# Assignment 2

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You are currently looking at **version 1.2** of this notebook. To download notebooks and datafiles, as well as get help on Jupyter notebooks in the Coursera platform, visit the Jupyter Notebook FAQ course resource.

## 1 Assignment 2 - Pandas Introduction

All questions are weighted the same in this assignment. ## Part 1 The following code loads the olympics dataset (olympics.csv), which was derrived from the Wikipedia entry on All Time Olympic Games Medals, and does some basic data cleaning.

The columns are organized as # of Summer games, Summer medals, # of Winter games, Winter medals, total # number of games, total # of medals. Use this dataset to answer the questions below.

```
In [5]: import pandas as pd
        df = pd.read_csv('olympics.csv', index_col=0, skiprows=1)
        for col in df.columns:
            if col[:2] == '01':
                df.rename(columns={col:'Gold'+col[4:]}, inplace=True)
            if col[:2] == '02':
                df.rename(columns={col:'Silver'+col[4:]}, inplace=True)
            if col[:2] == '03':
                df.rename(columns={col:'Bronze'+col[4:]}, inplace=True)
            if col[:1] == '':
                df.rename(columns={col:'#'+col[1:]}, inplace=True)
        names_ids = df.index.str.split('\s\(') # split the index by '(')
        df.index = names_ids.str[0] # the [0] element is the country name (new index)
        df['ID'] = names_ids.str[1].str[:3] # the [1] element is the abbreviation or ID (take fi
        df = df.drop('Totals')
        df.head()
```

Out[5]:		# Summer	Gold	Sil	ver	Bron	ıze	Total	# Wint	er	Gold.1	\	
	Afghanistan	13	0		0		2	2		0	0		
	Algeria	12	5		2		8	15		3	0		
	Argentina	23	18		24		28	70		18	0		
	Armenia	5	1		2		9	12		6	0		
	Australasia	2	3		4		5	12		0	0		
		Silver.1	Bronz	e.1	Tota	al.1	#	Games	Gold.2	Si	lver.2	Bronze.2	\
	Afghanistan	0		0		0		13	0		0	2	
	Algeria	0		0		0		15	5		2	8	
	Argentina	0		0		0		41	18		24	28	
	Armenia	0		0		0		11	1		2	9	
	Australasia	0		0		0		2	3		4	5	
		Combined	total	ID									
	Afghanistan		2	AFG									
	Algeria		15	ALG									
	Argentina		70	ARG									
	Armenia		12	ARM									
	Australasia		12	ANZ									

## 1.0.1 Question 0 (Example)

What is the first country in df?

This function should return a Series.

```
# this function and compare the return value against the correct solution value
def answer_zero():
    # This function returns the row for Afghanistan, which is a Series object. The assig
# question description will tell you the general format the autograder is expecting
return df.iloc[0]
```

In [2]: # You should write your whole answer within the function provided. The autograder will a

# You can examine what your function returns by calling it in the cell. If you have quest # about the assignment formats, check out the discussion forums for any FAQs answer\_zero()

Out[2]:	# Summer	13
	Gold	0
	Silver	0
	Bronze	2
	Total	2
	# Winter	0
	Gold.1	0
	Silver.1	0
	Bronze.1	0
	Total.1	0
	# Games	13

```
Gold.2 0
Silver.2 0
Bronze.2 2
Combined total 2
ID AFG
Name: Afghanistan, dtype: object
```

#### 1.0.2 **Question 1**

Which country has won the most gold medals in summer games? *This function should return a single string value.* 

## 1.0.3 **Question 2**

Which country had the biggest difference between their summer and winter gold medal counts? *This function should return a single string value.* 

## 1.0.4 **Question 3**

Which country has the biggest difference between their summer gold medal counts and winter gold medal counts relative to their total gold medal count?

$$\frac{Summer\ Gold-Winter\ Gold}{Total\ Gold}$$

Only include countries that have won at least 1 gold in both summer and winter. *This function should return a single string value.* 

#### 1.0.5 **Question 4**

Write a function that creates a Series called "Points" which is a weighted value where each gold medal (Gold.2) counts for 3 points, silver medals (Silver.2) for 2 points, and bronze medals (Bronze.2) for 1 point. The function should return only the column (a Series object) which you created, with the country names as indices.

This function should return a Series named Points of length 146

```
In [28]: def answer_four():
             df['Points'] = df['Gold.2']*3 + df['Silver.2']*2 + df['Bronze.2']*1
             return df['Points']
         answer four()
                                                   2
Out[28]: Afghanistan
         Algeria
                                                  27
         Argentina
                                                 130
         Armenia
                                                  16
         Australasia
                                                  22
         Australia
                                                 923
         Austria
                                                 569
         Azerbaijan
                                                  43
         Bahamas
                                                  24
         Bahrain
                                                   1
         Barbados
                                                   1
         Belarus
                                                 154
         Belgium
                                                 276
         Bermuda
                                                   1
         Bohemia
                                                   5
                                                   2
         Botswana
         Brazil
                                                 184
         British West Indies
                                                   2
         Bulgaria
                                                 411
         Burundi
                                                   3
         Cameroon
                                                  12
         Canada
                                                 846
         Chile
                                                  24
                                                1120
         China
         Colombia
                                                  29
         Costa Rica
                                                   7
         Ivory Coast
                                                   2
         Croatia
                                                  67
         Cuba
                                                 420
                                                   2
         Cyprus
                                                . . .
                                                 268
         Spain
         Sri Lanka
                                                   4
         Sudan
                                                   2
         Suriname
                                                   4
         Sweden
                                               1217
```

a	200			
Switzerland	630			
Syria	6			
Chinese Taipei	32			
Tajikistan	4			
Tanzania	4			
Thailand	44			
Togo	1			
Tonga	2			
Trinidad and Tobago	27			
Tunisia	19			
Turkey	191			
Uganda	14			
Ukraine	220			
United Arab Emirates	3			
United States	5684			
Uruguay	16			
Uzbekistan	38			
Venezuela	18			
Vietnam	4			
Virgin Islands	2			
Yugoslavia	171			
Independent Olympic Participants	4			
Zambia				
Zimbabwe				
Mixed team				
Name: Points, dtype: int64				

#### 1.1 Part 2

For the next set of questions, we will be using census data from the United States Census Bureau. Counties are political and geographic subdivisions of states in the United States. This dataset contains population data for counties and states in the US from 2010 to 2015. See this document for a description of the variable names.

The census dataset (census.csv) should be loaded as census\_df. Answer questions using this as appropriate.

## 1.1.1 **Question 5**

Which state has the most counties in it? (hint: consider the sumlevel key carefully! You'll need this for future questions too...)

This function should return a single string value.

```
In [29]: census_df = pd.read_csv('census.csv')
         census_df.head()
                    REGION DIVISION STATE
Out[29]:
            SUMLEV
                                             COUNTY
                                                      STNAME
                                                                     CTYNAME
         0
                40
                         3
                                   6
                                          1
                                                  0 Alabama
                                                                     Alabama
         1
                50
                         3
                                   6
                                          1
                                                  1 Alabama Autauga County
```

```
3
                50
                          3
                                    6
                                                    5 Alabama Barbour County
                                            1
         4
                                                                    Bibb County
                50
                          3
                                    6
                                            1
                                                       Alabama
                            ESTIMATESBASE2010 POPESTIMATE2010
                                                                               \
            CENSUS2010POP
         0
                   4779736
                                      4780127
                                                        4785161
         1
                     54571
                                         54571
                                                          54660
         2
                    182265
                                        182265
                                                         183193
         3
                     27457
                                         27457
                                                           27341
         4
                     22915
                                         22919
                                                           22861
            RDOMESTICMIG2011 RDOMESTICMIG2012
                                                  RDOMESTICMIG2013
                                                                     RDOMESTICMIG2014 \
         0
                     0.002295
                                      -0.193196
                                                          0.381066
                                                                             0.582002
                                                         -3.012349
         1
                     7.242091
                                      -2.915927
                                                                             2.265971
         2
                                      17.647293
                    14.832960
                                                         21.845705
                                                                            19.243287
         3
                    -4.728132
                                      -2.500690
                                                         -7.056824
                                                                            -3.904217
                    -5.527043
                                      -5.068871
                                                         -6.201001
                                                                            -0.177537
                                             RNETMIG2012 RNETMIG2013 RNETMIG2014
            RDOMESTICMIG2015 RNETMIG2011
         0
                    -0.467369
                                  1.030015
                                                0.826644
                                                              1.383282
                                                                           1.724718
         1
                    -2.530799
                                  7.606016
                                               -2.626146
                                                             -2.722002
                                                                           2.592270
         2
                    17.197872
                                                            22.727626
                                 15.844176
                                               18.559627
                                                                          20.317142
                                 -4.874741
         3
                   -10.543299
                                               -2.758113
                                                            -7.167664
                                                                          -3.978583
                     0.177258
                                 -5.088389
                                               -4.363636
                                                             -5.403729
                                                                           0.754533
            RNETMIG2015
         0
               0.712594
         1
              -2.187333
         2
              18.293499
         3
             -10.543299
               1.107861
         [5 rows x 100 columns]
In [13]: def answer_five():
             df=census_df[census_df['SUMLEV'] == 50]
             df = df.groupby( [ "SUMLEV", "STNAME"] ).size().to_frame(name = 'count').reset_inde
             return df.loc[df['count'].idxmax()]['STNAME']
         answer_five()
Out[13]: 'Texas'
```

3 Alabama Baldwin County

## 1.1.2 **Question 6**

2

50

3

6

1

Only looking at the three most populous counties for each state, what are the three most populous states (in order of highest population to lowest population)? Use CENSUS2010POP.

This function should return a list of string values.

#### **1.1.3 Question** 7

Which county has had the largest absolute change in population within the period 2010-2015? (Hint: population values are stored in columns POPESTIMATE2010 through POPESTIMATE2015, you need to consider all six columns.)

e.g. If County Population in the 5 year period is 100, 120, 80, 105, 100, 130, then its largest change in the period would be |130-80| = 50.

This function should return a single string value.

#### **1.1.4** Question 8

In this datafile, the United States is broken up into four regions using the "REGION" column.

Create a query that finds the counties that belong to regions 1 or 2, whose name starts with 'Washington', and whose POPESTIMATE2015 was greater than their POPESTIMATE 2014.

This function should return a 5x2 DataFrame with the columns = ['STNAME', 'CTYNAME'] and the same index ID as the census\_df (sorted ascending by index).

```
In [16]: def answer_eight():
             df=census_df[census_df['SUMLEV'] == 50]
             region1 = df['REGION'] == 1
             region2 = df['REGION'] == 2
             county_name = df['CTYNAME'].str.startswith('Washington')
             pop_estim = df['POPESTIMATE2015'] > df['POPESTIMATE2014']
             df = df[(region2|region1)&county_name&pop_estim]
             return df[['STNAME', 'CTYNAME']]
         answer_eight()
Out[16]:
                                       CTYNAME
                     STNAME
                       Iowa Washington County
        896
                 Minnesota Washington County
         1419
         2345 Pennsylvania Washington County
         2355 Rhode Island Washington County
                  Wisconsin Washington County
         3163
In []:
```