

Laplacian Filter

```
$$ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} $$
```

Applying Laplacian filter to an image get a new image that highlights edges and other discontinuities

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [2]: def Laplacian_filter(input_image):
    img = input_image.resize((400,400), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)

    fig = plt.figure()
    fig.set_figheight(20)
    fig.set_figwidth(20)

    #plotting original image
    fig.add_subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('original')

    # convert to numpy array
    numpy_image = np.array(img)
    # array for padding
    array_b = np.zeros((402,402))

    # to pad initial array with zeros in all side
    array_b[1:401,1:401] = numpy_image

    #defining filter
    filter_array = np.array([[0,1,0],
                           [1,-4,1],
                           [0,1,0]])

    #creating empty list
    lst = []

    for i in range(400):
        for j in range(400):
            #extracting part of array equal to filter size
            array_c = array_b[i:(3+i),j:(3+j)]

            #applying filter
            array_mul = np.multiply(filter_array,array_c)
            array_sum = np.sum(array_mul)

            # putting calculated value in list
            lst.append(array_sum)

    # resizing lst to shape of original array
    final_array = np.resize(lst,(400,400))

    final_image = Image.fromarray(final_array)
```

```

final_image= final_image.convert("L")

    #plotting filtered image
fig.add_subplot(1,2,2)
plt.imshow(final_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Laplacian filtered image')

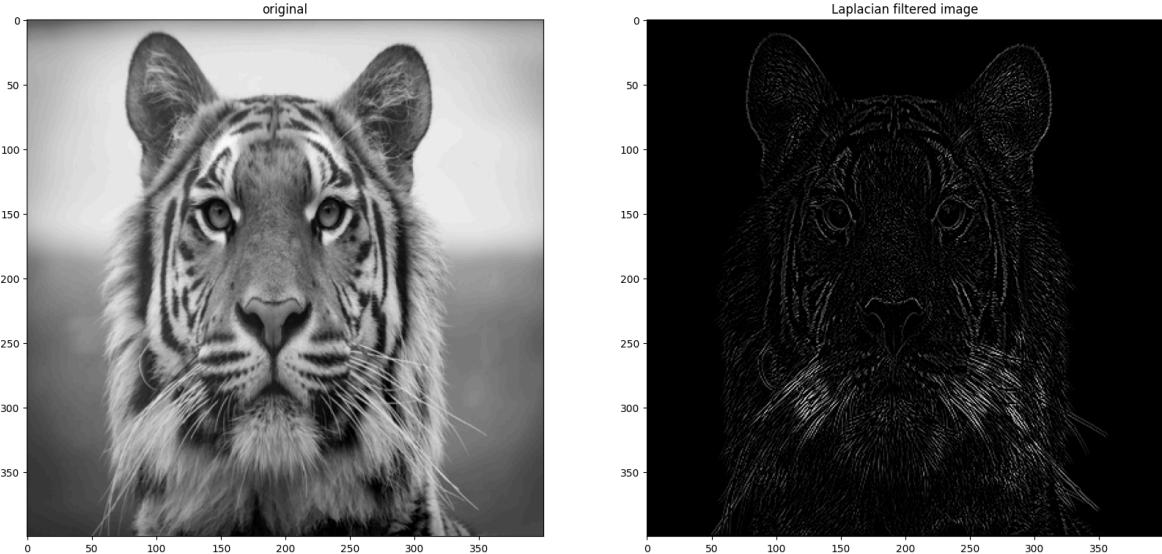
```

In [3]:

```

# reading image and converting to gray scale
img = Image.open('../images/tiger.jpg').convert('L')
# Calling function
Laplacian_filter(img)

```



Variants of Laplace

subtract laplace from original image to generate our final sharpened enhanced image

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [4]:

```

def Sharpened_Laplacian_filter(input_image):
    img = input_image.resize((400,400), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)

    fig = plt.figure()
    fig.set_figheight(20)
    fig.set_figwidth(20)

    #plotting original image
    fig.add_subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('original')

    # convert to numpy array
    numpy_image = np.array(img)
    # array for padding
    array_b = np.zeros((402,402))

    # to pad initial array with zeros in all side
    array_b[1:401,1:401] = numpy_image

    #defining filter
    filter_array = np.array([[0,-1,0],
                           [-1,5,-1],
                           [0,-1,0]])

```

```

#creating empty list
lst = []

for i in range(400):
    for j in range(400):
        #extracting part of array equal to filter size
        array_c = array_b[i:(3+i),j:(3+j)]

        #applying filter
        array_mul = np.multiply(filter_array,array_c)
        array_sum = np.sum(array_mul)

    # putting calculated value in list
    lst.append(array_sum)

# resizing lst to shape of original array
final_array = np.resize(lst,(400,400))

final_image = Image.fromarray(final_array)
final_image= final_image.convert("L")

#plotting filtered image
fig.add_subplot(1,2,2)
plt.imshow(final_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title('filtered image')

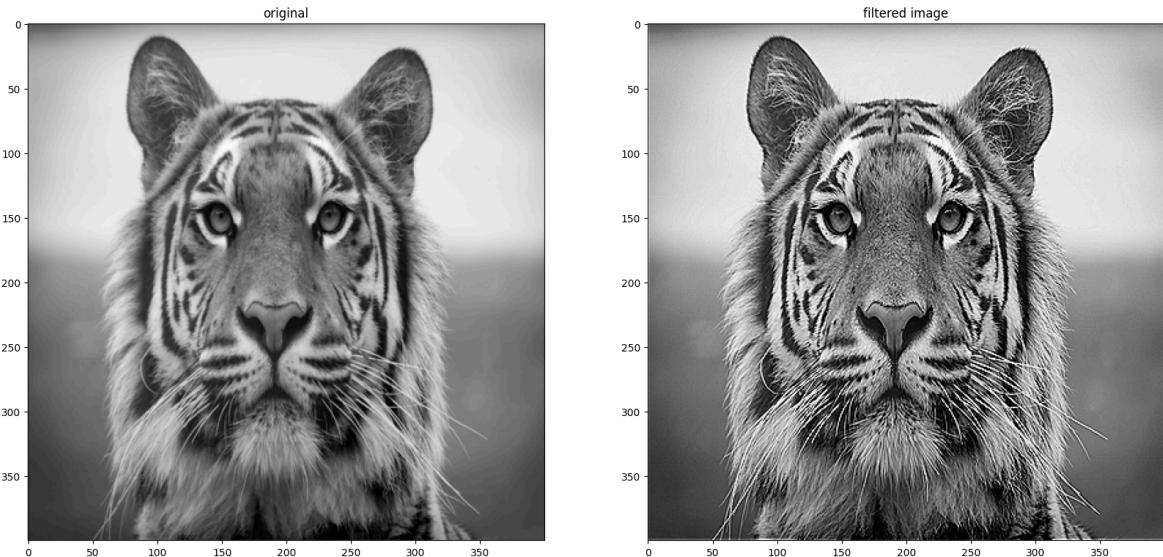
```

In [5]:

```

# reading image and converting to gray scale
img = Image.open('../images/tiger.jpg').convert('L')
# Calling function
Sharpened_Laplacian_filter(img)

```



Variant 1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -8 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In [6]:

```

def Laplacian_Variant1(input_image):
    img = input_image.resize((400,400), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)

    fig = plt.figure()
    fig.set_figheight(20)
    fig.set_figwidth(20)

```

```

#plotting original image
fig.add_subplot(1,2,1)
plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
plt.title('original')

# convert to numpy array
numpy_image = np.array(img)
# array for padding
array_b = np.zeros((402,402))

# to pad initial array with zeros in all side
array_b[1:401,1:401] = numpy_image

#defining filter
filter_array = np.array([[1,1,1],
                        [1,-8,1],
                        [1,1,1]])

#creating empty list
lst = []

for i in range(400):
    for j in range(400):
        #extracting part of array equal to filter size
        array_c = array_b[i:(3+i),j:(3+j)]

        #applying filter
        array_mul = np.multiply(filter_array,array_c)
        array_sum = np.sum(array_mul)

        # putting calculated value in list
        lst.append(array_sum)

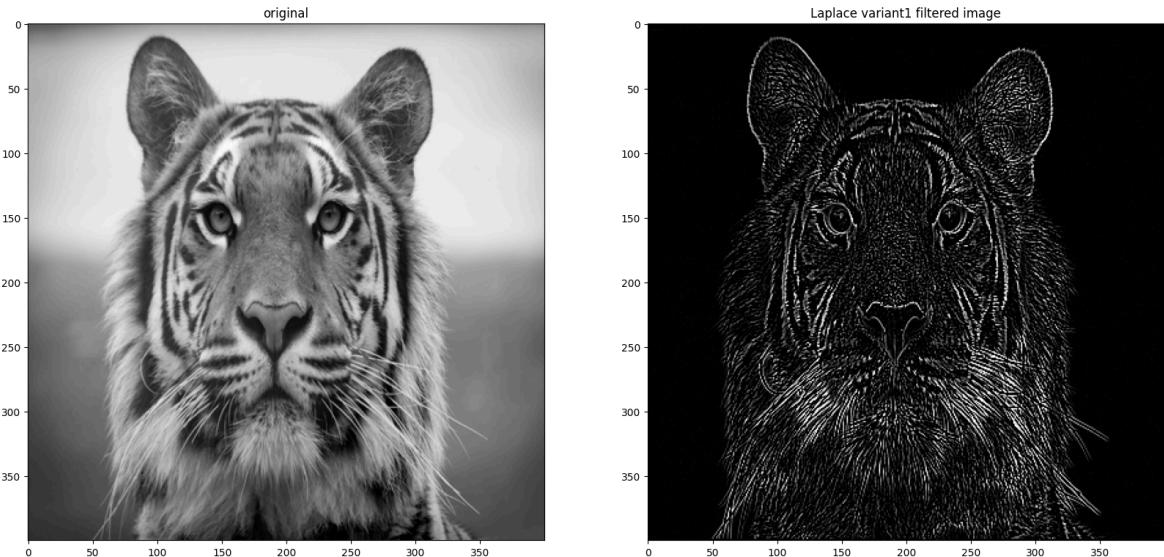
# resizing lst to shape of original array
final_array = np.resize(lst,(400,400))

final_image = Image.fromarray(final_array)
final_image= final_image.convert("L")

#plotting filtered image
fig.add_subplot(1,2,2)
plt.imshow(final_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Laplace variant1 filtered image')

```

In [7]: `Laplacian_Variant1(img)`



Variant 2

$$\$ \$ \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 9 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \$ \$$$

In [8]:

```
def Laplacian_Variant2(input_image):
    img = input_image.resize((400,400), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)

    fig = plt.figure()
    fig.set_figheight(20)
    fig.set_figwidth(20)

    #plotting original image
    fig.add_subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('original')

    # convert to numpy array
    numpy_image = np.array(img)
    # array for padding
    array_b = np.zeros((402,402))

    # to pad initial array with zeros in all side
    array_b[1:401,1:401] = numpy_image

    #defining filter
    filter_array = np.array([[[-1,-1,-1],
                            [-1,9,-1],
                            [-1,-1,-1]]])

    #creating empty list
    lst = []

    for i in range(400):
        for j in range(400):
            #extracting part of array equal to filter size
            array_c = array_b[i:(3+i),j:(3+j)]

            #applying filter
            array_mul = np.multiply(filter_array,array_c)
            array_sum = np.sum(array_mul)

            # putting calculated value in list
            lst.append(array_sum)
```

```
# resizing lst to shape of original array
final_array = np.resize(lst,(400,400))

final_image = Image.fromarray(final_array)
final_image= final_image.convert("L")

#plotting filtered image
fig.add_subplot(1,2,2)
plt.imshow(final_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title('Laplace variant2 filtered image')
```

In [9]: `Laplacian_Variant2(img)`

