## **Python Programming for non-Programmers**



#### Winter Term 2022/2023

M.Sc. Alexander Berrang | M.Sc. Michael Frey

# **Exercise Sheet 1**

Issue: 31.10.2022

Submission deadline: 06.11.2022, 11:59 pm

Total Points: 100 Points

#### **Remarks:**

There is no need to cope with the exercise sheet without help or only with the contents of the lecture. The best way to learn a programming language is to discuss it with other people or to teach yourself things simply by further research. There are many forums like stack overflow where simple to very complex topics are discussed to find a solution for programming problems. In our internal forum you also have the possibility to exchange with other course participants, ask questions or solve problems together.

#### **Exercise 1.1:** Basics - Numbers (15 *Points*)

Execute the following operations in sequential order:

- 1.1.1. Assign 13 to x
- 1.1.2. Print the type of x
- 1.1.3. Assign 5 to y
- 1.1.4. Assign the value of x increased by the value of y to z, using variables.
- 1.1.5. Assign the value of z divided by 3 to z
- 1.1.6. Print the type of z
- 1.1.7. Assign z multiplied by 6 to z
- 1.1.8. Print z
- 1.1.9. Assign x + 3 to x and z divided by 4 to y in one line
- 1.1.10. Print x and y

<sup>1</sup> https://stackoverflow.com/

- 1.1.11. Assign 25 to a
- 1.1.12. Assign b to 5 % of a
- 1.1.13. Print the type of b
- 1.1.14. Assign 12.75 to c
- 1.1.15. Assign sum of c and a to d
- 1.1.16. Print the type of a, c and d

### **Exercise 1.2:** Basics - Strings (15 *Points*)

Execute the following operations in sequential order:

- 1.2.1. Assign "Hello, my name is" to a variable called "str"
- 1.2.2. Add a name of your choice to the end of str
- 1.2.3. Print str
- 1.2.4. Print the length of str
- 1.2.5. Print str three times using the operator \*
- 1.2.6. Again, print str three times using the operator \*, but add a new line every time str is printed out
- 1.2.7. Assign a variable sub str to "Hello" accessed from str
- 1.2.8. Print sub\_str
- 1.2.9. Assign sub\_str to the name you added to str also accessed from str
- 1.2.10. Print sub\_str

#### Exercise 1.3: Numbers (30 Points)

- 1.3.1. a program which accepts a Number as an input from the user and prints the cube of the Number.
- 1.3.2. Write a program which accepts the radius of a circle from the user and computes the area with pi = 3.14 (hint: use the input-function to insert the radius and convert it with the function float(radius) to a float).
- 1.3.3. Write a program that accepts an integer n and computes the value of

nn + nnn + nnnn.

Ex. n = 5 = > 5 + 55 + 555 = > 615

### Exercise 1.4: Strings (40 Points)

- 1.4.1. Write a program that accepts a String n and computes the value of n + n.
- 1.4.2. Write a program which accepts the user's first and last name separated by a blank-space and print them in reverse order (last name, first name) with a space between them.
- 1.4.3. For a given String str, write a program to create a string rev\_str, which is the reversed version of str.
- 1.4.4. Given two Strings str1 and str2, create a new String str3 by appending str2 in the middle of str1. If the length of str1 is unequal, the middle of str1 is the half of the length of str1 + 1.

Ex.: str1 = "hello" str2 = "abcd"

 $\rightarrow$  str3 = "helabcdlo"