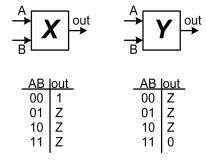
## 1. [25 pts]

- (a) (5 Points) Design a half adder with a minimum number of 2-1 multiplexers. The complements of the variables are NOT available. However, you can use logic 1 and 0. No other gates are available.
- (b) (10 Points) Implement F(X,Y,X) = X(YZ+YZ) with a single 2-to-4 decoder and a single 2-to-1 multiplexer.
- (c) (10 Points) Design a 3-to-8 line decoder using two 2-to-4 line decoders and eight 2-input AND gates.

2. [25 pts] Implement a J-K flip-flop using an CD-type flip-flop and a combination of logic gates X and Y given below. Draw the schematic diagram of the J-K flip-flop implemented this way. Complements of the variables are not available. Logic levels 0 and 1 are available. Z denotes that the output is Hi-Z for the given input combination. Complement of the CD-type flip-flop output Q is available. (Hint: Combinational logic gates can be implemented using X and Y).



С	D	Q(t+1)
0	0	$\overline{Q}(t)$
0	1	Q(t)
1	0	Q(t)
1	1	$\overline{Q}(t)$

3. [25 pts] Design a counter with three T flip-flops that goes through the following binary repeated sequence:  $000 \rightarrow 001 \rightarrow 011 \rightarrow 111 \rightarrow 110 \rightarrow 100$  treating transition out of other states as don't cares. [15 pts]

Based on this design, what happens when the counter enters the binary states 010 and 101 accidentally? [5 pts]

Propose a method so that the counter will return to its normal operation even if it enters 010 or 101 accidentally. [5 pts]