## CSCI596 Assignment 3—Parallel Computation of $\pi$ and Scalability Analysis Due: September 20 (Wed), 2023

The purpose of this assignment is to acquire hands-on experience on the *scalability analysis* of a parallel program — one of the key skills you learn in this class. We use a simple application that utilizes the function you have written for assignment 2, where the purpose was to:

- (i) Convince ourselves that MPI\_Send() and MPI\_Recv() are sufficient to build any parallel programs, using global reduction as a concrete example.
- (ii) Perform a unit software test of the global sum() function used in this assignment.

## **Part I: Programming**

Write a message passing interface (MPI) program, global\_pi.c, to compute the value of  $\pi$  based on the lecture note on "Parallel Computation of Pi" and using the global\_sum() function you have implemented and unit-tested in assignment 2. Please also utilize the serial program pi.c (which computes the value of  $\pi$ ) in the assignment 3 package.

(Assignment)

1. Submit the source code of global pi.c.

(Note)

• Insert MPI\_Wtime() function (which takes no argument and returns the wall-clock time in seconds as double) to measure the running time of the program.

## Part II: Scalability

In this assignment, we measure the scalability of global pi.c.

(Assignment)

- 2. (*Fixed problem-size scaling*) Run your global\_pi.c with a fixed number of quadrature points,  $N_{\text{BIN}} = 10^9$ , while varying the number of compute nodes = 1, 2 and 4 with processor per node to be 1 (*i.e.*, the number of processors P = 1, 2 and 4). Plot the fixed problem-size parallel efficiency as a function of P. *Submit the plot*.
- 3. (*Isogranular scaling*) In this scalability test, we consider a constant number of quadrature points,  $N_{\text{BIN}}/P = 10^9$ , per processor for P = 1, 2 and 4. To do this, we slightly modify global\_pi.c by defining

```
#define NPERP 1000000000 /* Number of quadrature points per processor */
long long NBIN;
and determining the total number of quadrature points as
```

NBIN = (long long)NPERP\*nprocs; Run the resulting program global\_pi\_iso.c, and plot the isogranular parallel efficiency as

a function of P. Submit the plot.

(Note)

• Please perform the entire scaling tests in a single batch job to minimize measurement fluctuations, using the Slurm script, global pi.sl, in the assignment 3 package.