



DCSE, CEG, ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI - 600025

ME – CSE

CP5252 – COMPILER OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES
LABORATORY RECORD

Reg No - 2021207032
Name – S. SUSHMITHA
Cell No - 6383176758
Email – sushmithaselvam1994@gmail.com

INSTRUCTOR: Dr R. AROCKIA XAVIER ANNI

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EXERCISE 1

Exercise 1: INTRODUCTION TO LLVM AND INSTALATION

AIM:

To learn about LLVM and to install it

LLVM:

- LLVM is a set of compiler and toolchain technologies, that can be used to develop a front end for any programming language and a back end for any instruction set architecture.
- LLVM is designed around a language independent intermediate representation (IR) that serves as a portable, high-level assembly language that can be optimised with a variety of transformations over multiple passes.
- LLVM can provide the middle layers of a complete compiler system, taking intermediate representation (IR) code from a compiler and emitting an optimised IR. This new IR can then be converted and linked into machine-dependent assembly language code for a target platform.
- LLVM supports a language-independent instruction set and type system.
- Each instruction is in static single assignment form (SSA), meaning that each variable (called a typed register) is assigned once and then frozen.
- This helps simplify the analysis of dependencies among variables.
- LLVM allows code to be compiled statically, as it is under the traditional GCC system, or left for late-compiling from the IR to machine code via just-in-time compilation (JIT), similar to Java

STEP TO INSTALL LLVM:

- Open Terminal
- Enter command `$ sudo apt install LLVM`

RESULT:

Thus LLVM installation has been implemented

Exercise 2: CLANG INSTALLATION AND AN EXAMPLE

AIM:

To install Clang and to implement an example

CLANG

- Clang is a compiler front end for the C, C++, Objective-C, and Objective-C++ programming languages, as well as the OpenMP, OpenCL, RenderScript, CUDA, and HIP frameworks.
- It acts as a drop-in replacement for the GNU Compiler Collection (GCC), supporting most of its compilation flags and unofficial language extensions.
- It includes a static analyzer, and several code analysis tools
- Clang works in tandem with LLVM

STEPS TO INSTALL:

- Open terminal
- Run command `$ sudo apt install Clang`

EXAMPLE USING LLVM TOOLCHAIN:

1. CREATE A SIMPLE C FILE

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("HELLO WORLD");
    Return 0;
}
```

2. COMPILE THE C FILE TO NATIVE EXECUTABLE

```
$ clang hello.c -o hello
```

3. COMPILE THE C FILE INTO AN LLVM BIT CODE FILE

```
$ Clang -O3 -emit-llvm hello.c -c -o hello.bc
```

4. WE CAN RUN THE BITCODE FILE LLI (LOW LEVEL INTERPRETER)

```
$ lli hello.bc
```

5. COMPILE THE BITCODE INTO NATIVE ASSEMBLY CODE USING LLC

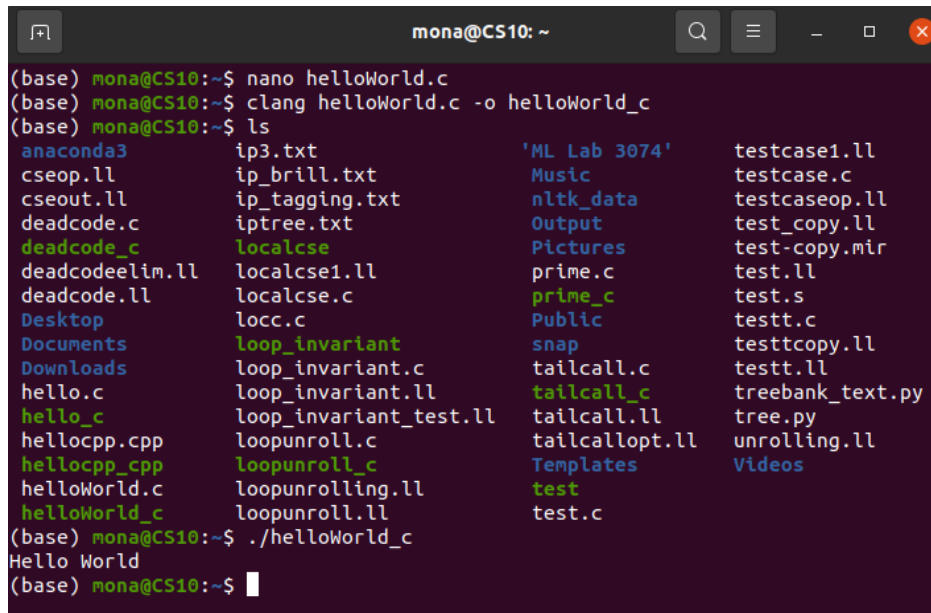
```
$ llc hello.bc -o hello.s
```

OUTPUT:



```
mona@CS10: ~
GNU nano 4.8 helloWorld.c
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Hello World\n");
    return 0;
}
^G Get Help  ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is  ^K Cut Text  ^J Justify
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace   ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell
```

C FILE



```
mona@CS10: ~
(base) mona@CS10:~$ nano helloWorld.c
(base) mona@CS10:~$ clang helloWorld.c -o helloWorld_c
(base) mona@CS10:~$ ls
anaconda3      ip3.txt          'ML Lab 3074'    testcase1.ll
cseop.ll       ip_brill.txt     Music            testcase.c
cseout.ll      ip_tagging.txt  nltk_data        testcaseop.ll
deadcode.c     iptree.txt       Output           test_copy.ll
deadcode_c     localcse         Pictures          test-copy.mir
deadcodeelim.ll localcse1.ll      prime.c          test.ll
deadcode.ll    localcse.c       prime_c          test.s
Desktop        locc.c           Public           testt.c
Documents      loop_invariant   snap            testtcopy.ll
Downloads      loop_invariant.c tailcall.c       testt.ll
hello.c         loop_invariant.ll tailcall_c       treebank_text.py
hello_c         loop_invariant_test.ll tailcall.ll      tree.py
hellocpp.cpp    loopunroll.c    tailcallopt.ll  unrolling.ll
hellocpp_cpp    loopunroll_c    Templates        Videos
helloWorld.c    loopunrolling.ll test              test.c
helloWorld_c    loopunroll.ll
(base) mona@CS10:~$ ./helloWorld_c
Hello World
(base) mona@CS10:~$
```

RESULT :

Thus CLANG has been installed and an example program has been implemented

Exercise 3:

COPY PROPAGATION

AIM:

To implement copy propagation using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a;
scanf("%d",&a);
int b=a;
int c=b+4;
printf(" c value after copy propagation %d\n",c);
return 0;
}
```

- 1)clang -emit-llvm -S copy.c -o copy.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone
- 2)opt -mem2reg copy.ll -S -o copy-test.ll

copy.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'copy.c'
source_filename = "copy.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
@.str.1 = private unnamed_addr constant [36 x i8] c" c value after copy propagation %d\0A\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    %4 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    %5 = call i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3 x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32* noundef %2)
    %6 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
```

```

store i32 %6, i32* %3, align 4
%7 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
%8 = add nsw i32 %7, 4
store i32 %8, i32* %4, align 4
%9 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4
%10 = call i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
[36 x i8]* @.str.1, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %9)
ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

copy-test.ll

```

; ModuleID = 'copy.ll'
source_filename = "copy.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
@.str.1 = private unnamed_addr constant [36 x i8] c" c value after copy
propagation %d\0A\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4

```

```

    %2 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3
x i8], [3 x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32* noundef %1)
    %3 = load i32, i32* %1, align 4
    %4 = add nsw i32 %3, 4
    %5 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([36 x i8],
[36 x i8]* @.str.1, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %4)
    ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

RESULT :

Thus copy propagation has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 4:

CONSTANT PROPAGATION

AIM:

To implement constant propagation using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a,b,c;
a=30;
b=20-a/2;
c=b*(30/a+2);
printf("%d",c);
return 0;
}
```

1)clang -emit-llvm -S constant.c -o constant.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone

2)opt -mem2reg constant.ll -S -o constant-test.ll

constant.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'constant.c'
source_filename = "constant.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    %4 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    store i32 30, i32* %2, align 4
    %5 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %6 = sdiv i32 %5, 2
    %7 = sub nsw i32 20, %6
    store i32 %7, i32* %3, align 4
    %8 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
```

```

%9 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
%10 = sdiv i32 30, %9
%11 = add nsw i32 %10, 2
%12 = mul nsw i32 %8, %11
store i32 %12, i32* %4, align 4
%13 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4
%14 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %13)
ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

constant-test.ll

```

; ModuleID = 'constant.ll'
source_filename = "constant.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = sdiv i32 30, 2
    %2 = sub nsw i32 20, %1
    %3 = sdiv i32 30, 30
    %4 = add nsw i32 %3, 2

```

```

    %5 = mul nsw i32 %2, %4
    %6 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %5)
    ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

RESULT :

Thus constant propagation has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 5: COMMON SUBEXPRESSION ELIMINATION

AIM:

To implement common subexpression elimination using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a=20,b=30,c,d,e;
c=a+b;
d=c*50;
e=(a+b)*50;
return 0;
}
```

1)clang -emit-llvm -S cse.c -o cse.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone

2)opt -mem2reg cse.ll -S -o cse-test.ll

cse.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'cse.c'
source_filename = "cse.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    %4 = alloca i32, align 4
    %5 = alloca i32, align 4
    %6 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    store i32 20, i32* %2, align 4
    store i32 30, i32* %3, align 4
    %7 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %8 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %9 = add nsw i32 %7, %8
    store i32 %9, i32* %4, align 4
```

```

%10 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4
%11 = mul nsw i32 %10, 50
store i32 %11, i32* %5, align 4
%12 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
%13 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
%14 = add nsw i32 %12, %13
%15 = mul nsw i32 %14, 50
store i32 %15, i32* %6, align 4
ret i32 0
}
attributes #0 = { noline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

cse-test.ll

```

; ModuleID = 'cse.ll'
source_filename = "cse.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
; Function Attrs: noline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = add nsw i32 20, 30
    %2 = mul nsw i32 %1, 50
    %3 = add nsw i32 20, 30
    %4 = mul nsw i32 %3, 50
    ret i32 0
}
attributes #0 = { noline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"

```

```
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"  
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
```

```
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}  
!llvm.ident = !{!5}  
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}  
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}  
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}  
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}  
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}  
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}
```

RESULT :

Thus common subexpression elimination has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 6:

LOOP INVARIANT CODE MOTION

AIM:

To implement loop invariant code motion using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a;
int test=0;
int sum=0;
scanf("%d",&a);
for(int i=0;i<100;i++)
{
test=a*10;
sum=sum+i;
}
printf("%d\t%d\n",test,sum);
return 0;
}
```

1)clang -emit-llvm -S licm.c -o licm.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone

2)opt -mem2reg licm.ll -S -o licm-test.ll

licm.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'licm.c'
source_filename = "licm.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
@.str.1 = private unnamed_addr constant [7 x i8] c"%d\09%d\0A\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    %4 = alloca i32, align 4
    %5 = alloca i32, align 4
```

```

store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
store i32 0, i32* %3, align 4
store i32 0, i32* %4, align 4
%6 = call i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3
x i8], [3 x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32* noundef %2)
store i32 0, i32* %5, align 4
br label %7

7:                                ; preds = %16, %0
%8 = load i32, i32* %5, align 4
%9 = icmp slt i32 %8, 100
br i1 %9, label %10, label %19

10:                               ; preds = %7
%11 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
%12 = mul nsw i32 %11, 10
store i32 %12, i32* %3, align 4
%13 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4
%14 = load i32, i32* %5, align 4
%15 = add nsw i32 %13, %14
store i32 %15, i32* %4, align 4
br label %16

16:                               ; preds = %10
%17 = load i32, i32* %5, align 4
%18 = add nsw i32 %17, 1
store i32 %18, i32* %5, align 4
br label %7, !llvm.loop !6

19:                               ; preds = %7
%20 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
%21 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4
%22 = call i32 @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([7 x i8], [7
x i8]* @.str.1, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %20, i32 noundef %21)
ret i32 0
}

```

licm-test.ll

```

; ModuleID = 'licm.ll'
source_filename = "licm.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"

```



```

@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
@.str.1 = private unnamed_addr constant [7 x i8] c"%d\09%d\0A\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = call i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3
x i8], [3 x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32* noundef %1)
    br label %3

3:                                ; preds = %9, %0
    %.02 = phi i32 [ 0, %0 ], [ %8, %9 ]
    %.01 = phi i32 [ 0, %0 ], [ %7, %9 ]
    %.0 = phi i32 [ 0, %0 ], [ %10, %9 ]
    %4 = icmp slt i32 %.0, 100
    br i1 %4, label %5, label %11

5:                                ; preds = %3
    %6 = load i32, i32* %1, align 4
    %7 = mul nsw i32 %6, 10
    %8 = add nsw i32 %.02, %.0
    br label %9

9:                                ; preds = %5
    %10 = add nsw i32 %.0, 1
    br label %3, !llvm.loop !6

11:                               ; preds = %3
    %12 = call i32 @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([7 x i8], [7
x i8]* @.str.1, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %.01, i32 noundef %.02)
    ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @__isoc99_scanf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}

!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}

```

```
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}  
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}  
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}  
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}  
!5 = !{"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}  
!6 = distinct !{!6, !7}  
!7 = !{"llvm.loop.mustprogress"}
```

RESULT :

Thus loop invariant code motion has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 7:

LOOP UNROLLING

AIM:

To implement loop unrolling using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int sum=0;
for(int i=0;i<100;i++)
{
sum=sum+i;
}
printf("%d",sum);
}
```

```
1)clang -emit-llvm -S lu.c -o lu.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone
2)opt -mem2reg -simplycfg -loops -lcssa -loop-simplify -loop-rotate -loopunroll -
o unrolling.ll -unroll-count=2 -unroll-allow-partial -S loopunroll.ll
```

lu.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'lu.c'
source_filename = "lu.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %2, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %3, align 4
    br label %4
```

```

4:                                ; preds = %11, %0
    %5 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %6 = icmp slt i32 %5, 100
    br i1 %6, label %7, label %14
7:                                ; preds = %4
    %8 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %9 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %10 = add nsw i32 %8, %9
    store i32 %10, i32* %2, align 4
    br label %11
11:                               ; preds = %7
    %12 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %13 = add nsw i32 %12, 1
    store i32 %13, i32* %3, align 4
    br label %4, !llvm.loop !6
14:                               ; preds = %4
    %15 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %16 = call i32 @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %15)
    %17 = load i32, i32* %1, align 4
    ret i32 %17
}
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}
!6 = distinct !{!6, !7}
!7 = !{!"llvm.loop.mustprogress"}

```

lu-test.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'lu.c'
source_filename = "lu.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1

; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %2, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %3, align 4
    br label %4

4:                                ; preds = %11, %0
    %5 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %6 = icmp slt i32 %5, 100
    br i1 %6, label %7, label %14

7:                                ; preds = %4
    %8 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %9 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %10 = add nsw i32 %8, %9
    store i32 %10, i32* %2, align 4
    br label %11

11:                               ; preds = %7
    %12 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %13 = add nsw i32 %12, 1
    store i32 %13, i32* %3, align 4
    br label %4, !llvm.loop !6

14:                               ; preds = %4
    %15 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %16 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %15)
    %17 = load i32, i32* %1, align 4
    ret i32 %17
}
```

```

declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}

```

RESULT :

Thus loop unrolling has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 8: TAIL CALL ELIMINATION

AIM:

To implement tail call elimination using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int tail(int n)
{
if(n>10)
return 10;
else
return 5;
}
int main()
{
int a=10;
return tail(a);
}
```

- 1)clang -emit-llvm -S tce.c -o tce.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone
- 2)opt -mem2reg tce.ll -S -o tce-test.ll

tce.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'tce.c'
source_filename = "tce.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @tail(i32 noundef %0) #0 {
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 %0, i32* %3, align 4
    %4 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
    %5 = icmp sgt i32 %4, 10
    br i1 %5, label %6, label %7

6:                                     ; preds = %1
    store i32 10, i32* %2, align 4
```

```

    br label %8
7:                                ; preds = %1
    store i32 5, i32* %2, align 4
    br label %8
8:                                ; preds = %7, %6
    %9 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    ret i32 %9
}
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
    store i32 10, i32* %2, align 4
    %3 = load i32, i32* %2, align 4
    %4 = call i32 @tail(i32 noundef %3)
    ret i32 %4
}
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic"
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

tce-test.ll

```

; ModuleID = 'tce.ll'
source_filename = "tce.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @tail(i32 noundef %0) #0 {
    %2 = icmp sgt i32 %0, 10

```



```

    br i1 %2, label %3, label %4
3:                                     ; preds = %1
    br label %5
4:                                     ; preds = %1
    br label %5
5:                                     ; preds = %4, %3
    %.0 = phi i32 [ 10, %3 ], [ 5, %4 ]
    ret i32 %.0
}
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = call i32 @tail(i32 noundef 10)
    ret i32 %1
}
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

RESULT :

Thus tail call elimination has been implemented successfully.

Exercise 9:

ALIAS ANALYSIS AND CAPTURING

AIM:

To implement alias analysis and capturing using LLVM.

CODING

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int n=10;
int *p;
int *q;
int *s;
p=&n;
q=&n;
s=&n;
printf("%d",*p);
printf("%d",*q);
printf("%d",*s);
return 0;
}
```

1)clang -emit-llvm -S alias.c -o alias.ll -Xclang -disable-O0-optnone

2)opt -mem2reg --print-alias-sets alias.ll -S -o alias-test.ll

alias.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'alias.c'
source_filename = "alias.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noinline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = alloca i32, align 4
    %2 = alloca i32, align 4
    %3 = alloca i32*, align 8
    %4 = alloca i32*, align 8
    %5 = alloca i32*, align 8
    store i32 0, i32* %1, align 4
```

```

store i32 10, i32* %2, align 4
store i32* %2, i32** %3, align 8
store i32* %2, i32** %4, align 8
store i32* %2, i32** %5, align 8
%6 = load i32*, i32** %3, align 8
%7 = load i32, i32* %6, align 4
%8 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %7)
%9 = load i32*, i32** %4, align 8
%10 = load i32, i32* %9, align 4
%11 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %10)
%12 = load i32*, i32** %5, align 8
%13 = load i32, i32* %12, align 4
%14 = call i32 (i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef %13)
ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}

```

alias-test.ll

```
; ModuleID = 'alias.ll'
source_filename = "alias.c"
target datalayout = "e-m:e-p270:32:32-p271:32:32-p272:64:64-i64:64-f80:128-
n8:16:32:64-S128"
target triple = "x86_64-pc-linux-gnu"
@.str = private unnamed_addr constant [3 x i8] c"%d\00", align 1
; Function Attrs: noline nounwind uwtable
define dso_local i32 @main() #0 {
    %1 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef 10)
    %2 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef 10)
    %3 = call i32 @printf(i8*, ...) @printf(i8* noundef getelementptr inbounds ([3 x i8], [3
x i8]* @.str, i64 0, i64 0), i32 noundef 10)
    ret i32 0
}
declare i32 @printf(i8* noundef, ...) #1
attributes #0 = { noline nounwind uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-
vector-width"="0" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8"
"target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87"
"tune-cpu"="generic" }
attributes #1 = { "frame-pointer"="all" "no-trapping-math"="true" "stack-
protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-
features"="+cx8,+fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
!llvm.module.flags = !{!0, !1, !2, !3, !4}
!llvm.ident = !{!5}
!0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
!1 = !{i32 7, !"PIC Level", i32 2}
!2 = !{i32 7, !"PIE Level", i32 2}
!3 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 1}
!4 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
!5 = !{!"Ubuntu clang version 14.0.0-1ubuntu1"}
```

RESULT :

Thus alias analysis and capturing has been implemented successfully.

