COURSEWORK 2 – DATA MANAGEMENT COMP1204 COURSEWORK (LINUX)

No.	Student ID	Name
1.	34403574	Brandon Yap Shi Yong
2.	34405518	Chen Shiqi

1.0 bitcoin_tracker.sh

This Bash script retrieves the current Bitcoin price, as well as the 24-hour low and high prices, from the CoinDesk API. It then inserts this data along with a timestamp into a MySQL database. The script first sets up the necessary API endpoint URL and MySQL credentials. It defines a function to fetch and parse data from the CoinDesk API using `curl` and `jq` to extract relevant information. If successful, it calculates the 24-hour low and high prices based on the retrieved data and inserts all information into the specified MySQL database. Error handling is implemented to log any errors encountered during the execution of the script. Finally, it executes the `fetch_data` function to fetch and insert the Bitcoin price data into the database.

```
1
       #!/bin/bash
       # Set the API endpoint URL
      API URL="https://api.coindesk.com/v1/bpi/currentprice.json"
      # MySQL credentials
      MYSQL_HOST="localhost"
      MYSQL_USER="sysq"
      MYSQL_PASSWORD="1234"
      MYSQL_DATABASE="bitcointracker"
10
11
      # Function to fetch and parse data from the CoinDesk API
14
         # Use curl to fetch the CoinDesk API response
15
         API_RESPONSE=$(curl -s "$API_URL")
          # Check if the API response was successful
17
         if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
18
             # Extract the current Bitcoin price in USD
19
             CURRENT_PRICE=$(echo "$API_RESPONSE" | jq '.bpi.USD.rate_float')
20
21
             # Extract the 24H low and high prices
22
23
            LOW 24H=$(echo "$API RESPONSE" | jq '.bpi.USD.rate float' | awk '{print $1 * 0.95}')
24
             HIGH 24H=$(echo "$API RESPONSE" | jq '.bpi.USD.rate float' | awk '{print $1 * 1.05}')
              insert_data "$CURRENT_PRICE" "$LOW_24H" "$HIGH_24H"
              handle_error "Failed to fetch Bitcoin price data"
29
          fi
    }
30
31
      # Function to insert data into the MySQL database
33 v insert_data() {
```

```
CURRENT_PRICE="$1"
34
         LOW_24H="$2"
35
         HIGH_24H="$3"
36
37
         # Connect to the MySQL database
38
39
          mysql -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" <<EOF
40
      INSERT INTO bitcoin_prices (current_price, low_24h, high_24h, timestamp)
41
       VALUES ('$CURRENT_PRICE', '$LOW_24H', '$HIGH_24H', CURRENT_TIMESTAMP());
       EOF
42
43
44
       # Function to handle errors
45
46
      handle_error() {
         echo "Error: $1" >> "error.log"
47
48
49
50
       # Trap any errors and call the handle_error function
       trap 'handle_error $LINENO' ERR
51
52
53
      # Call the fetch_data function
    fetch_data
54
```

2.0 crypto_rates_tracker.sh

This Bash script retrieves data for the first five cryptocurrencies in USD from the CoinGecko API and inserts or updates this data into a MySQL database. It begins by setting up the API endpoint URL and MySQL credentials. The 'fetch_data' function uses 'curl' to fetch the API response and 'jq' to extract the cryptocurrency name, symbol, and current price for each of the first five cryptocurrencies in the response. It then calls the 'insert_data' function to insert or update this data into the MySQL database. The 'insert_data' function checks if a record already exists for the cryptocurrency symbol in the database. If it does, it updates the existing record with the new price and logs changes in a historical table. If not, it inserts a new record. Error handling is implemented to log any errors encountered during the execution of the script. Finally, the script traps any errors and calls the 'fetch_data' function to fetch and insert/update cryptocurrency data into the database.

```
#!/bin/bash
      # Set the API endpoint URL
      API URL="https://api.coingecko.com/api/v3/coins/markets?vs currencv=usd"
      # MvSOL credentials
      MYSQL_HOST="localhost"
      MYSQL_USER="sysq"
      MYSQL_PASSWORD="1234"
10
      MYSQL_DATABASE="bitcointracker"
11
# Function to fetch and parse data from the CoinGecko API
13 Y fetch_data() {
          # Use curl to fetch the CoinGecko API response
15
          API_RESPONSE=$(curl -s "$API_URL")
          # Check if the API response was successful
          if [ $? -eq 0 ]; then
18
              # Extract data for the first five cryptocurrencies
19
20
              for ((i=0; i<5; i++)); do
21
                  # Extract cryptocurrency name, symbol, and current price
                  CRYPTO_NAME=$(echo "$API_RESPONSE" | jq -r ".[$i].name")
22
                  CRYPTO_SYMBOL=$(echo "$API_RESPONSE" | jq -r ".[$i].symbol")
                  CURRENT_PRICE=$(echo "$API_RESPONSE" | jq -r ".[$i].current_price")
25
                  # Insert data into the MvSOL database
26
                  insert_data "$CRYPTO_NAME" "$CRYPTO_SYMBOL" "$CURRENT_PRICE"
27
28
              done
29
          else
              handle_error "Failed to fetch cryptocurrency data"
```

```
32
      }
33
       # Function to check if a record already exists in the database
35
       check record exists() {
36
          CRYPTO SYMBOL="$1"
           mysql -s -N -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "SELECT COUNT(*) FROM cryptocurrency_rates WHERE crypto_symbol='$CRYPTO_SYMBOL'" | grep -q "1"
37
38
39
40
      # Function to insert data into the MvSOL database
41 v insert_data() {
42
          CRYPTO_NAME="$1"
43
           CRYPTO_SYMBOL="$2"
          CURRENT_PRICE="$3"
45
46
           \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Check if the record already exists in the database
47
           if check_record_exists "$CRYPTO_SYMBOL"; then
48
               # Update existing record and log changes in historical table
               update_record "$CRYPTO_SYMBOL" "$CURRENT_PRICE"
49
50
           else
51
              # Insert new record
52
               insert_new_record "$CRYPTO_NAME" "$CRYPTO_SYMBOL" "$CURRENT_PRICE"
53
54
      }
55
56
       \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Function to update existing record and log changes in historical table
57
58
       CRYPTO_SYMBOL="$1"
59
          CURRENT_PRICE="$2"
60
          # Retrieve current price and timestamp from existing record
          PREVIOUS_PRICE=$(m):sql -s -N -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "SELECT current_price FROM cryptocurrency_rates WHERE crypto_symbol='$CRYPTO_SYMBOL'")
61
           PREVIOUS_TIMESTAMP=$(mysql -s -N -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_DSER" -p "$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "SELECT timestamp FROM cryptocurrency_rates WHERE crypto_symbol='$CRYPTO_SYMBOL'")
62
63
           \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Update existing record with new price and timestamp
64
           mysql -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "UPDATE cryptocurrency_rates SET current_price='$CURRENT_PRICE',
65
           timestamp=CURRENT_TIMESTAMP WHERE crypto_symbol='$CRYPTO_SYMBOL'"
           # Log changes in historical table
           mysql -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_DSER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "INSERT INTO cryptocurrency_rates_history (crypto_id, previous_price, previous_timestamp) SELECT id,
           '$PREVIOUS_PRICE', '$PREVIOUS_TIMESTAMP' FROM crypt>
68
69
70
71
      # Function to insert new record into the MySQL database
72
      insert new record() {
73
          CRYPTO NAME="$1"
74
          CRYPTO SYMBOL="$2"
75
          CURRENT_PRICE="$3"
76
77
           mysql -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p"$MYSQL_PASSNORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "INSERT INTO cryptocurrency_rates (crypto_name, crypto_symbol, current_price, timestamp)
78
           VALUES ('$CRYPTO_NAME', '$CRYPTO_SYMBOL', '$CURRENT_PRICE', CUR>
79
81
      # Function to handle errors
82
      handle_error() {
          echo "Error: $1" >> "error.log"
83
84
85
86
      # Trap any errors and call the handle_error function
87
      trap 'handle_error $LINENO' ERR
22
89
      # Call the fetch_data function
       fetch_data
```

3.0 plot_data.sh

This Bash script generates a plot of Bitcoin price changes over time using data stored in a MySQL database. It first sets up the MySQL connection parameters such as the host, user, password, and database name. Then, it defines a function named `plot_bitcoin_price_changes`. Inside this function, it runs a MySQL query to select the timestamp and current price from the `bitcoin_prices` table, ordered by timestamp. The result of the query is redirected to a file named `bitcoin_prices.dat`, excluding the header using `tail -n +2`. Afterward, it uses `gnuplot` to create a plot titled "Bitcoin Price Changes" with the x-axis representing dates, the y-axis representing rates in USD, and the data points connected by lines. Finally, it calls the `plot_bitcoin_price_changes` function to execute the plotting process.

```
1
       #!/bin/bash
2
 3
       MYSQL HOST="localhost"
4
       MYSQL_USER="sysq"
       MYSQL_PASSWORD="1234"
5
       MYSQL_DATABASE="bitcointracker"
6
 7
8 🗸
     plot bitcoin price changes() {
9
           mysql -h "$MYSQL_HOST" -u "$MYSQL_USER" -p "$MYSQL_PASSWORD" "$MYSQL_DATABASE" -e "SELECT timestamp,
           current_price FROM bitcoin_prices ORDER BY timestamp;" | tail -n +2 > bitcoin_prices.dat
10
11
           gnuplot -p -e "
12
               set title 'Bitcoin Price Changes';
13
               set xlabel 'Date';
14
15
               set ylabel 'Rates (USD)';
               set xdata time;
16
               set timefmt '%Y-%m-%d';
17
18
               set format x '%Y-%m-%d';
               set output 'bitcoin_price_changes.png';
19
               set xtics 3*24*3600;
20
               plot 'bitcoin prices.dat' using 1:3 with lines;
21
22
       }
23
24
       plot_bitcoin_price_changes
25
```

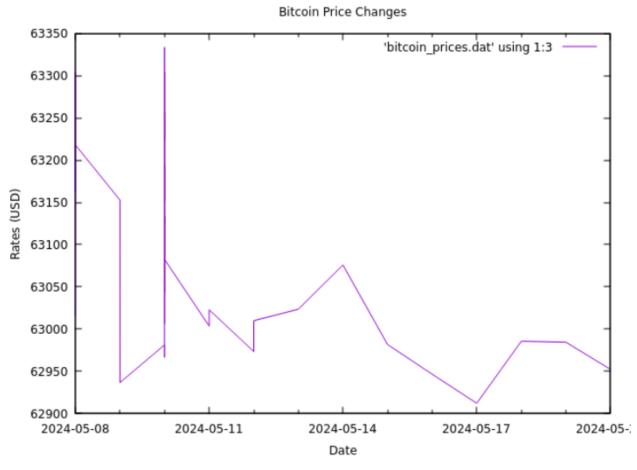


Figure 3.1

4.0 Crontab entry

```
0 * * * * /home/pi/scripts/bitcoin_tracker.sh
0 * * * * /home/pi/scripts/crypto_rates_tracker.sh
```

This code specifies the timing of the task. In this case, the code will execute two scripts, 'bitcoin_tracker.sh' and 'crypto_rates_tracker.sh', every hour by adding the new records to the SQL database.

5.0 MySQL

SQL queries to create tables:

```
CREATE TABLE `bitcoin prices` (
30
31
          `id` int(11) NOT NULL,
32
          `current_price` decimal(10,2) DEFAULT NULL,
33
          `low 24h` decimal(10,2) DEFAULT NULL,
34
          `high 24h` decimal(10,2) DEFAULT NULL,
35
          `timestamp` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT current_timestamp()
        ) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4 general ci;
36
100
         CREATE TABLE `cryptocurrency rates` (
101
           `id` int(11) NOT NULL,
102
           `crypto name` varchar(50) NOT NULL,
           `crypto_symbol` varchar(10) NOT NULL,
103
104
           `current price` decimal(18,8) NOT NULL,
105
           `timestamp` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT current_timestamp()
106
         ) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_general_ci;
       CREATE TABLE `cryptocurrency_rates_history` (
125
         `id` int(11) NOT NULL,
126
         `crypto id` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,
127
128
         `previous_price` decimal(18,6) DEFAULT NULL,
129
         `previous_timestamp` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT current_timestamp() ON UPDATE current_timestamp()
130
       ) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_general_ci;
```

6.0 GitHub

Use of Git for version control. Commits over 10.

