

<b>SDG Goal 15</b>	<b>Life on land</b>
<b>SDG Target 15.6</b>	<b>Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed</b>
<b>SDG Indicator 15.6.1</b>	<b>Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits</b>
<b>Time series</b>	<b>1) Countries that are contracting Parties to the International Treaty on PGRFA</b>

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 9 May 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/15-6-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows if Germany is a contracting party to the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA).
- Disaggregation: Not available.

### 2. Comparability with the UN metadata

- Date of UN metadata: April 2022
- UN metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-15-06-01.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the UN metadata.

### 3. Data description

- The objectives of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA) are the conservation and sustainable use of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture and the fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of their use, in harmony with the Convention on Biological Diversity. Germany is a contracting party to the International Treaty on PGRFA.

### 4. Access to data source

- Membership Germany:  
<https://www.fao.org/plant-treaty/countries/membership/country-details/en/c/359285/?iso3=DEU>
- National Report on Implementation:  
<https://openknowledge.fao.org/server/api/core/bitstreams/06f5ae34-a69f-4dae-8474-a7caabc58f21/content>

### 5. Metadata on source data

- General information on the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA):  
<https://www.fao.org/plant-treaty/overview/en/>

### 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Not available.
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: yes=1, no=0
- Calculation:

**Not applicable.**

## SDG Goal 15

## Life on land

### SDG Target 15.6

Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

### SDG Indicator 15.6.1

Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits

### Time series

2) Countries that are parties to the Nagoya Protocol

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 9 May 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/15-6-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows if Germany is a party to the Nagoya Protocol.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

### 2. Comparability with the UN metadata

- Date of UN metadata: April 2022
- UN metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-15-06-01.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the UN metadata.

### 3. Data description

- The Nagoya Protocol covers genetic resources and traditional knowledge associated with genetic resources. It also covers the benefits arising from their utilization by setting out core obligations for its contracting Parties to take measures in relation to access, benefit-sharing and compliance. Germany is party to the Nagoya Protocol (since 20 July 2016). The date of ratification for Germany as party to the Nagoya Protocol was 21 April 2016.

### 4. Access to data source

- Membership Germany:  
<https://www.cbd.int/abs/nagoya-protocol/signatories>

### 5. Metadata on source data

- General information on the Nagoya Protocol:  
<https://www.cbd.int/abs/about/default.shtml/>
- Full text of the Nagoya Protocol:  
<https://www.cbd.int/abs/text>

### 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Not available.
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: yes=1, no=0
- Calculation:

**Not applicable.**

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<b>SDG Indicator 15.6.1</b>	<b>Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits</b>
<b>Time series</b>	<b>3) Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on PGRFA</b>

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 9 May 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/15-6-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows if Germany has legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA).
- Disaggregation: Not available.

### 2. Comparability with the UN metadata

- Date of UN metadata: April 2022
- UN metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-15-06-01.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the UN metadata.

### 3. Data description

- Germany reports its legislative, administrative and policy framework through the Online Reporting System. See Article 4 of the GERMANY – Country Report on the implementation of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA).

### 4. Access to data source

- Not available.

### 5. Metadata on source data

- GERMANY – Country Report on the implementation of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA):  
<https://www.fao.org/plant-treaty/areas-of-work/compliance/compliance-reports/en/>

### 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Not available.
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: yes=1, no=0
- Calculation:

**Not applicable.**

## SDG Goal 15

## Life on land

### SDG Target 15.6

Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed

### SDG Indicator 15.6.1

Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits

### Time series

4) Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported to the ABS Clearing-House

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 9 May 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/15-6-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows if Germany reports legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures to the Access and Benefit-Sharing (ABS) Clearing-House.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

### 2. Comparability with the UN metadata

- Date of UN metadata: April 2022
- UN metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-15-06-01.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the UN metadata.

### 3. Data description

- The Access and Benefit-Sharing (ABS) Clearing-House is a platform for exchanging information on access and benefit-sharing was established by Article 14 of the Protocol. The ABS Clearing-House is a key tool for facilitating the implementation of the Nagoya Protocol, by enhancing legal certainty and transparency on procedures for access, and for monitoring the utilization of genetic resources along the value chain. Germany has reported measures to the ABS Clearing-House.

### 4. Access to data source

- Membership Germany:  
<https://absch.cbd.int/en/countries/DE>

### 5. Metadata on source data

- General information on the ABS Clearing-House:  
<https://absch.cbd.int/about/>

### 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Not available.
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: yes=1, no=0
- Calculation:

**Not applicable.**



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<b>SDG Target 15.6</b>	<b>Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed</b>
<b>SDG Indicator 15.6.1</b>	<b>Number of countries that have adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits</b>
<b>Time series</b>	<b>5) Total reported number of SMTAs transferring PGRFA to Germany</b>

### 1. General information on the time series

- Date of national metadata: 9 May 2022
- National data: <http://sdg-indicators.de/15-6-1/>
- Definition: The time series shows the total reported number of Standard Material Transfer Agreements (SMTAs) transferring plant genetic resources for food and agriculture (PGRFA) to Germany.
- Disaggregation: Not available.

### 2. Comparability with the UN metadata

- Date of UN metadata: April 2022
- UN metadata: <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-15-06-01.pdf>
- The time series is compliant with the UN metadata.

### 3. Data description

- These data give the number of Standard Material Transfer Agreements (SMTAs) reported through the online system of the International Treaty (Easy-SMTA). The true number of SMTA issued (signed) could be higher, as some SMTAs signed may not be reported through the online system. SMTA is reported by users, not by a government focal point. Users have a two-year period for reporting their SMTAs. The number reported for a specific year may therefore change during the following two years.

### 4. Access to data source

- Not available.

### 5. Metadata on source data

- General information on Standard Material Transfer Agreements (SMTAs):  
<https://www.fao.org/plant-treaty/areas-of-work/the-multilateral-system/smta/en/>

### 6. Timeliness and frequency

- Timeliness: Not available.
- Frequency: Annual

## 7. Calculation method

- Unit of measurement: Number
- Calculation:

**Not applicable.**