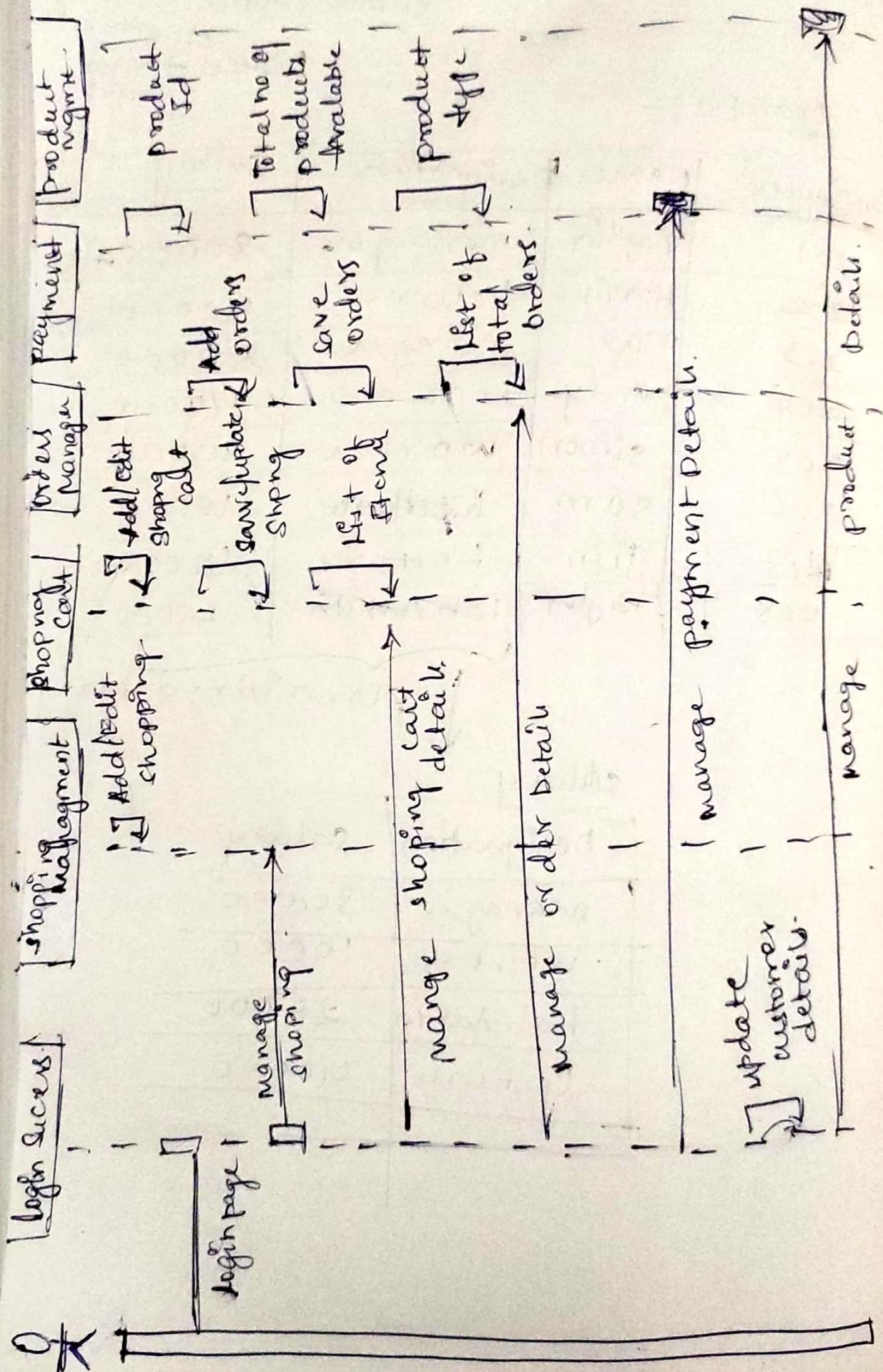
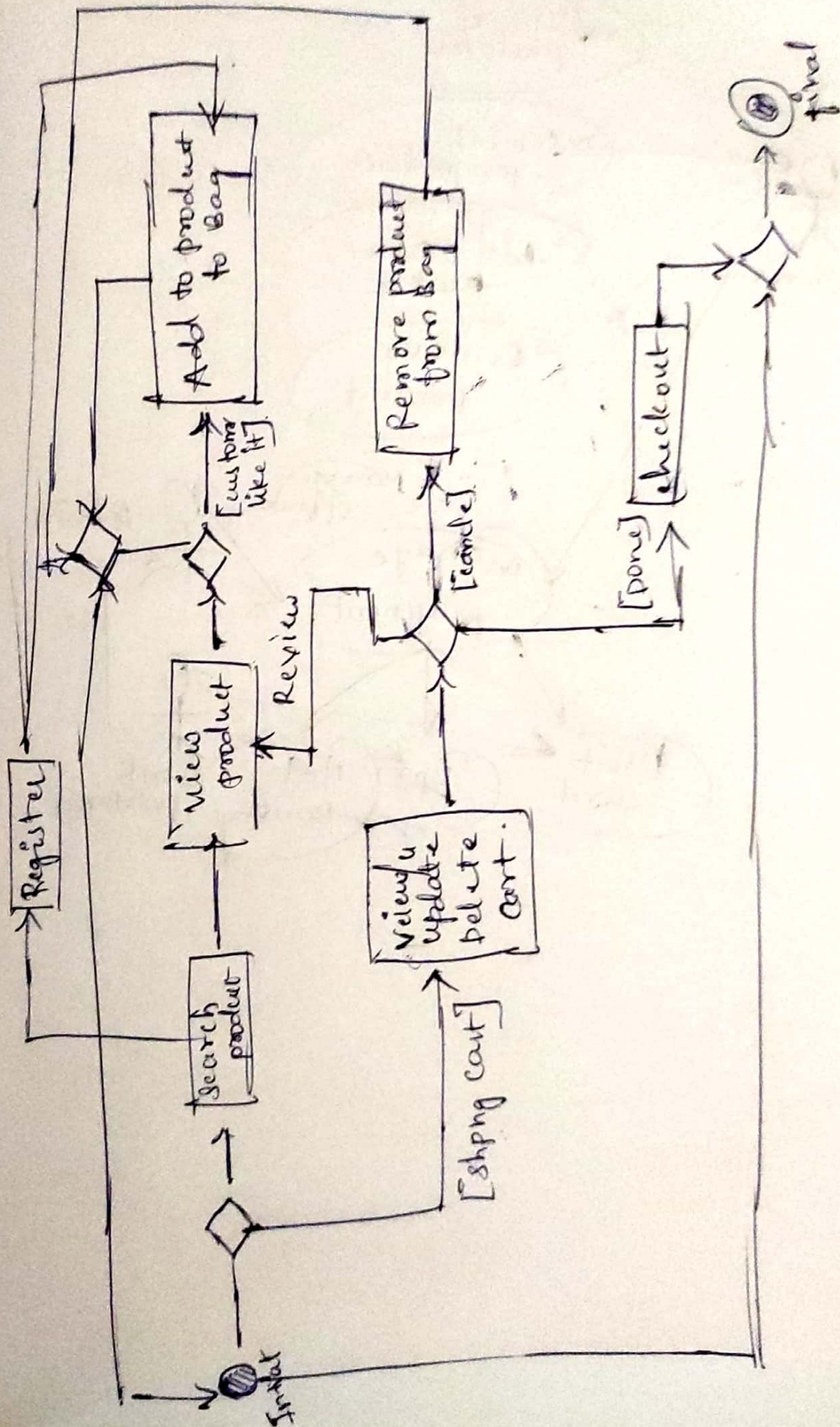


# sequence dig for shopping mart



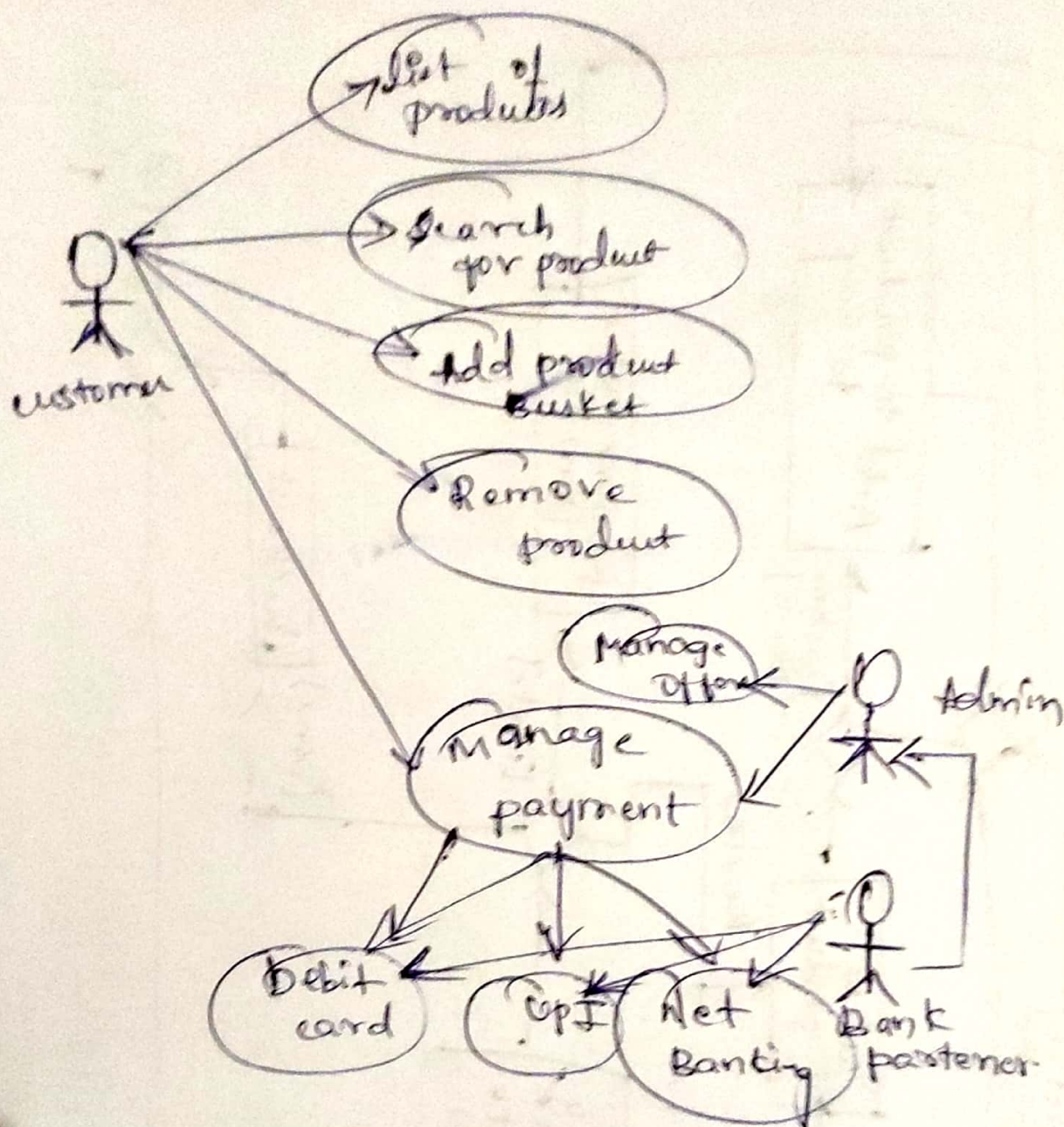


\* state Dig for online shoping mart:-



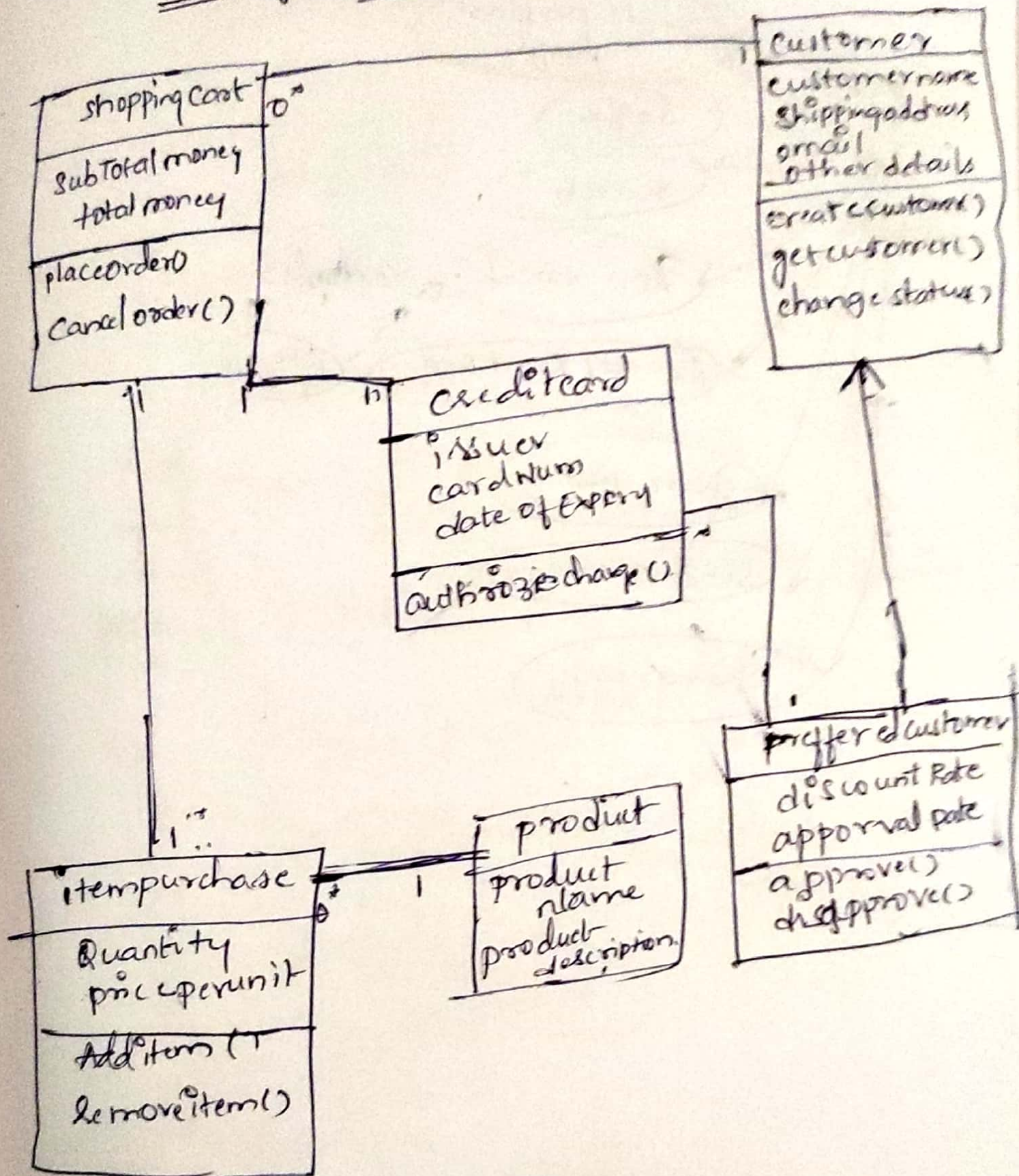


\* use case diagram for shopping cart





# class dig Shopping cart





# NORMALIZATION

- \* process of minimizing the Redundancy.
- \* Removes :-
  - 1) Insertion anomaly
  - 2) updation anomaly
  - 3) Deletion

→ Normalization Divide the large table into smaller tables & link them using Relation.

## ① 1NF Example:-

Rules: single value attributes

Example:- No repeating ~~forms~~ columns.

Employee id	Name	Address	phone
101	sunil	Bellary	02345, 45689
102	Sush	Hyd	12437
103	Sonu	Banglore	34675, 25367
104	chinni	Vij	45689, 28975
105	Nani	pune	12897

## 1NF

Emp id	Name	Address	phone
101	sunil	Bellary	02345
101	sunil	Bellary	45689
102	Sush	Hyd	12437
103	Sonu	Banglore	34675
103	Sonu	Banglore	25367
104	chinni	Vij	45689
104	chinni	Vij	28975
105	Nani	pune	12897



## 2NF:- Rules

- \* should be in 1NF
- \* No partial dependency (one column depends on primary key)
- \* Occurs when composite key (More than one primary key)

Example :-

studId	course	Name	Marks	Teacher
201	sw Arch	Saghis	85	A
202	sw Design	Harris	90	B
201	Quality Assurance	Saghis	75	G
204	English	Andy	63	D
205	History	Simon	74	L
206	Project mgmt	Sam	93	G
205	sw Arch	Simon	70	A
208	Quality Assurance	Taylor	81	G

primary key

Teacher is partial dependency of course

course	Teacher
sw Arch	A
sw Design	B
Quality Assurance	G
English	D
History	L
Project mgmt	G



3NF Rules: - 1NF, 2NF

\* Non Transitive dependency  
 ↓ one column depends on other  
 (given any value)

Example:-

Employee ID	Name	Designation	Salary
201	Saghir	Manager	80000
202	Harris	Lecturer	40000
203	Max	Manager	80000
204	Andy	Lecturer	40000
205	Simon	Worker	10000
206	Sam	Worker	10000
207	Jim	Lecturer	40000
208	Taylor	Lab Assistant	25000

Transitive dependency  
 ↓

Designation	Salary
Manager	80,000
Worker	10000
Lab Assistant	25000
Lecturer	40000