



Experiment No. 8
Creating GUI with python containing widgets such as labels, textbox, radio, checkboxes and custom dialog boxes
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Experiment No. 8

Title: Creating GUI with python containing widgets such as labels, textbox, radio, checkboxes and custom dialog boxes

Aim: To study and create GUI with python containing widgets such as labels, textbox, radio, checkboxes and custom dialog boxes

Objective: To introduce GUI, TKinter in python

Theory:

Python offers multiple options for developing GUI (Graphical User Interface). Out of all the GUI methods, tkinter is the most commonly used method. It is a standard Python interface to the Tk GUI toolkit shipped with Python. Python with tkinter is the fastest and easiest way to create the GUI applications. Creating a GUI using tkinter is an easy task.

To create a tkinter app:

Importing the module – tkinter

Create the main window (container)



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Add any number of widgets to the main window

Apply the event Trigger on the widgets.

Importing tkinter is same as importing any other module in the Python code. Note that the name of the module in Python 2.x is 'Tkinter' and in Python 3.x it is 'tkinter'.

Code:

```
from tkinter import *
```

```
from tkinter import messagebox
```

```
def validate_login():
```

```
    username = username_entry.get()
```

```
    password = password_entry.get()
```

```
    remember_me = remember_me_var.get()
```

```
    if username == "admin" and password == "password":
```

```
        if remember_me:
```

```
            messagebox.showinfo("Login Successful", "Welcome, Admin! Remember  
Me Checked.")
```



else:

```
messagebox.showinfo("Login Successful", "Welcome, Admin!")
```

else:

```
messagebox.showerror("Login Failed", "Invalid username or password")
```

```
def forgot_password():
```

```
def change_password():
```

```
    messagebox.showinfo("Change Password", "Please proceed to change your  
password.")
```

```
# Create a new window for the "Forgot Password" option
```

```
forgot_pw_window = Toplevel(top)
```

```
forgot_pw_window.title("Forgot Password")
```

```
# Label and Button for changing password
```

```
    change_pw_label = Label(forgot_pw_window, text="Forgot your password?  
You can change it here:")
```

```
    change_pw_label.pack(pady=5)
```



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```
change_pw_button = Button(forgot_pw_window, text="Change Password",  
command=change_password)
```

```
change_pw_button.pack(pady=5)
```

```
top = Tk()
```

```
top.title("Login Form")
```

```
# Label for LOGIN
```

```
login_label = Label(top, text="LOGIN", font=("Helvetica", 16, "bold"))
```

```
login_label.grid(row=0, column=0, columnspan=2, pady=10)
```

```
# Label and Entry for username
```

```
username_label = Label(top, text="Username:")
```

```
username_label.grid(row=1, column=0, sticky=W, padx=10, pady=5)
```

```
username_entry = Entry(top, bd=5)
```

```
username_entry.grid(row=1, column=1, padx=10, pady=5)
```

```
# Label and Entry for password
```



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```
password_label = Label(top, text="Password:")
```

```
password_label.grid(row=2, column=0, sticky=W, padx=10, pady=5)
```

```
password_entry = Entry(top, bd=5, show="*")
```

```
password_entry.grid(row=2, column=1, padx=10, pady=5)
```

```
# Remember Me checkbox
```

```
remember_me_var = IntVar()
```

```
remember_me_checkbox = Checkbutton(top, text="Remember Me",  
variable=remember_me_var)
```

```
remember_me_checkbox.grid(row=3, columnspan=2, pady=5)
```

```
# Forgot Password button
```

```
forgot_password_button = Button(top, text="Forgot Password",  
command=forgot_password)
```

```
forgot_password_button.grid(row=4, columnspan=2, pady=5)
```

```
# Login button
```

```
login_button = Button(top, text="Login", command=validate_login)
```



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```
login_button.grid(row=5, columnspan=2, pady=10)
```

```
top.mainloop()
```

Output:

A screenshot of a Python Tkinter window titled "Login Form". The window has a light gray background. At the top center, the word "LOGIN" is displayed in bold black capital letters. Below it, there are two input fields: the first is labeled "Username:" and the second is labeled "Password:". Under the password field, there is a checkbox labeled "Remember Me". Below the checkbox, there is a button labeled "Forgot Password". At the bottom center, there is a button labeled "Login".



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 Login Form

LOGIN

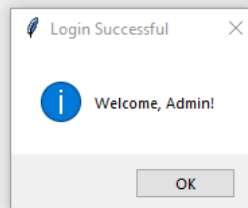
Username:

Password:

☐ Remember Me

[Forgot Password](#)

[Login](#)





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Login Form

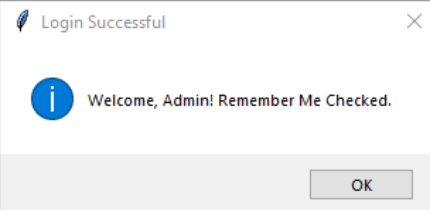
LOGIN

Username:

Password:

☒ Remember Me

[Forgot Password](#)





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Login Form

LOGIN

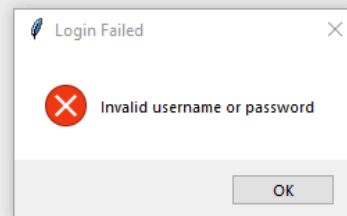
Username:

Password:

☒ Remember Me

[Forgot Password](#)

[Login](#)



Login Form

LOGIN

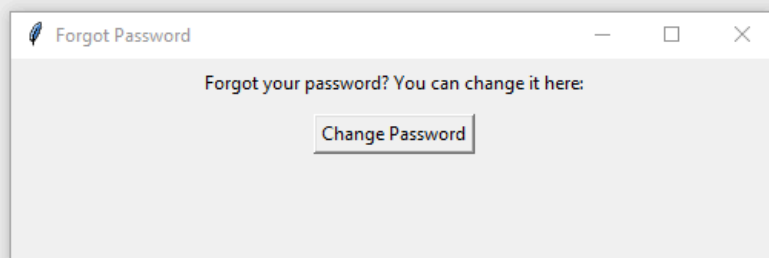
Username:

Password:

☒ Remember Me

[Forgot Password](#)

[Login](#)





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Login Form


LOGIN

Username:

Password:

☒ Remember Me

Change Password

 Please proceed to change your password.

Conclusion:

GUI package TKinter has been studied and implemented.

In summary, harnessing Python's GUI capabilities with widgets like labels, text boxes, radio buttons, checkboxes, and custom dialog boxes enhances user interaction and empowers developers to create intuitive and functional applications for diverse purposes. Through libraries such as Tkinter, PyQt, or Kivy, Python offers a versatile platform for crafting rich graphical user interfaces tailored to specific application needs.