## **Contrast Stretching**

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In [1]: import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [2]: | def contrast_stretching(input_image):
          img = input_image.resize((500,500), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)
           #converitng it to array
           img_array = np.asarray(img)
           min = np.amin(img_array)
          print(min)
          max = np.amax(img_array)
          print(max)
           range = max-min
          row = 400
           column = 400
           array_b = np.zeros((row,column))
           array_b = (((img_array - min)/range)*255)
          min = np.amin(array_b)
           print(min)
          max = np.amax(array_b)
           print(max)
          final_image = Image.fromarray(array_b)
           final_image= final_image.convert("L")
            # set up side-by-side image display
          fig = plt.figure()
          fig.set_figheight(15)
          fig.set_figwidth(15)
          fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
          plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
         #Plotting Histogram
          flat = img_array.flatten()
          fig.add subplot(2,2,3)
          plt.hist(flat, bins=50)
          fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
          plt.imshow(final_image, cmap='gray')
         #Plotting Histogram
          flat2 = array b.flatten()
          fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)
          plt.hist(flat2, bins=50)
          return final_image
```

```
In [3]: # reading image and converting to gray scale
input_image = Image.open("../images/tiger.jpg").convert('L')
a = contrast_stretching(input_image)
```

0 251 0.0 255.0







