

MITMedical Student Medical Report Form 2017–2018

Dear MIT Student,

On behalf of MIT Medical, welcome to MIT.

MIT Medical provides healthcare for students, faculty, employees, retirees, and their families. Our on-campus team of more than 100 primary care and medical specialty providers will ensure that you receive high-quality medical and mental health care during your time at MIT.

As a registered MIT student, you are covered by the MIT Student Medical Plan, included with tuition. This allows you to use many of the services at MIT Medical with no additional charge or copay, including:

- Unlimited care by a primary care provider
- Urgent care: walk-in hours 7 a.m.-11 p.m.; medical advice available 24/7 at 617-253-4481.
- Stress management consultations
- Mental health and counseling services
- Women's health services
- Laboratory and other diagnostic testing and X-rays

One key to staying healthy is to have a primary care provider (PCP)—a clinician you can come to know and trust. We encourage you to select a PCP at MIT Medical, either a physician or nurse practitioner. Our clinicians have a wide range of educational backgrounds, subspecialties, academic appointments, and practice styles. Go to medical. mit.edu/choose to learn more about MIT Medical PCPs who are accepting new patients, and choose the one that's right for you.

MIT is legendary for its challenges. New students, especially those from other cultures, often have a difficult time adjusting to life at MIT. If this happens to you, talk about it with your friends, your health care provider, or a counselor. There's no charge to talk with someone in MIT Medical's Mental Health and Counseling Service. We have a wide range of mental health professionals ready to help you adjust to life at MIT.

MIT has a strict confidentiality policy. MIT Medical will not share your medical information with family members (including parents), deans, or faculty, unless you give us written permission.

When you get to campus, take the time to get to know us. You'll discover that each one of us is dedicated to your personal health and the wellbeing of the entire MIT community.

> Shawn Ferullo, M.D. Student Health Director

INSTRUCTIONS

Please read the following directions carefully. Incomplete medical report forms will result in a registration hold.

- Massachusetts law requires documentation of immunity to certain infectious diseases. A form for religious or medical exemption can be found at medical.mit.edu/forms.
- · You can find documentation of immunization dates at schools you've previously attended or your doctor's offices.
- · All new students, including those in the military and those returning after an absence of one academic year or longer, must submit the completed Medical Report Form by the deadline indicated on the form. Pre-entrance medical requirements are not associated with or covered by the MIT Student Health Plan.
- **ALL NEW UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS** must complete pages 2–8. Physical exam must be dated within the 12 months preceding your MIT registration date.
- **2. ALL NEW GRADUATE STUDENTS** *must complete pages 2–5.* The physical examination is optional for graduate students unless you plan on participating in intercollegiate (varsity) sports; then the physical exam is required and must be dated within the 6 months preceding your MIT registration date.
- 3. NEW HEALTH SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (HST) STUDENTS must complete pages 2–5. The physical examination for HST students is optional. All HST students must provide positive titer results for the following: measles, mumps, rubella, hepatitis B and varicella. A tuberculosis screening test is required for all HST students regardless of your answers to the questions on page 5.
- **VARSITY STUDENT-ATHLETES** *must complete pages 2–9.* Athletes must have a physical within 6 months of their sport start date (fall season date for spring sports) and must have a clinician complete the Sickle Cell Trait Status form (page 9).
- 5. Keep a copy of the completed Medical Report Form for vour records.
- Mail, fax, or email the completed form before the applicable deadline listed within to avoid a registration hold:

MIT Medical – Health Screening, Room E23-177 77 Massachusetts Ave., Cambridge, MA 02139-4307 Fax: 617-253-4121 Email: medrpt@med.mit.edu

We recommend that you email your documents securely via Zix, our preferred secure email service: web1.zixmail.net/s/e?b=medical.mit

- See medical.mit.edu/reportfag
- Call 617-253-1777
- Email medrpt@med.mit.edu



MITMedical Student Medical Report Form 2017–2018

MIT Medical Health Screening Room E23-177 77 Massachusetts Ave. Cambridge, MA 02139-4307 Fax: 617-253-4121

Term **Deadline** May 12, 2017 Summer July 28, 2017 Fall January 26, 2018 Spring

- · See medical.mit.edu/reportfaq
- Call 617-253-1777
- Email medrpt@med.mit.edu

		3	·						
Student demographics (check or	ne)			М	IIT registration date (ch	neck one)			
Undergraduate Graduate HST				June 2017 Se	ptember 2017	Feb	ruary 2018	3	
Complete all questions on p	ages 2 ar	nd 3 of	this form	n in Eng	lish, then sign and dat	te it. Please	print or wri	te legibly	y.
last name (family)			f	first name			gender		
date of birth (month/day/year) age		MIT ID#	(if known)						
home address									
city, state, zip code					country				
email address					home phone	cell ph	one		
Family Health History									
Family member age in	n good health	?	known healt	th problem	(s)			deceased?	
Parent 1	yes	no						yes	no
Parent 2	yes	no						yes	no
Brother(s)	yes	no						yes	no
Sister(s)	yes	no						yes	no
Student Health History									
Height: Weight:		_							
Do you wear glasses or contacts?	yes	no	*If yes, o	attach a	copy of your prescription or	formula.			
Are you presently under medical care If yes, describe the problem(s) and tre		dical or	mental he	ealth pro	blem? yes n	o			
List all medications that you are taking vitamins and/or herbal supplements).				by a hea	alth professional as well as	any over-the-o	counter medi	cations,	
History of serious illnesses and or inj	i uries (inclu	ude date	es):	H	istory of surgery or hospi	talizations (in	clude dates):		



1		
last name (family)	first name	date of birth (month/day/year)
Student Health	History, continued	
Have you ever bee	en cared for by a mental health clinician?	yes no
Have you ever bee	en hospitalized for a mental health concern?	yes no
Have you ever hac	a period of depression, anxiety, or irritable mood for most of the day, lasting for weeks?	yes no
Have you ever bee	en unable to do your school work because of stress, anxiety, or depression?	yes no
Have you ever bee	en so upset that you have harmed yourself, or been afraid that you might harm yourself?	yes no
Have you ever felt	very lonely, or do you worry about being very lonely at MIT?	yes no
Have you ever rest	ricted your eating or purged?	yes no
Nould you be inte	rested in more information about MIT mental health services?	yes no
Would you like a r	eferral to a mental health clinician at MIT?	yes no
Sports Participa	ation	
	rticipate in intercollegiate (varsity) sports? I intercollegiate (varsity) sports in which you plan to participate:	
	leared for intercollegiate (varsity) sports participation, all students , both undergraduate and grade sical examination within 6 months of their sports start date, and submit the Sickle Cell Trait Status	
Allergies		
ist any allergies	to medications and describe the reaction: no known drug allergies	
List any food or e	nvironmental allergies and describe the reaction: no known food or environmental allergies	
Are you presently	taking allergy injections?	
, , ,	taking anergy injections:	
Do you plan to co	ntinue those injections while attending MIT?	
Do you plan to co f yes, please read Things to know i Evaluation wi Allergy extrace	ntinue those injections while attending MIT?	pping your extract and orders.
Things to know i Evaluation wi Allergy extrac Contact the A Choosing an MIT the MIT communication	ntinue those injections while attending MIT? the following: f you currently receive allergy injections and plan to continue treatment while attending MIT: th an MIT allergist is required before allergy shots can be administered at MIT Medical. ts and orders must be shipped (not hand-carried) to MIT Medical.	ny time while you are part of
Do you plan to co If yes, please read Things to know i Evaluation wi Allergy extract Contact the A	ntinue those injections while attending MIT? the following: f you currently receive allergy injections and plan to continue treatment while attending MIT: th an MIT allergist is required before allergy shots can be administered at MIT Medical. tts and orders must be shipped (not hand-carried) to MIT Medical. lllergy Service at MIT Medical at 617-253-4460 to schedule an appointment and get information about shi Medical primary care provider (PCP): You may choose a PCP (a physician or nurse practitioner) now or at ty. However, we encourage students who have chronic medical conditions or concerns to choose a PCP n	ny time while you are part of



Documentation of Immunizations 2017–2018

A physician, physician assistant, registered nurse, or nurse practitioner who is not the student or a relative of the student must complete all questions in English and sign this page.

Term Deadline
Summer May 12, 2017
Fall July 28, 2017
Spring January 26, 2018

- · See medical.mit.edu/reportfaq
- Call 617-253-1777
- $\bullet \ Email \ medrpt@med.mit.edu$

last name (family)	last name (family) first name date of birth (month/day/year)							
Massachusetts State law requires diseases. HST students must pr								
Required Immunizations provide dates or provide serologic proof		Immunization Dates (month/day/year) dose 2 must be at least 30 days after dose 1			OR	if providing se immunity, yo	gic Proof erologic proof of ou must attach y test results	
MMR (Measles, mumps, and rubella) 2 doses required,		Measles				1	Positive IgG serologic test required	Date (month/day/ year)
first dose must be after age 1 or						-	Measles	
2 doses each of measles, mumps, and rubella, first dose must be after age 1		Mumps Rubella				$\frac{1}{2}$	Mumps	
TDAP		nubellu	TD			1	Rubella	
(Tetanus, diphtheria, and pertussis) 1 dose required within 10 years			(last booster do	,			Tdap	vaccination required
HEPATITIS B 3 doses required							Hepatitis B surface antibody	
VARICELLA 2 doses or history of disease required					History of disease:		Varicella	
MENINGOCOCCAL (serogroups A, C, W, Y) 1 dose of conjugate or 1 dose of polysaccharide within 5 years or waiver form required	,	Conjugate	Polysacchario	le	Signed waiver (see pages 10–11)		If y se ind	EMEMBER: providing rologic proof, clude laboratory st results when bmitting this form.
Recommended Immunizat	ions		Immunization Dates (month/day/year)					
HEPATITIS A					,		,	
POLIO (last booster dose)								
HPV								
BEXSERO (Meningitis serogroup B) 2 doses required								
TRUMENBA (Meningitis serogra 2 doses required	oup B)							
Certification by health care	e prov	vider (require	d)					
signature of physician/PA/NP/RN			printed nam	ie			date	e (month/day/year)



Mantoux Tuberculin Requirement

All students must complete section A. If any of the answers to the questions in section A are "yes," then a health care provider must complete Section B. If all answers to the questions are "no," skip Sections B and C.

TermDeadlineSummerMay 12, 2017FallJuly 28, 2017

- · See medical.mit.edu/reportfaq
- Call 617-253-1777

questions are "no," skip Sections B and C.	Spring January 26, 2018	• Email medrpt@med	l.mit.edu
ast name (family)	first name		date of birth (month/day/year)
Section A — to be completed by student	[
Country of birth:			
1. Have you ever had tuberculosis or had a p	positive tuberculosis test?		yes no
2. To the best of your knowledge, have you	had close contact with anyone who	was sick with tuberculosis?	yes no
Were you born in one of the countries or than one month in any of these countries	· =	you traveled or lived for more	yes no
 Are you a Health Science and Technology Medical Physics (MEMP), Biomedical Ente (SHBT) program? 			yes no
If you answered yes to any of the above quest interferon gamma release assay (IGRA), e.g. T-s prior to your MIT registration date. Have your I If you have previously had tuberculosis or a page of the previously had tuberculosis or a page of the p	spot or Quantiferon-Gold test result. health provider fill out Section B. positive tuberculosis test, have you	The test must have been per	formed within six months
Multiple-puncture TB tests are not accept History of BCG is not a contraindication to			
MANTOUX 5TU		INTERFERON GAMMA	RELEASE ASSAY (IGRA)
Test date: Result:	result (mm)	Test date: date (month/day/year)	Include copy of test result.
Section C — to be completed by health	care provider in the event of pos	sitive tuberculosis test or h	istory of tuberculosis
Attach a copy of a report for a chest X-ra and dated within 12 months prior to ent		ositive result. This chest X-ray	report must be written in English
2. Did the student receive tuberculosis the	erapy? yes no		
If yes, provide information about ther	rapy: Start date:	Completion date:	
3. Provide a clinical evaluation. Does the pa	atient exhibit cough, hemoptysis, fe	ver, chills, night sweats or wei	ght loss? yes no
If yes, please describe:			
Certification by health care provider (required)		
signature of physician/PA/NP/RN	printed name		date (month/day/year)



Mantoux Tuberculin List of Countries

If you were **born in any of the countries or territories listed below**, or **traveled/lived in any of these countries or territories for more than one month**, you are required to submit a Mantoux 5TU PPD skin test and result **or** a copy of an Interferon gamma release assay (IGRA), e.g. T-spot or Quantiferon-Gold test result (see page 5). The test must have been performed within six months prior to your MIT registration date.

Afghanistan	Equatorial Guinea	Madagascar	Senegal
Algeria	Eritrea	Mali	Serbia
Angola	Estonia	Marshall Islands	Sierra Leone
Argentina	Ethiopia	Mauritania	Singapore
Armenia	Fiji	Mauritius	Solomon Islands
Azerbaijan	Gabon	Mexico	Somalia
Bangladesh	Gambia	Micronesia, Federated States of	South Africa
Belarus	Georgia	Moldova	South Sudan
Belize	Ghana	Mongolia	Sri Lanka
Benin	Guam	Montenegro	Sudan
Bhutan	Guatemala	Morocco	Suriname
Bolivia	Guinea	Mozambique	Swaziland
Bosnia & Herzegovina	Guinea-Bissau	Myanmar (Burma)	Syria
Botswana	Guyana	Namibia	Taiwan
Brazil	Haiti	Nauru	Tajikistan
Brunei	Honduras	Nepal	Tanzania
Bulgaria	India	Nicaragua	Thailand
Burkina Faso	Indonesia	Niger	Timor-Leste (East Timor)
Burundi	Iraq	Nigeria	Togo
Cambodia	Kazakhstan	Pakistan	Tunisia
Cameroon	Kenya	Palau	Turkmenistan
Cape Verde	Kiribati	Panama	Tuvalu
Central African Republic	Korea, Dem. People's Rep. of	Papua New Guinea	Uganda
Chad	Korea, Republic of	Paraguay	Ukraine
China	Kuwait	Peru	Uruguay
Colombia	Kyrgyzstan	Philippines	Uzbekistan
Comoros	Laos	Poland	Vanuatu
Congo, Dem. Rep. of the	Latvia	Portugal	Venezuela
Côte d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)	Lesotho	Qatar	Vietnam
Djbouti	Liberia	Romania	Yemen
Dominican Republic	Libya	Russia	Yugoslavia
Ecuador	Lithuania	Rwanda	Zambia
El Salvador	Macedonia, Republic of	São Tomé & Príncipe	Zimbabwe



Physical Examination

A physician, physician assistant, registered nurse, or nurse practitioner who is not the student or a relative of the student must complete all questions in English and sign this page. Physical examination must be within 12 months prior to registration date.

Term	Deadline
Summer	May 12, 2017
Fall	July 28, 2017
Spring	January 26, 201

_			_			_
റ	Δ	ct	٠i،	n	c	7

- · See medical.mit.edu/reportfaq
- Call 617-253-1777
- Email medrpt@med.mit.edu

st name (family)				 first nam	ne			date of birth (month/o	lay/year	r)
, ,,										
listory and Re	view of Sy	/stem	ıs							
lease answer all o	questions.	Check	"Y" for yes o	r "N" for no. If yes, plea	se expl	ain on page 8 und	er "Explain abnorr	malities" or add an add	litiona	al
heet for explanat	ion if nece	ssary.								
las the patient h	ad:	Y N	l		Y N		Υ Ν	ı	١	Y N
Acne			H/O tonsi	llectomy		Heart murmur		Eating disorder		
Anemia			Any othe	surgery		Myocarditis		Restriction, purgin	g,	
Asthma			Loss of pa	nired organ		Joint disease or i	njury	or binging		
Chicken pox			Insomnia			Joint reconstruct	ion	Dizziness or faintin	g,	
Diabetes mellitus	5		Excessive	nervousness		Knee or shoulder	problems	Weakness or paraly	/sis	
nfectious mono	nucleosis		Depression	on		Back/neck/spine	problems	Seizure disorder		
Malaria			Frequent	anxiety		Stress fracture		Skin disorder		
Meningitis			Recurrent	: headaches		Heat exhaustion		Sexually transmitte	ed e	
Scarlet fever			Head inju	ry/unconsciousness		Tumor, cancer, cy	rst .	disease		
Tuberculosis			Anaphyla	xis		Jaundice		Frequent urination		
Gum/tooth disea	se		Shortnes	of breath		Stomach/intestin	al trouble	Biological females	:	
Sinusitis			Chest pai	n or pressure		Recurrent diarrhe	ea	Irregular period	,	
Eye/vision condi	tion		Chronic c	ough		Gall bladder/gall	stones	Severe cramps		
Ear, nose or thro	at trouble		Heart pal	pitations		Hernia/hernia rep	oair	Excessive bleedi	ng	
H/O appendecto	my		High or lo	w blood pressure		Recent weight ga	ain or loss	Amenorrhea		
hysical Exami	nation									
eight		Weig	ht	BMI		Blood pr	essure	Pulse		
ease check each	system be	low ar	nd indicate i	f it is normal or abnorr	mal. If a	bnormal, please gi	ve details on pag	e 8 under "Explain abr	iorma	lities
System	Normal	Abr	ormal	System	No	rmal Abnorma	l System	Normal	Abno	rmal
Skin		[Breasts	[Genitou	ırinary		
HEENT				Cardiovascular			Extremi	ties		7
Lymph nodes	\Box	ľ		Peripheral vascula	. [i i	Reflexe		F	ī
Thyroid			=	Heart murmur	' L		Neurolo		F	7
Chest/lungs				Abdomen	[= =				_
Chest/lungs		l		Abdomen	L		Contin	ues on next page		



Physical Examination

lost name (family)	Entrans	date of birth (month/day/year)
last name (family)	first name	date of birtir (month/day/year)
Physical Examination, continued		
i nysicai Examination, continued		
Explain any abnormalities:		
Do you feel the student has any condition that would warrar If so, please explain:	nt any accommodations while engaging in studies at N	1IT?
Is this person under treatment for any medical or mental hea	alth condition? If yes, please describe the problem and	treatment:
In your opinion, is there any contraindication for this person nature of your suggested limitation or your advice for further		ts? If yes, please describe the
mature of your suggested illititation of your advice for further	i work-up.	
	1:1	
Do you have any recommendations for this person's health co	are while at MIT?	
Certification by health care provider (required)		
signature of physician/PA/NP/RN	printed name	date of exam (month/day/year)
mailing address	office phone	



Sickle Cell Trait Status

Complete this form if you plan to participate in intercollegiate (varsity) sports. Submit this form with your physical examination.

Deadline

July 31 or before participation in intercollegiate sports

Questions?

- See medical.mit.edu/reportfag
- Call 617-253-1777
- Email medrpt@med.mit.edu

last name (family)	first name	date of birth (month/day/year)

To be medically cleared for intercollegiate (varsity) sports participation, **all students**, both undergraduate and graduate, are required to have a pre-entrance physical examination within 6 months of the first day of participation for their sport, and submit this form.

About Sickle Cell Trait

- Sickle cell trait is an inherited condition of the oxygen-carrying protein, hemoglobin, in the red blood cells.
- · Sickle cell trait is a common condition.
- Although sickle cell trait is most predominant in African-Americans and those of Mediterranean, Middle Eastern, Indian, Caribbean and South and Central American ancestry, persons of all races and ancestry may test positive for sickle cell trait.
- Sickle cell trait is usually benign, but during intense, sustained exercise, decreased oxygen in the muscles may cause *sickling* of red blood cells (change from normal disc shape to a crescent, or "sickle," shape). Sickled red blood cells can accumulate in the bloodstream and block blood vessels. This can lead to collapse from rapid breakdown of muscles without blood supply.

Sickle Cell Screening

- Sickle cell trait testing in the form of a sickle cell screen blood test should be done by the student-athlete's primary care physician before coming to campus. If testing is not performed at home, you can request testing at MIT Medical. The NCAA requires that all student-athletes have knowledge of their sickle cell trait status before participation in any intercollegiate athletics event, including but not limited to; strength and conditioning sessions, practices, and competitions.
- If the student-athlete, and his or her parent/guardian if the student-athlete is a minor, does not desire sickle cell testing, a waiver must be signed. The Sickle Cell Waiver form is distributed to athletes by the Department of Athletics, Physical Education and Recreation (DAPER).

Sickle Cell Screening Results and Clinician Signature



Information about Meningococcal Disease and Vaccination and

Waiver for Students at Residential Schools and Colleges

Massachusetts requires all newly enrolled full-time students attending a secondary school (e.g., boarding schools) or postsecondary institution (e.g., colleges) who will be living in a dormitory or other congregate housing licensed or approved by the secondary school or institution to:

- 1. receive quadrivalent meningococcal polysaccharide or conjugate vaccine to protect against serotypes A, C, W and Y
- 2. fall within one of the exemptions in the law, which are discussed on the reverse side of this sheet.

The law provides an exemption for students signing a waiver that reviews the dangers of meningococcal disease and indicates that the vaccination has been declined. To qualify for this exemption, you are required to review the information below and sign the waiver at the end of this document. Please note, if a student is under 18 years of age, a parent or legal guardian must be given a copy of this document and must sign the waiver.

What is meningococcal disease?

Meningococcal disease is caused by infection with bacteria called *Neisseria meningitidis*. These bacteria can infect the tissue that surrounds the brain and spinal cord called the "meninges" and cause meningitis, or they can infect the blood or other body organs. In the US, about 1,000-1,200 people get meningococcal disease each year and 10-15% die despite receiving antibiotic treatment. Of those who live, another 11-19% lose their arms or legs, become hard of hearing or deaf, have problems with their nervous systems, including long term neurologic problems, or suffer seizures or strokes.

How is meningococcal disease spread?

These bacteria are passed from person-to-person through saliva (spit). You must be in close contact with an infected person's saliva in order for the bacteria to spread. Close contact includes activities such as kissing, sharing water bottles, sharing eating/drinking utensils or sharing cigarettes with someone who is infected; or being within 3-6 feet of someone who is infected and is coughing or sneezing.

Who is most at risk for getting meningococcal disease?

High-risk groups include anyone with a damaged spleen or whose spleen has been removed, those with persistent complement component deficiency (an inherited immune disorder), HIV infection, those traveling to countries where meningococcal disease is very common, microbiologists and people who may have been exposed to meningococcal disease during an outbreak. People who live in certain settings such as college freshmen living in dormitories and military recruits are also at greater risk of disease from some of the serogroups.

Are some students in college and secondary schools at risk for meningococcal disease?

College freshmen living in residence halls or dormitories are at an increased risk for meningococcal disease caused by some of the serotypes contained in the quadrivalent vaccine, as compared to individuals of the same age not attending college. The setting, combined with risk behaviors (such as alcohol consumption, exposure to cigarette smoke, sharing food or beverages, and activities involving the exchange of saliva), may be what puts college students at a greater risk for infection. There is insufficient information about whether new students in other congregate living situations (e.g., residential schools) may also be at increased risk for meningococcal disease. But, the similarity in their environments and some behaviors may increase their risk.

The risk of meningococcal disease for other college students, in particular older students and students who do not live in congregate housing, is not increased. However, quadrivalent meningococcal vaccine is a safe and effective way to reduce their risk of contracting this disease. In general, the risk of invasive meningococcal B disease is not increased among college students relative to others of the same age not attending college. However, outbreaks of meningococcal B disease do occur, though rarely, at colleges and universities. Vaccination of students with meningococcal B vaccine may be recommended during outbreaks.

Is there a vaccine against meningococcal disease?

Yes, there are 3 different meningococcal vaccines. Quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine (Menactra and Menveo) protects against 4 serotypes (A, C, W and Y) of meningococcal disease. Meningococcal serogroup B vaccine (Bexsero and Trumenba) protects against serogroup B meningococcal disease. Quadrivalent meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine (Menomune) is recommended for people age 56 and older with certain high-risk conditions.

MDPH <u>strongly recommends</u> two doses of quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine: a first dose at age 11 through 12 years and a second dose at 16 years. Individuals in certain high risk groups may also need to receive 1 or more of these vaccines based on their doctor's recommendations. In addition, adolescents and young

adults (16-23 years of age) may be vaccinated with meningococcal B vaccine, preferably at 16-18 years of age, to provide short-term protection for most strains of serogroup B meningococcal disease.

Is the meningococcal vaccine safe?

A vaccine, like any medicine, is capable of causing serious problems such as severe allergic reactions. Getting meningococcal vaccine is much safer than getting the disease. Some people who get meningococcal vaccine have mild side effects, such as redness or pain where the shot was given. These symptoms usually last for 1-2 days. A small percentage of people who receive the vaccine develop a fever. The vaccine can be given to pregnant women.

Is it mandatory for students to receive meningococcal vaccine for entry into secondary schools or colleges that provide or license housing?

Massachusetts law (MGL Ch. 76, s.15D) requires newly enrolled full-time students attending a secondary school (those schools with grades 9-12) or postsecondary institution (e.g., colleges) who will be living in a dormitory or other congregate housing licensed or approved by the secondary school or institution to receive a dose of quadrivalent meningococcal vaccine. At affected secondary schools, the requirements apply to all new full-time residential students, regardless of grade (including grades pre-K through 8) and year of study. All students must provide documentation of having received a dose of quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine at any time in the past (or a dose of quadrivalent meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine within the last 5 years), unless they qualify for one of the exemptions allowed by the law. Whenever possible, immunizations should be obtained prior to enrollment or registration. However, students may be enrolled or registered provided that the required immunizations are obtained within 30 days of registration. Meningococcal B vaccines are not required and do not fulfill the requirement for receipt of meningococcal vaccine.

Students may begin classes without a certificate of immunization against meningococcal disease if: 1) the student has a letter from a physician stating that there is a medical reason why he/she can't receive the vaccine; 2) the student (or the student's parent or legal guardian, if the student is a minor) presents a statement in writing that such vaccination is against his/her sincere religious belief; or 3) the student (or the student's parent or legal guardian, if the student is a minor) signs the waiver below stating that the student has received information about the dangers of meningococcal disease, reviewed the information provided and elected to decline the vaccine.

While not required, MDPH strongly recommends that anyone up to 21 years of age who is entering college receive a second dose of quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine if their first dose was received before their 16th birthday, particularly if they are new residential students. College students who do not live in campus-related housing and want to reduce their risk for meningococcal disease may also choose to be vaccinated, though it is not required. Adolescents and young adults (16 through 23 years of age) may also be vaccinated with a serogroup B meningococcal vaccine, preferably at 16 through 18 years of age, to provide short term protection for most strains of serogroup B meningococcal disease. Talk with your doctor about which meningococcal vaccines you should receive.

Where can a student get vaccinated?

Students and their parents should contact their healthcare provider and make an appointment to discuss meningococcal disease, the benefits and risks of vaccination, and the availability of these vaccines. Schools and college health services are not required to provide you with this vaccine.

Where can I get more information?

- Your healthcare provider
- The Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Division of Epidemiology and Immunization at (617) 983-6800 or www.mass.gov/dph/imm and www.mass.gov/dph/epi
- Your local health department (listed in the phone book under government)

Waiver for Meningococcal Vaccination Requirement

I have received and reviewed the information provided on the risks of meningococcal disease and the risks and benefits of quadrivalent meningococcal vaccine. I understand that Massachusetts' law requires newly enrolled full-time students at secondary schools, colleges and universities who are living in a dormitory or congregate living arrangement licensed or approved by the secondary school or postsecondary institution to receive meningococcal vaccinations, unless the students provide a signed waiver of the vaccination or otherwise qualify for one of the exemptions specified in the law.

	After reviewing the materials above on the dangers of meningod meningococcal vaccine.	coccal disease, I choose to waive receipt of
Student	Name:	Date of Birth:
Student	ID or SSN:	
Signatu	re: (Student or parent/legal guardian, if student is under 18 years of ago	Date:e)

Provided by: Massachusetts Department of Public Health / Division of Epidemiology and Immunization / 617-983-6800 MDPH Meningococcal Information and Waiver Form