macromolecules defined; other field 'epsilon' not defined. Initialized with 'le-10'.
Field 'has gui' not defined. Initialized with 'false'.
```

That's all. With the CNA project variable 'cnap' you can now call the API functions of CNA.

```
Most fields of the COBRA model have an associated field in the CNA model (e.g. S -> stoichMat; lb -> reacMin; ub->reacMax, rxns->reacID, mets -> specID; metNames -> specLongName etc.)
```

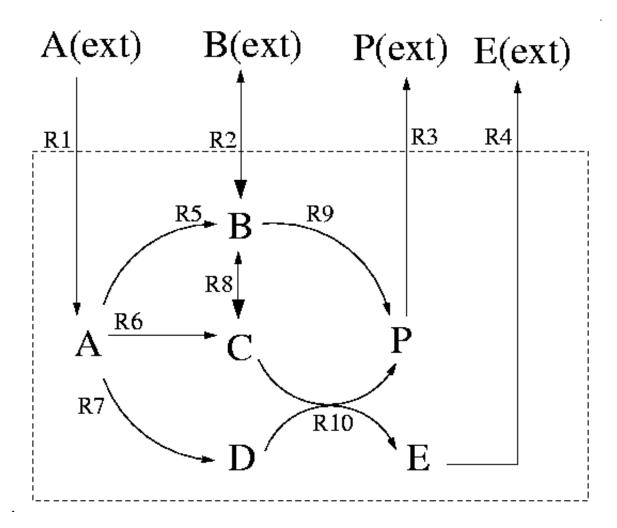
Relevant API functions of CNA

Here is a list of most relevant CNA functions for stoichiometric and constraint-based network analysis (the complete set of CNA's API functions can be found in the directory ../CellNetAnalyzer/code/api and a detailed description is given in the CNA manual):

- **CNAcomputeEFM:** Computes elementary (flux) modes (or, alternatively, a convex basis or elementary flux vectors) from a metabolic network model.
- **CNAcomputeCutsets:** Computes minimal cut sets from given sets of target modes and protected modes.
- **CNAMCSEnumerator:** Computes minimal cut sets via the "dual approach" directly from the network (elementary modes are not needed; can deal with genome-scale networks). See ref [3].
- **CNAregMCSEnumerator:** Similar to CNAMCSEnumerator, computes minimal cut sets via the "dual approach" directly from the network. As an additional feature, up- and downregulation of fluxes is allowed as additional intervention to cuts (knockouts) then yielding *regulatory cut sets* (see ref [4]).
- **CNAgeneMCSEnumerator:** Computes minimal cut sets via the "dual approach" directly from the network similar to CNAMCSEnumerator. But here, true "gene cut sets" (instead of "reaction cut sets) can be calculated (for this purpose, gene-enzyme-reaction associations must be provided).
- **CNAfindRegMCS**: Computes minimal (regulatory) cut sets via the "dual approach" directly from the network similar to CNAregMCSEnumerator. But here only a single cut set is calculated (no enumeration).
- CNAfluxVariability: Flux variability analysis.
- **CNAoptimizeFlux:** Flux balance analysis (optimization of fluxes with respect to a linear objective function).
- **CNAoptimizeYield:** Calculates a yield-optimal flux vector maximizing a given yield function (uses linear-fractional programming).
- **CNAplotPhasePlane:** Calculates and plots phase planes (or production envelops).
- **CNAplotYieldSpace**: Calculates and plots yield spaces.
- CNAapplyCASOP: Applies the CASOP strain design method (see ref [1]).
- **CNAremoveConsRel:** Detects and helps to remove conservation relations from the network (useful for certain calculations).
- **CNAcompressMFNetwork:** Loss-free compression of a stoichiometric network to a smaller one yielding, for example, the same set of elementary modes.
- **CNAreduceMFNetwork:** Reduction of network to a smaller subnetwork where specified protected functions are maintained (see ref [2]).
- CNAcna2cobra: Converts a (mass-flow) CNA model to a COBRA model.
- CNAcobra2cna: Converts a COBRA model to a CNA (mass-flow) model.

Example: calculating elementary flux modes of a COBRA model with CellNetAnalyzer

Here we show an example how to calculate elementary flux modes (EFMs) for a COBRA model using an API function of CNA. The metabolic network of COBRAmodel with 10 metabolite (6 internal and four external) and 10 reactions (6 internal and four exchange) looks as follows:



The API function of CNA to calculate elementary flux modes (or, alternatively, elementary flux vectors or convex basis vectors; for a general introduction see [5]) is CNAcomputeEFM.

Input

Based on computing computing elementary modes and extreme pathways, the inputs can be different. You can see the optional inputs by the command

help CNAcomputeEFM

CellNetAnalyzer API function 'CNAcomputeEFM'

- --> Computes elementary (flux) modes / elementary (flux) vectors or a minimal generating set (convex basis) of flux cones or flux polyhedra associated with mass-flow networks.

 Two different scenarios can be considered:
 - (i) In the homogeneous case, the solution space defined by the steady state assumption and reversibility constraints form a polyhedral (flux) cone. Here, elementary modes can be computed which are particular flux vectors of this cone with minimal support (= irreducible set of reactions with non-zero rate).
 The set of elementary modes includes all extreme rays of the flux cone, but usally many more (support-minimal) vectors. CNAcomputeEFM can also compute a convex basis of the flux cone.
 In contrast to elementary modes, the convex basis is a minimal set of vectors sufficient.

In contrast to elementary modes, the convex basis is a minimal set of vectors sufficient to generate all flux vectors within the flux cone by non-negative linear combinations of convex basis vactors. As implemented herein, the convex basis will always represent a subset of the elementary modes. Note that the convex basis is only unique if there is no reversible flux vector.

(ii) Specifying inhomogeneous constraints (e.g., fixing a reaction rate to a non-zero value or introducing non-zero upper and/or lower boundaries for the reaction rates) leads to the inhomogeneous case where the solution space becomes a more general flux polyhedron. CNAcomputeEFM computes then either the elementary vectors of the flux polyhedron (a generalization of elementary modes; the set of elementary vectors will, for example, include all extreme rays and extreme points (if existent) of the resulting solution space). Again, alternatively, a convex basis (= minimal set of generators spanning the resulting flux polyhedron) of the flux polyhedron can also be calculated. Note that the zero point will not be delivered, even if it is an extreme point of the flux polyhedron.

Usage: [efm,irrev,idx,ray,efv_with_zero] = CNAcomputeEFM(cnap, constraints,...
solver, irrev_flag, convbasis_flag, iso_flag, c_macro, display, efmtool_options)

cnap is a CellNetAnalyzer (mass-flow) project variable and mandatory argument.

All other arguments are optional:

constraints: is either empty (=default) or a column vector or a struct specifying (homogeneous or inhomogeneous) constraints to be added to the standard (steady state and reversibility) constraints of the flux cone.

If constraints is a COLUMN vector it must have dimension (cnap.numr x 1) and specifies excluded/enforced reactions: if(constraints(i)==0) then only those elementary modes/vectors will be computed that do not include reaction i. If constraints(i)~=0 and constraints(i)~=NaN then reaction i is enforced, i.e. only those elementary modes / vectors will be computed that involve reaction i (with a non-zero rate). For all other reactions choose constraint(i)=NaN. Several reactions may be suppressed/enforced simultaneously

If constraints is a struct it may contain the following fields (all optional):

- constraints.reaconoff: a column vector with dimension (cnap.numr x 1) which specifies excluded/enforced reactions: if(constraints.reaconoff)==0) then only those elementary modes/vectors will be computed that do not include reaction i; if constraints.reaconoff(i)~=0 and constraints.reaconoff(i)~=NaI then reaction i is enforced, i.e. only those elementary modes / vectors will be computed that involve reaction i (with a non-zero rate); for all other reactions choose constraint(i)=NaN. Several reactions may be suppressed/enforced simultaneously.
- constraints.lb: a column vector with dimension (cnap.numr x 1) which specifies lower boundaries for the reaction rates (choose constraints.lb(i)=NaN if there is no lower bound). Note that a lower bound of zero (irreversibilities) set in cnap.reacMin will be considered in any case and need not be specified via constraints.lb (but note that no other bound of cnap.reacMin will be considered!).
- constraints.ub: a column vector with dimension (cnap.numr x 1) which specifies upper boundaries for the reaction rates (choose constraints.ub(i)=NaN if there is no upper bound). Note that no upper bound possibly defined in cnap.reacMax will be considered!.
- constraints.eqto: a column vector with dimension (cnap.numr x 1) which specifies equalities constraints for the reaction rates (choose constraints.eqto(i) NaN if none is active for reaction i).
- constraints.A (an h x cnap.numr matrix) and constraints.b (an h x 1 column vector) specify inequalities of the type A*r<=b (r: flux vector of the network). Note that constraints.lb, constraints.ub and constraints.eqto could also be formulated via constraints.A and constraints.b.

One should be careful to not define inconsistent constraints, such as constraints.lb=3 and constraints.ub=2. Again note that cnap.reacMin and cnap.reacMax will not be considered for inhomogeneous constraints (cnap.reacMin is only used for marking reaction reversible (cnap.reacMax dirreversible). However, you could, easily enforce those constraints by setting constraints.lb=cnap.reacMin and constraints.ub=cnap.reacMax (Inf and 0 values in constraints(:2,) and constraints(:,3) should afterwards be set to NaN as they represent homogeneous constraints).

If columns constraints.lb, constraints.ub, constraints.eqto and constraints.A / constraints.b are not specified or contain only zeros/NaN then elementary modes (if convbasis_flag=0; see below or minimal generating sets (if convbasis_flag=1) of the flux cone will be computed (homogeneous problem). Any non-zero non-NaN value in in these vectors/matrix renders the problem inhomogeneous and the solution space to be a (flux) polyhedron. This function will then compute the elementary vectors of the flux polyhedron (if convbasis_flag=0) OR, again (if convbasis_flag=0), only a minimal set of unbounded and bounded generators spanning the resulting flux polyhedron.

```
or bounded (e.g. an extreme point; ray(i)==0) (see also below). In case of the flux cone (elementary modes) they are always unbounded. The returned vector 'irrev' indicates whether an
      elementary mode/vector is reversible or not (see below).
  solver: [0|1|3|4] 0: pure Matlab CNA function; 1: CNA mex files; 3: Metatool mex files;
      4: Marco Terzer's EFMtool (see http://www.csb.ethz.ch/tools/index).
      Default:4.
      Note that EFMtool cannot be used if some reactions are enforced (see constraints)
      and it cannot be used for calculating the convex basis.
  irrev_flag: [0|1] whether (1) or not (0) to consider reversibilities of reactions
      0: all reactions are reversible (default: 1)
  convbasis flag: [0|1] whether only a minimal generating set (convex basis) [1] is to be calculated
      or all elementary modes/vectors [0]. Default: 0.
  iso flag: [0|1] whether parallel reactions should be considered only once (default: 0)
  c macro: vector containing the concentrations (g/gDW) of the macromolecules
      if a variable biomass composition has been defined (cnap.mue not empty).
      Can be empty when cnap.mue or cnap.macroComposition is empty. If it
      is empty and cnap.mue is not empty then cnap.macroDefault is used.
      (default: cnap.macroDefault)
  display: controls the detail of console output; choose one of
      {'None', 'Iteration', 'All', 'Details'}
      default: 'All'
  efmtool options: cell array with input for the CreateFluxModeOpts function.
      Default: {} (some options will be set by default; cf. console output for the actual options used
The following results are returned:
  efm: matrix that contains (row-wise) the elementary modes (or elemenatry vectors) or a minimal set of
      generators depending on the chosen scenario. The columns correspond to the reactions; the column
      indices of efms (with respect to the columns in cnap.stoichMat) are stored in the returned varia
      idx (see below; note that columns are removed in efms if the corresponding reactions are not
      contained in any mode)
  irrev: vector indicating for each elementary mode/vector whether it is reversible(0)/irreversible (1)
       maps the columns in efm onto the column indices in cnap.stoichmat,
   i.e. idx(i) refers to the column number in cnap.stoichmat (and to
  the row number in cnap.reacID)
  ray: indicates whether the i-th row (vector) in efm is an unbounded (1) or bounded (0) direction
      of the flux cone / flux polyhedron. Bounded directions (such as extreme points) can only arise
```

The returned vector 'ray' indicates whether the i-th vector in 'efm' is unbounded (ray(i)==1)

So there are quite a number of different options and arguments. For example, CNAsolver can be 0, 1, 3 or 4, which

if an inhomogeneous problem was defined (see also above for 'constraints').

- 0: pure Matlab CNA function;
- 1: CNA mex files:
- 3: Metatool mex files;
- 4: Marco Terzer's EFMtool (see http://www.csb.ethz.ch/tools/index).

The Default is 4. Note that EFMtool cannot be used if some reactions are enforced (see constraints) and it cannot be used for calculating the convex basis.

However, for a standard calculation of elementary flux modes you just need to call the function with the CNA model (project) variable (which enforces default parameter setting). Hence, enter:

```
[efm,rev,idx,ray,efv with zero] = CNAcomputeEFM(cnap)
```

2017-12-20 15:34:34.761 main

```
Network compression ...
Can't load log handler "ch.javasoft.util.logging.StandardOutHandler"
java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: ch.javasoft.util.logging.StandardOutHandler
java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: ch.javasoft.util.logging.StandardOutHandler
at java.net.URLClassLoader$1.run(URLClassLoader.java:366)
at java.net.URLClassLoader$1.run(URLClassLoader.java:355)
at java.security.AccessController.doPrivileged(Native Method)
at java.net.URLClassLoader.findClass(URLClassLoader.java:354)
at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:425)
at sun.misc.Launcher$AppClassLoader.loadClass(Launcher.java:308)
at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:358)
at java.util.logging.LogManager$4.run(LogManager.java:808)
at java.security.AccessController.doPrivileged(Native Method)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.loadLoggerHandlers(LogManager.java:802)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.initializeGlobalHandlers(LogManager.java:1406)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.access$1500(LogManager.java:148)
at java.util.logging.LogManager$RootLogger.accessCheckedHandlers(LogManager.java:1493)
at java.util.logging.Logger.getHandlers(Logger.java:1350)
at java.util.logging.Logger.log(Logger.java:612)
 at java.util.logging.Logger.doLog(Logger.java:641)
 at java.util.logging.Logger.log(Logger.java:664)
 at ch.javasoft.metabolic.compress.CompressionMethod.logUnsupported(CompressionMethod.java:125)
 at ch.javasoft.metabolic.compress.StoichMatrixCompressor.<init>(StoichMatrixCompressor.java:92)
Can't load log handler "ch.javasoft.util.logging.StandardErrHandler"
java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: ch.javasoft.util.logging.StandardErrHandler
java.lang. Class Not Found Exception: ch. javas of t. util.log ging. Standard Err Handler
at java.net.URLClassLoader$1.run(URLClassLoader.java:366)
at java.net.URLClassLoader$1.run(URLClassLoader.java:355)
at java.security.AccessController.doPrivileged(Native Method)
at java.net.URLClassLoader.findClass(URLClassLoader.java:354)
at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:425)
at sun.misc.Launcher$AppClassLoader.loadClass(Launcher.java:308)
at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:358)
at java.util.logging.LogManager$4.run(LogManager.java:808)
at java.security.AccessController.doPrivileged(Native Method)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.loadLoggerHandlers(LogManager.java:802)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.initializeGlobalHandlers(LogManager.java:1406)
at java.util.logging.LogManager.access$1500(LogManager.java:148)
 at java.util.logging.LogManager$RootLogger.accessCheckedHandlers(LogManager.java:1493)
 at java.util.logging.Logger.getHandlers(Logger.java:1350)
at java.util.logging.Logger.log(Logger.java:612)
 at java.util.logging.Logger.doLog(Logger.java:641)
 at java.util.logging.Logger.log(Logger.java:664)
 at ch.javasoft.metabolic.compress.CompressionMethod.logUnsupported(CompressionMethod.java:125)
at ch.javasoft.metabolic.compress.StoichMatrixCompressor.<init>(StoichMatrixCompressor.java:92)
Matrix size before network compression: 6 10
Matrix size after network compression: 2 6
Using 'CalculateFluxModes'
'/Applications/MATLAB_R2016b.app/sys/java/jre/maci64/jre/bin/java' -Xms1024m -Xmx1024m -XX:+UseParallel
2017-12-20 15:34:34.758 main
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2017-12-20 15:34:34.761 main
                                                              efmtool version 4.7.1, 2009-12-04 18:30:05
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2017-12-20 15:34:34.761 main
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                                                              Copyright (c) 2009, Marco Terzer, Zurich,
2017-12-20 15:34:34.761 main
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                                                              This is free software, !!! NO WARRANTY !!
```

INF0

| See LICENCE.txt for redistribution conditi

```
2017-12-20 15:34:34.762 main
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            15:34:35.316
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           15:34:35.346
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                                                                                     : SequentialDoubleDesc
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                                   efm.impl
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            15:34:35.551 main
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                                                                 kernel matrix has dimensions 8x6
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.688
                          main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.689
                          main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
                                                                 TIME preprocessing: 354ms
2017-12-20
           15:34:35.713 main
                                                     INF0
                                                                 iteration 0/2: 6 modes, dt=0ms. { next 1/2
                                   efm.impl
2017-12-20
           15:34:35.762 main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
                                                                 iteration 1/2: 7 modes, dt=49ms. { next 2,
2017-12-20
                                                                 iteration 2/2: 10 modes, dt=13ms.
           15:34:35.776 main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
2017-12-20
           15:34:35.776 main
                                                                 TIME iterate: 69ms
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
2017-12-20
           15:34:35.776 main
                                                     INF0
                                                                 efm count before postprocessing: 10
                                   efm.impl
                                                                 efm count after filtering/consolidation: 8
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.779 main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.779 main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
                                                                 uncompressing modes (can take a while)
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.803 main
                                   efm.output.mat
                                                     INF0
                                                                 estimated efms-per-file: 44000000
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.865
                                                     INF0
                                                                 estimated efms-per-file: 44000000
                          main
                                   efm.output.mat
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.878
                          main
                                   efm.output.mat
                                                     INF0
                                                                 estimated efms-per-file: 44000000
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.902
                           main
                                   efm.output.mat
                                                     INF0
                                                                 estimated efms-per-file: 44000000
2017-12-20
            15:34:35.943
                           main
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
                                                                 TIME postprocessing: 167ms
2017-12-20
           15:34:35.943
                                   efm.impl
                                                     INF0
                                                                overall computation time: 608ms
                          main
```

Don't forget to delete temporary files in the CellNetAnalyzer/code/ext/efmtool/tmp directory!

Final number of elementary modes: 8

```
efm =
             - 1
                       0
                               0
                                       0
                                                               - 1
                                                                                 0
      1
                                                1
                                                        0
                                                                        0
      1
              0
                       1
                                       1
                                                                        1
```

```
1
             0
                     1
                            0
                                    0
                                           1
                                                          - 1
                                                                  1
                                                                          0
      1
                     1
             1
                            1
                                    0
                                           0
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                  0
                                                                          1
      1
            - 1
                     0
                                                                          0
                            0
                                    1
                                           0
                                                   0
                                                          0
                                                                  0
      0
             1
                     1
                            0
                                    0
                                           0
                                                   0
                                                          0
                                                                  1
                                                                          0
      2
             0
                     1
                            1
                                    1
                                           0
                                                   1
                                                          1
                                                                  0
                                                                          1
      2
                                                   1
                                                          0
                                                                  0
                                                                          1
             0
                     1
                            1
                                    0
                                           1
rev =
   1
   1
   1
   1
   1
   1
   1
   1
idx =
             2
                                                   7
      1
                     3
                                                                        10
ray =
      1
             1
                     1
                            1
                                    1
                                           1
                                                   1
                                                          1
efv with zero = 1
```

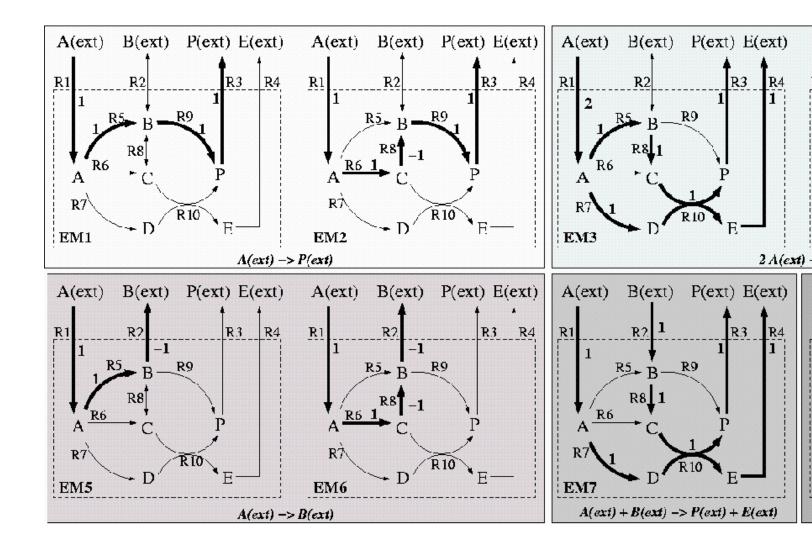
In this (standard) case, the EFMs are calculated with efmtool (without inhomogeneous constraints).

Output

The output of pathVectors.m is

- efm: contains the elementary flux modes in the rows. The columns contain the stoichiometric coefficients of the reactions but note that the columns do not necessarily have the same order as in the stoichiometric matrix:
- idx: maps the columns in efm onto the original columns/reactions, i.e. idx(i) maps the i-th column (reaction) in efm to the column (reaction) number in the stoichiometric matrix (cnap.stoichmat). In our example, idx exhibits a 1:1 mapping. The vector rev indicates the reversibility of the calculated modes (0: reversible; 1: irreversible; hence, in this example, all modes are irreversible);
- rev: indicates the reversibility of the calculated modes (0: reversible; 1: irreversible; hence, in this example, all modes are irreversible).
- ray: indicates which of the calculated modes is unbounded (always true for EFMs);
- efv_with_zero: indicates whether the zero vector is part of the solution space (always true for EFMs).

These eoght elementary modes are shown in figuers 2:



If you now want to calculate the convex basis vectors (a subset of EFMs that are sufficient to span the flux cone; e.g. useful for calculation of extreme pathways) we have to set the <code>conbasis_flag</code> argument (the 5-th argument) to 1. We also choose now the Metatool routine for calculating the convex basis (efmtool cannot be used for calculating convex bases). For the other arguments we chose the standard values:

```
[efm,rev,idx,ray,efv_with_zero] = CNAcomputeEFM(cnap,[],3,1,1)
```

```
1
           -1
                                       1
                                                    -1
rev =
     1
     1
     1
     1
idx =
            2
                   3
     1
                                              7
                                                                 10
ray =
     1
            1
                   1
                         1
efv_with_zero = 1
```

Converting a CNA model to a COBRA model

A CNA model 'cnap' can also be converted to a COBRA model by

```
cbmodel = CNAcna2cobra(cnap);
```

Removing 0 external metabolites

Then, COBRA functions can be applied to a (former) CNA model as well.

Note that if you convert a COBRA model to CNA and then back to a COBRA model, some model information can be lost since a CNA model does not capture all (potential) fields of a COBRA model. The following fields will definitely be maintained when converting a COBRA model to a CNA model and back:

- cbmodel.rxns
- cbmodel.mets
- cbmodel.S
- cbmodel.lb
- cbmodel.ub
- cbmodel.rev
- cbmodel.c
- cbmodel.b
- cbmodel.metNames

References

- [1] Hädicke O and Klamt S. (2010) CASOP: A Computational Approach for Strain Optimization aiming at high Productivity. **Journal of Biotechnology**, 147, 88-101.
- [2] Erdrich P, Steuer R, Klamt S. (2015) An algorithm for the reduction of genome-scale metabolic network models to meaningful core models. **BMC Systems Biology** 9:48.
- [3] von Kamp A, Klamt S (2014) Enumeration of smallest intervention strategies in genome-scale metabolic networks. **PLoS Computational Biology**, 10:e1003378.

- [4] Mahadevan R, von Kamp A, Klamt S. (2015) Genome-scale strain designs based on regulatory minimal cut sets. **Bioinformatics** 31:2844-2851.
- [5] Klamt S, Regensburger G, Gerstl MP, Jungreuthmayer C, Schuster S, Mahadevan R, Zanghellini J, Müller S. (2017) From elementary flux modes to elementary flux vectors: Metabolic pathway analysis with arbitrary linear flux constraints. **PLoS Comput Biol** 13:e1005409.