

Complexity Analysis

By

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Which one is most efficient approach?

Approach 3

```
1 def gcd(m: int, n: int):
2     common_factors = 1
3     for f in range(2, min(m, n)+1):
4         if m % f == 0 and n % f == 0:
5             common_factors = f
6
7     return common_factors
```

Approach 4

```
1 def gcd(m: int, n: int):
2     cf = min(m, n)
3     while cf > 0:
4         if m % cf == 0 and n % cf == 0:
5             return cf
6         cf -= 1
7
```

Asymptotic analysis

- Estimation of CPU time and main memory space required to complete the execution of the algorithm
 - Time complexity:
 - Frequency count/Sum of frequency
 - Space complexity:
 - Extra space consumption for the execution of the algorithm
 - Not the input size

Asymptotic analysis: Time complexity

```
def gcd(m: int, n: int):  
    factors_m = []-----> 1  
    factors_n = []-----> 1  
    for i in range(1, m+1):-----> m  
        if m % i == 0:-----> m  
            factors_m.append(i)-----> m  
    for i in range(1, n+1):-----> n  
        if n % i == 0:-----> n  
            factors_n.append(i)-----> n  
    common_factors = []-----> 1  
    for f in factors_m:-----> m  
        if f in factors_n:-----> mxn  
            common_factors.append(f)-----> mxn  
    return common_factors[-1]-----> 1
```

$$TC = 4m + 3n + 2(mn) + 4$$

$$TC = \Theta(mn)$$

Asymptotic analysis: Space complexity

```
def gcd(m: int, n: int):  
    factors_m = []-----→ m  
    factors_n = []-----→ n  
    for i in range(1, m+1):-----→ 1  
        if m % i == 0:  
            factors_m.append(i)  
    for i in range(1, n+1):  
        if n % i == 0:  
            factors_n.append(i)  
    common_factors = []-----→ m  
    for f in factors_m:  
        if f in factors_n:  
            common_factors.append(f)  
    return common_factors[-1]
```

SC = $2m + n + 1$

SC = $\Theta(m)$

Time complexity: $\Theta(n)$

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i--)  
    printf("Text");
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i=i+5)  
    printf("Text")
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i=i+5)  
    printf("Text")
```

Exit when: $i = 1 + (k \times 5) \leq n$

→ $k \leq (n-1)/5$

TC: $\Theta(n)$

1. $i=1$
2. $i=1+5$
3. $i=1+(2 \times 5)$
4. $i=1+(3 \times 5)$
5. $i=1+(4 \times 5)$
6. ...
7. $i=1+(k \times 5)$

Time complexity: $\Theta(n)$

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i=i+5)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i--)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i=i-5)  
    printf("Text");
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i=i*2)  
    printf("Text");
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i=i*2)
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i=i/2)
    printf("Text");
```

Exit when: $i = 2^k \leq n$

→ $k = \log n$

TC: $\Theta(\log n)$

1. $i=1$
2. $i=2$
3. $i=2^2$
4. $i=2^3$
5. $i=2^4$
6. ...
7. $i=2^k$

Time complexity?

```
for (i=2; i<=n; i=i2)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i=i1/2)  
    printf("Text");
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=2; i<=n; i=i2)  
    printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=n; i>=1; i=i1/2)  
    printf("Text");
```

Exit when: $i = 2^{(2^k)} \leq n$

→ $2^k = \log n$

→ $k = \log \log n$

TC: $\Theta(\log \log n)$

1. $i=2$
2. $i=2^2$
3. $i=2^{2^2}$
4. $i=2^{2^3}$
5. $i=2^{2^4}$
6. ...
7. $i=2^{2^k}$

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)  
    for (j=1; j<=n; j++)  
        printf("Text");
```

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++)  
    for (j=1; j<=n; j=j*2)  
        printf("Text");
```

Time complexity?

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++) -----→ n
    for (j=1; j<=n; j++) -----→ n
        printf("Text");-----→ n2
```

TC: $\Theta(n^2)$

```
for (i=1; i<=n; i++) -----→ n
    for (j=1; j<=n; j=j*2) -----→ log n
        printf("Text");-----→ n log n
```

TC: $\Theta(n \log n)$

Time complexity?

```
def fact(n: int) -> int:  
    if n == 0 or n == 1:  
        return 1  
    else:  
        return n * fact(n-1)
```

Space complexity

1. fact(5)
2. fact(4)
3. fact(3)
4. fact(2)
5. fact(1)

Maximum recursion depth
(STACK)
 $\Theta(n)$

Time complexity?

```
def fact(n: int) -> int:  
    if n == 0 or n == 1:  
        return 1  
    else:  
        return n * fact(n-1)
```

- $T(n) = T(n-1) + C, n > 1$

- $T(n) = 1, n \leq 1$

$$(n-k) = 1$$

$$K = (n-1)$$

Time complexity?

```
def fact(n: int) -> int:
    if n == 0 or n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * fact(n-1)
```

- $T(n) = T(n-1) + C, n > 1$

- $T(n) = 1, n \leq 1$

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + C$$

$$= [T(n-2) + C] + C$$

$$= [T(n-3) + C] + C + C$$

$$= [T(n-4) + C] + C + C + C$$

$$\dots$$

$$= T(n-k) + k.C$$

$$= T(n-(n-1)) + (n-1) C$$

$$= T(1) + (n-1)C$$

$$= 1 + C (n-1) \rightarrow \Theta(n)$$

$$(n-k) = 1$$

$$K = (n-1)$$

Time complexity?

```
def fact(n: int) -> int:
    if n == 0 or n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * fact(n-1)
```

- $T(n) = T(n-1) + C, n > 1$

- $T(n) = 1, n \leq 1$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= T(n-1) + C \\ &= [T(n-2) + C] + C \\ &= [T(n-3) + C] + C + C \\ &= [T(n-4) + C] + C + C + C \\ &\vdots \\ &= T(n-k) + k \cdot C \\ &= T(n-(n-1)) + (n-1)C \\ &= T(1) + (n-1)C \\ &= 1 + C(n-1) \rightarrow \Theta(n) \end{aligned}$$

function calls

Time complexity?

```
def rec(n):  
    if n <=1:  
        return 1  
    return n + rec(n-1) + rec(n-1)
```