#### hochschule mannheim



#### **Understanding Eventual Consistency**

MSI Presentation SS2014

Horst Schneider, Patrick Beedgen Hochschule Mannheim

June 17th, 2014

#### Introduction

"...the storage system guarantees that if no new updates are made to the object, eventually all accesses will return the last updated valuee"
–W. Vogels (2009)

"Zweites Zitat über Ev. Consistency"

#### The Problem

- The definitions are ambiguous
- Most big players claim to implement it
- Implementations can't be be compared...scientifically
- In real world distributed databases updates never stop

#### Anfang Hauptteil Horst

• A replicated database stores **objects**  $Obj = \{x, y, \dots\}$ 

- A replicated database stores **objects**  $Obj = \{x, y, \dots\}$
- Every object  $x \in \text{Obj has}$ 
  - a value  $\in Val$

- A replicated database stores **objects**  $Obj = \{x, y, \dots\}$
- Every object  $x \in \text{Obj has}$ 
  - a value  $\in Val$
  - a **type** type(x)

- A replicated database stores **objects**  $Obj = \{x, y, \dots\}$
- Every object  $x \in \text{Obj has}$ 
  - a value  $\in Val$
  - a **type** type(x)
  - ullet operations  $\mathrm{Op}_{\mathrm{type}(x)}$  that a client can perform on it

- A replicated database stores **objects**  $Obj = \{x, y, ...\}$
- Every object  $x \in \text{Obj has}$ 
  - a value  $\in Val$
  - a **type** type(x)
  - ullet operations  $\operatorname{Op}_{\operatorname{type}(x)}$  that a client can perform on it
- Two examples: Int Register intreg, Counter ctr

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Op}_{\text{ctr}} = \{\text{rd}, \text{inc}\} \\ & \text{Op}_{\text{intreg}} = \{\text{rd}, \text{wr}(k) | k \in \mathbb{Z}\} \end{aligned}$$

Sequential Data Type Specification

In a *strongly consistent system*, the semantics of a data type can be described by a function

$$S_{\tau}: \mathrm{Op}_{\tau}^+ \to \mathrm{Val}$$

#### Sequential Data Type Specification

In a *strongly consistent system*, the semantics of a data type can be described by a function

$$S_{\tau}: \mathrm{Op}_{\tau}^{+} \to \mathrm{Val}$$

Examples:

$$S_{\rm ctr}(\sigma rd) = (\text{number of inc operations in } \sigma);$$

Sequential Data Type Specification

In a *strongly consistent system*, the semantics of a data type can be described by a function

$$S_{\tau}: \mathrm{Op}_{\tau}^+ \to \mathrm{Val}$$

Examples:

$$S_{\rm ctr}(\sigma {\rm rd}) = ({\rm number\ of\ inc\ operations\ in\ }\sigma);$$
  
 $S_{\rm intreg}(\sigma {\rm rd}) = k;$  if  ${\rm wr}(0)\sigma = \sigma_1 {\rm wr}(k)\sigma_2$  and  $\sigma_2$  does not contain wr operations

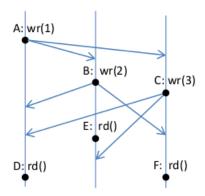
Sequential Data Type Specification

In a *strongly consistent system*, the semantics of a data type can be described by a function

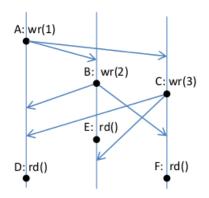
$$S_{\tau}: \mathrm{Op}_{\tau}^+ \to \mathrm{Val}$$

#### Examples:

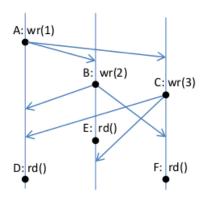
$$S_{\rm ctr}(\sigma {\rm rd}) = ({\rm number~of~inc~operations~in~}\sigma);$$
  
 $S_{\rm intreg}(\sigma {\rm rd}) = k; \ {\rm if~wr}(0)\sigma = \sigma_1 {\rm wr}(k)\sigma_2 \ {\rm and}$   
 $\sigma_2 \ {\rm does~not~contain~wr~operations}$   
 $S_{\rm intreg}(\sigma \ {\rm wr}(k)) = S_{\rm ctr}(\sigma \ {\rm inc}) = \bot;$ 



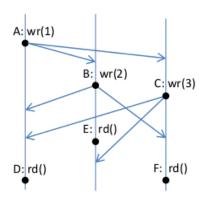
Conflict Resolution Strategies



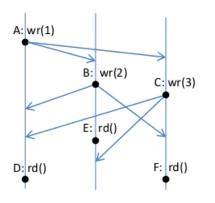
 Make concurrent operations commutative



- Make concurrent operations commutative
- Order concurrent operations



- Make concurrent operations commutative
- Order concurrent operations
- 3 Flag conflicts (let the user decide)



- Make concurrent operations commutative
- Order concurrent operations
- Second States (18 the user decide)
- 4 Resolve conflicts semantically

Replicated Data Type Specification

ullet  $S_{ au}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies

#### Replicated Data Type Specification

- $S_{\tau}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies
- visibility and order of preceding operations have to be included

#### Replicated Data Type Specification

- $S_{\tau}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies
- visibility and order of preceding operations have to be included
- $F_{\tau}$ : takes an **operation context** and returns a **value**

$$F_{\tau}(C) \in \mathrm{Val}$$

#### Replicated Data Type Specification

- $S_{\tau}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies
- visibility and order of preceding operations have to be included
- $F_{\tau}$ : takes an **operation context** and returns a **value**

$$F_{\tau}(C) \in \text{Val}$$

 operation context C adds visibility and arbitration relations to preceding operations:

$$C = (f, V, ar, vis)$$

#### Replicated Data Type Specification

- $S_{\tau}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies
- visibility and order of preceding operations have to be included
- $F_{\tau}$ : takes an **operation context** and returns a **value**

$$F_{\tau}(C) \in \text{Val}$$

 operation context C adds visibility and arbitration relations to preceding operations:

$$C = (f, V, \operatorname{ar}, \operatorname{vis})$$

$$u \xrightarrow{\operatorname{vis}} v, \operatorname{vis} \subseteq V \times V$$

#### Replicated Data Type Specification

- $S_{\tau}$  is not strong enough to formalize these strategies
- visibility and order of preceding operations have to be included
- $F_{\tau}$ : takes an **operation context** and returns a **value**

$$F_{\tau}(C) \in \text{Val}$$

 operation context C adds visibility and arbitration relations to preceding operations:

$$C = (f, V, \operatorname{ar}, \operatorname{vis})$$

$$u \xrightarrow{\operatorname{vis}} v, \operatorname{vis} \subseteq V \times V$$

$$u \xrightarrow{\operatorname{ar}} v, \operatorname{ar} \subseteq V \times V$$

#### Ende Hauptteil Horst

# Anfang Hauptteil Patrick

Levels of Eventual Consistency

- With replicated data types we can define multiple forms of eventual consistency
  - Basic eventual consistency
  - Ordering guarantees
  - on-demand consistency strengthening
- Every form contains multiple axioms

# Axiomatic Specification Framework Client Interaction Model

- Clients often wish to perform multiple operations within some context
- bla

Basic Eventual Consistency Axioms

- Axioms a database has to fulfill to be eventual consistent
- SOWF, ARWF, VISWF, RVAL, EVENTUAL, THINAIR

Session guarantees

- Axioms that ensure that databases stay consistent within a single session with a client
- RYW, MR, WYRV, WFRA, MWV, MWA

Causal Consistency Axioms

• POCV, POCA, COCV, COCA

# Ende Hauptteil Patrick

#### Conclusion

- Which problems does the techreport solve?
- What is not solved by it?
- What do we think about it?