Data ingestion from RDS to HDFS using Sqoop

We followed the below steps to complete the above task:

1. First, we create a EMR cluster containing apps Hadoop and Sqoop and then logged into the EMR cluster and switched to root user by running **sudo -i** command.

```
🧬 root@ip-172-31-8-83:∼
   login as: hadoop
  Authenticating with public key "kuhu"
                     Amazon Linux 2 AMI
https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
92 package(s) needed for security, out of 158 available
Run "sudo yum update" to apply all updates.
EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMM
                                        E:\ldots:E \ M:\ldots:M
                                       M:::::::M R:::::::::::::::::::::::::R
EE:::::EEEEEEEEE:::E M:::::::M
                                      M:::::::M R:::::RRRRRR:::::R
                                     EEEEE M::::::M
 E::::E
                                    M:::M::::M R:::R R::::R
M:::M M::::M R:::RRRRRR::::R
                    M::::M M:::M M:::M M:::M
M::::M M:::M::M
 E::::EEEEE...
E:::::E
                                         M:::::M
              EEEEE M:::::M
                                 MMM
EE::::EEEEEEEE::::E M:::::M
                                         M:::::M RR::::R
E:::::E M:::::M
EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMM
                                         MMMMMMM RRRRRRR
                                                               RRRRRR
[hadoop@ip-172-31-8-83 ~]$ sudo -i
EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMM
                                        \texttt{M} \colon \colon \colon \colon \colon \colon \texttt{M} \; \; \mathsf{R} \colon \colon \colon \colon \colon \colon \mathsf{R}
EE:::::EEEEEEEEE:::E M:::::::M
                                      M:::::::M R:::::RRRRRR:::::R
              EEEEE M::::::M
                                     M:::::::: M RR::::R
                     M:::::M M:::M M::::M
 E::::EEEEEEEEE
                    M:::::M
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EE:::::EEEEEEEE::::E M:::::M
                                         M:::::M
M:::::M RR::::R
                                         MMMMMM RRRRRR
EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE MMMMMMM
                                                               RRRRRR
```

2. Next, we need to run the below commands to install the MySQL connector jar file:

wget https://de-mysql-connector.s3.amazonaws.com/mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.tar.gz

tar -xvf mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.tar.gz

cd mysql-connector-java-8.0.25/

sudo cp mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.jar /usr/lib/sqoop/lib/

```
[root@ip-172-31-8-83 ~] # cd mysql-connector-java-8.0.25/
[root@ip-172-31-8-83 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25] # sudo cp mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.jar /usr/lib/sqoop/lib/
```

3. Next, for ingesting data from AWS RDS's MySQL database instance to the EMR cluster, we ran the below command:

```
sqoop import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://upgraddetest.cyaielc9bmnf.us-east-
1.rds.amazonaws.com/testdatabase \
--username student \
--password STUDENT123 \
--table SRC_ATM_TRANS \
--target-dir /user/root/bank_repo \
-m 1
```

Explanation for the above command is as follows:

- sqoop import is a command used for importing data
- --connect specifies the JDBC string of the MySQL database
- --username specifies the username to connect to the MySQL database
- --password specifies the password to connect to the MySQL database
- --table specifies the MySQL table name from where the data will be imported
- --target-dir specifies the directory to where the data will be imported
- -m 1 specifies the number of mappers

```
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```

```
### October 172-31-8-83-/mysql-connector-java-80.25

24/05/30 04:36:12 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job 1717042785276 0001

24/05/30 04:36:12 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 0% reduce 0%

24/05/30 04:36:12 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 10% reduce 0%

24/05/30 04:36:41 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 10% reduce 0%

24/05/30 04:36:41 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 10% reduce 0%

24/05/30 04:36:41 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job 1717042785276_0001 completed successfully

24/05/30 04:36:41 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job 1717042785276_0001 completed successfully

24/05/30 04:36:41 INFO mapreduce.Job: Counters: 30

File: Number of bytes written=189549

FILE: Number of bytes written=189549

FILE: Number of Pad operations=0

FILE: Number of large read operations=0

FILE: Number of bytes written=531214815

HDFS: Number of bytes written=531214815

HDFS: Number of the sead-87

HDFS: Number of the sead-97

HDFS: Number of write operations=0

HDFS: Number of write operations=2

Job Counters

Launched map tasks=1

Other local map tasks=1

Other local map tasks=1

Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=1203264

Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=0

Total time spent by all map tasks (ms)=25068

Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=38504448

Map-Reduce Pramework

Map input records=2468572

Input split bytes=87

Spilled Redords=0

GC time elapsed (ms)=206

GCU time spent (ms)=2810

Herged Map outputs=0

GC time elapsed (ms)=206

GCU time elapsed (ms)=206

File Input Format Counters

Bytes Read=0

File Output Forma
```

We can see from the above screenshot's last line: 2468572 records have been retrieved.

4. Next, we ran the command hadoop fs -ls /user/root/bank_repo which has two files: 1. The success file which indicates the import was successful and Mapreduce job ran correctly 2. The file where all the data from RDS table got stored (Only 1 file got created because only 1 mapper ran and all the data got stored in this 1 file)

```
[root@ip-172-31-8-83 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25] # hadoop fs -ls /user/root/bank_repo
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r-- 1 root hadoop 0 2024-05-30 04:36 /user/root/bank_repo/_SUCCESS
-rw-r--r-- 1 root hadoop 531214815 2024-05-30 04:36 /user/root/bank_repo/part-m-00000
```

5. Next, we ran the command **hadoop fs -cat /user/root/bank_repo/part-m-00000** to see the list of data that got imported from RDS to HDFS.

```
[root8ip-172-31-8-83 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]* hadoop fs -cat /user/root/bank repo/part-m=00000
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 1, NCR, NAfAistved, Farimagve), 8, 4700, 55. 233, 11.763, DKK, MasterCard, 2643, Withdrawal, ,, 55. 230, 11.761, 2616038, Naestved, 281.150, 1014
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Inactive, 2, NCR, Vejgaard, Hadsundvej, 20, 9000, 57.043, 9.950, DKK, MasterCard, 1764, Withdrawal, ,, 57.048, 9.935, 2616235, NAfA, rresundby, 280.640, 1020, 93, 9, 250, 0.590, 92, 500, Rain, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Inactive, 2, NCR, Vejgaard, Hadsundvej, 20, 9000, 57.043, 9.950, DKK, MisterCard, 1764, Withdrawal, ,, 57.048, 9.935, 2616235, NAfA, rresundby, 280.640, 1020, 93, 9, 250, 0.590, 92, 2500, Rain, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Lative, 3, NcR, Niset, SAfAidhusstrāfā; det, 12, 7430, 56.139, 9.154, DKK, VISA, 1891, Withdrawal, ,, 55.642, 12.080, 2614481, Roskilde, 280.610, 101
4, 87, 7, 260, 0.000, 88, 701, Mist, sain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 5, NCR, Nibe, Torvet, 1, 9240, 56.983, 9.639, DKK, MasterCard, 3269, Withdrawal, ,, 56.981, 9639, 2616483, Nibe, 280.640, 1020, 93, 9, 2500, Rain, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 5, NCR, Nibe, Torvet, 1, 9240, 56.983, 9.639, DKK, MasterCard, 3269, Withdrawal, ,, 56.981, 9639, 2616483, Nibe, 280.640, 1020, 93, 9, 250, 0.590, 92, 500, Rain, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 5, NCR, Nibe, Torvet, 1, 9240, 56.983, 9.639, DKK, MasterCard, 3670, Withdrawal, ,, 55.666, 9.753, 2621951, Fredericia, 281.150, 1011, 93, 7, 230, 0.290, 92, 500, Rain, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 5, NCR, Nibe, Torvet, 1, 9240, 56.983, 9.639, DKK, MasterCard, 877, Withdrawal, ,, 55.666, 9.753, 2621951, Fredericia, 281.150, 1011, 93, 7, 230, 0.290, 92, 500, Active, 5, NcR, Nibe, Torvet, 1, 9240, 56.983, 9.639, DKK, MasterCard, 877, Withdrawal, ,, 55.666, 9.753, 2621951, Fredericia, 281.150, 1011, 100, 6, 260, 0.000, 70, 200, 92, 500, Asin, light rain
2017, January, 1, Sunday, 0, Active, 5, NcR, Nibe, Freder
```