

1)[25 Points]

i)(5 Points) Design a JK-type flip-flop using a T-type flip-flop and any type of minimum number of gates.

ii) (10 Points) Design a half adder with a minimum number of 2-1 multiplexers. The complements of the variables are NOT available. However, you can use logic 1 and 0. No other gates are available.

iii) (10 Points) Implement $F(X,Y,Z) = X(Y'Z + YZ')$ with a single 2-to-4 decoder and a single 2-to-1 multiplexer.

2) [25 Points] Design a clocked synchronous state machine with two inputs X and Y, and one output Z. The output should be 1 if the number of 0 inputs on X and Y since reset is a multiple of 4, and 0 otherwise. You are allowed to use only T-type flip flops

a) Find the state transition diagram. [5 Points]

b) Give the state transition table and minimize it. [5 Points]

c) Design the circuit with clocked T-type flip-flops and any gates. [15 Points]

3) [25 Points] Design a mod-4 up/down counter. There is a control input S. If $S=0$, then the counter counts up. If $S=1$, then the counter counts down.

- a) [5 Points] Find the state diagram; clearly explain the meaning of each state.
- b) [5 Points] Find the state table.
- c) [15 Points] Implement the machine using a minimum number of any type of gates and the following AB-type flip-flop. An AB-type flip-flop is defined as follows:

A	B	$Q(t+1)$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	$Q(t)$

4) [25 Points] Design a special integer divider using ASM chart. Given a binary numbers A (less than 16), your circuit should compute $\lfloor A/2 \rfloor$, which is the integer number of 2's in A. For example, if $A = 7$, then the result will be 3. The computation starts when go input $S=1$.

(a) Design an algorithm for the divider circuit. You may give it in pseudo-code. [5 Points]

(b) Built the ASM chart for your divider algorithm. [10 Points]

(c) Design the control unit of your ASM chart with a minimum number of JK-type flip-flops and combinational circuit elements. [10 Points]

