# Document Report: Virtual Machine-Based Microservice Deployment

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Subject: Virtualization and Cloud Computing

# Implementation Guide for Virtual Machine Microservices

# 1. VirtualBox Installation and VM Setup

**Initial Setup Process** 

Begin by installing Oracle VirtualBox:

- Download the software from the official VirtualBox website: <a href="https://www.virtualbox.org/">https://www.virtualbox.org/</a>)
- · Complete the installation by following the provided wizard

#### Virtual Machine Creation

Create two separate virtual machines with these specifications:

#### For VM1 and VM2:

- Name: VM1/VM2 respectively
- · Operating System: Linux
- Memory Allocation: Minimum 1GB (2GB recommended)
- · Storage: Minimum 10GB virtual hard disk
- · Boot Media: Puppy Linux ISO

# 2. Network Configuration

To establish VM communication, configure the network settings as follows:

#### **NAT Network Setup**

- 1. Navigate to File > Preferences > Network in VirtualBox
- 2. Access the NAT Networks tab
- 3. Create new network (Name suggestion: NatNetwork)

#### Individual VM Network Configuration

For each virtual machine:

- 1. Access Settings > Network
- 2. Configure Adapter 1:
  - Set to NAT Network
  - Select NatNetwork from options
- 3. Configure Adapter 2:
  - Enable the adapter
  - Set to Host-Only Adapter

#### **Connection Verification**

Test network connectivity:

```
# On VM1 - Find IP address
ip a

# On VM2 - Test connection
ping <VM1-IP-Address>
```

# 3. Microservice Application Deployment

Server Setup (VM1)

1. Create server directory:

```
mkdir -p ~/Downloads/server

cd ~/Downloads/server
```

#### 2. Install required packages:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install nodejs npm nano -y
```

3. Create server application:

```
nano server.js
```

#### 4. Server code implementation:

```
const express = require('express');
const service = express();
const PORT = 4001;

service.get('/status', (req, res) => {
    res.send('Hello from VM1');
});

service.listen(PORT, () => {
    console.log(`VM1 service listening on port ${PORT}`);
});
```

#### 5. Install Express and start server:

```
npm install express
node server.js
```

### Client Setup (VM2)

#### 1. Create client directory:

```
mkdir -p ~/Downloads/client

cd ~/Downloads/client
```

#### 2. Install required packages:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install nodejs npm nano -y
```

#### 3. Create client application:

```
nano client.js
```

#### 4. Client code implementation (with Axios):

```
const axios = require('axios');
const URL = 'http://192.168.100.8:4001/status';

axios.get(URL)
   .then(res => {
        console.log('Response from VM1:', res.data);
   })
   .catch(error => {
        console.error('Error occurred:', error);
   });
```

#### 5. Install dependencies and run:

```
npm install axios
node client.js
```

# 4. System Testing & Troubleshooting

#### **Network Connectivity Tests**

• Run ping test between VMs:

```
ping <VM1-IP>
```

#### Server Verification

• Check server process:

```
ps aux | grep node
```

Restart if needed:

```
node server.js
```

#### Port Accessibility

• Verify port 4001 status:

```
sudo netstat -tulnp | grep 4001
```

• Configure firewall if needed:

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 4001 -j ACCEPT

#### Client Debugging

· Verify Node.js installation:

node -v

• Check URL and port configuration in client.js

# **Project Conclusion**

This implementation successfully demonstrates:

- · Basic microservice architecture deployment
- Node.js application distribution across VMs
- Inter-VM communication via NAT Network
- Server-client interaction on Puppy Linux VMs

#### **Future Enhancement Possibilities**

- · Multiple microservice integration
- Database system implementation (MongoDB, MySQL)
- · Migration to Docker containers

This project provides fundamental knowledge in:

- VM networking
- Microservice deployment
- · Virtualized environment management

End of Report