

再要你命3000

新GRE核心词汇考法精析

陈琦

# 《新 GRE 核心词汇考法精析》(再要你命 3000)

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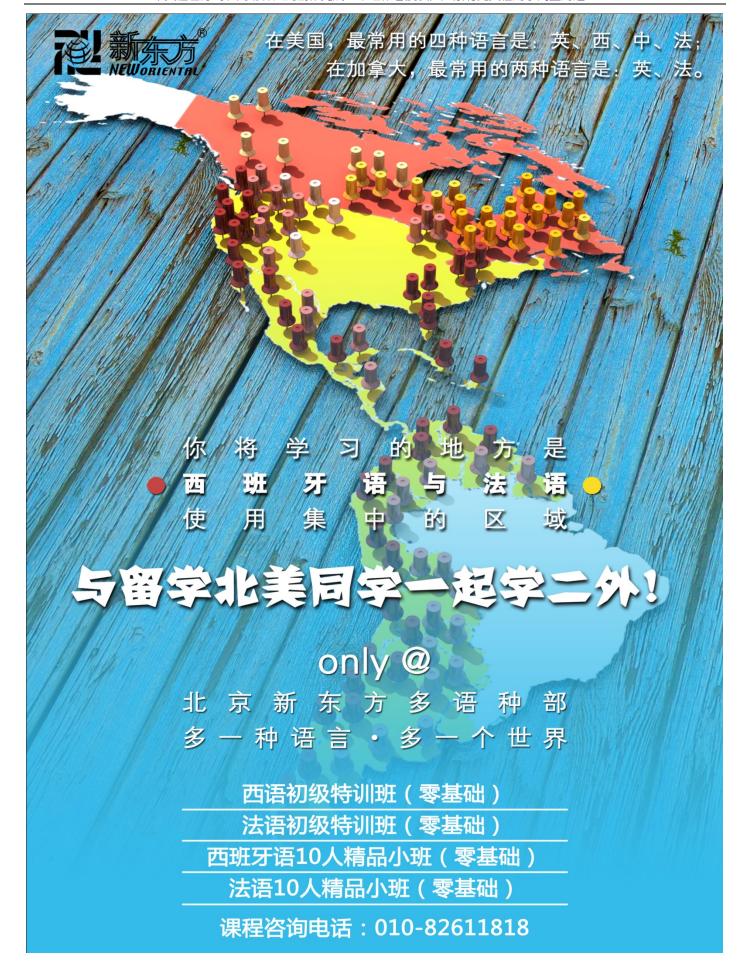
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#### 西语在美国

西班牙语被誉为"与上帝对话的语言",是继汉语、英语之后的世界第三大语言。 目前,全球约有4亿人使用西班牙语。在美国,以西班牙语为母语的人约有四千万, 它广泛通行于纽约、德克萨斯、新墨西哥、亚利桑那和加利福尼亚。在新墨西哥 州,西语和英语并列为官方语言。以下是维基百科对西班牙语在美国使用情况的 介绍。

**Spanish** is the second most-common language in the United States after English. There are more Spanish speakers in the U.S. than there are speakers of Chinese, French, Italian, Hawaiian, and the Native American languages combined. According to the 2009 American Community Survey conducted by the United States Census Bureau, Spanish is the primary language spoken at home by over 35.5 million people aged 5 or older. There are 45 million Hispanics who speak Spanish as a first or second language and there are 6 million Spanish students, making it the world's second-largest Spanish-speaking community, only after Mexico and ahead of Spain, Colombia and Argentina.

# 法语在美国

在美国,法国是继英语、西班牙语、中文之后的第四种语言。在Louisiana,Maine, Vermont 和 New Hampshire州,法语则是仅次于英语的最常用语言。历史上,法语是贵族的语言,是精英的语言,直到现在,在英语世界中,会说法语依然是被看视为有修养的标志。在美国,法语被上层社会看成是高雅与高贵的象征。加之美国与加拿大接壤,法语文化的吸引力等因素,法语是美国学校里大多数学生选择的第二外语。作为一个中国孩子,即能讲一口流利的英文,又能在母语之外流利地使用优雅的法语,将会为其打破语言的类寓,进入美国主流社会,进而为将来以世界为其舞台提供最坚实的基础。

# 多语种部美国留学二外班

班级编码	班级名称	上课时间	上课地点	课次	学费	优惠后学费
ASUS11001	西语初级特训班(美国留学二外)	2011-5-9至2011-6-16	海淀水清木华校区402教	24	1260	630
		每周一至周四18:30-21:00				
AFUS11001	法语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2011-5-14至2011-6-19	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周六日15:30-18:00, 18:30-21:00				
ASUS12001	西语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2012-5-7至2012-6-14	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周一至周四18:30-21:00				
AFUS12001	法语初级特训班 (美国留学二外)	2012-5-12至2012-6-17	海淀水清木华校区402教室	24	1260	630
		每周六日15:30-18:00, 18:30-21:00				

#### ★优惠信息★

持2010-2011年內北京新东方学校托福, GRE, GMAT, SAT, ACT听课证报名以下班级, 享受5折优惠, 课程价格为630元。优惠截止日期: 2011年5月8日

# 使用说明:

新 GRE 更加关注单词在语境中的考查,取消了以前的类比反义,增加了填空 6 选 2,填空 3 空题。《再要你命 3000》在原书上的改动如下:

- 1. 将原书的类比部分取消,以 Thesaurus 里的同义词进行替换。编者根据单词在以往 GRE 考试中出现的频率进行同义词筛选。
- 2. 将只能在类反中考查的单词删除;补充在填空,阅读中容易涉及到的同义重复、反义重复词条。
- 3. 丰富单词的例句,更好地帮助考生在语境下把握单词的内涵。
- 4. 借助 Collegiate 和 Thesaurus 拓展单词考法的含义,与新 GRE Official Guide 中考查单词的丰富含义,尤其是引申义保持一致。

整书单词依然强调单词的考法,即把握单词的深度。在新 GRE 考试中,记忆单词的深度远比拥有大量单词的广度针对考试有价值的多。本书是各位考生在冲刺阶段必备的复习资料。

电子版更新每周更新 2 个 list。更新请关注我们的微博通告: <a href="http://weibo.com/jasonandfranklin">http://weibo.com/jasonandfranklin</a> 或者琦叔的校内公共主页: <a href="http://page.renren.com/600098688">http://page.renren.com/600098688</a>

# 单词示例:

#### abstract ['æbstrækt]

【考法 1】 vt. 做总结,概括: to make an abstract of, summarize

- 【例】 abstracted the 135-page report in three short paragraphs 将一份 135 页的报告概括为三段话
- 【近】 digest, recapitulate, synopsize, sum up, boil down
- 【反】 elaborate 详细描述

【考法 2】 vt. 使分心: to draw away the attention of

- 【例】 personal problems abstracted him 私人问题让他分心
- 【近】 detract, divert, call off, throw off
- 【派】 abstraction n. 心不在焉
- 【反】 attention 关注

【考法1】——中文和英文解释

【例】——英文例句及中文解释

【近】——近义词

【反】——反义词及中文解释

【派】——派生词及中文解释

"summarize"、"attention"——英文解释中以粗体并下划线标示出的单词短语为该词汇的考法特征

# List 17

# "多看多背多做题,不烦不倦不放弃。" —— 赵墨非 Verbal 790,Quantitative 800,录取学校 UCLA 经济学 PHD

# Unit 1

NUANCE NUDGE NUGATORY NURTURE OATH OBDURATE OBEDIENT OBEISANCE OBFUSCATE OBLIGATORY

#### nuance [njuːˈaːns]

【考法 1】 n. 细微的差异: a subtle distinction or variation

【例】 a poem of little depth and nuance 一首没有什么深度、没有什么辨识度的诗

【反】 patent difference, lack of subtlety, sharp distinction, patency 明显的差别

#### nudge [nʌdʒ]

【考法 1】 vt. 用肘推以引起注意: to seek the attention of by a push of the elbow

【例】 accidentally nudged me as he squeezed past 他过去的时候不小心用肘碰到了我

【考法 2】 vt. 说服某人做某事: to try to <u>persuade</u> (someone) through earnest appeals to follow a course of action

【例】 the car salesman nudged me into taking a test-drive 汽车销售员说服我进行试驾

【近】 encourage, exhort, goad, press, prod, prompt

#### nugatory ['nju:gətəri]

【考法 1】 adj. 无关紧要的: of little or no <u>consequence</u>; <u>inconsequential</u>

【近】 incidental, inconsequential, inconsiderable, insignificant, negligible, trifling, trivial

【反】 consequential, eventful, important, major, meaningful, momentous, significant, substantial, unfrivolous, weighty 重要的

## nurture ['nəːt[ə]

【考法 1】 vt. 提供营养: to supply with <u>nourishment</u>

- 【例】 nurtured her children through the winters with home-cooked soup 一整个冬天都给孩子们喂自制的汤
- 【反】 withhold sustenance from 停止提供营养物

【考法 2】 vt. 培育,培养: to provide (someone) with moral or spiritual understanding

- 【例】 he feels that his lifelong practice of reading the Bible daily has nurtured him in ways he cannot describe 一生中每天都阅读圣经在潜移默化中影响了他
- 【近】 edify, illuminate, inspire
- 【反】 impede, stunt, disregard 阻碍, 漠视

#### oath [ˈəuθ]

#### 【考法 1】 n. 誓言: a solemn, formal declaration or promise to fulfill a pledge

- 【例】 an oath to defend the nation保卫祖国的誓言
- 【近】 pledge, troth, vow, word

#### obdurate ['obdjurit]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 固执的: <u>resistant</u> to persuasion or softening <u>influences</u>

- 【例】 She is known for her obdurate determination. 她以坚定不移著称。
- 【近】 adamant, hard-nosed, headstrong, inflexible, intransigent, pertinacious, stubborn, unbending, uncompromising, unrelenting, unyielding, willful
- 【反】 acquiescent, agreeable, amenable, compliant, complying, flexible, pliable, pliant, relenting, yielding 温顺的

#### 【考法 2】 adj. 冷酷无情的: having or showing a <u>lack of sympathy</u> or tender feelings

- 【例】 the obdurate refusal of the crotchety old man to let the neighborhood kids retrieve their ball from his backyard 那个怪老头冷酷无情地拒绝了孩子们进他后院找球的请求
- 【近】 affectless, callous, compassionless, hard-hearted, heartless, indurate, inhuman, insensate, ironhearted, merciless, remorseless, ruthless, unsparing
- 【 反 】 charitable, compassionate, humane, kindhearted, kindly, merciful, softhearted, sympathetic, tender, warmhearted 同情的,有爱的

#### obedient [ə'bi:djənt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 服从的,顺从的: **submissive** to the restraint or command of **authority**

- 【例】 that girl is so obedient that she does everything the first time she is asked这个妹子如此顺从,叫她做事随叫随到
- 【近】 amenable, compliant, submissive, tractable
- 【反】 contumacious, imperial, balky, contrary, contumacious, defiant, disobedient, froward, incompliant, insubordinate, intractable, noncompliant, obstreperous, rebel, rebellious, recalcitrant, refractory, restive, unamenable, ungovernable, unruly, untoward, wayward, willful 顽固的,不服从的

#### obeisance [au'beisns]

#### 【考法 1】 n. 敬礼,尊重: a movement of the body made in token of respect or submission

- 【派】 obeisant 恭敬的
- 【反】 impertinent, impudent, imperious 不敬的,无礼的

#### obfuscate ['obf\skeit]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 使困惑,使模糊: to make so <u>confused</u> or <u>opaque</u> as to be difficult to perceive or understand

- 【例】 obfuscate the reader 让读者困惑
- 【近】 becloud, befog, blur, cloud, fog, muddy
- 【反】 demystify, elucidate, illuminate, clarify, explain clearly 澄清, 阐明
- 【派】 obfuscated 模糊的
- 【反】 lucid 清晰的

#### obligatory [e'bligətəri]

## 【考法 1】 adj. 强制性的: of the nature of an obligation; compulsory

【例】 obligatory military service 强制性的服军役

- 【近】 compulsory, imperative, involuntary, peremptory, required
- 【反】 discretionary, selective, elective, optional, voluntary 自由选择的,志愿的

#### 【考法 2】 adj. (见得多以至于) 无聊的: used or heard so often as to be dull

- 【例】 the obligatory cliff-hanger endings for season finales of TV shows 电视剧总是以恶俗的惊心动魄的结局作为完季
- 【近】 banal, cliché, commonplace, hack, hackneyed, moth-eaten, musty, shopworn, stereotyped, threadbare, timeworn, trite, well-worn
- 【反】 fresh, new, novel, original, unclichéd, unhackneyed 新奇的

# Unit 2

OBLIGING OBLIQUE OBLITERATE OBLIVIOUS OBLOQUY OBSCURE OBSEQUIOUS OBSESS OBSTINATE OBSTREPEROUS

#### obliging [əˈblaidʒin]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 乐于助人的: willing to do favors

【近】 accommodative, friendly, indulgent

#### **oblique** [əˈbliːk]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 斜的: inclined or twisted to one side

- 【例】 gave the eavesdropper an oblique glance 给了偷听者一个白眼
- 【近】 askew, cant, inclined, leaning, listing, slanted, sloping, tilted
- 【反】 direct, even, level, straight 笔直的

#### obliterate [ə'blitəreit]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 除去: to remove from existence

- 【例】 the March snowstorm obliterated our hopes for an early spring 三月的暴风雪摧毁了我们对于一个早春的念想
- 【近】 efface, eradicate, expunge, expurgate, exterminate, extirpate, wipe out

#### oblivious [ə'bliviəs]

- 【考法 1】adj. 不知道的, 不知情的: <u>lacking</u> conscious <u>awareness</u>; <u>not informed</u> about or aware of something
- 【例】 He seemed oblivious to the fact that he had hurt her. 他似乎并不在意他伤害了她.
- 【近】 incognizant, insensible, unaware, unconscious, uninformed, unwitting
- 【反】 mindful, vigilant, acquainted, cognizant, conscious, conversant, grounded, informed, knowing, mindful, witting 留意的,机警的

#### obloquy ['ablekwi]

【考法 1】 n. 谩骂,诽谤: abusively detractive language or utterance; calumny

- 【近】 billingsgate, fulmination, invective, scurrility, vitriol, vituperation
- 【反】 adulation 极度谄媚

#### 【考法 2】 n. 恶名,耻辱: the state of having <u>lost the esteem</u> of others

- 【例】 the accused murderer was condemned to live out his days in perpetual obloquy 凶手终将在骂名中度过余生
- 【近】 discredit, disesteem, dishonor, disrepute, ignominy, infamy, odium, opprobrium, reproach, shame
- 【反】 esteem, honor, respect 敬重,好名声

# obscure [əb'skjuə]

# 【考法 1】 adj. 含义模糊的: <u>not clearly</u> understood or expressed; having an often intentionally veiled or <u>uncertain meaning</u>

- 【例】 a fantasy writer who likes to put lots of obscure references in her tales of wizards and warlocks 一个喜欢在巫师故事中添加很多含义模糊的引用的魔幻小说作家
- 【近】 ambiguous, arcane, enigmatic, equivocal, fuliginous, inscrutable, opaque
- 【反】 explicit, manifest, clear, certain, accessible, nonambiguous, obvious, plain, unambiguous, unequivocal 明晰的,没有歧义的

# 【考法 2】 adj. 平凡的,不知名的: not prominent or **famous**

- 【例】 an obscure poet 无名的诗人
- 【近】 noteless, uncelebrated, unfamous, unknown, unrecognized, unsung
- 【反】 legendary, celebrated, famed, famous, noted, notorious, prominent, renowned, well-known 有名的
- 【派】 obscurity 无名之辈
- 【反】 celebrity 名人

### 【考法 3】 v. 使模糊: to make dark, dim, or indistinct

- 【例】 when it isn't obscured by smog, the view of the city from the observatory can be spectacular 如果在晴朗的天气,从天文台看出去的城市全景非常赞
- 【近】 blear, blur, darken, dim, overshadow, shroud
- 【反】 elucidate, brighten, illuminate, light up, lighten 阐明

#### obsequious [əb'siːkwiəs]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 谄媚的, 奴性的: marked by or exhibiting a fawning attentiveness

- 【例】 She's constantly followed by obsequious assistants who will do anything. 她总是有一群谄媚的跟班,原意为她赴汤蹈火。
- 【反】 supercilious 目中无人的

#### **obsess** [əb'ses]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 迷住,使困扰: to **haunt** or excessively preoccupy the mind of

- 【例】 The war obsesses her—she talks about nothing else. 她被战争彻底迷住了,张口闭口都谈这个。
- 【反】 intense disgust 极度厌恶

#### obstinate ['obstinit]

# 【考法 1】 adj. 固执的: perversely adhering to an opinion, purpose, or course <u>in spite of</u> reason, arguments, or <u>persuasion</u>

- 【例】 obstinate resistance to change 坚决抵制改变
- 【近】 adamant, headstrong, intransigent, stubborn, uncompromising, unyielding, willful
- 【反】 acquiescent, agreeable, amenable, compliant, complying, flexible, pliable, pliant, relenting, yielding 顺

从服从的

# 【考法 2】 adj. 难于减轻或治愈的: not easily subdued, remedied, or removed

【例】 obstinate fever 高烧不退 || an obstinate headache难以治愈的头痛

#### obstreperous [əb'strepərəs]

- 【考法 1】adj. 难驾驭的,任性的: stubbornly resistant to control; <u>unruly</u>; given to resisting authority or another's control
- 【例】 the club's president was at his wits' end with obstreperous members who refused to cooperate 俱乐部主席拿那些不合作的会员一点办法都没有
- 【近】 balky, defiant, incompliant, insubordinate, intractable, rebellious, recalcitrant, refractory
- 【反】 disciplined, amenable, biddable, compliant, conformable, docile, obedient, ruly, submissive, tractable 守纪律的,顺从的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 吵闹的: engaging in or marked by loud and insistent cries especially of protest
- 【例】 an obstreperous crowd protesting the government's immigration policy 一堆吵闹的民众游行抗议政府的移民政策
- 【近】 blatant, clamant, clamorous, squawking, vociferant

# Unit 3

OBSTRUCT	OBTUSE	OBVIATE	OCCULT	ODIUM
OFFBEAT	OFFHAND	OFFICIOUS	OFFISH	OFF-KEY

#### obstruct [əb'strʌkt]

- 【考法 1】 vt. 妨碍,制造困难: to <u>impede</u>, retard, or interfere with; hinder; to <u>create difficulty</u> for the work or activity of
- 【例】 He was charged with obstructing justice by lying to investigators. 他被指控向检察官说谎,妨碍司法。
- 【近】 encumber, fetter, handicap, hinder, impede, inhibit, stymie, interfere with
- 【反】 facilitate, abet, aid, assist 促进,帮助
- 【考法 2】 vt. 阻挡: to <u>prevent passage</u> through by filling with something
- 【例】 an unobstructed view 无阻碍的视野
- 【近】 occlude 堵塞
- 【反】 clear, free, open up, unblock, unclog, unplug, unstop

#### obtuse [əb'tjuːs]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 愚钝的: **not** having or showing an ability to **absorb ideas readily**

- 【例】 Are you being deliberately obtuse? 你是故意装笨吗?
- 【近】 dumb, fatuous, mindless, oafish, opaque, senseless, unintelligent, vacuous
- 【反】 insightful, apt, brainy, bright, brilliant, clever, fast, intelligent, keen, nimble, quick, quick-witted, sharp, sharp-witted, smart 有洞察力的,智慧的

#### obviate ['obvieit]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 排除,使不必要: to anticipate and prevent (as a situation) or make unnecessary (as an action)

- 【例】 The new treatment obviates the need for surgery. 新的疗法使手术不再是必须的。
- 【近】 avert, forestall, preclude, stave off, head off

#### occult [5'kxlt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 难以理解的: not easily apprehended or understood: abstruse, mysterious

- 【例】 an occult reference in the text that has puzzled scholars 文章中一处晦涩的难倒了学者们的引注
- 【近】 ambiguous, arcane, equivocal, inscrutable, opaque, impenetrable
- 【反】 bare, manifest, patent, readily fathomable 暴露的,可理解的

# 【考法 2】 v. 使隐藏或神秘: to keep secret or shut off from view

- 【例】 occulted their house from prying eyes by planting large trees around it 在住所周围种满大树防止别人偷窥 || the actor's private life had long been occulted by a contrived public persona 演员的私人生活被一个精心打造的公众形象所遮掩
- 【近】 belie, blanket, cloak, conceal, cover, curtain, disguise, enshroud, mask, obscure, screen, shroud, suppress, veil, blot out, paper over
- 【反】 bare, disclose, display, divulge, expose, reveal, show, uncloak, uncover, unmask, unveil 暴露

#### odium ['eudiem]

## 【考法 1】 n. 憎恶, 讨厌: <u>strong dislike</u>, contempt, or aversion

- 【例】 time did nothing to diminish the odium in which the traitor lived out his days 时间也没有减少大家对这个叛徒的唾弃
- 【近】 ignominy, infamy, obloquy, opprobrium
- 【反】 esteem, honor, respect, hankering, infatuation 尊敬,渴望,着迷

#### offbeat [of'bixt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 不平常的: noticeably <u>different from</u> what is <u>generally found</u> or experienced

- 【例】 this writer has an enjoyably offbeat sense of humor 这个作者笑点很奇特
- 【近】 extraordinary, peculiar, queer, unaccustomed, uncommon, uncustomary, out-of-the-way
- 【反】 conventional, bathetic, hackneyed, common, ordinary, plain, usual 传统陈腐的, 平常普通的

#### offhand ['o:f'hænd]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 即兴的,没有准备的: without premeditation or preparation

- 【例】 couldn't give the figures offhand
- 【近】 ad-lib, extemporary, impromptu, improvised, unplanned, unpremeditated, unrehearsed
- 【反】 considered, planned, premeditated, prepared, rehearsed 事先谋划的

#### officious [əˈfi[əs]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 多管闲事的: <u>thrusting oneself</u> where one is not welcome or invited

- 【例】 an officious little man who was always telling everyone else how to do their jobs 一个多管闲事的人,总喜欢对他人的事情指手画脚
- 【近】 interfering, intruding, meddlesome, obtrusive, presuming, prying, snoopy
- 【反】 unobtrusive 不引人注目的

#### offish ['o:fi[]

# 【考法 1】 adj. 冷淡的: Inclined to be distant and reserved; aloof

【例】 consistently surly and offish with the would-be suitors who came calling 对于追求者总是阴沉并且冷淡

- 【近】 aloof, detached, distant, remote, unbending, unsociable
- 【反】 sociable, cordial, friendly, social, warm 热情的

#### off-key

【考法 1】 adj. 不寻常的,不合适的: being <u>out of accord with</u> what is considered <u>normal or appropriate</u>

【例】 a high-flown, off-key speech by a newcomer 来自于新手的颇有野心、不寻常的一次演讲

# Unit 4

OMINOUS OMNISCIENT ONEROUS OPAQUE OPINE OPPORTUNE OPPROBRIOUS ORATION ORIENT ORIGINAL

#### cenimc'] suonimo

【考法 1】 adj. 凶兆的: of or being an omen, especially an evil one

【例】 an ominous threat of war 战争来临的凶兆

【近】 baleful, foreboding, inauspicious, portentous, sinister, threatening, minatory

【反】 auspicious, unthreatening 吉兆的,不具有威胁的

#### omniscient [om`nisient]

【考法 1】 adj. 无所不知的: possessed of universal or complete knowledge

【例】 an omniscient deity 无所不知的神

【反】 vacuous 无知的

# onerous ['oneres]

【考法 1】 adj. 费时间花心思的: <u>requiring much time</u>, <u>effort</u>, or careful attention

- 【例】 building the scale model of the frigate was an onerous task 建造军舰的小模型非常花时间
- 【近】 arduous, burdensome, challenging, exacting, grueling, taxing, toilsome
- 【反】 requiring little effort, light, nondemanding, unchallenging, undemanding 轻松的,不费劲的

#### opaque [əu'peik]

# 【考法 1】 adj. 不透光的: impenetrable by light; neither transparent nor translucent

- 【近】blurry, dim, misty, murky, obscure, shadowy, unclear
- 【反】diaphanous, transparent 精致透明的

【考法 2】 adj. 晦涩的: so **obscure** as to be unintelligible

- 【例】opaque prose 晦涩的诗歌
- 【近】ambiguous, arcane, enigmatic, equivocal, inscrutable, occult
- 【反】clear, accessible, obvious, plain, unambiguous, unequivocal 清晰易懂的

#### opine [əu'pain]

# 【考法 1】 vt. 表达观点: to express opinions

【例】 You can opine about any subject you like. 你可以畅所欲言。

【近】 comment, editorialize, note, observe, reflect, weigh in

#### opportune ['opatjuːn]

【考法 1】 adj. 合适的,适当的: suitable or <u>convenient</u> for a particular occurrence

- 【例】 an opportune moment 方便的时机
- 【近】 seasonable, well-timed
- 【反】 inconvenient, untimely, inappropriate, unseasonable 不合适的

#### opprobrious [əˈprəubriəs]

【考法 1】 adj. 辱骂的: expressing contemptuous reproach; scornful or abusive

- 【例】 opprobrious language 脏话
- 【近】 scurrilous, vitriolic, vituperative, contumelious

【考法 2】 adj. 臭名昭著的,令人鄙视的: bringing disgrace; shameful or <u>infamous</u>

- 【例】 opprobrious conduct 令人鄙视的行为
- 【近】 discreditable, disgraceful, dishonorable, ignominious, infamous, notorious, shameful, unrespectable
- 【反】 irreproachable, honorable, reputable, respectable 无可指责的,受人尊敬的
- 【派】 opprobrium 恶名
- 【反】 good repute 好名声

#### oration [ə'rei[ən]

【考法 1】 n. (颇有野心、自高自大的)演说: a speech delivered in a high-flown or pompous manner

【近】 address, declamation, harangue, peroration

#### orient ['o:rient]

【考法 1】 vt. 确定方向,使熟悉或适应: to set or arrange in any <u>determinate position</u> especially in relation to the points of the compass; to <u>make familiar</u> with or adjusted to facts, principles, or a situation

- 【例】 orient students toward a career in medicine 指导学生从事医学的职业道路
- 【近】 accustom, familiarize, initiate, introduce, orientate
- 【反】 confuse 使迷惑

#### original [əˈridʒənəl]

【考法 1】 adj. 创新的: independent and creative in thought or action: inventive

- 【例】 The car has a highly original design. 这车的设计很新颖
- 【近】 ingenious, innovative, inventive
- 【反】 commonplace, banal, trite, familiar, hackneyed, time-honored, tired, warmed-over 陈腐的

【考法 2】 adj. 最初的,最早的: coming <u>before</u> all others <u>in time or order</u>

- 【例】 the original plan had to be discarded when the situation changed drastically 当环境发生剧烈变化时,最初的计划就该被放弃
- 【近】 earliest, foremost, headmost, inaugural, initial, leadoff, maiden, pioneer, premier, virgin
- 【反】 final, last, latter, terminal, ultimate 最终的

# Unit 5

# ORTHODOX OSCILLATE OSSIFY OSTENTATIOUS OSTRACIZE OUST OUTGOING OUTLANDISH OUTMANEUVER OUTSET

#### **orthodox** ['a:θədaks]

【考法 1】 adj. 传统的: following or agreeing with established form, custom, or rules

【例】 He believes in the benefits of both orthodox medicine and alternative medicine. 他既相信传统药物又相信替代药物的效用。

【近】 ceremonial, conventional, regular, routine

【反】 casual, freewheeling, informal, irregular, unceremonious, unconventional, unorthodox 不常见的

## oscillate ['osileit]

【考法 1】 vi. 振动,摇晃: to <u>swing</u> backward and forward like a pendulum

【反】remain static 静止

【考法 2】 v. 犹豫,变化: **vary** between opposing beliefs, feelings, or theories

#### ossify ['osifai]

【考法 1】 vi. 硬化,僵化: to become hardened or conventional and opposed to change

【例】 a disease that ossifies the joints 一种会使关节僵化的疾病

【反】 make pliant, transcend conventions, amenable to change 使柔软, 超越传统

# ostentatious [.ɔsten'tei∫əs]

【考法 1】 adj. 炫耀卖弄的: marked by or fond of <u>conspicuous</u> or vainglorious and sometimes <u>pretentious</u> display

【例】 wears an ostentatious diamond ring on her finger 她手指上戴着一枚巨大的钻戒

【近】 flamboyant, flaring, flashy, splashy

【反】 modest, artless, austere, unpretentious, conservative, quiet, understated, unflamboyant, unflashy 谦让的, 朴素的, 保守地

# ostracize ['ostrəsaiz]

【考法 1】 vt. 驱逐: to <u>exclude</u> from a group

【例】 He was ostracized from the scientific community for many years because of his radical political beliefs. 他因激进的政治理想被驱逐出了科学界很多年。

【近】 banish, bounce, chase, dismiss, expel, extrude, oust, boot out, cast out, run off, drum out, kick out, throw out, turf out

【反】 take in, include, embrace, welcome 接纳

#### oust [aust]

【考法 1】 vt. 免职: to <u>remove from</u> a position of prominence or power (as a throne)

【例】 be ousted from power 被赶下台

【近】 deprive, displace, uncrown, unthrone

【反】 instate, crown, enthrone, throne 任命

#### 【考法 2】 v. 驱逐: to <u>drive</u> or force <u>out</u>

【例】 she was ousted from her job after it was proven she'd been pilfering company supplies 她贪污公司财物这事被证实后,她被驱逐了

【近】 banish, boot out, cast out, chase, dismiss, drum out, expel, extrude, kick out, throw out, turf out, turn out

#### outgoing ['autgəuin]

【考法 1】 adj. 友好的,外向的: openly friendly and responsive: extroverted

【例】 a salesman whose aggressively outgoing personality could sometimes be overbearing 一个销售员如果过于热情会让人不能忍

【近】 companionable, extroverted, gregarious, sociable

【反】 antisocial, introverted, nongregarious, reclusive, unsociable, unsocial不合群的,不善交际的

#### outlandish [aut'lændi]]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 古怪的,奇异的: strikingly <u>out of the ordinary</u>: <u>bizarre</u>

【例】 an outlandish costume 奇装异服

【近】 bizarre, cranky, eccentric, erratic, offbeat, peculiar, remarkable

【反】 conventional, familiar, nonexotic, nonglamorous, plain-Jane, unglamorous, unromantic 常规的,平凡的

#### outmaneuver [autməˈnuːvə]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 以策略取胜: to <u>overcome</u> (an opponent) by artful, clever maneuvering

【例】 outmaneuvered his congressional opponent 以计谋战胜了国会的对手

【近】 outfox, outslick, outsmart, outthink, outwit

【反】 yield 屈服

#### outset ['autset]

【考法 1】 n. 开端, 开始: beginning, start

【例】 I wish you'd mentioned this problem at the outset. 我希望你开门见山就提到这个问题。

【近】 alpha, commencement, genesis, inception, incipience, nascence

【反】 termination, close, conclusion, end, ending, omega 终止

# Unit 6

# OUTWIT OVERBEARING OVERLAP OVERT OVERTURE OXYMORON PACIFY PADDING PAEAN PAINSTAKING

#### outwit [aut'wit]

【考法 1】 v. 瞒骗,以智取胜: to <u>surpass</u> in cleverness or <u>cunning</u>; outsmart

【例】 a plan to outwit their opponents at their own game 在擅长的领域智取对手的计划

【近】 outfox, outmaneuver, outslick, outsmart, outthink

#### overbearing [,əuvəˈbεəriŋ]

【考法 1】 adj. 专横傲慢的: domineering in manner; <u>arrogant</u>

【例】 Her husband's overbearing manner made her miserable. 她的丈夫专横傲慢,让她痛不欲生。

【近】 authoritative, despotic, dictatorial, imperious, masterful, peremptory

#### 【反】 meek, unassuming 谦逊的

【考法 2】 adj. 压倒一切的,在力量或重要性上势不可挡的;支配的,显著的: <u>overwhelming in power</u> or significance; **predominant**, coming before all others in importance

【例】 the overbearing problem in our nation's schools 我国中小学教育的最突出的问题

【近】 capital, cardinal, central, chief, dominant, key, leading, master, number one, overmastering, overriding, paramount, predominant, preeminent, premier, primary, prior, sovereign, supreme

#### overlap ['əuvə'læp]

【考法 1】 vt. 重叠, 重复: to occupy the same area in part

【例】 Baseball season overlaps football season in September. 棒球赛季和橄榄球赛季在九月有时间重合。

【近】 lap, overlay, overlie, overspread

#### overt ['euve:t]

【考法 1】 adj. 明显的,公开的: open and observable; not hidden, concealed, or secret

【例】 overt hostility 公然的敌意

【反】 shadowy 模糊的

#### overture ['euvetjue]

【考法 1】 n. 前言: an <u>introductory</u> section or part, as of a poem; a <u>prelude</u>

【近】 preamble, preliminary, prologue, warm-up, curtain-raiser

【考法 2】 n. 序曲: an instrumental composition intended especially as an <u>introduction</u> to an extended work, such as an opera or oratorio

【例】 the parade down Main Street served as the overture for a weekend of fun and festivities 主干道上的游行活动拉开了一周节日活动的序幕

【反】 coda 结尾

#### oxymoron [oksi'mo:ron]

【考法 1】 n. 矛盾修饰法: a combination of contradictory or incongruous words

【例】 The phrase "cruel kindness" is an oxymoron. "残酷的仁慈"就是矛盾修饰法的一个例子。|| The phrase "Broadway rock musical" is an oxymoron. Broadway doesn't have the nerve to let the really hard stuff in the house. "百老汇的摇滚音乐剧"是个反讽。百老汇才不会允许吵吵闹闹的东西在里面演出。

#### pacify ['pæsifai]

【考法 1】 vt. 使平静,安慰: to <u>ease the anger</u> or agitation of

【例】 pacify a crying child 安抚一个哭泣的孩子

【近】 appease, assuage, conciliate, mollify, placate, propitiate

【反】 incite, rankle, tantrum, vex, discompose, truculent 煽动激起

#### padding ['pædin]

【考法 1】 n. 夸张,废话: the representation of something in terms that **go beyond the facts** 

【例】 that feature writer is sometimes guilty of padding, but he keeps it from getting out of hand 这作者有时候夸夸其谈,但是保持了适度

【近】 caricature, coloring, elaboration, embellishment, embroidery, hyperbole, magnification, overstatement, stretching

【反】 meiosis, understatement 轻描淡写

## paean ['pi:ən]

#### 【考法 1】 n. 欢乐颂: a joyous song or hymn of praise, tribute, thanksgiving, or triumph

- 【近】 accolade, citation, dithyramb, eulogium, eulogy, hymn, panegyric, tribute

#### painstaking ['peinsteikin]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 煞费苦心的: taking pains: expending, showing, or involving diligent care and effort
- 【例】 It took months of painstaking research to write the book. 这本书的写作耗费了几个月的苦心研究。
- 【近】 careful, conscientious, fussy, meticulous, scrupulous
- 【反】 slipshod, cursory, careless 漫不经心的,草率的

# Unit 7

PALATABLE PALATIAL PALL PALLIATE PALLID PALMY PALPABLE PALTER PALTRY PAN

#### palatable ['pælətəbl]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 感到愉悦满足的: giving <u>pleasure</u> or <u>contentment</u> to the mind or senses

- 【例】 I always associate the palatable aroma of roasting turkey with Thanksgiving. 我总是把香喷喷的烤火鸡的味道和感恩节联系起来
- 【近】 agreeable, blessed, congenial, delectable, delightful, delightsome, dreamy, dulcet, enjoyable, felicitous, grateful, gratifying, heavenly, jolly, luscious, pleasurable, satisfying, savory
- 【反】 disagreeable, pleasureless, unpalatable, unpleasant, unwelcome 不愉悦的

#### palatial [pəˈleɪʃəl]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 宫殿般奢华的: of the nature of a palace, as in spaciousness or ornateness

- 【例】a palatial penthouse apartment 一套豪华的顶层公寓
- 【近】deluxe, lavish, luxuriant, opulent, sumptuous
- 【反】 ascetic, austere, humble, no-frills, spartan

#### pall [po:l]

#### 【考法 1】 vi. 失去兴趣: to <u>lose</u> in <u>interest</u> or attraction

- 【例】 His humor began to pall on us. 他的幽默开始使我们生腻了。
- 【反】 interest, intrigue 激发兴趣

#### palliate ['pælɪeɪt]

#### 【考法 1】 v. 平息,减轻: to make <u>less severe</u> or <u>intense</u>; mitigate

- 【例】 palliative drug 缓解剂
- 【近】 allay, alleviate, assuage, mitigate, mollify, palliate, relieve, soothe
- 【反】 aggravate, exacerbate, worsen, increase intensity 加剧, 恶化

#### pallid ['pælɪd]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 无生气的,缺乏活力的: lacking in radiance or vitality; dull
- 【例】 The movie is a pallid version of the classic novel. 这部经典小说改编的电影很苍白无力。
- 【反】 piquant 兴奋的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 苍白无血色的: having an abnormally pale or wan complexion
- 【例】 a pallid girl who looked as though she'd never seen the sun 一个面色苍白的姑娘, 仿佛从来没有晒过太阳
- 【近】 ashen, ashy, blanched, pasty, wan
- 【反】 rubicund, blooming, florid, flush, full-blooded, glowing, ruddy, sanguine 红润的

#### palmy [pa:lmi]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 繁荣的: marked by prosperity
- 【例】 the palmy days of the British drama 英国戏剧的繁荣时期
- 【近】 flourishing, prosperous, thriving, booming, lush, roaring, halcyon
- 【反】 failed, depressed, unprosperous, unsuccessful 不成功,不繁荣的

#### palpable ['pælpəbl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 摸得到的: capable of being touched or felt
- 【例】 a small but palpable lump in my neck 我脖子上有一块小但是能摸得到的肿块
- 【近】 touchable
- 【反】 impalpable, intangible
- 【考法 2】 adj. 明显的,易觉察的: easily perceived; <u>obvious</u>
- 【例】 a palpable difference 易觉察的差别
- 【近】 apprehensible, detectable, discernible, distinguishable, sensible
- 【反】 imperceptible, inappreciable, indistinguishable, insensible, undetectable 隐晦的,细微的

#### palter [po:lte]

#### 【考法 1】 vi. 欺骗: to act <u>insincerely</u> or <u>deceitfully</u>

- 【例】 unwilling to palter over the price of the house 拒绝对房子漫天要价
- 【近】 chaffer, deal, dicker, haggle, horse-trade, negotiate, equivocate
- 【反】 candor 坦率

#### paltry ['po:ltri]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 无价值的; 微不足道的: lacking in <u>importance</u> or worth
- 【例】 used a paltry, underhanded scheme to get him fired 用一个微小卑鄙的手段炒了他鱿鱼
- 【近】 inconsequential, inconsiderable, insignificant, niggling, piddling, piffling, trivial
- 【反】 significant, important, big, consequential, considerable, material 意义重大的
- 【考法 2】 adj. 让人厌恶,让人鄙视的: arousing or deserving of one's <u>loathing and disgust</u>
- 【例】 a paltry, underhanded scheme to get someone fired 一个卑鄙的炒掉某人的计谋
- 【近】 cheap, cruddy, deplorable, despicable, grubby, lame, lousy, mean, scummy, scurvy, sneaking, wretched
- 【反】 admirable, commendable, creditable, laudable, meritorious, praiseworthy 令人尊敬的

#### pan [pæn]

#### 【考法 1】 v./n. 严厉批评: a <u>harsh criticism</u>

【例】 almost all the movie critics have panned this latest sequel in a tired series 几乎所有的影评家都批评 这部最新续集,认为是狗尾续貂

- 【近】 blame, censure, condemn, denounce, dispraise, reprehend
- 【反】 eulogize, extol, rave, laud, praise 称赞

# Unit 8

PANACHE PANDEMIC PANDEMONIUM PANEGYRIC PANORAMIC PARABLE PARADIGM PARADISE PARADOX PARAGON

#### panache [pəˈnæ[]

【考法 1】 n. 炫耀: dash or **flamboyance** in style and action

- 【例】 The BBC Symphony Orchestra played with great panache. BBC 交响乐队
- 【反】 humility, unremarkable behavior, dullness 谦逊,寻常举止,平庸乏味

# pandemic [pæn'demik]

【考法 1】 adj. 大范围流行的: widespread; general

- 【例】 pandemic malaria 大规模的疟疾
- 【反】 limited 有限的

### pandemonium [pændɪˈməʊnɪəm]

【考法 1】 n. 喧嚣,骚动: wild uproar or <u>noise</u>

- 【例】 Christmas morning at our house is always marked by pandemonium 圣诞节的早上总是免不了一番吵吵闹闹
- 【近】 bluster, bustle, disturbance, furor, fuss, hubbub, moil, pother, ruckus, ruction, tumult, turmoil, uproar
- 【反】 serene 安静

#### panegyric [pænɪˈdʒɪrɪk]

【考法 1】 n. 赞颂之词: a <u>eulogistic</u> oration or writing

- 【例】 wrote a panegyric on the centennial of the Nobel laureate's birth 为诺贝尔获得者百年诞辰纪念日写了一篇溢美之词
- 【近】 accolade, citation, commendation, dithyramb, eulogium, eulogy, hymn, paean
- 【反】 anathema, denunciation, condemnation 诅咒,谴责

#### panoramic [,pænə`ræmɪk]

【考法 1】 adj. 全景的: of an unobstructed or complete view of an area in every direction

- 【例】 a panorama of American history 美国历史总览
- 【近】 compendious, complete, comprehensive, cyclopedic, embracive, exhaustive, thorough, in-depth
- 【反】 narrow 狭窄的

#### parable ['pærəbəl]

【考法 1】 n. 寓言: a story intended to <u>teach a basic truth</u> or moral about life

【例】 the parable in which the repentant sinner is compared to the returning prodigal son 这个寓言故事将不愿悔过的罪人和回头的浪子进行了比较

# 【近】 apologue, fable

#### paradigm ['pærədaɪm]

- 【考法 1】 n. 典范,模范: one that serves as a pattern or model
- 【例】 He was the paradigm of the successful man. 他是成功人士的典范
- 【近】 archetype, example, exemplar, ideal, model, pattern, paragon

#### paradise ['pærədaɪs]

- 【考法 1】 n. 天堂, 极乐世界: an often imaginary place or state of utter perfection and happiness
- 【近】 bliss, empyrean, heaven, nirvana, utopia
- 【反】 hell, inferno 地狱
- 【考法 2】 n. 快乐, 狂喜: a state of overwhelming usually <u>pleasurable emotion</u>
- 【例】 that early stage of a romance when lovers are in paradise 爱情初期, 当恋人们都处于快乐兴奋的状态时
- 【近】 elation, euphoria, exhilaration, intoxication, rapture, rhapsody, transport
- 【反】 dejection, depression, gloominess, melancholy 沮丧,哀伤

## paradox ['pærədɔks]

- 【考法 1】 n. 表面矛盾实际可能正确的话,悖论: a statement that is seemingly contradictory or <u>opposed to</u> <u>common sense</u> and yet is perhaps true
- 【例】 The paradox is that fishermen would catch more fish if they fished less. 存在的一个悖论就是: 如果渔民减少捕鱼量的话,他们将会捕到更多的鱼
- 【近】 dichotomy, incongruity

#### paragon ['pærəqon]

- 【考法 1】 n. 优秀模范: a model of excellence or perfection of a kind; a peerless <u>example</u>
- 【例】 a paragon of good husband 模范好丈夫
- 【近】 archetype, example, exemplar, ideal, model, pattern, paradigm
- 【考法 2】 vt. 把…比作;显示相似: to compare with; parallel
- 【例】 paragon retreat with treachery 把撤退比作是背叛
- 【近】 assimilate, compare, equate, liken, match, parallel
- 【反】 contrast 对比,对照以产生反差

# Unit 9

PARAMOUNT PARANOID PARAPHRASE PARCH PARENTHESIS
PARIAH PARITY PARODY PAROXYSM PARROT

#### paramount ['pærəmaunt]

#### 【考法 1】 adj. 最重要的: of chief concern or importance

【例】 The paramount goal is to restore the colonial-era house with complete historical accuracy. 最重要的任务就是十分精确地依照历史重建殖民时期的建筑

- 【近】 cardinal, chief, key, leading, main, predominant, preeminent, primary, principal, supreme
- 【反】 ancillary, secondary 次要的; paltry, petty, trifling, trivial 不重要的

#### paranoid ['pærə,nɔɪd]

【考法 1】 adj. 多疑的,对他人极端恐惧和怀疑的: exhibiting or characterized by <u>extreme</u> and irrational <u>fear or</u> distrust of others

- 【例】 a paranoid suspicion that the phone might be bugged 疑神疑鬼地担心电话被窃听了
- 【近】 distrustful, nervous, suspicious, unbelieving, worried
- 【反】 credulous 轻信的
- 【派】 paranoia n. 偏执狂

#### paraphrase ['pærə,freɪz]

【考法 1】 v. 转述,意译,改写: to express something (as a text or statement) in different words

- 【例】 Could you please paraphrase your diagnosis of my health condition, using simpler language? 您能否用更通俗的话语转述一下您对我健康状况的诊断呢
- 【近】 rephrase, restate, reword, translate
- 【反】 quote (不加以修改地)引用

#### parch [pa:t[]

【考法 1】 vi. 烤干: to make extremely <u>dry</u>, especially by exposure to heat

- 【例】 parch a surface from exposure to sun 通过太阳照射烤干一个面
- 【近】 dehydrate, desiccate, dry, scorch, sear
- 【反】 douse, drench, hydrate, steep, wash, water, wet 弄湿

#### parenthesis [pəˈrenθɪsɪs]

#### 【考法 1】 n. 间断: an interruption of continuity; an interval

- 【例】 a parenthesis in an otherwise solid marriage 在本该是完满婚姻中的一个插曲
- 【近】 discontinuity, interim, interlude, intermission, interregnum, interruption, interstice, interval
- 【反】 continuation, continuity 持续不断; resumption继续

#### pariah [pəˈraɪə]

【考法 1】 n. 被排斥或鄙视的人: one that is **despised or rejected**, outcast

- 【例】 I felt like a pariah when I wore the wrong outfit to the dinner party. 当我穿着不恰当的礼服赴宴时,我感觉自己被别人狠狠地鄙视了
- 【近】 castaway, castoff, leper, reject
- 【反】 respectable person 值得尊敬的人

#### parity ['pærɪtɪ]

【考法 1】 n. 相称,同等,平等: the quality or state of being equal or equivalent

- 【例】 to achieve parity with our commercial competitors 取得与我们的商业竞争对手同等的地位
- 【近】 coequality, coordinateness, equality, equivalency, par, sameness
- 【反】 disparity, imparity, inequality不公平; incommensurateness 不相称

#### parody ['pærədɪ]

【考法 1】 n. (以嘲笑原作作者的)模仿作品: a literary or musical work in which the style of an author or work is closely <u>imitated for</u> comic effect or in <u>ridicule</u>

- 【例】 The Back Dormitory Boys specialize in parody of Backstreet Boys. 后舍男生擅长恶搞后街男孩。
- 【近】 burlesque, caricature, spoof, travesty
- 【考法 2】 v. 模仿(以嘲弄): to copy or exaggerate (someone or something) in order to make fun of
- 【例】 parodying a public figure's mannerisms 模仿嘲弄一个公共人物的举止
- 【近】 imitate, mock, mimic

#### paroxysm ['pærəksizəm]

【考法 1】 n. (感情、动作的) 突发: a sudden <u>outburst</u> of emotion or action

- 【例】a paroxysm of coughing 突然一阵咳嗽
- 【近】burst, ebullition, eruption, explosion, flare, flash, flush, gush, outburst, storm
- 【考法 2】 n. (政治、社会领域的) 大动荡: a violent **disturbance** (as of the political or social order)
- 【近】bouleversement, cataclysm, earthquake, hurricane, storm, tempest, tumult, upheaval, uproar

## parrot ['pærət]

【考法 1】 vt. (机械地)模仿,复制: to repeat or <u>imitate</u>, especially <u>without understanding</u>

- 【例】 parrot others blindly 盲目地人云亦云
- 【近】 copy, ditto, duplicate, echo, quote
- 【反】 coin, create, devise, invent 创造

# Unit 10

PARRY	<b>PARSIMONIOUS</b>	PARTIAL	<b>PARTICULARIZE</b>	PARTISAN
PASTICHE	PARTITION	PATENT	PATHOLOGICAL	PATINA

#### parry ['pæriː]

【考法 1】 vt. 躲避 (问题): to **evade** especially by an adroit answer

- 【例】 He parried the embarrassing question with a clever reply. 他以巧妙的回答躲避了这个令人尴尬的问题
- 【近】 avoid, dodge, elude, eschew, evade, finesse, scape, shirk, shun

#### parsimonious [,pa:sə'məuni:əs]

【考法 1】 n. 过度节俭的,吝啬的: frugal to the point of <u>stinginess</u>

- 【例】 the stereotype of the dour and parsimonious Scotsman 严肃而吝啬的苏格兰人的典型代表
- 【近】 closefisted, mean, mingy, miserly, niggardly, penurious, stinting, tight, tightfisted, uncharitable, ungenerous
- 【反】 generous, liberal, munificent 慷慨的; dissolute, extravagant, prodigal, wasteful 浪费的, 挥霍的

#### partial ['pa:[l]

【考法 1】 adj. 偏袒的,偏爱的: inclined to favor one party more than the other: biased

- 【例】 He is partial to Maverick. 他偏爱小牛队
- 【近】 biased, one-sided, partisan, prejudiced

【反】 disinterested, equitable, evenhanded, fair, impartial, neutral, objective, unbiased, unprejudiced 公平的

# 【考法 2】 adj. 部分的,不完整的: <u>lacking</u> some necessary part

- 【例】 a partial answer to the problem 一部分的解答
- 【近】 deficient, fragmental, fragmentary, half, halfway
- 【反】 complete, entire, full, intact, integral, perfect, whole 完整的
- 【派】 partially adv. 部分地; partiality n. 偏袒,偏爱

#### particularize [pəˈtɪkjʊləraɪz]

#### 【考法 1】 vt. 详述: to go into or give details or particulars

- 【例】 particularize the rules you must observe 详述了你需要遵守的规定
- 【近】 detail, specificate, specify

# partisan [pa:ti'zæn]

# 【考法 1】 n. 跟随者,信徒: one who follows the opinions or teachings of another

- 【例】 Partisans of the charismatic leader refuse to tolerate any criticism of him at all. 跟随者们不允许任何有关他们富有魅力的领导的负面言论
- 【近】 acolyte, adherent, disciple, pupil, votary
- 【反】 bellwether, leader 领导者
- 【考法 2】 n. (狂热、坚定的) 拥护者, 支持者: one who is intensely or **excessively devoted** to a cause
- 【例】 a partisan of the revolution who was even willing to give her life for it 一个愿意为了革命献出自己生命的坚定拥护者
- 【近】 crusader, fanatic, ideologue, zealot, true believer
- 【反】 adversary, antagonist, opponent 反对者

#### 【考法 3】adj. 偏袒的: inclined to favor one side over another

- 【例】 a shamelessly partisan news report 一篇无耻的、有倾向性的新闻报道
- 【近】 biased, one-sided, partial, prejudiced
- 【反】 disinterested, equitable, evenhanded, fair, impartial, neutral, objective, unbiased, unprejudiced 公平的

# pastiche [pæ'sti:]]

# 【考法 1】n. (带嘲讽的)模仿: a literary, artistic, musical, or architectural work that <u>imitates</u> the style of previous work, often with satirical intent

- 【例】 a pastiche of Botticelli's Birth of Venus 波提且利画作《维纳斯的诞生》的仿品
- 【近】 burlesque, caricature, imitation, parody, spoof, travesty
- 【反】 original work 原作

# 【考法 2】 n. 大杂烩: a pasticcio of incongruous parts; a hodgepodge

- 【例】 a pastiche of dishes from many countries 来自众多国家的饮食杂烩
- 【近】 agglomerate, collage, hodgepodge, jumble, jungle, medley, montage, motley, salad, variety, welter

#### partition [paːˈti[ən]

#### 【考法 1】 n. 分割,划分: the act or process of dividing something into parts

- 【例】 the partition of Czechoslovakia into the Czech Republic and Slovakia捷克斯洛伐克被分裂成捷克共和国和斯洛伐克
- 【近】 bifurcation, breakup, cleavage, disunion, division, fractionalization, schism, scission, split, sundering
- 【反】 unification, union 联合

#### patent ['pætnt]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 显而易见的,明显的: <u>readily visible</u> or intelligible: obvious
- 【例】 Unfortunately, the patent flaw of the proposal did not deter the city council from putting it up for a vote. 不幸的是,尽管提案中有着显而易见的缺陷,市议会依然将它拿出来进行投票
- 【近】 apparent, blatant, conspicuous, evident, flagrant, manifest, obvious, plain
- 【反】 concealed, hidden, invisible 隐藏的,不可见的

### pathological [ˌpæθəˈlɔdʒɪkəl]

- 【考法 1】 adj. 不正常的,病态的: being such to a degree that is extreme, excessive, or markedly abnormal
- 【例】 She has a pathological fear of snakes. 她对蛇有一种病态的恐惧
- 【近】 abnormal, aberrant, anomalous, morbid
- 【反】 normal 正常的; natural 自然的

# patina ['pætinə]

- 【考法 1】 n. 外表: a <u>superficial</u> covering or exterior
- 【例】 a superficial patina of knowledge 表面肤浅的知识
- 【近】 façade, hull, skin, veneer
- 【反】 essential quality 本质; core, kernel 核心
- 【考法 2】 n. (由内而外散发的) 氛围,气场: an <u>appearance or aura</u> that is derived from association, habit, or established character
- 【例】 Although the winery is brand-new, it has been constructed and decorated to give it a patina of old-world quaintness. 尽管酿酒厂是全新建造的,但它的构造和装饰都刻意营造出一种古色古香的奇异氛围
- 【反】 air, ambience, aroma, atmosphere, climate, flavor, halo, odor, smell, temper, vibration