Importing dependencies



import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

Data Collection and Analysis

PIMA Diabetes Dataset

loading the diabetes dataset to a pandas DataFrame
diabetes_dataset = pd.read_csv('/content/diabetes.csv')

New Section

printing the first 5 rows of the dataset
diabetes_dataset.head()

0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	
◀							

number of rows and Columns in this dataset
diabetes_dataset.shape

(768, 9)

getting the statistical measures of the data
diabetes_dataset.describe()

							Dia
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	

diabetes_dataset['Outcome'].value_counts()

0 500

1 268

Name: Outcome, dtype: int64

diabetes_dataset.groupby('Outcome').mean()

```
# separating the data and labels
```

X = diabetes_dataset.drop(columns = 'Outcome', axis=1)

Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']

print(X)

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	\
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	
763	10	101	76	48	180	32.9	
764	2	122	70	27	0	36.8	
765	5	121	72	23	112	26.2	
766	1	126	60	0	0	30.1	
767	1	93	70	31	0	30.4	

DiabetesPedigreeFunction Age

0 0.627 50

1 0.351 31

```
2
                       0.672
                       0.167
   3
                             21
   4
                       2.288
                             33
   763
                       0.171
                             63
                       0.340
   764
                             27
   765
                       0.245
                             30
   766
                       0.349
                             47
   767
                       0.315
                             23
   [768 rows x 8 columns]
print(Y)
   0
         1
   1
         0
   2
         1
   3
         0
   4
         1
   763
         0
   764
         0
   765
         0
   766
         1
   767
         0
   Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
scaler = StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(X)
   StandardScaler()
standardized_data = scaler.transform(X)
print(standardized_data)
    [[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075  ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
      1.4259954 ]
    [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
     -0.19067191]
    -0.10558415]
    [ 0.3429808
               -0.27575966]
    [-0.84488505 0.1597866 -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
      1.17073215]
    -0.87137393]]
```

```
X = standardized_data
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
print(X)
print(Y)
    [[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075 ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
       1.4259954 ]
      [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
      -0.19067191]
      [ 1.23388019 1.94372388 -0.26394125 ... -1.10325546 0.60439732
      -0.10558415]
                   0.00330087  0.14964075  ...  -0.73518964  -0.68519336
      [ 0.3429808
       -0.27575966]
      [-0.84488505 0.1597866 -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
       1.17073215]
      -0.87137393]]
    0
           1
    1
           0
    2
           1
    3
           0
    4
           1
    763
           0
     764
           0
    765
           0
     766
           1
    767
    Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size = 0.2, stratify=Y, random_
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
     (768, 8) (614, 8) (154, 8)
classifier = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
#training the support vector Machine Classifier
classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    SVC(kernel='linear')
# accuracy score on the training data
X train prediction = classifier.predict(X train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)
```

```
print('Accuracy score of the training data : ', training_data_accuracy)
    Accuracy score of the training data: 0.7866449511400652
# accuracy score on the test data
X test prediction = classifier.predict(X test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)
print('Accuracy score of the test data : ', test_data_accuracy)
    Accuracy score of the test data : 0.7727272727272727
input_data = (5,166,72,19,175,25.8,0.587,51)
# changing the input data to numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)
# reshape the array as we are predicting for one instance
input data reshaped = input data as numpy array.reshape(1,-1)
# standardize the input data
std_data = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)
print(std data)
prediction = classifier.predict(std data)
print(prediction)
if (prediction[0] == 0):
 print('The person is not diabetic')
  print('The person is diabetic')
    0.34768723 1.51108316]]
    [1]
    The person is diabetic
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:451: UserWarning: X does not have
      "X does not have valid feature names, but"
```

