#### **International Organisations**

The Bare Minimum for BCS

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#### Preface

#### **Preface**

What follows are my notes on International Organisations. Many of these things change quite frequently and so these notes may be out of date when you read them. Proceed with caution. There's probably plenty of mistakes, all my own. Inform me whenever you find one.

Use at your own peril.

Susmit Islam

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Commonwealth of Nations

#### Commonwealth of Nations

- Intro: political organisation, largely composed of former
   British colonies
- **■** Establishment:
  - Balfour declaration: → "British Commonwealth of Nations" (1926)
  - Statute of Westminster (1931) made the dominions their own sovereign states
  - London declaration → "Commonwealth of Nations" (1949)
- Members: 56

#### Commonwealth of Nations

- Latest members: Togo, Gabon (2022)
- The last 4 members are the only ones that have never been British colonies
  - Mozambique (1st non-colony member; 2009)
  - Rwanda (2009)
  - o Togo (2022)
  - o Gabon (2022)
- **HQ:** Marlborough house, London.
- Head: Queen Elizabeth II.

NAM (Non-Aligned Movement)

#### NAM (Non-Aligned Movement)

#### Intro:

- Formed during the Cold War by countries supporting neither the Soviet nor the US
- 2nd largest international organisation after the UN

#### Establishment:

- 1961; Belgrade, Yugoslavia
- Based on Bandung Conference (Bandung, Indonesia; 1955)
- Members: 120 members, 20 observers.
- HQ: None

## OIC (Organisation of Islamic

Co-operation)

#### OIC (Organisation of Islamic Co-operation)

- Intro: Made in the wake of the Arab-Israel war
- Establishment:
  - Sep 25, 1969, as Organisation of Islamic Conference
  - Changed to current name in 2011
- Members: 57
- HQ: Jeddah
- 1st sec. gen.: Tunku Abdul Rahman (Malaysia)
- Current sec. gen.: Hissein Brahim Taha (Chad)

#### ■ Intro:

- World's largest economic union
- Political and economic union, with an internal single market
- After the end of the Cold War and the unification of Germany, to "further advance European integration"

#### Establishment:

- Treaty of Rome: (1957)
  - Established European Economic Community (EEC)

- Signed by 6 countries: Belgium, France,
   Netherlands, W. Germany, Italy, Luxembourg
- o Signed: Mar 25, 1957
- Effective: Jan 1, 1958
- After formation of EU, renamed to European Community (EC)
- Was one of the "3 pillars" of EU till 2009, when the
   3-pillar system was abolished and the functions of the pillars were absorbed into EU
- Treaty of Maastricht: (1992; Maastricht, Netherlands)
  - Signed by 12 countries marking the beginning of EU

Signed: Feb 7, 1992.

Effective: Nov 1, 1993.

• Treaty of Lisbon: (2007)

Initially called "Reform Treaty"

Amendment of the Maastricht treaty

Signed: Dec 13, 2007

o Effective: Dec 1, 2009

 Abolished the 3-pillar system and marked the emergence of the EU as a legal person

o In 2012, the EU received the Nobel Peace Prize

■ Members: 27

- **HQ:** Brussels, Belgium.
- Structure:
  - 7 institutions, 1st 4 are the main decision-making institutions
    - European Parliament
      - \* Location: Strasbourg (France), Brussels, Luxembourg
      - Members: 705 MEPs (members of European parliament)
    - European Council
    - \* Location: Brussels

- \* Members: Heads of state of EU member countries
- \* President: Charles Michel
- Council of the EU
- \* Location: Brussels
- \* Members: Ministers of EU member countries
- European Commission
- Court of Justice of the EU
- \* Location: Luxembourg
- European Central Bank
- \* Location: Frankfurt, Germany

\* Members: ECB President and Vice-President and governors of national central banks from all EU countries

#### ■ Euro:

- "Members":
  - 19 member states, together called eurozone / euro area, have adopted the euro as their primary currency.
  - o Croatia will become the 20th member on Jan 1, 2023
  - Other EU members can join the eurozone when they fulfill the criteria for joining

#### • Launch:

- o Jan 1, 1999
- 11 member states had met the criteria back then,
   and hence those 11 were the firsts to adopt the euro
- Physical notes and coins were launched on Jan 1, 2002.

## AU (African Union)

#### AU (African Union)

- Establishment:
  - OAU (Organisation of African Unity) → May 25, 1963
  - Sirte declaration → Sep 9, 1999 (9/9/99); signed by heads of OAU states
  - AU officially launched in Jul 9, 2002.
- Members: 55
  - Latest member: Morocco (2017)
  - All African nations are members

#### AU (African Union)

- Morocco was a founding member of OAU, but quit in 1984
  due to the acceptance of Sahrawi Arab Democratic
  Republic as a member state, most of the territory of
  which is ruled by Morocco. Nonetheless, it is a partially
  recognised sovereign state, with 41 UN nations
  recognising it.
- **HQ:** Addis Ababa.
- Chairperson: Macky Sall (President of Senegal)

### Arab League

#### Arab League

- Establishment:
  - Alexandria protocol (1945) → Arab league (Mar 22, 1945)
- Members:
  - Member states: 22
  - Observer states: 7
    - Armenia
    - o Brazil
    - Chad
    - Eritrea
    - Greece

#### Arab League

- India
- Venezuela
- Latest member: Comoros (1993)
- Suspended member: Syria (since 2011)
- Probably unrelated fact: Egypt and Syria formed the United Arab Republic in 1958 (capital: Cairo). In 1961, Syria quit the union, and Egypt continued to be officially known as the UAR until 1971.

# OAS (Organization of American States)

#### OAS (Organization of American States)

- Establishment: Apr 30, 1948.
- Members: 35
  - All independent nations of the Americas are members
  - Founding members: 21
  - Latest member: Guyana (1991)

GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council)

#### GCC (Gulf Cooperation Council)

- Intro: Union of countries bordering the Persian gulf
- Establishment: May 25, 1981
- Members: Mnemonic: BOKKSU
  - Bahrain
  - Oman
  - Kuwait
  - Qatar
  - UAE
- **HQ**: Riyadh

G-7 (Group of 7)

#### G-7 (Group of 7)

- Intro: Avengers, basically. Big-shot governments join forces to discuss and coordinate solutions to major global issues in trade, security, economics, and climate change.
- Members: 7
  - USA
  - Canada
  - UK
  - Germany
  - France
  - Italy

#### G-7 (Group of 7)

- Japan
- Establishment:
  - Mar 25, 1973  $\rightarrow$  G5
  - Nov 15, 1975 → G6 (Italy added)
  - 1976  $\rightarrow$  G7 (Canada added)
  - 1997 → G8 (Russia added)
  - 2014 → G7 (Russia suspended over annexation of Crimea)
- HQ: None

#### G-20

### G-20

- Intro: "the primary venue for international economic and financial cooperation"
- Establishment: Sep 26, 1999.
- Members: 20
  - 19 countries + the EU
    - G-7 countries (7)
    - BRICS countries (5): Brazil, Russia, India, China,
       South Africa
    - Others (7): ARG, AUS, KSA, KOR (Republic of Korea aka South Korea), MEX, IDN (Indonesia), TUR (Turkey)

### G-20

■ HQ: None

D-8 (Developing 8)

### D-8 (Developing 8)

- Establishment:
  - Istanbul declaration (Jun 15, 1997)  $\rightarrow$  D-8
- Members: 8 states. Mnemonic: বাপ মা নাই তুমিই সব
  - Bangladesh
  - Pakistan
  - Malaysia
  - Nigeria
  - Turkey
  - Egypt (মিশর)
  - Iran

## D-8 (Developing 8)

■ **HQ:** Istanbul

- Intro: Control oil prices worldwide. Responsible for 44% of the total oil production worldwide.
- Establishment:
  - Through Baghdad conference (Sep 10-14, 1960), attended by the founding 5
    - Iraq
    - Iran
    - KSA
    - Kuwait
    - Venezuela

- OPEC was initally proposed by Venezuela
- Members: 13
  - Founding 5
  - Other current members:
    - o Algeria
    - Angola
    - Congo
    - Equatorial Guinea
    - Gabon
    - Libya
    - Nigeria

- UAE
- Former members: Ecuador, Indonesia, Qatar
- HQ: Vienna

APEC (Asia-Pacific Economic

Co-operation)

### APEC (Asia-Pacific Economic Co-operation)

Intro: Promotes free trade throughout countries in the pacific
 rim

■ Establishment: 1989

■ Members: 21

■ **HQ:** Singapore

### **CIRDAP**

### **CIRDAP**

- Centre on Integrated Rural Development for Asia and the Pacific
- Intro: Bangladesh based organisation for rural development and poverty alleviation
- Establishment:
  - Date: Jul 6, 1979
  - Initiative by countries in the Asia-Pacific region and FAO of the UN
- Members:
  - Founding 6

### **CIRDAP**

- Currently 15
- **HQ:** Chameli house, Dhaka (in front of the Supreme Court)
- Director General: Dr Cherdsak Virapat (Thailand)

### **ASEAN**

### **ASEAN**

- Association of South East Asian Nations
- Establishment:
  - Bangkok declaration / ASEAN declaration:
    - o Aug 8, 1967
    - Signed by founding 5: Indonesia, Malaysia,
       Philippines, Singapore, Thailand
- Members: 10 countries. Mnemonic: MTV তে FILM দেখলৈ BCS হবেনা
  - Malaysia
  - Thailand

### **ASEAN**

- Vietnam
- Philippines
- Indonesia
- Laos
- Myanmar
- Brunei
- Cambodia
- Singapore
- HQ: Jakarta
- Summit: Every 3 yrs.

- South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
- Establishment:
  - Dec 8, 1985: signing of SAARC declaration
- Members: 8 members, 9 observers.
  - Members mnemonic: BNP IS MBA.
    - Bangladesh
    - Nepal
    - Pakistan
    - India
    - Sri Lanka

- Maldives
- Bhutan
- Afghanistan
- Latest member: AFG (2007)
- HQ: Kathmandu
- Summit:
  - No specific interval, although the official charter requires a summit every 18 mo
  - First summit: Dec 7-8, 1985
  - Latest (20th): 2022 (to be held)
- Sec. Gen.:

- 1st: Abul Ahsan (BD)
- Current: Esala Ruwan Weerakoon (SL)



### **BIMSTEC**

 Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectorial Technical and Economic Cooperation

### ■ Establishment:

- Jun 6, 1997: started as "BIST-EC" (BD, IND, SL, Thailand Economic Coop)
- Dec 22, 1997: Myanmar joined, renamed to "BIMST-EC"
- Jul 31, 2004: 1st summit; Nepal and Bhutan joined.
   Renamed to current elaboration.
- HQ: Dhaka
- Summits:

### **BIMSTEC**

• 1st: Jul 31, 2004

• 5th: Mar 30, 2022



### BENELUX

- Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg Economic Cooperation
- Western European countries
- Establishment:
  - Benelux customs union treaty:
    - o Signed: Sep 5, 1944
    - o Effective: Jan 1, 1948
  - Benelux economic union treaty:
    - Signed: Feb 3, 1958
    - o Effective: 1960
  - Treaty revising the Benelux Econ. Union treaty:

### **BENELUX**

Signed: 2008 (previous treaty was limited to 50y
 i.e. till 2010, this one has no expiration)

o Effective: 2012

**ECO** (Economic Cooperation

Organisation)

### ECO (Economic Cooperation Organisation)

### ■ Establishment:

- 1964: RCD (regional coop for development) formed by Iran, Turkey, Pakistan
- 1985: ECO, successor of RCD
- Members: 10
- **HQ**: Tehran

## OECD

### OECD

- Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
- Established:
  - Apr 16, 1948: OEEC (org for european econ coop)
  - 1961: reformed to OECD
- Members: 38
- **HQ**: Paris
- **Sec. Gen.:** Mathias Cormann (Australia)
- In Jul 2021, an OECD-promoted taxation policy called global minimum corporate tax was adopted by 136 nations