

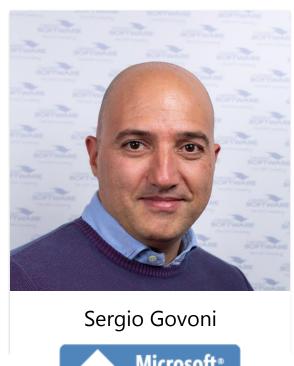




# SQL Server 2022 Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization



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## Agenda

- Introduction to Plan Caching mechanisms
- Introduction to Parameter Sensitivity
- SQL Server 2022 Parameter Sensitive Plan (PSP) Optimization

# Introduction to plan caching mechanisms

#### Plan Cache internals

- Using sys.dm exec cached plans you can inspect the plan cache
- There are six different types of plan that could be cached
  - Compiled Plan
  - Compiled Plan Stub
  - Parse Tree
  - Extended Proc
  - CLR Proc
  - CLR Function
- For Compiled Plan category we have three types
  - Adhoc
  - Prepared
  - Proc

#### Ad-hoc Plans

- Ad-hoc plans are the default operation for SQL Server plan caching mechanism
  - In order to reuse an ad-hoc plan, you must submit the same query text
- The environment must be identical, SET options must be identical!
- Every difference will force a recompilation of the query and another plan will be generated for the same logical query
- usecounts gives you a good indication about how many times a particular plan has been used

### Optimize for Ad-hoc workloads

- Server level option, available since SQL 2008
- Ad-hoc plans are not cached on the first use
  - It only creates a Compiled Plan Stub
- Better memory management
  - SQL Server will be more conservative to cache the ad-hoc plans
- One more recompilation is necessary
- sys.dm exec cached plans
  - objtype "Adhoc"
  - cacheobjtype "Compiled Plan Stub"

#### Prepared Plans

- When objtype shows "Prepared" means that SQL Server has used parameters in the execution plan
- Auto-parameterization
  - SIMPLE (default) applied to small class of queries
  - FORCED parametrization, database option (since SQL 2005), allows SQL Server to parametrize more queries
- Explicit parameterization
  - Could be done at the application level by "Prepare" method

#### Prepared Plans

- When SQL Server decides to parameterize, it decides not only what values in your query is able to parameterize, it will also decide what data type the parameter should be
- A shell query (ad-doc) is created for each unique query text
  - Used to find the parameterized query
  - It doesn't contain the full plan

#### SIMPLE Parametrization

- SQL Server will perform simple parametrization if the plan will be recognized as "Safe"
- Simple parameterization requires simple query!
- A query isn't simple if it contains
  - JOIN
  - Sub-queries
  - SET clause that contains variables (for UPDATEs)
  - UNION, INTO, DISTINCT, TOP
  - GROUP BY, HAVING or COMPUTE BY
  - ...

#### FORCED Parametrization

- When you set the PARAMETERIZATION database option to FORCED, SQL Server will start to parameterizing almost everything
- <u>sp get query template</u> returns the parameterized form of a query mimic FORCED parametrization
- Exclusions
  - INSERT...EXEC
  - Statements into SPs
  - Triggers
  - UDFs
  - Cursors
  - Statements running with ANSI\_PADDING or ANSI\_NULLS set to OFF
  - ...

## DEMO

# Introduction to Parameter Sensitivity

#### Parameter Sensitivity

- Parameter sensitivity, also known as Parameter Sniffing, refers to a process whereby SQL Server "sniffs" the current parameter values during compilation or recompilation, and passes it along to the Query Optimizer
- Parameter values are sniffed during compilation or recompilation for the following types of batches
  - Stored procedures
  - Queries submitted via sp\_executesql
  - Prepared queries

### Parameter Sensitivity

- A parameter sensitive plan problem happens when the query optimizer generates a query execution plan that is optimal only for a specific parameter value (or set of values)
- Plans that are not optimal can then cause query performance problems
- It isn't necessary a bad thing
- It's a bad thing when it's a bad thing 😊
- It's a good thing when it's a good thing ©, so it depends!
- The problems come when cached plan, with compiled parameters value, is not good enough for current parameters

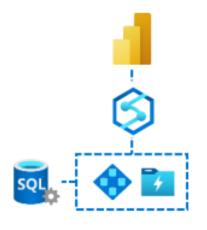
## SQL Server 2022

#### SQL Server 2022

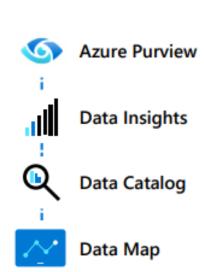
#### Business continuity through Azure



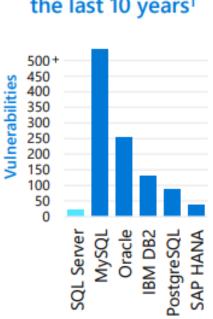
Seamless analytics over on-prem operational data



#### Visibility over your entire data estate



#### Most secure over the last 10 years<sup>1</sup>



# Industry-leading performance and availability

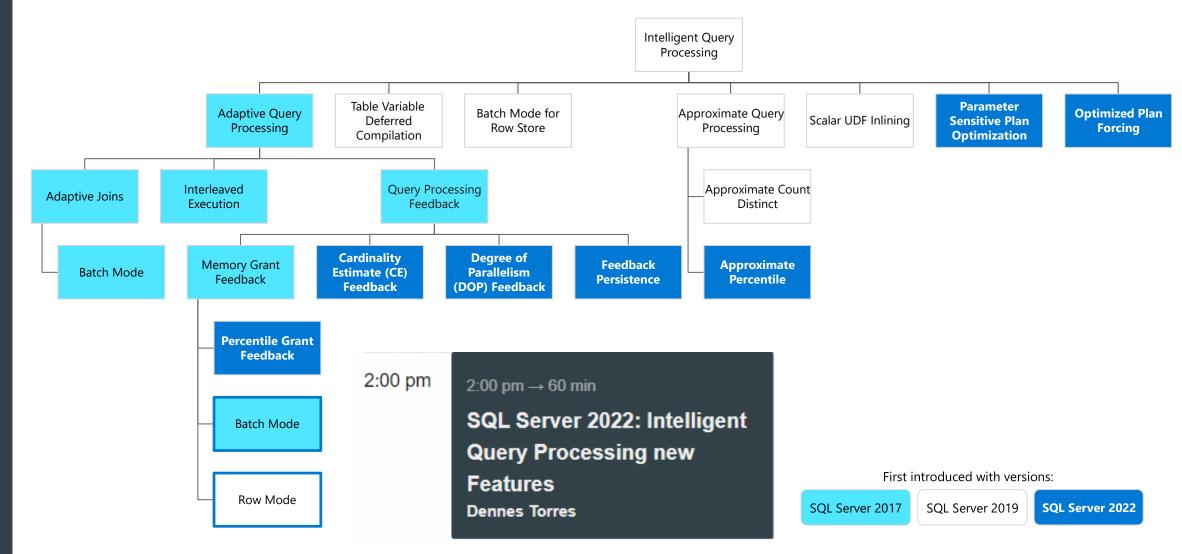


#1 OLTP performance<sup>2</sup> #1 DW performance on 1TB<sup>3</sup>, 3TB<sup>4</sup>, 10TB<sup>5</sup>, 30TB<sup>6</sup> and 100TB<sup>7</sup>

All TPC Claims as of 10/06/2021.

<sup>1</sup> http://www.tpc.org/4087; <sup>2</sup> http://www.tpc.org/3374; <sup>3</sup> http://www.tpc.org/3380; <sup>4</sup> http://www.tpc.org/3362; <sup>5</sup> http://www.tpc.org/3364; <sup>6</sup> National Institute of Standards and Technology Comprehensive Vulnerability Database

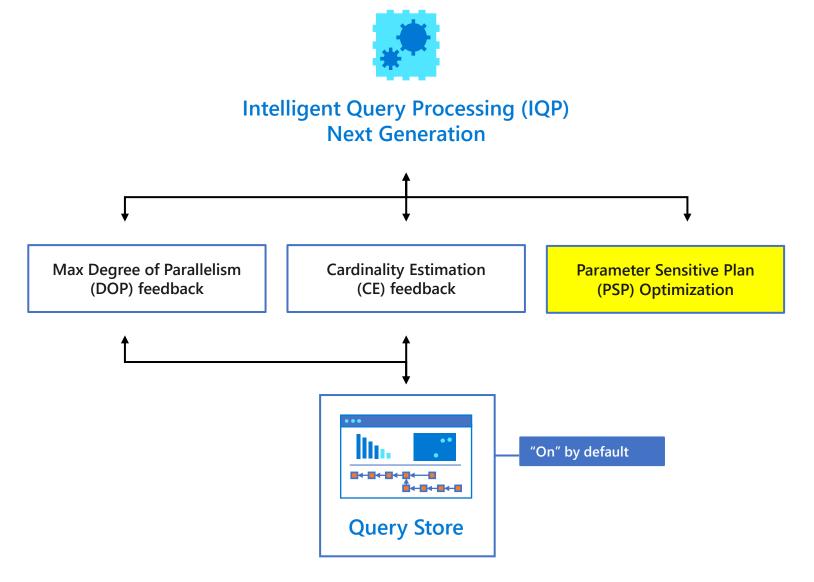
#### Intelligent Query Processing (IQP) Next Generation



https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/performance/intelligent-query-processing

# SQL Server 2022 Parameter Sensitive Plan

## Query Store and Intelligent Query Processing



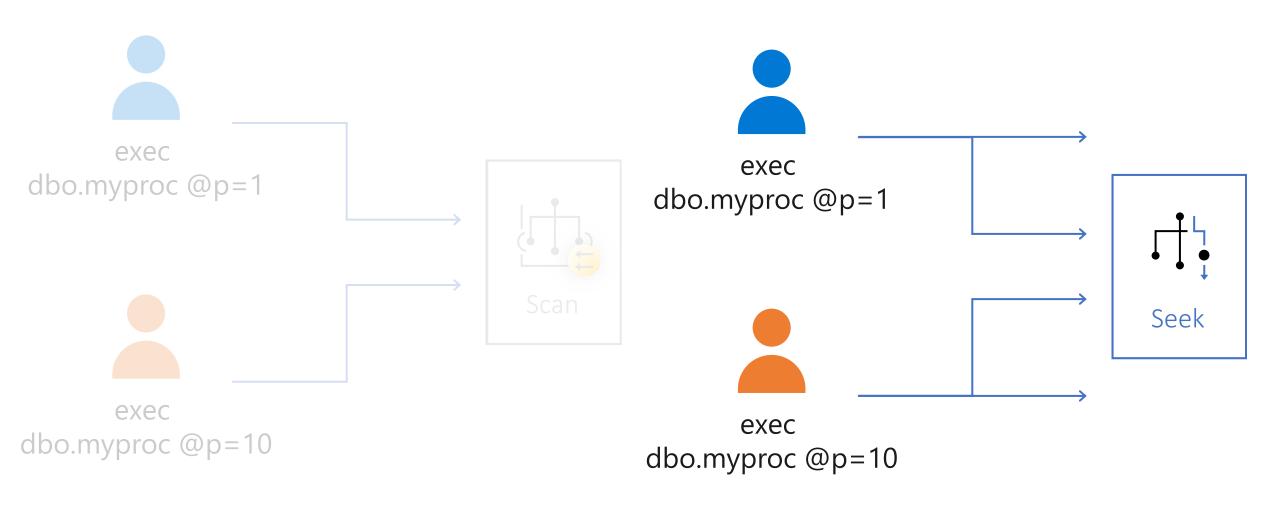
#### Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization

- Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization is one of the new features of SQL Server 2022
- It is part of the family features known as Intelligent Query Processing
- It addressing the scenario where a single cached execution plan for a parameterized query is not optimal for all possible values those parameters can take

#### Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization

- Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization allows you to keep multiple active execution plans in the plan cache for a single parameterized query
- Each execution plan will be optimized and will host different data sizes depending on the values assumed by the parameters

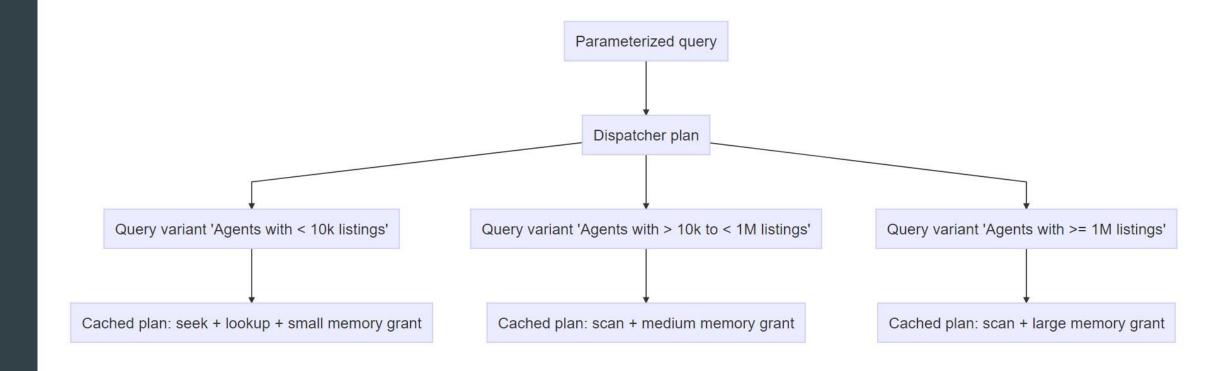
#### SQL 2022 PSP optimization



#### Dispatcher plan

- For execution plans suitable to be optimized with PSP, the initial compilation produces a dispatcher plan that contains the optimization logic
- The dispatcher plan maps to query variants based on the predicates cardinality range boundary values
- Dispatcher plans are automatically updated
- Execution plans linked to query variants are recompiled independently as needed

## Dispatcher plan



## DEMO

#### Resources

- Intelligent query processing in SQL databases
- Query Processing improvements in the latest versions of SQL Server
- Parameters and Execution Plan Reuse
- Parameter Sensitivity
- Queries that have parameter sensitive plan (PSP) problems
- SQL Server 2022 Parameter Sensitive Plan Optimization
- sqlcmdcli
- Session materials

## Summary

- Query Store enabled by default in SQL Server 2022 combined with the new generation of Intelligent Query Processing allow to improve performance in some common scenarios, without changes to the T-SQL code
- Parameter Sensitive Plan (PSP) Optimization represents one of these improvements because it allows to keep multiple active execution plans in the plan cache for a single parameterized query solving the famous problem known with the name of "Parameter Sniffing"



# Thanks!!!

