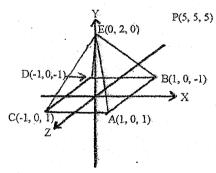
Examination Control Division 2076 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

[6]

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX 603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Compare Raster-scan Display with Random-scan Display.
- 2. Write the advantages of Bresenham's line drawing algorithm. Digitize the Ellipse with radius $R_x = 12$ and $R_y = 7$ and center (19, 10). [2+8]
- 3. Define window and view port. Describe about two-dimensional viewing pipeline with matrix representation at each steps. [2+8]
- 4. Derive an expression for Perspective projection of a 3D point. Also, obtain perspective projection co-ordinates for the pyramid with vertices of base (15, 15, 10), (20, 20, 10), (25, 15, 10), (20, 10, 10) and apex (20, 15, 20) given that $z_{prp} = 20$ and $z_{vp} = 0$. [5+5]
- 5. Differentiate between Interpolation and approximation. Explain the process of performing curve modeling using splines. [3+5]
- 6. How can we model cone or cylindrical like surfaces using boundary representation and technique? [6]
- 7. Explain Back-face detection algorithm for visible surface detection. Find the visibility for the surface BED and ABCD where observer is at P(5, 5, 5). [3+5]



- 8. Define the term Surface rendering with Illumination model. Derive an expression to calculate the intensity of Diffuse reflection with necessary equations and figures. How do you consider the distance to calculate the intensity for Specular and Diffuse Reflection? [2+5+3]
- 9. What is Phong shading method? Can we use this method to reduce Mach-Band effect? [6+2]
- 10. What do you mean call back function? Illustrate with example. [4]

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Examination Control Division 2075 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular / Back			
Level	BE	Full Marks	80	
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32	
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.	

[7]

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX 603)

✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. ✓ Attempt All questions. ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. Define computer graphics. Illustrate about components for computer graphics. [2+4]2. Differentiate between DDA and Bresenhamline drawing algorithm, Explain Bresenham line drawing algorithm and use this algorithm to draw a line with end points (25,20) and (15,10).[2+8] 3. Write matrix for 2D reflection about axes. Derive the transformation matrix responsible for the reflection of 2D object about line y+x=0. [2+6]4. Explain with a block diagram about the 3D viewing pipeline. Along with the transformation matrix, describe how perspective projection is performed? [4+4]5. Find the coordinates at U=0.25, 0.5, and 0.75 with respect to the control points (10,10), (15,25), (20,30), and (25,5) using Bezier function. Draw your curve with given control [8] 6. How can a 3D-Dimensional object be modelled? How a normal to a plane of this object is calculated? [3+3]7. Explain backface detection algorithm. Determine whether two surfaces of a object with normals $2\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$ and $\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ respectively, viewed from a direction given by $\vec{i} - \vec{i} + \vec{k}$ are backface or frontface. [5+5]8. How polygon is drawn in OpenGL? How lighting is applied to this polygon surface? [2+3]9. Derive the expression to calculate the intensity of Specular Reflection in the presence of Point light source. Also write the expression for multiple light sources. How do you [8+4] consider the distance to calculate the intensity for Specular Reflection?

10. Write down an algorithm for intensity interpolation shading scheme.

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2076 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III/I	Time	3 hrs.

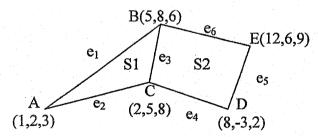
[2+4]

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX 603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate *Full Marks*.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Differentiate between raster and vector graphics. Calculate the frame buffer size (in KB) for a raster system recording a video for 1 min with resolution of 1280×1024, and storing 24 bits per pixel with a refresh rate of 25 fps.
- 2. Explain the process of drawing ellipse in a raster graphics. Determine the pixel positions of following curve in first quadrant using mid-point algorithm. [4+6]

$$\frac{x^2}{64} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$$

- 3. What do you mean by homogeneous coordinates? Rotate a triangle A(5,6), B(6,2) and C(4,1) by 45 degree about an arbitrary pivot point (3,3). [2+6]
- 4. List down the steps for rotating a 3D object by 90° in counter clockwise direction about an axis joining end points (1,2,3) and (10,20,30). Also derive the final transformation matrix.
- 5. Mention two important properties of Bezier Curve and find the Bezier Curve which passes through (0,0,0) and (-2,1,1) and is controlled by (7,5,2) and (2,0,1). [2+6]
- 6. Represent the following surfaces by polygon table method and find the normal of surface \$1. [2+5]



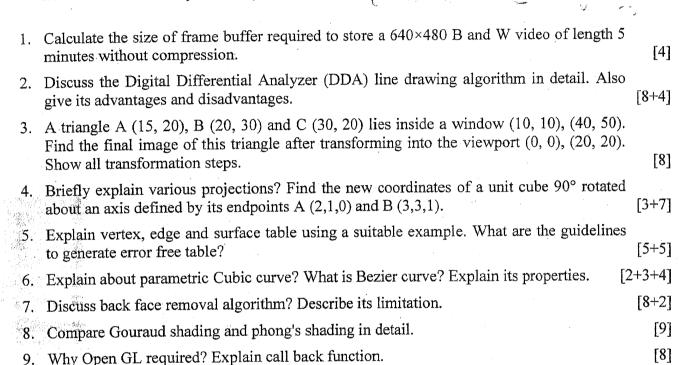
- 7. How hidden surfaces can be removed? Explain in detail about depth buffer methods. [8]
- 8. What is OpenGL? How pixels, lines and polygon is drawn and transformation is performed in OpenGL? [2+5]
- 9. List down different types of object and explain how Phong illumination model is used to calculate intensity in for these objects along with mathematical expression. [8]
- 10. Explain in detail about Phong shading. [8]

Examination Control Division 2073 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.



Examination Control Division 2074 Ashwin

Exam.		Back	10
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

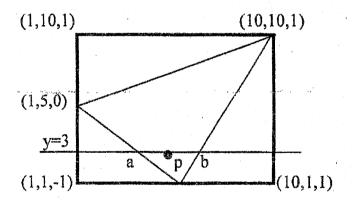
Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Distinguish between Raster and Vector graphics methods. When do we prefer them? [6]
- 2. Digitize the line with end points A(20,10) and B(30,18) using Bresenham algorithm. [10]
- 3. Clip the line P1P2 with P1(-5,3) and P2(15,9) with clip window having diagonal coordinate (0,0) and (10,10) using Liang-Barskey line clipping method.
- 4. Explain the steps required to rotate an object in 3D about a line which is not parallel to any one coordinate axis.
- 5. How Geometric tables are used to represent a 3D object? Explain with example. Give conditions to generate error free table.
- 6. Explain properties if Bezier curve. Find the coordinate at u = 0.2 with respect to the control points (1,1), (4,6) (8,-3) and (12,2) using Bezier function. [8]
- 7. Differentiate image space and object space method for visible surface determination.

 Explain scanline method to determine visible surface of object.

 [8+4]

8



Find out intensity of light reflected from the midpoint P on scan line y = 3 in the above given figure using Gouraud shading model. Consider a single point light source located at positive infinity on Z-axis and assume vector to the eye as (1,1,1). Given d = 0, K = 1, $I_a = 1$, $I_L = 10$, $K_S = 2$, $K_A = K_C = 0.8$ for use in a simple illumination model.

9. What is OpenGL? Explain Callback Function.

[4+2]

[12]

[8]

[10]

[8]

Examination Control Division 2072 Chaitra

Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part .	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

[10]

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.

- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- What are the differences between random and raster display technologies? [4]
 How do you apply symmetry concept while drawing circle? Calculate the point in the circumferences of the circle having radius 8 unit and center at (-5, 10) using midpoint circle algorithm.
- 3. What are the conditions for a point clipping? Find the clipped region of the line with endpoins (5, 130) and (50, 5) in a rectangular window with (10, 10) and (100, 100) diagonal vertices using Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm.
- 4. What is 3D Shearing? Write its matrix representation. A unit length cube with diagonal passing through (0,0,0) and (1,1,1) is sheared with respect to yz place with the shear constants = 2 in both directions. Obtain the coordinates of all the corners of the cube after shearing. [2+8]
- 5. Explain about parametric cubic curves. What do you mean by Bezier Curve? Explain the properties of Bezier curves. [2+2+4]
- 6. Explain how the geometric and attribute information of a three dimensional objects are stored for the object representation? What are the conditions for error free generation of polygon table?

 [4+4]
- 7. Outline the Z buffer algorithm. List the advantages and disadvantages of the z-buffer algorithm.

 [6+2+2]
- 8. Explain about different types of lighting sources and how these light sources affect the illumination model? Explain about the intensity interpolation surface rendering technique by highlighting its pro and cons. Also give example about phong illuminations model. [3+5+6]
- 9. Why GLUT is implemented in OpenGL? What are the applications of OpenGL? [2+4]

Examination Control Division 2073 Shrawan

Exam.	New Back	(2066 & Later	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
	III/I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions. The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary. [4] Differentiate between vector and raster scan systems. [5+5] Derive and write midpoint algorithm for drawing a circle. 3. What are the different steps of two dimensional world to screen viewing transformation? [5] Describe with matrix representation at each steps. Obtain the end points of the line that connects P1(0,120) and P2(130,5) after cohen-[5] sutheland clipping. The clip window has the following parameters. $x\omega_{min} = 0$, $y\omega_{min} = 0$, $x\omega_{max} = 150$ and $y\omega_{max} = 100$ 5. Describe three dimensional viewing pipelining. Derive the transformation matrix for [4+6]parallel projection. 6. Explain about parametric cubic curve? What is a Bezier Curve? Explain its properties [2+6]with examples. 7. Explain boundary representation technique to represent three dimensional objects with [8] suitable example. 8. Compare object space method with image space method. Explain, How Back-face [2+4+4] detection method is used to detect visible surface. Also explain z-Buffer method. 9. Define and explain the term ambient light, diffuse reflection and specular reflection with [7] appropriate mathematical expressions. [7] 10. Explain the method of Phong shading for polygon rendering. [6] 11. Explain about Open GL and call back functions.

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TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2072 Kartik

Exam.	New Back (2066 & Later	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Derive the Bresenham's decision parameter to draw a line moving from left to right and having negative slope. State the condition to identify you are in the second region of the [8+2]ellipse using mid point algorithm. 2. Write down the condition for point clipping. Find the clipped region in window of diagonal vertex (10,10) and (100,100) for line P1 (5,120) and P2 (80,7) using [2+8] Liang-Barsky line clipping method. 3. Find the transformation matrix the transforms that rectangle ABCD whose center is at (4,2) is reduced to half of its size, the center will remain same. The co-ordinate of ABCD are A(0,0), B(0,4), C(8,4) and D(8,0). Find Coordinate of new square. Also derive the transformation matrix to convert this rectangle to square. [10] 4. List out the properties of Bezier curve. What is order of continuity? Explain. [8] 5. Explain the significance of spatial orientation of a surface and polygon tables. Explain [8] with example. 6. Compare Z-buffer and A-Buffer algorithm. Also write algorithm to find visible surfaces [10] using scan-line method. 7. Explain the general illumination model. How this model is used for rendering by using [7+7] gouroud shading. [5+5]
 - a) Raster scan display

8 Write short notes on:

b) OpenGL

[4+2]

TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2071 Chaitra

Exam.	austro o medici mendigiransi se se simus masaye emendensi se	Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32 ,
Year / Part	ш/т	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.

What is openGL? Explain callback function.

Assume suitable data if necessary. 1. Differentiate Random and Raster display technology. [4] 2. Compare between DDA and Bresenham's line drawing algorithm. Derive and write midpoint algorithm to draw ellipse. [10] 3. The reflection along the line y = x is equivalent to the reflection along the X-axis followed by counter clock wise rotation by α (alpha) Degree. Find the angle α. [10] 4. Write rotation matrix in clockwise direction with respect to x-axis, y-axis and z-axis. Rotate the object (0, 0, 0), (2, 3, 0), (5, 0, 4) about the rotation axis y = 4. [3+7]5. Write down properties of Bezier curve. Find equation of Bezier curve whose control points are P0(2.6), P1(6.8) and P2(9,12). Also find co-ordinate of point at u = 0.8. [10] 6. Explain boundary representation technique to represent the 3D object with suitable example. How can you find the spatial orientation of a surface? [8+2]7. Explain z-buffer algorithm along with necessary steps needed to calculate the depth. What is its drawback? [10] 8. Define the terms: [10] i) Ambient light ii) Lambert cosine law iii) Diffuse reflection iv) Specular reflection

Also find equation for intensity of point by using Phong illumination model.

Examination Control Division 2071 Shawan

Exam.	New Back (2	1066 & Later	Batch)
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Consider a raster scan system having 12 inch by 10 inch screen with a resolution of 100 pixels per inch in each direction. If the display controller of this system refreshes the screen at the rate of 50 frames per second, how many pixels could be accessed per second and what is the access time per pixel of the system?

[4]

2. What is scan conversion? Derive the Bresenham's decision parameter to draw a line with negative slope and /m/>1.

[2+8]

3. Given a clipping window A (10, 10), B (40,40), C(40,40) and D(10,40). Using cohen-sutherland line clipping algorithm find region code of each end points of lines PIP2, P3P4 and P5P6 where co-ordinates are P1 (5,15), P2(25,30), P3(15,15), P4(35,30), P5(5,8) and P6(40,15). Also find clipped lines using above parameters.

[10]

4. Perform rotation of a line (10, 10, 10), (20, 20, 15) about Y-axis in clock wise direction by 90 degree. Explain about vector display.

[6+4]

Derive the equation for cubic Bezier curve. Also write down its properties.

[8]

6. Explain how the 3D object is represented using polygon table representation technique? Explain any one technique to calculate the spatial orientation of the individual surface component of 3D object.

[4+4]

7. Describe scan line method to find visible lines with example.

[10]

- 8. Under what condition(s) flat shading gives accurate rending? Mention the disadvantage of intensity interpolation technique and explain Phong shading with necessary mathematical calculation. Explain the diffuse reflection. [3+1+6+4]
- 9. Why GLUT is implemented in OpenGL? Explain OpenGL syntax to draw a parallelogram having verticals (0.0, 0.0), (1.0, 0.0), (1.5, 1.2) and (0.5,1.2). [2+4]

Examination Control Division 2070 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	Ш/І	Time	3 hrs.

[8]

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions.
- The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. How much time is spent scanning across each raw of pixels during screen refresh on a raster system with resolution 1024×768 and a refresh rate of 60 frames per second? [4] 2. Mention the disadvantages of DDA method. Write the complete Bresenham's line drawing algorithm and using midpoint circle drawing algorithm calculate the co-ordinate [2+4+4] on the first quadrant of a circle having radius 6 and centre (20,10) 3. State the conditions of point clipping. Perform clipping operation for the following using [2+6] Liang Barskey line clipping algorithm: Clipping window: (Xmin, Ymin) = (2,5) and (Xmin, Ymin) = (35,50)Line: (x1, y1) = (-2,2) and (x2,y2) = (45,40)4. Define window and view port. Describe three dimension windows to view port transformation with matrix representation for each step. Derive oblique projection matrix
- [1+4+5]with necessary assumptions.
- 5. Define Hermite Interpolation in defining a curve. Use it to find the blending function of a [2+6]parametric cubic curve in 2D graphics.
- 6. Describe polygon, Vertex and Edge table of polygon. How these terms are important in [8] computer graphics.
- 7. Describe z-buffer method for visible surface detection in detail. State its limitation and [7+3]recommended method that addresses it.
- 8. Calculate the total intensity using phone secular reflection model by considering all type of light sources.
- [8] 9. Compare and Contract between Gouraud and Phong Shading Model.
- [3×2] 10. Write short notes on:
 - a) Call back function
 - b) Open GL

Examination Control Division 2069 Chaitra

Exam.		Regular	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BEX, BCT	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (EX603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. Derive decision parameters for midpoint circle algorithm assuming the start position as (r, 0) and points are to be generated along the curve path in counter clock wise order. [8+2]What is symmetry property? 2. Explain the two dimensional viewing pipeline. Derive the 2D transformation matrix for [4+6] scaling with respect to an arbitrary fixed point. How can you perform three dimensional rotations of an object about some arbitrary axis? 3. [8] Explain. What is Geometric table? Construct a Geometric table for considering an object having 3 [2+6]surfaces formed from 6 vertices and 8 edges. How can you model a curved surface using polygons only? Explain the use of polygon [3+5] tables for boundary representations. What is the difference between object space method and image space method for visible surface determination? Explain the Z-buffer method for visible surface determination. [3+7]7. Explain the Phong illumination model for specular reflection. [7] 8. Explain the Gouraud Shading intensity-interpolation scheme for polygon-rendering. [7] [6] 9. Why open GL required? Explain with examples. $[2\times3]$ 10. Write short notes on:
 - a) Applications of computer graphics
 - b) Two-point perspective projection