

Water footprint of cotton production

Susan Härtig

Overview and Motivation

After visiting Kazakhstan and the Aral sea region in 2011 I learned about the impacts intensive cotton grow and water regulation can have on a ecosystem. The continuous cultivation of cotton in the Aral Sea basin of Uzbekistan has caused a tremendous decrease in the surface area of the sea - the water volume has been reduced to 10%. The reason is that two of the rivers that formerly fed the Aral Sea (the Amu Darya River and Syr Darya River) were diverted for cotton production. Cotton uses a huge amount of water both to produce and process. It can take 2,700 liters to produce the cotton needed to make a single t-shirt. Estimates indicate that cotton represents more than half of the irrigated agricultural land in the world.

Cotton production and processing are also a major source of pollution of fresh water. Globally, freshwater resources are becoming scarcer due to a growing population, increasing wealth and consumption and hence increasing water withdrawals for human use. The impact of consumption can be quantified with the concept of the "water footprint", a concept introduced by Hoekstra and Hung (2002), and further elaborated by Chapagain and Hoekstra (2004). The water footprint of a nation has been defined as the total volume of freshwater that is used to produce the goods and services consumed by the inhabitants of the nation (Chapagain et al., 2006).

With my visualization I want to show the world wide cotton production and compare this data with the consumptive water use. The water consumption can be divided into green water (water from rainwater stored in soil) and blue water (fresh water in lakes, rivers, aquifers). Blue water is stress-weighted because it is consumed at rates faster than its short-term replacement and many cotton producing countries have limited blue water resources. I want to compare this 2 types per country and show the result in relative (per capita) and absolute values.

Related Work

papers and other ressources:

- a paper about Aral Sea
- Paper about The water footprint of cotton consumption : <http://doc.utwente.nl/58372/1/Report18.pdf>
- my trip to Aral sea in 2011
- nasa pictures of Aral sea: http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Features/WorldOfChange/aral_sea.php?all=y

Visualizations:

- <http://viewer.phildow.net/world-gdp-growth/>
- Fresh water supply worldwide: <http://www.josephbergen.com/viz/water/>
- <http://mbostock.github.io/protovis/ex/symbol.html>
- <http://data.karmi.cz/d3/life-expectancy-map/>
- <http://bl.ocks.org/KoGor/5685876>
- <http://chartsbin.com/view/1455>

Questions

1. Which countries are the main cotton producers?
2. How much do they produce?
3. How much did this production per country change since 1961?
4. How much green and blue water is used for cotton production in relation to each other?
5. How much green and blue water is used for cotton production in total? After my Exploratory Data Analysis I discovered that India is using huge amounts of blue water due to its big production. But relatively it is using more green water
6. Finally see which countries are suitable for cotton production

Data

Data sources

- I use cotton production data from <http://faostat3.fao.org>
- I use population data from <http://faostat3.fao.org>
- I used data from <http://www.waterfootprint.org/?page=files/WaterStat-ProductWater-Footprints> to get the water footprint of cotton products
- all the country codes to connect the data with the map I got from : <http://www.geonames.org/countries/> and http://wits.worldbank.org/WITS/wits/WITHELP/Content/Codes/Country_Codes.htm
- Geoinformation (Lat and Lon) I got from <https://opendata.socrata.com/dataset/Country-List-ISO-3166-Codes-Latitude-Longitude/mnkm-8ram>

Calculation

A friend helped me to calculate the per capita values of cotton production and water consumption.

We have used data on the production of cotton seed and cotton lint (1st Level only to avoid doublecountings), and export data for all 1st and 2nd level (see figure 1) cotton products from FAOSTAT (accessed April 2014) to gather the annual domestic production from 1960 – 2012 for XXX countries on a country level. The data was available in 1000tons/yr. For the water consumption, we have downloaded data from waterfootprint.org (Appendix II. Water footprint per ton of crop or derived crop product at national and sub-national level (m³/ton) (1996-2005); accessed April 2014). Data was only available for 1996-2005 averages for green/blue/grey water consumption, for all 1st level and 2nd level cotton products. We have used these average values for the whole time period which maybe lead to an overestimation for earlier years. For easier readability, we have only calculated green/blue water use for total production.

In order to compare the water consumption of countries we have normalised total values by population (data from FAOSTATS population database). The per capita requirements of water for cotton production can show important links to food security and water shortages, especially in dry regions that are large producers of cotton and cotton derived products.

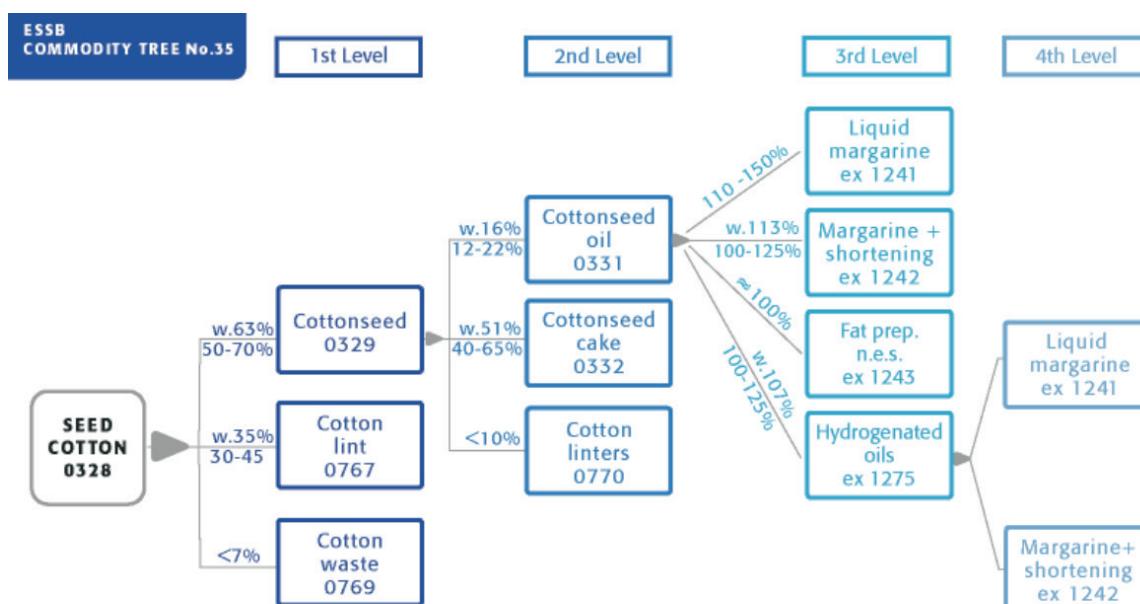


Figure 1: Cotton commodity tree (source: Faostat)

Data cleanup

I calculated averages for cotton producing countries that don't have water consumption data or split up since 1961:

Uruguay: Average of Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay

Sri Lanka: Values of India

Saint Vincent and Grenadines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Montserrat, Haiti, Guadeloupe, Grenada, Dominican Republic, Cuba, Antigua and Barbuda: Average of Nicaragua, Venezuela, Costa Rica, Colombia, Guatemala, Honduras

Rwanda: Congo, Tanzania, Uganda, Burundi

Philippines: Average of Indonesia, Viet Nam

Nigeria: Average of Benin, Cameroon, Niger

Korea: Values of Korea, Democratic People's Republic of

Italy: Values of Spain

Cyprus: Average of Greece, Turkey

Bangladesh: Average of India, Myanmar

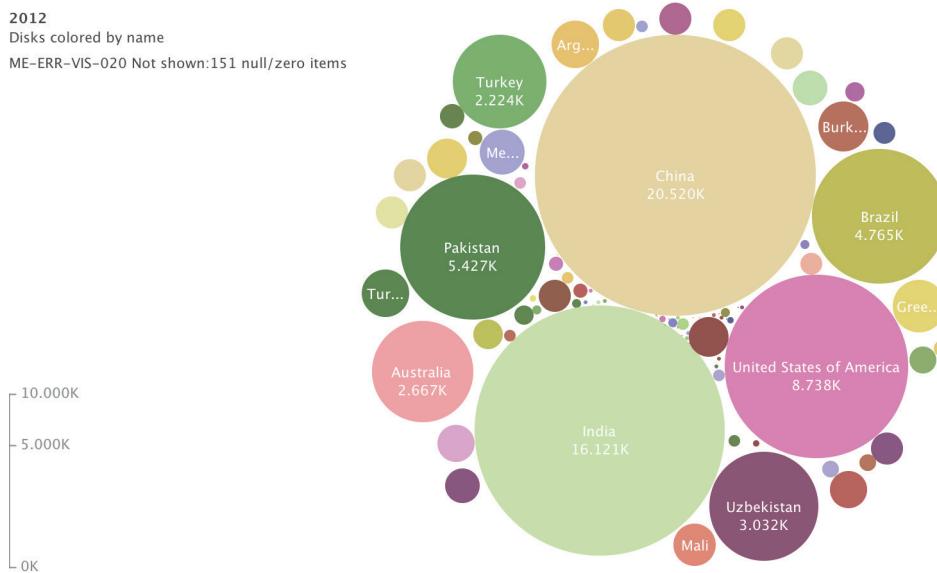
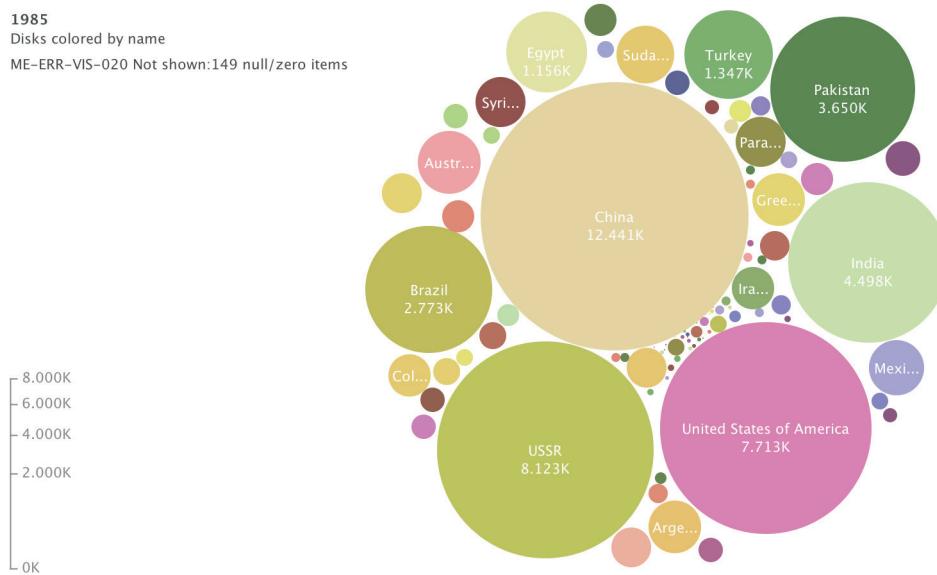
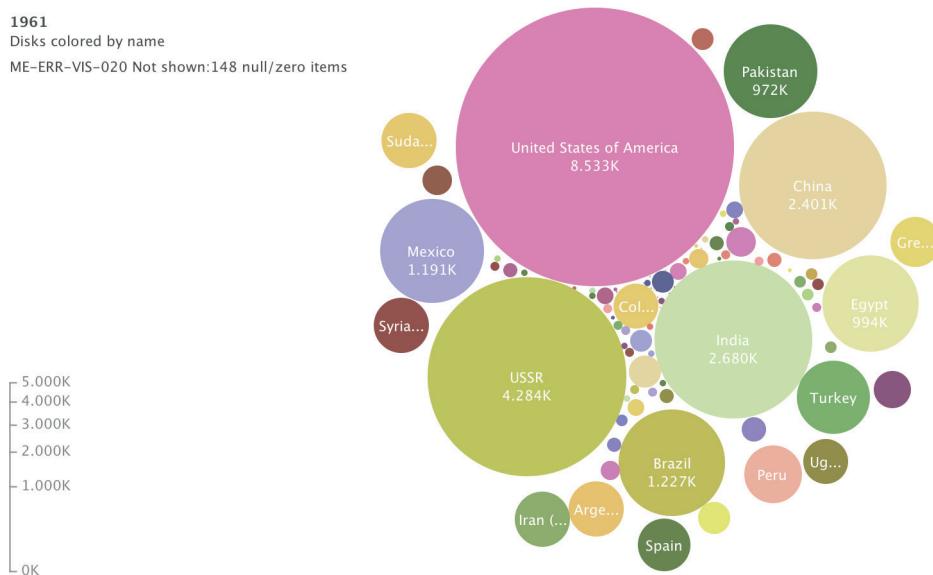
USSR: Average of all cotton producing USSR states

Yugoslav SFR: Average of all cotton producing Yugoslav SFR states

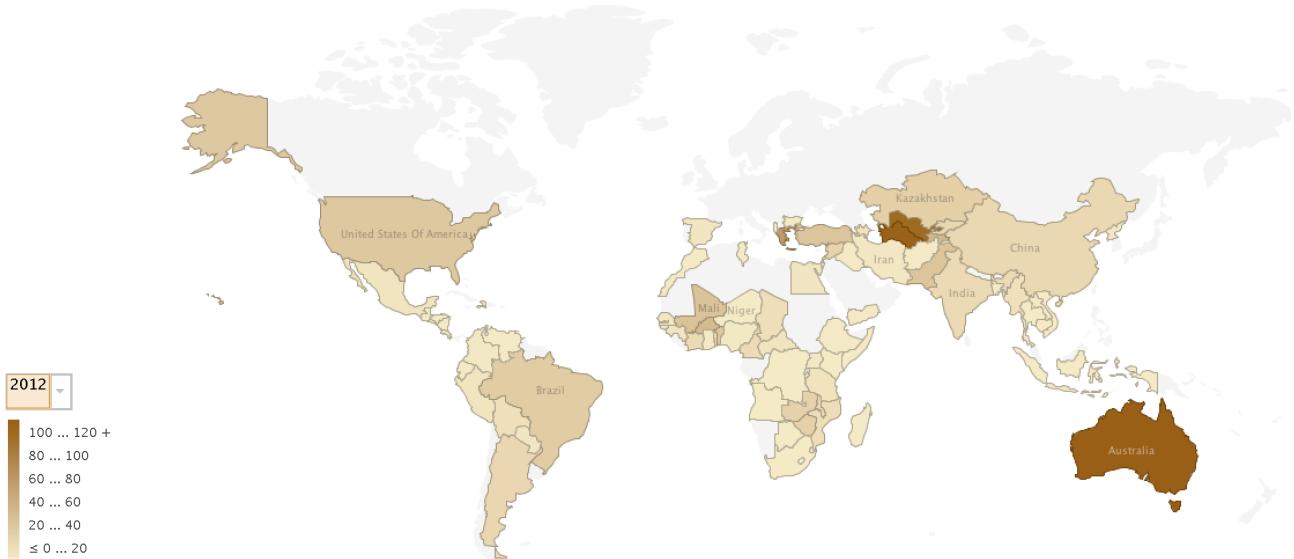
Exploratory Data Analysis

I explored my data with "Many Eyes" <http://www-958.ibm.com/software/data/cognos/many-eyes/>

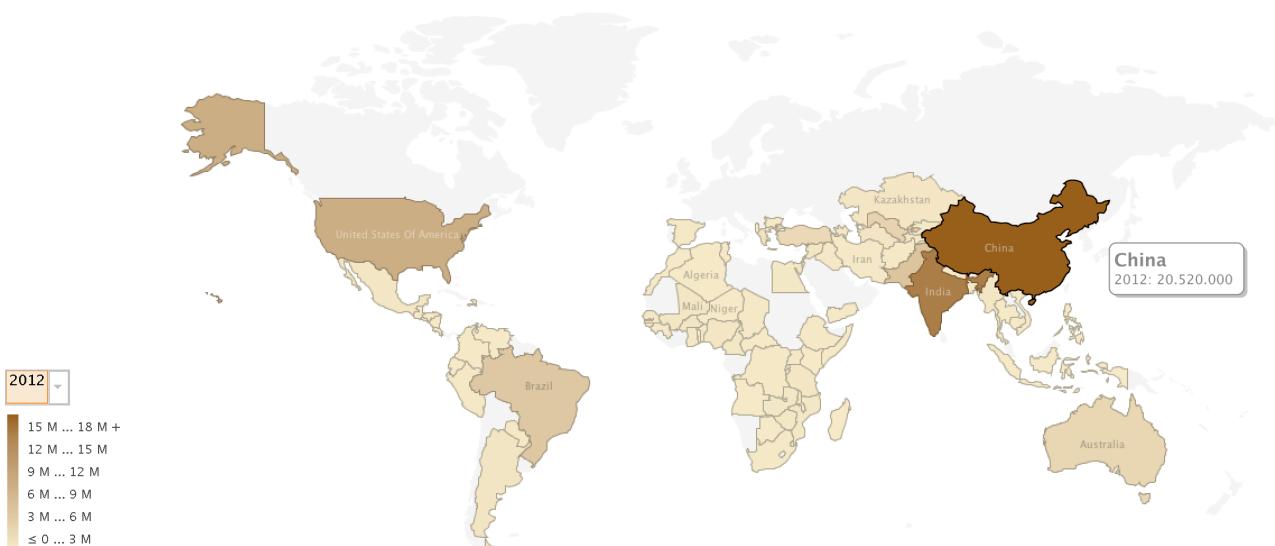
Total cotton production in tons over years



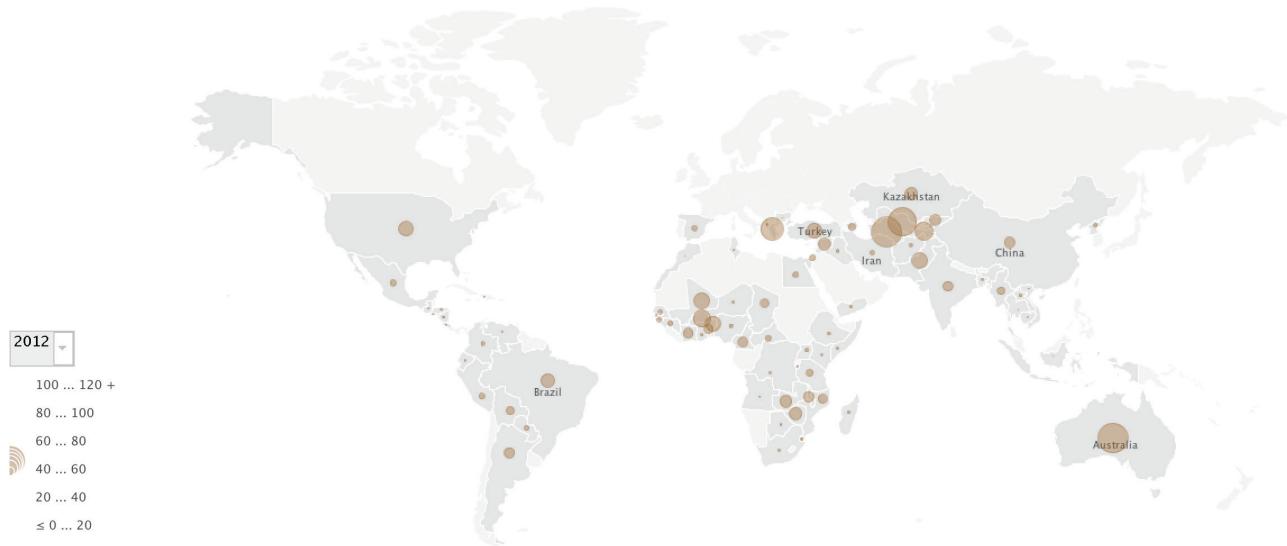
cotton production in tons/per capita 2012



total cotton production in tons 2012



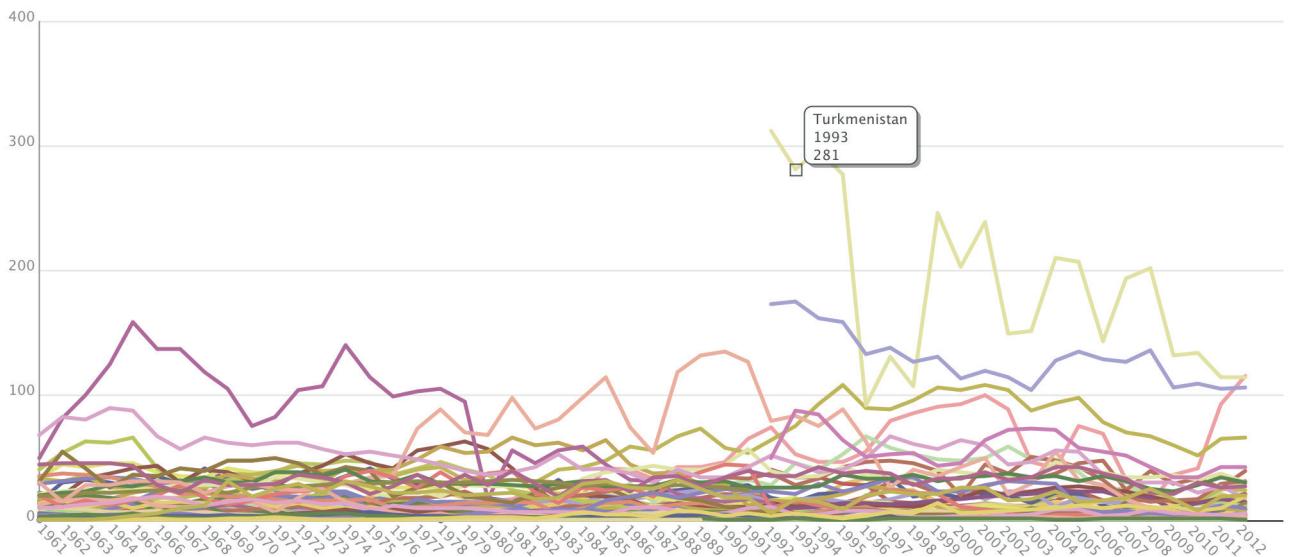
cotton production in tons/per capita 2012



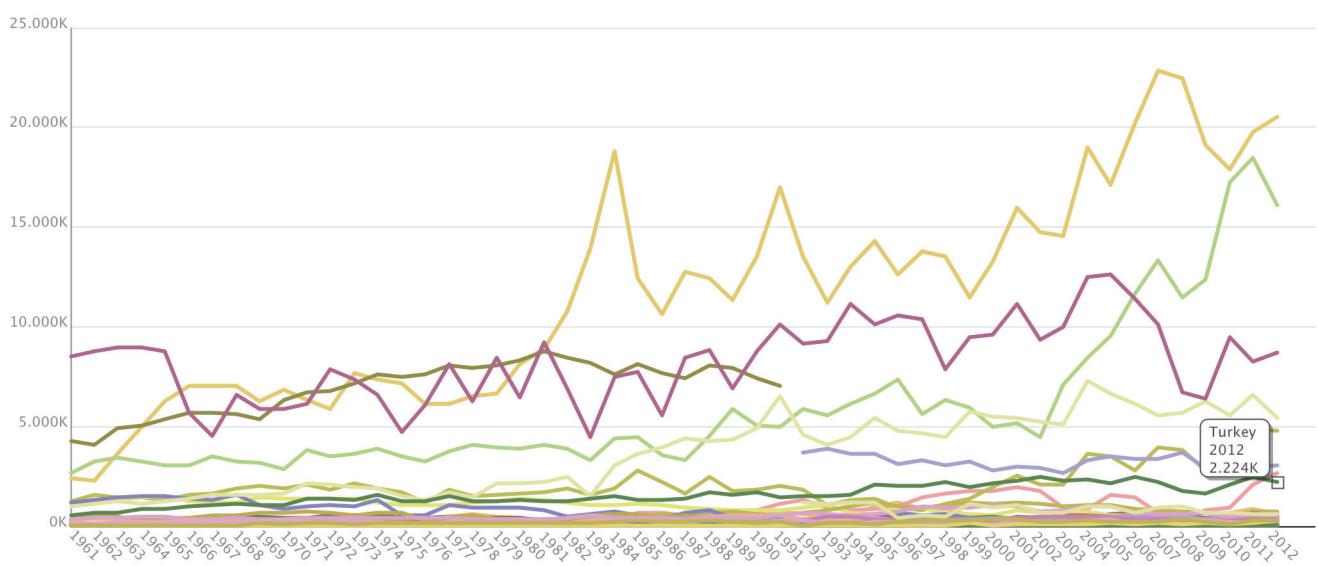
total cotton production in tons 2012



cotton production in tons/per capita



total cotton production in tons

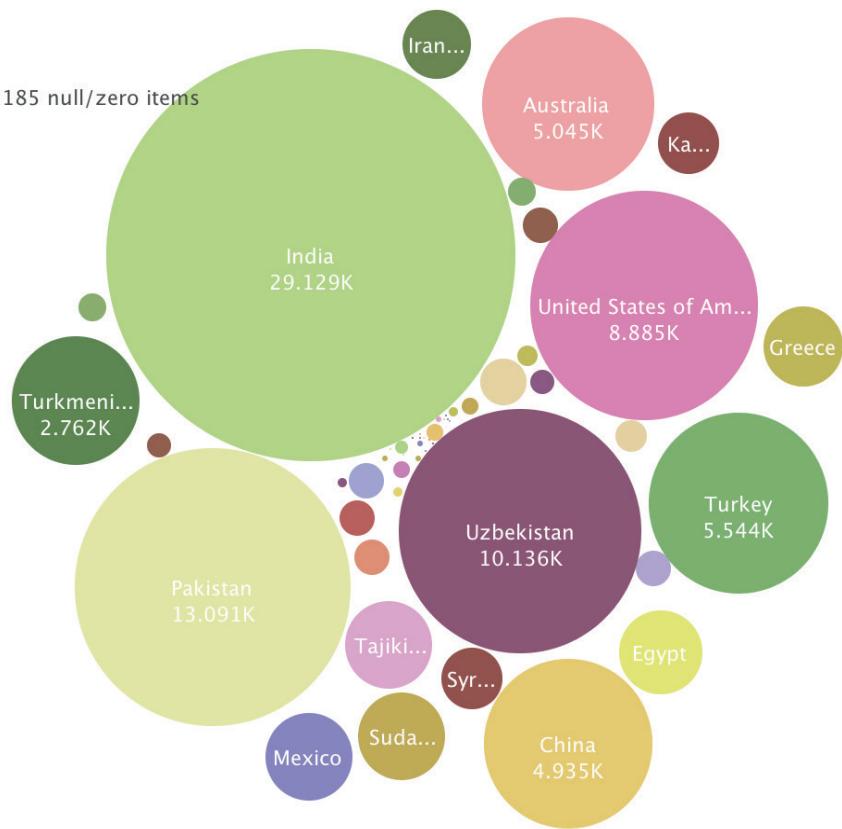
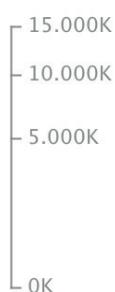


blue water consumption total (1000 m³)

2012

Disks colored by name

ME-ERR-VIS-020 Not shown:185 null/zero items

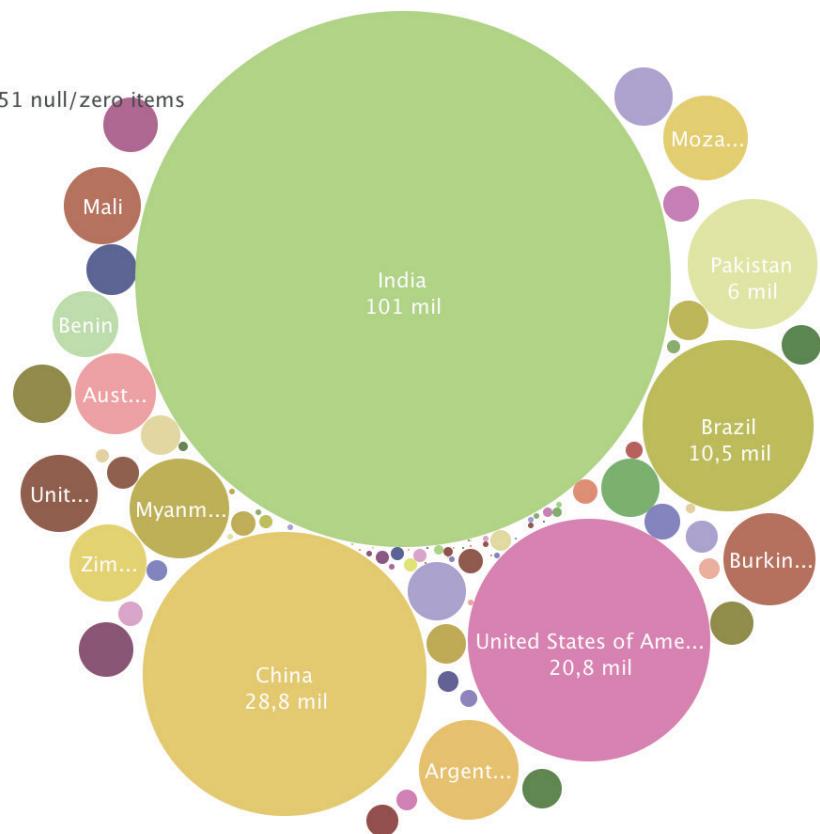


green water consumption total (1000 m³)

2012

Disks colored by name

ME-ERR-VIS-020 Not shown:151 null/zero items



blue water consumption (m³/capita)

2012

Disks colored by name

ME-ERR-VIS-020 Not shown:190 null/zero items

300
200
100
0

Turkmenistan
534

Uzbekistan
355

Egypt

Greece
102

Azer...

Pakistan
73,1

Tajikistan
167

Turkey
74,9

India

Kazakhs...

United...

green water consumption (m³/capita)

2012

Disks colored by name

ME-ERR-VIS-020 Not shown:154 null/zero items

150
100
50
0

Australia
100

Benin
151

Uzbek...

Mali
138

Côte d'Iv.
59,2

Burkina Faso
184

Turkmenistan
112

Zimbabwe
155

India
81,9

Mozambique
101

Kaz...

Zambia

Se...

Pakist...

Gui...

Centr...

Ug...

Myanmar
67,4

Argentina
84,4

Chad
68,9

Malawi
77,8

Greece

Togo

China

Centr...

Bolivia (...)

United St...
65,5

United ...

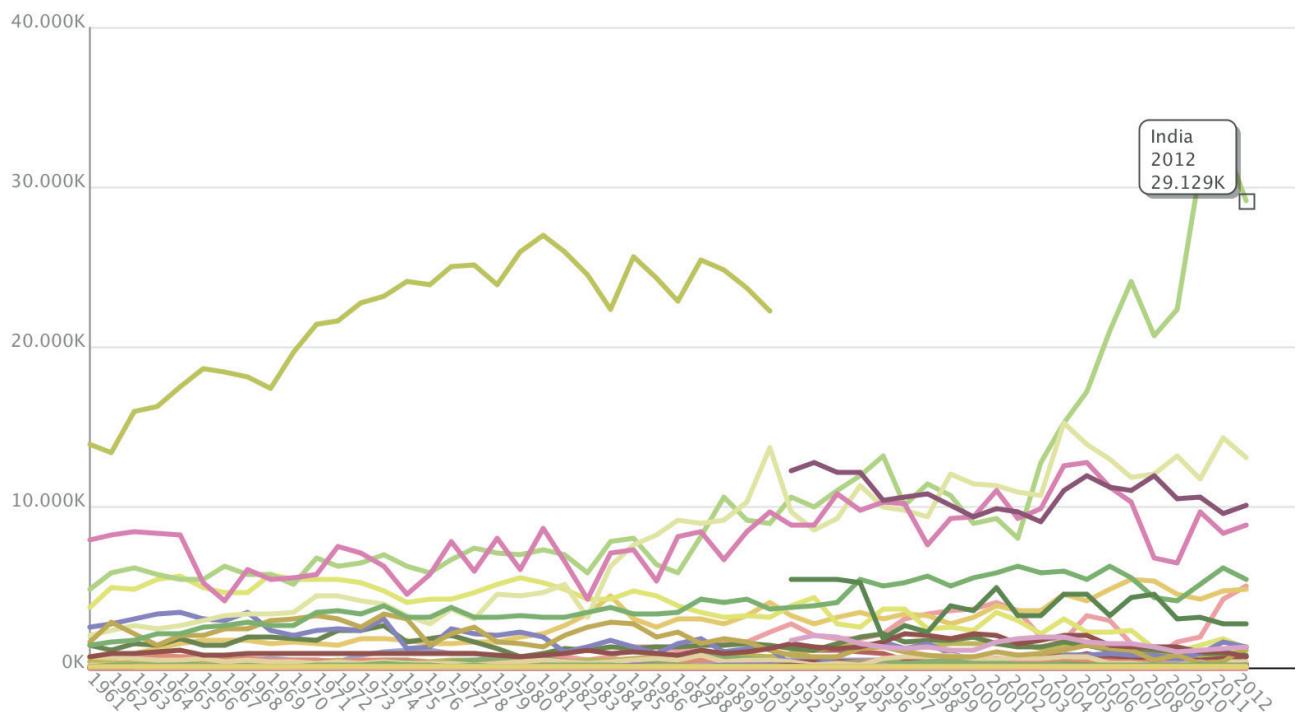
Brazil

Taji...

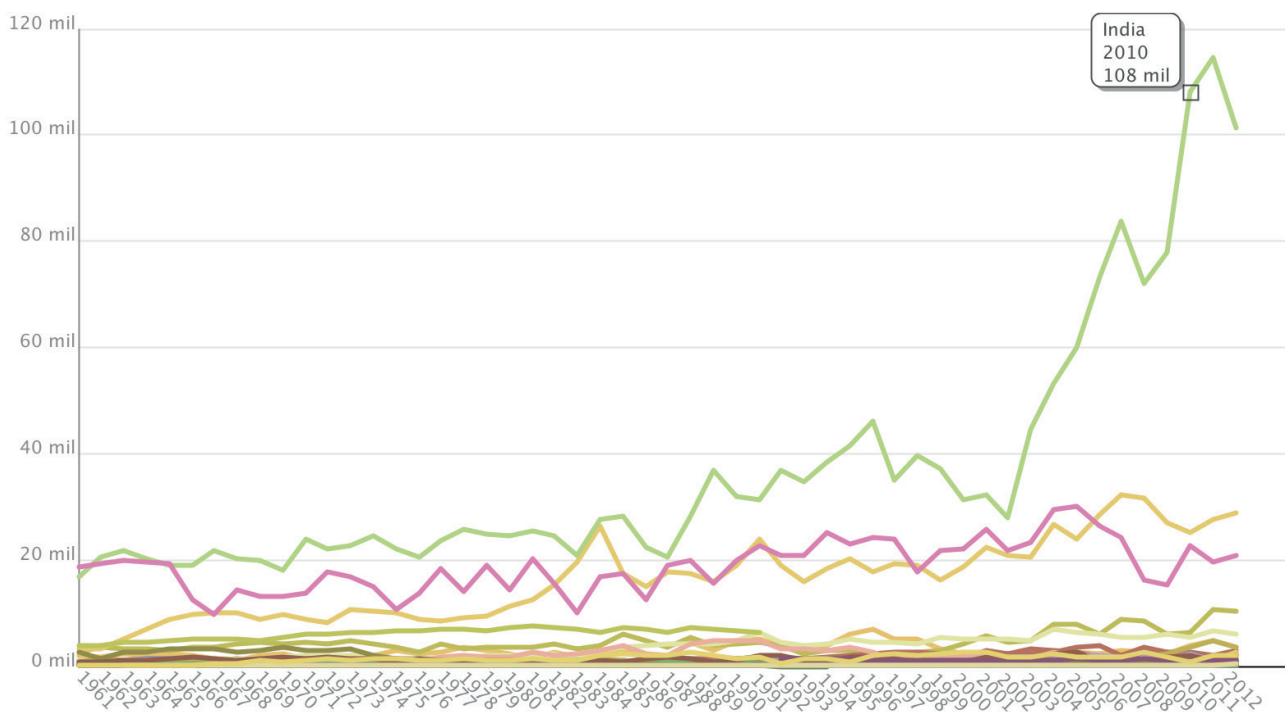
Para...

Centr...

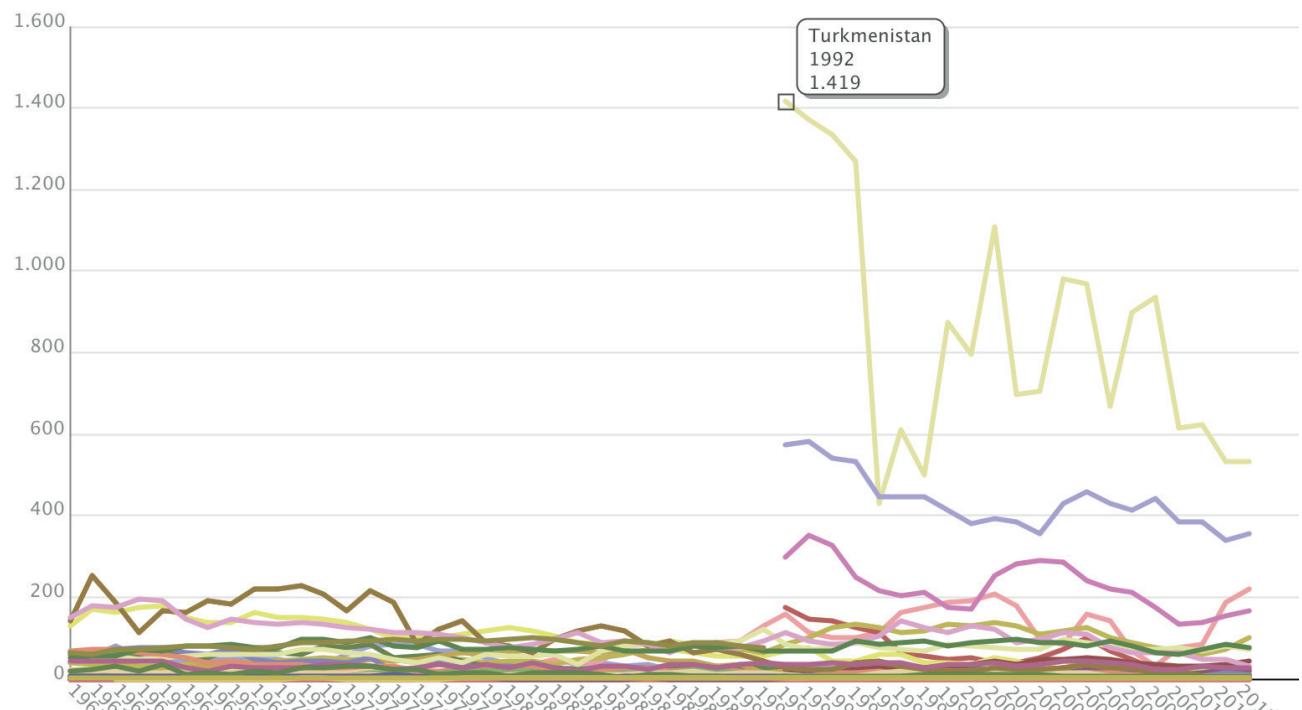
blue water consumption total (1000 m³)



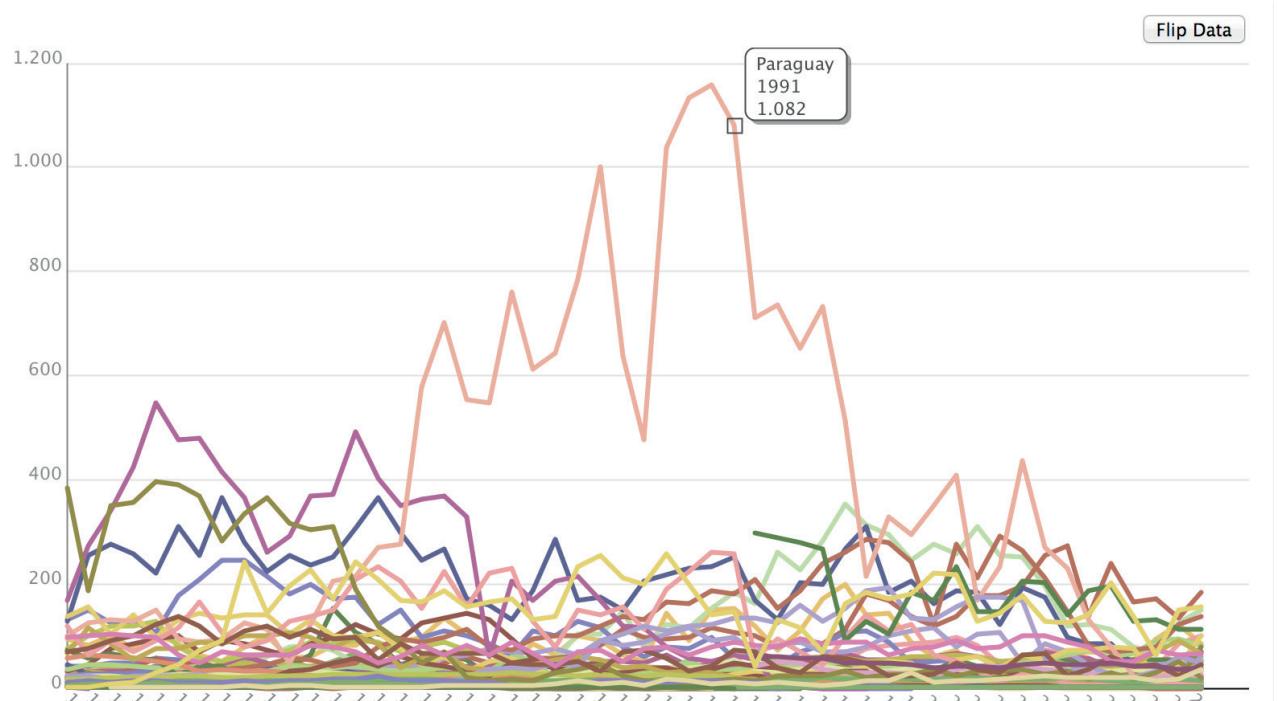
green water consumption total (1000 m³)



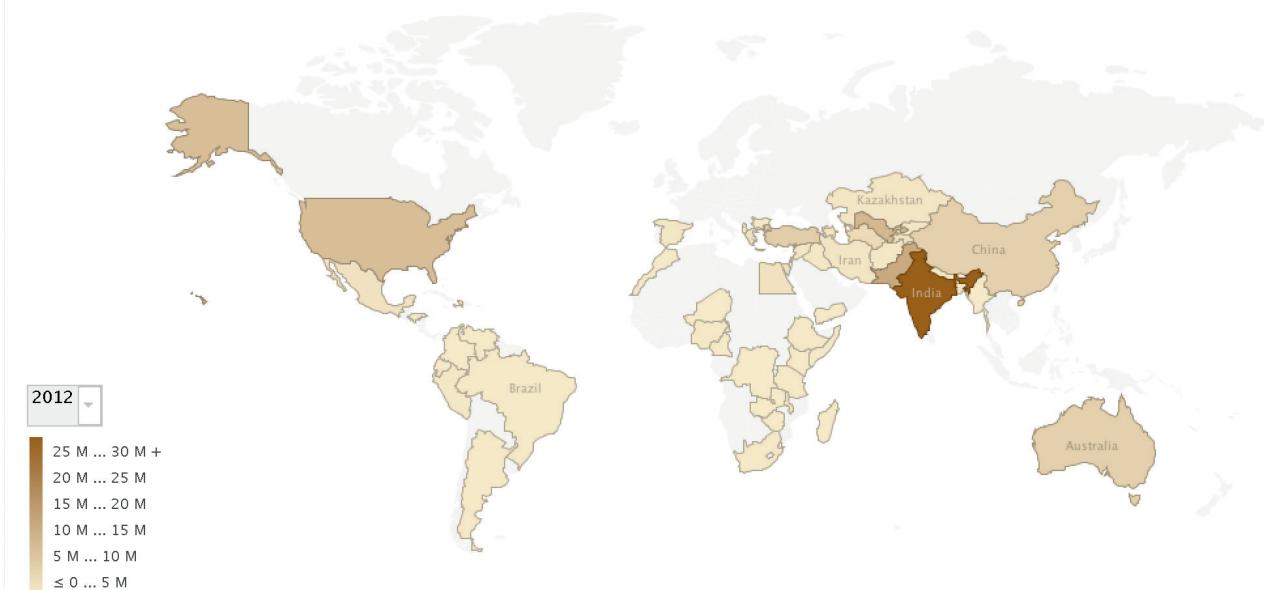
blue water consumption (m^3/capita)



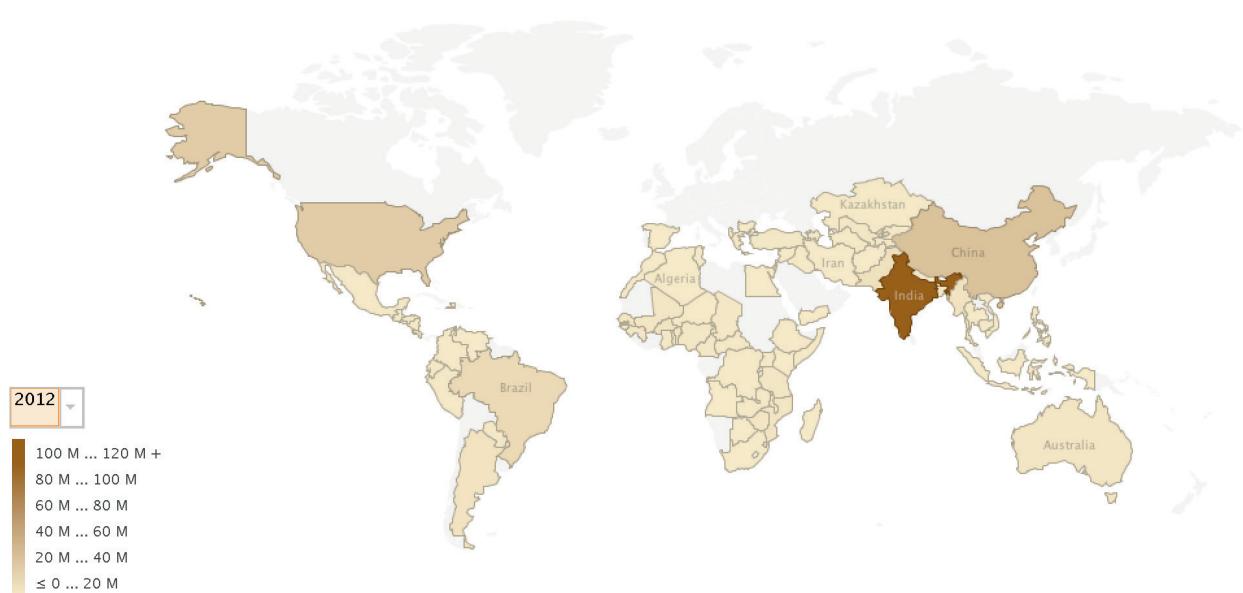
green water consumption (m^3/capita)



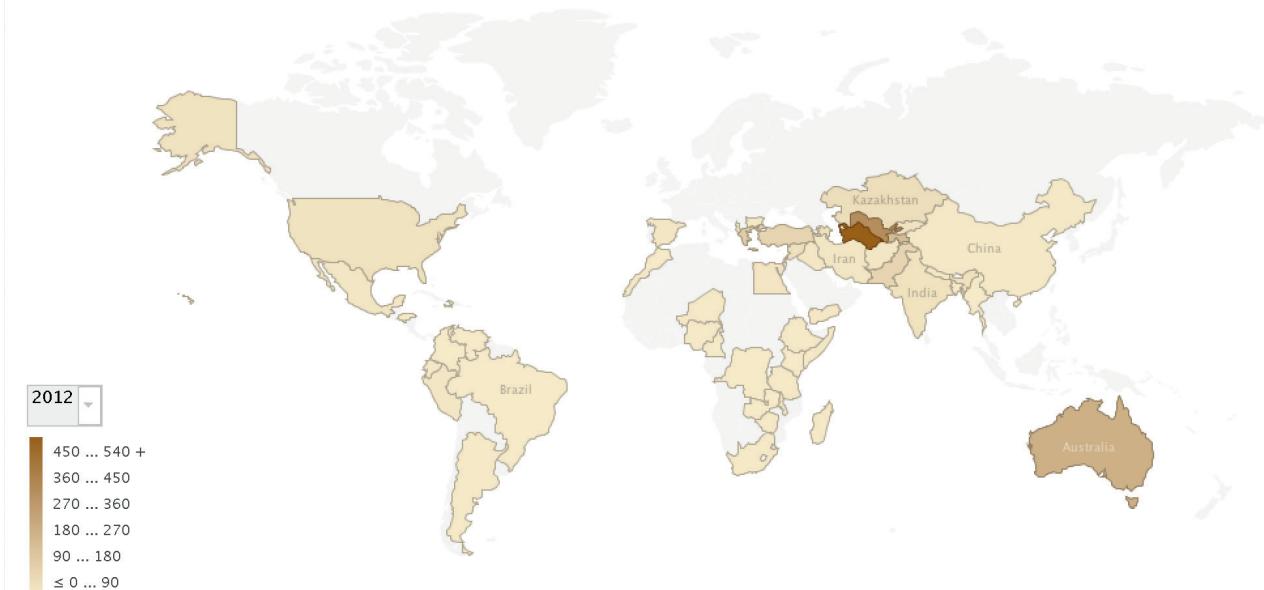
blue water consumption total (1000 m³)



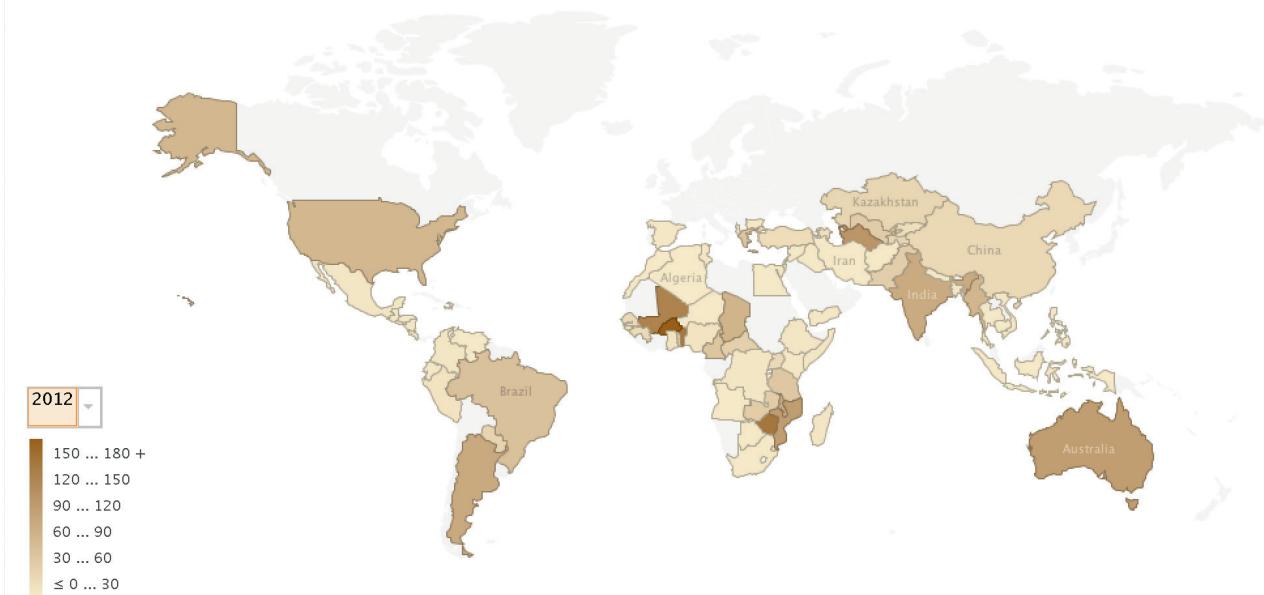
green water consumption total (1000 m³)



blue water consumption (m^3/capita)

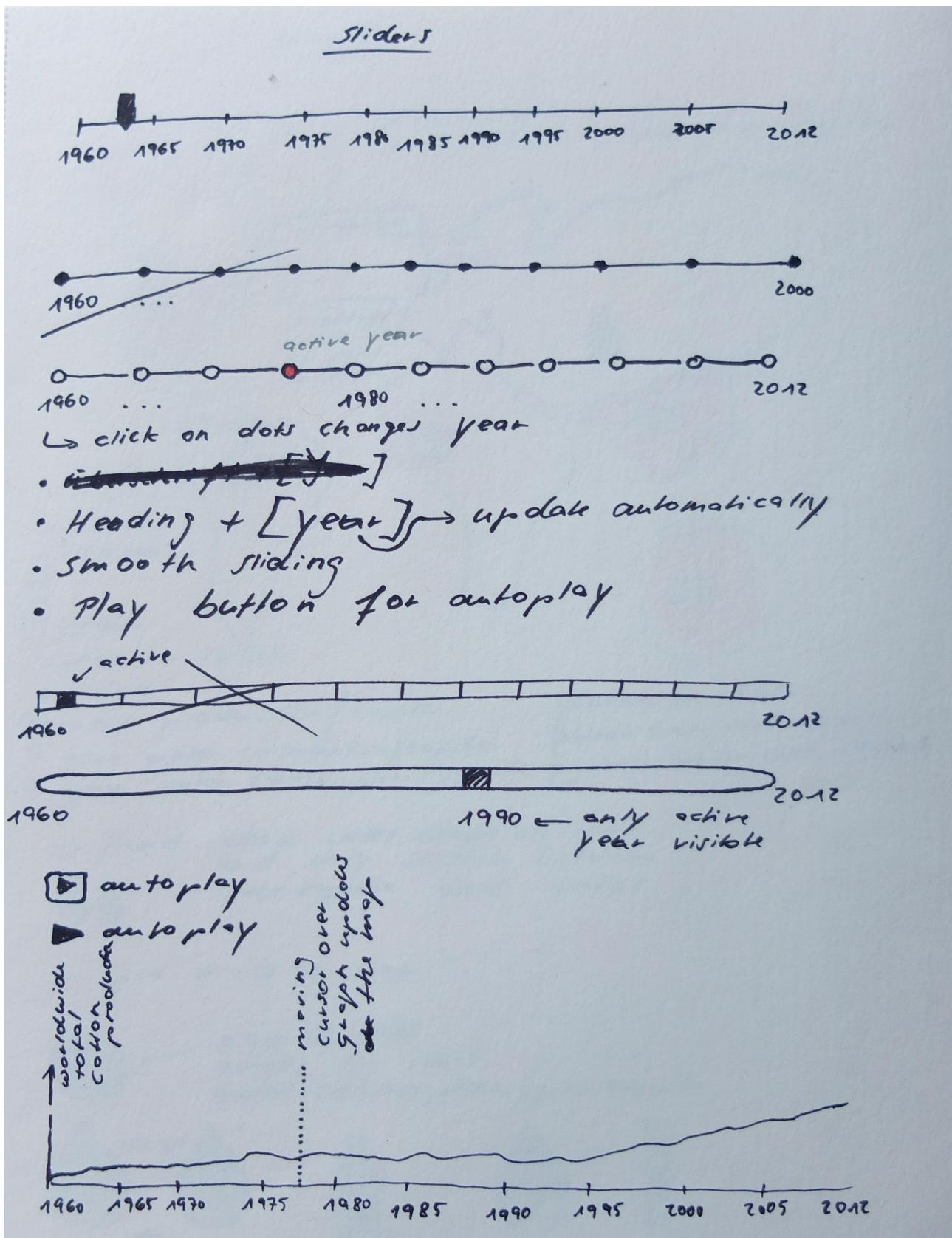


green water consumption (m^3/capita)

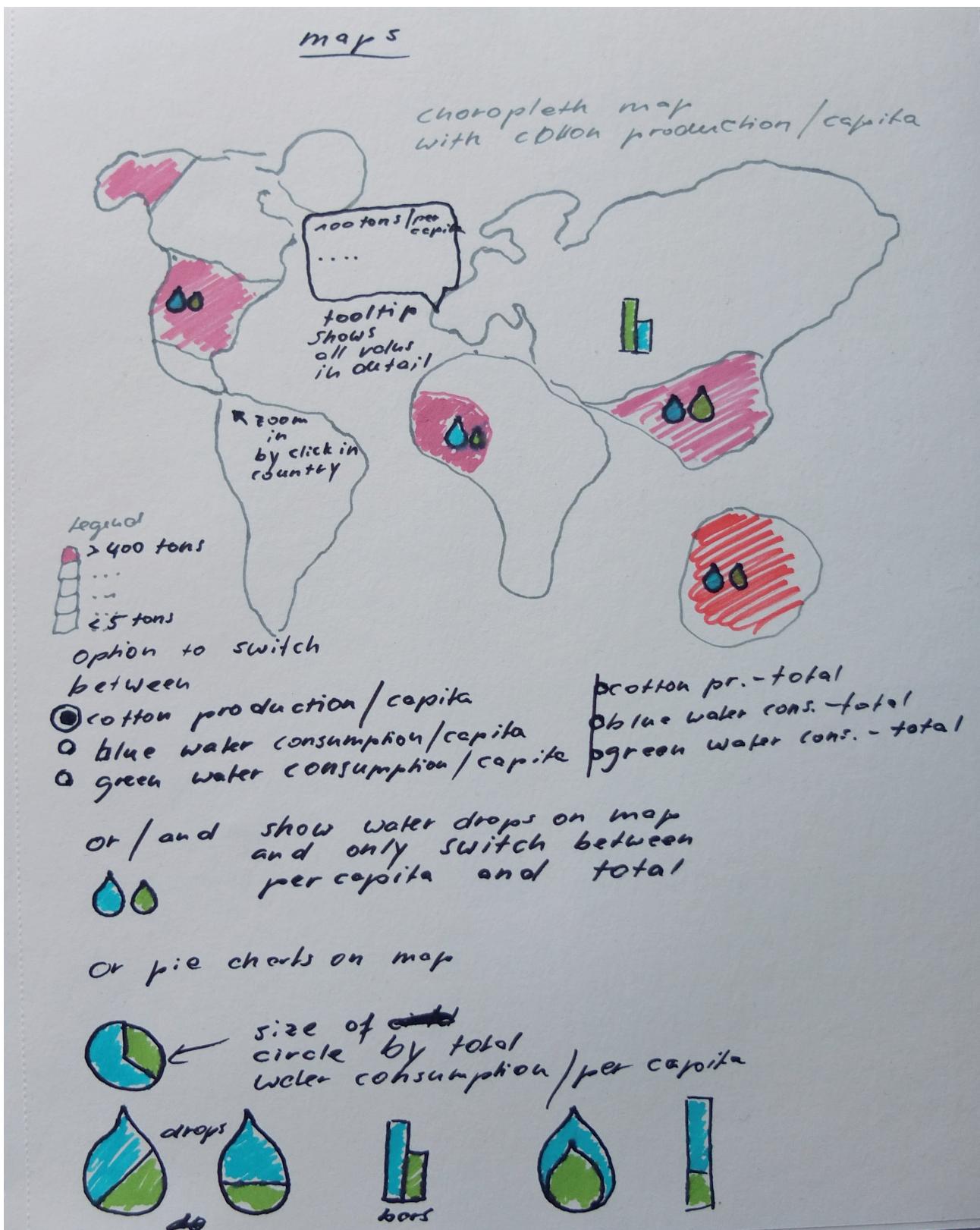


Design Evolution

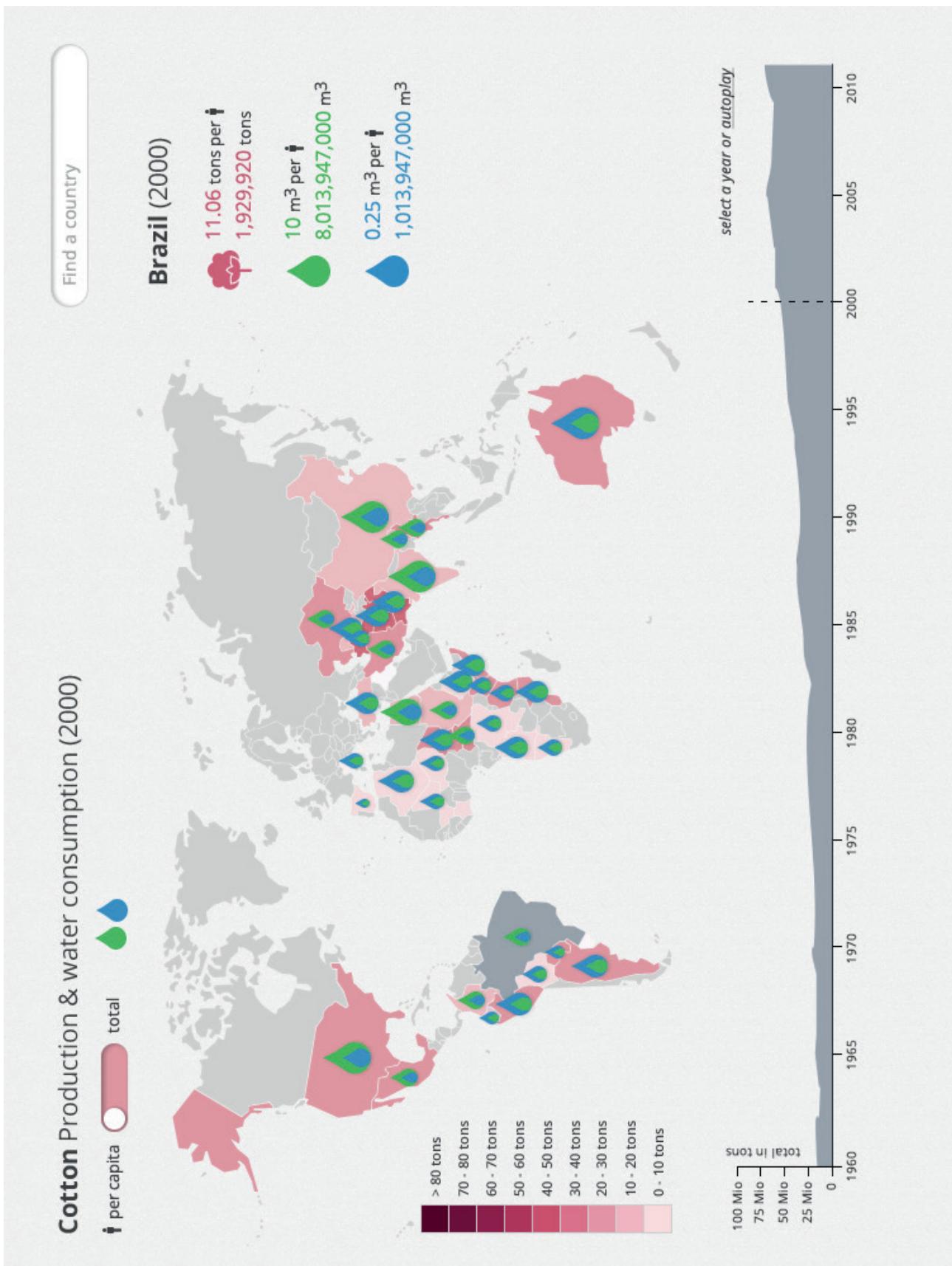
Sketches of possible time sliders



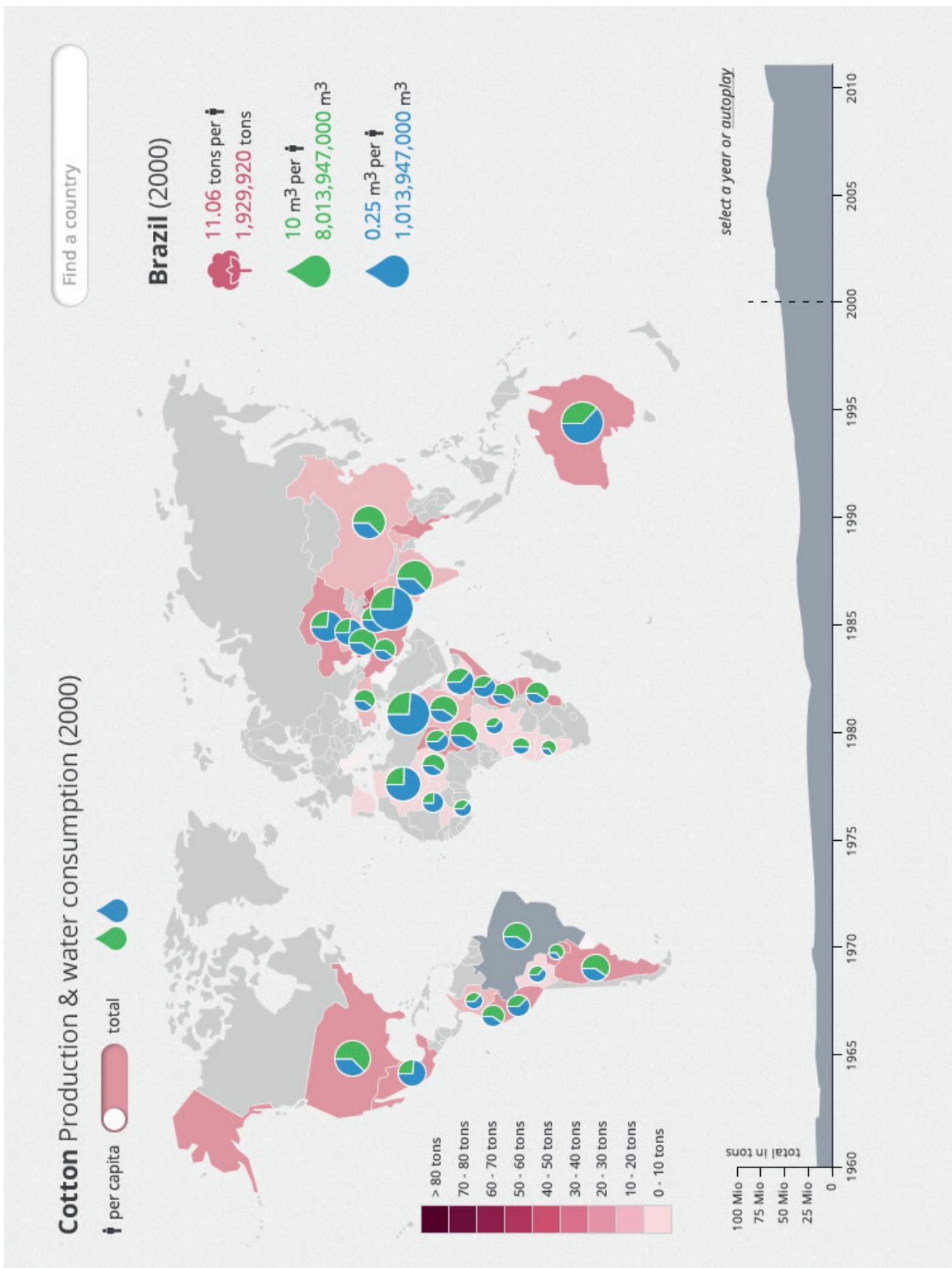
choropleth map sketch and display of water values
possible integration of filters and switches



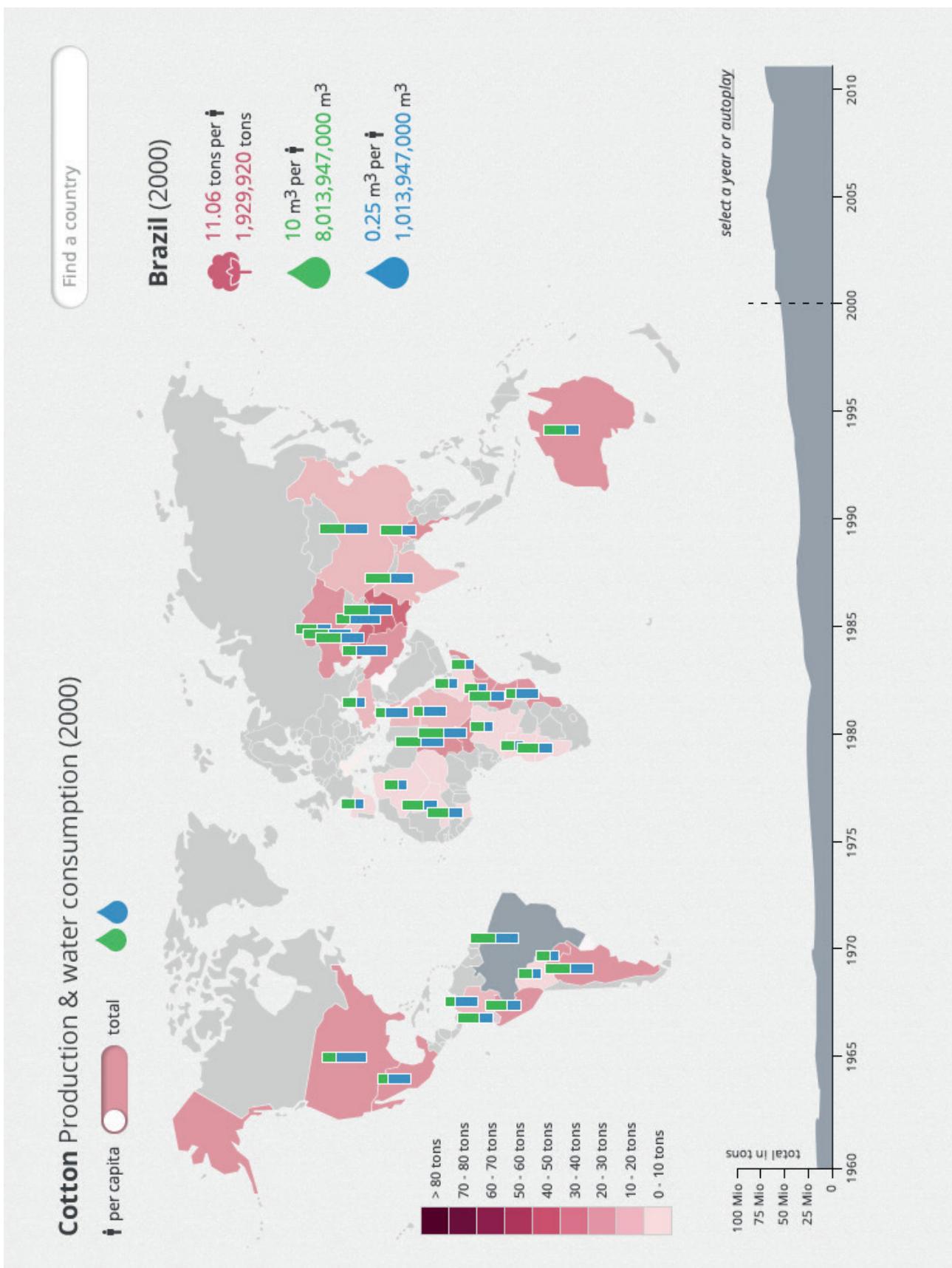
final design with drops



final design with pie charts



final design with stacked bar charts



Design explanation

I will implement a choropleth map in combination with symbol map to show all 3 values in relation to each other. I will choose between pie charts and stacked bar charts because with drops it will be difficult to compare the values for blue and green water. At the bottom of the map there is a area or line chart with the total production worldwide. This chart is also the time slider but there is also the possibility to navigate via arrow keys or cycle through years via autoplay. The year values in the heading and the right side will update automatically. At the top of the map you can choose between per capita and total values to compare the differences for each country in each year. I will implement a zoom via scroll and click. By hovering over a country you can see all values for that country on the right side of the map and the bottom graph will only display the values for that country. I will implement a country search that instantly gives me the values of the country and highlights it on the map. By clicking the green or blue drop on the top you can disable/enable the display of that values on the map.

Implementation

Evaluation