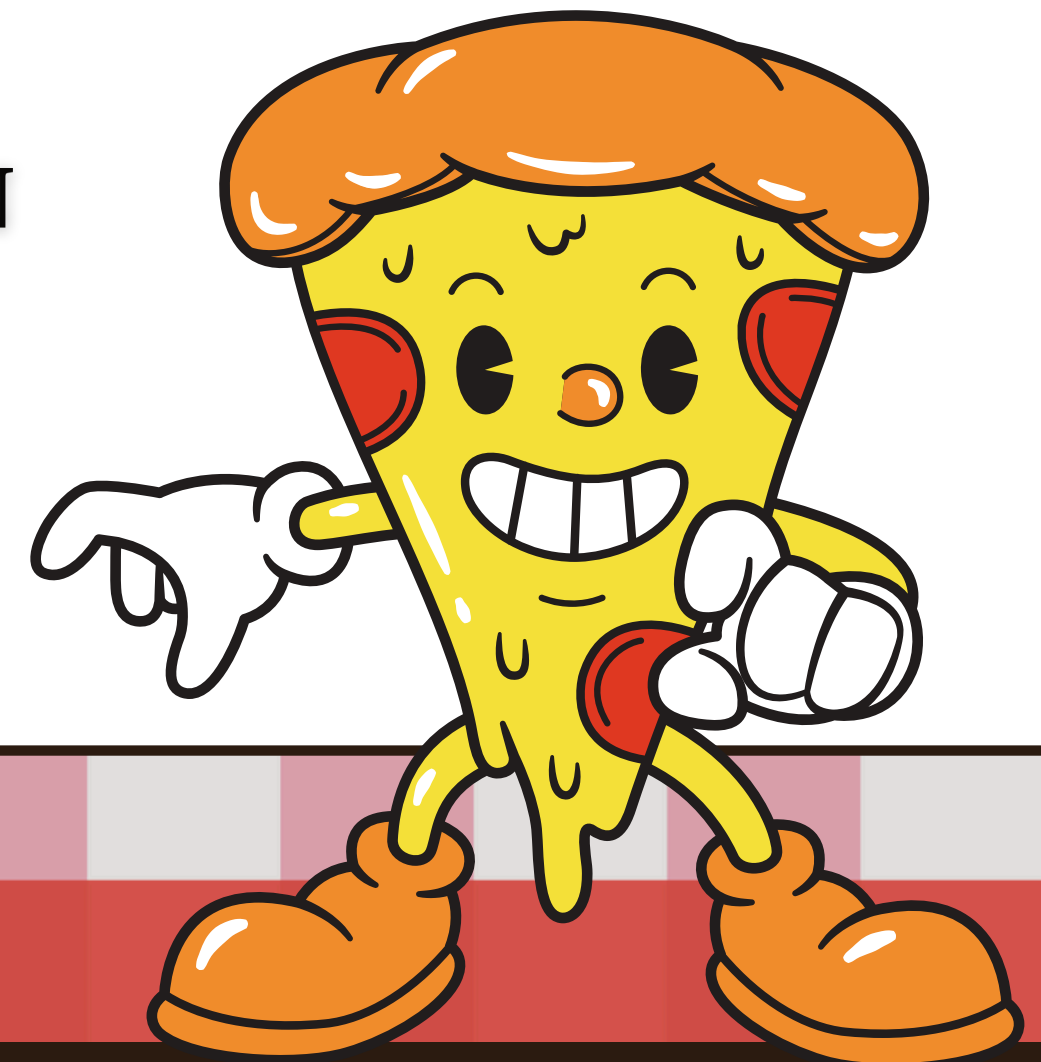
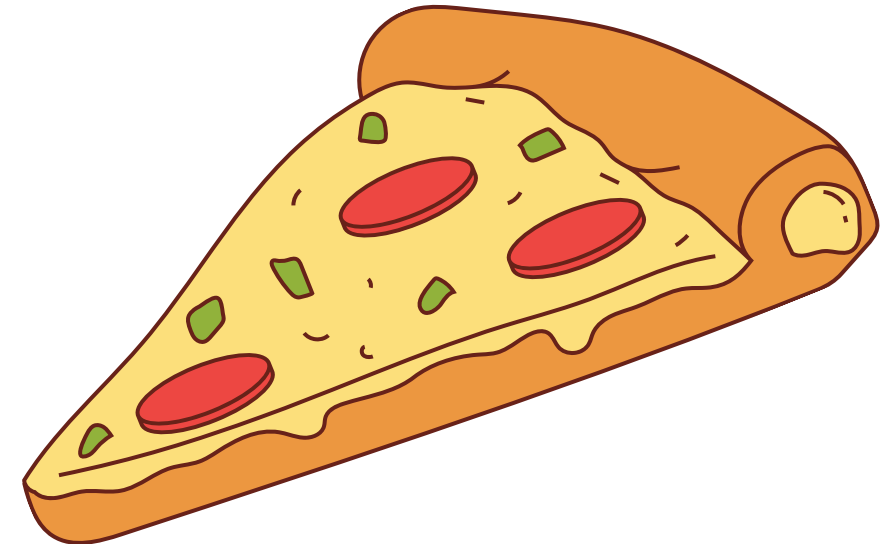
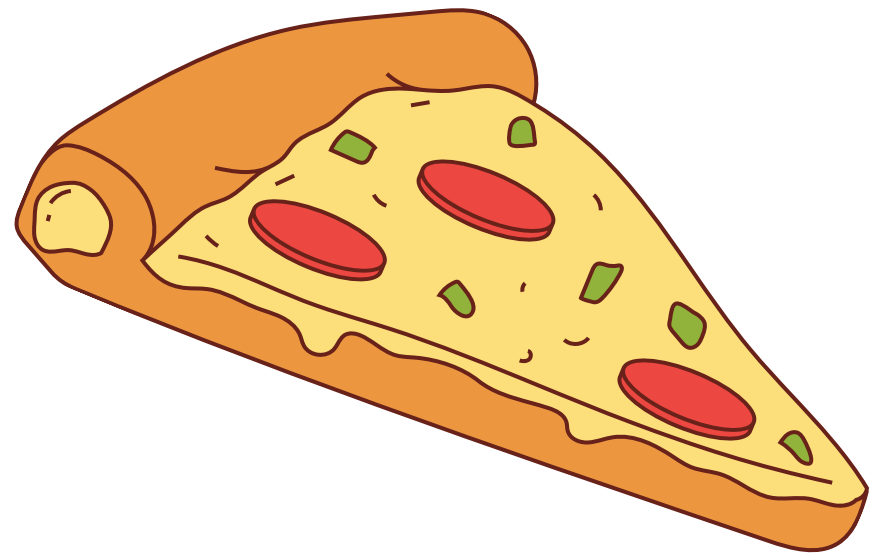


HELLO !!

MY NAME IS SUYASH PATIDAR ..
I HAVE DONE ONE SMALL PROJECT ON SQL QUERIES
ON PIZZA SALES
IN WHICH I UTILIZE SQL QUERIES TO SOLVE QUESTION
THAT WAS RELATED TO PIZZA SALES.....

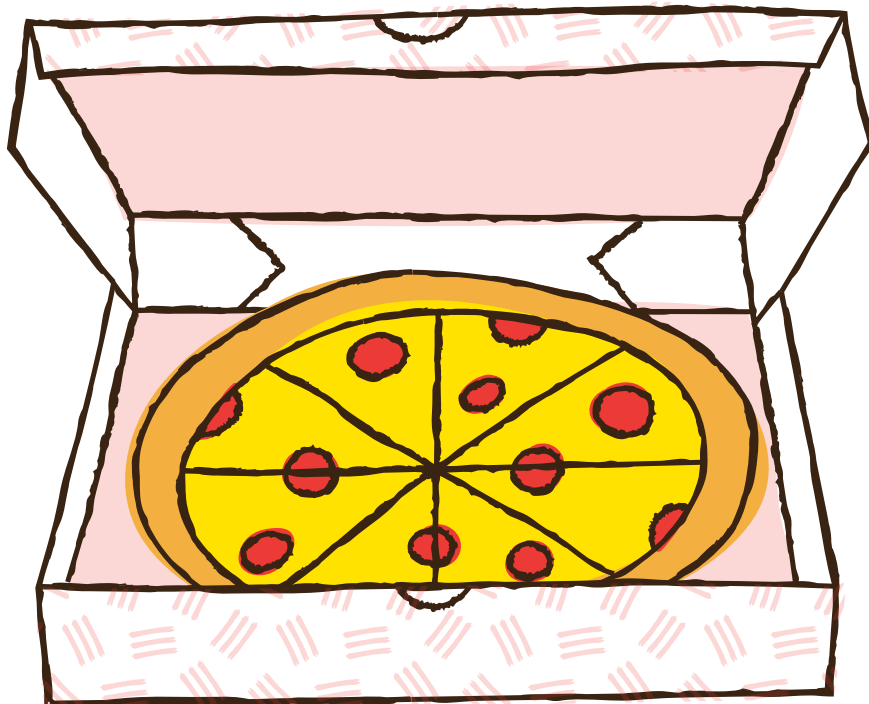


Its yummy !!



This pizza is amazing!

pizza's table

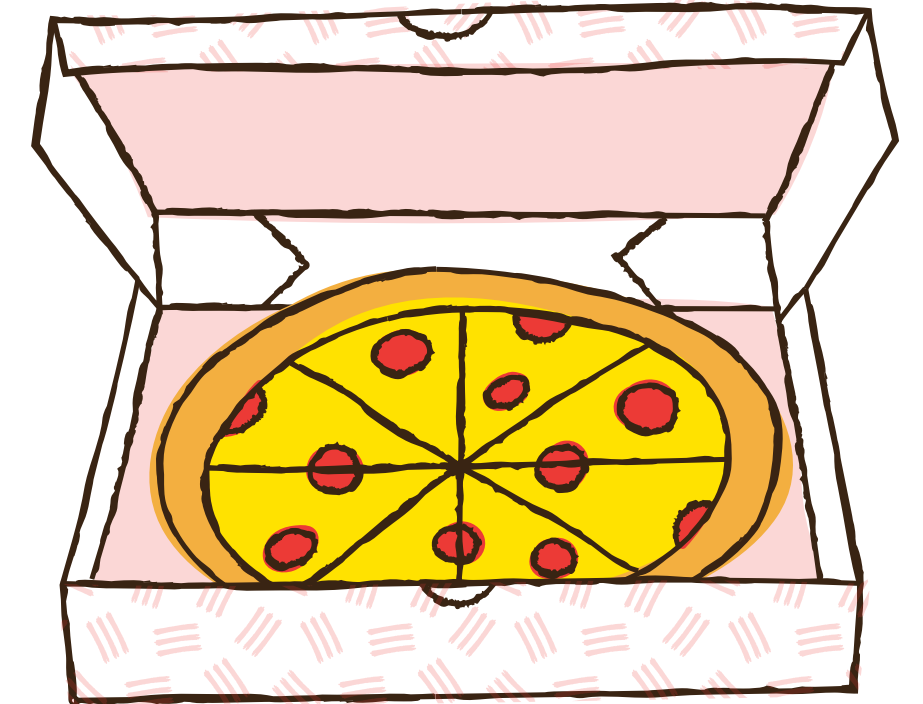


pizzas
◆ pizza_id TEXT
◆ pizza_type_id TEXT
◆ size TEXT
◆ price DOUBLE

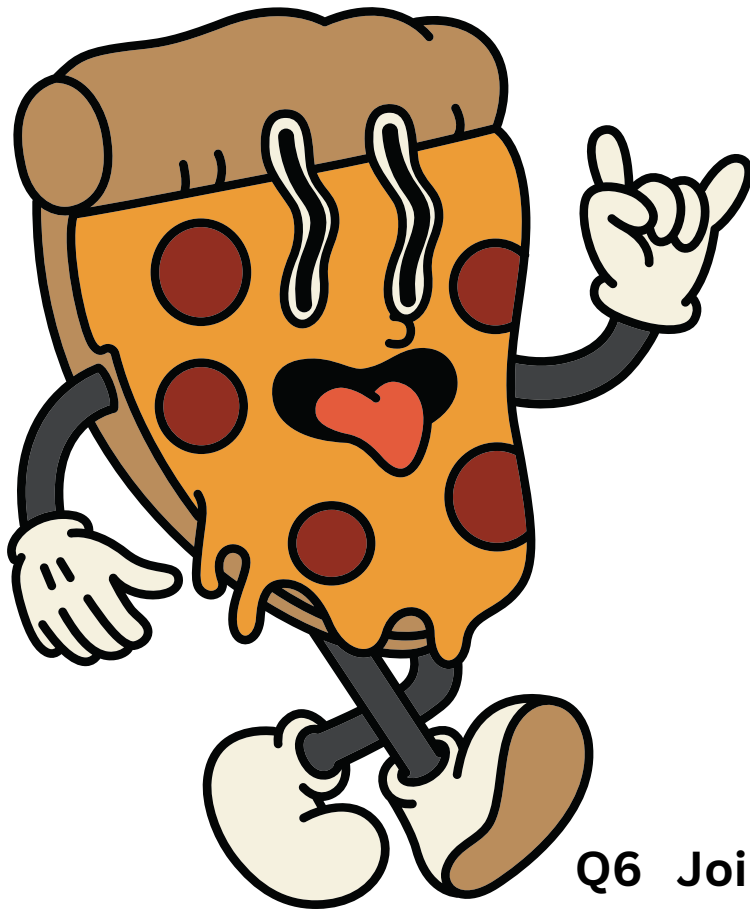
pizza_types
◆ pizza_type_id TEXT
◆ name TEXT
◆ category TEXT
◆ ingredients TEXT

order_details
🔑 order_details_id INT
◆ order_id INT
◆ pizza_id TEXT
◆ quantity INT
Indexes ▶

orders
🔑 order_id INT
◆ order_date DATE
◆ order_time TIME
Indexes ▶



The Questions which i have solved here



Basic:

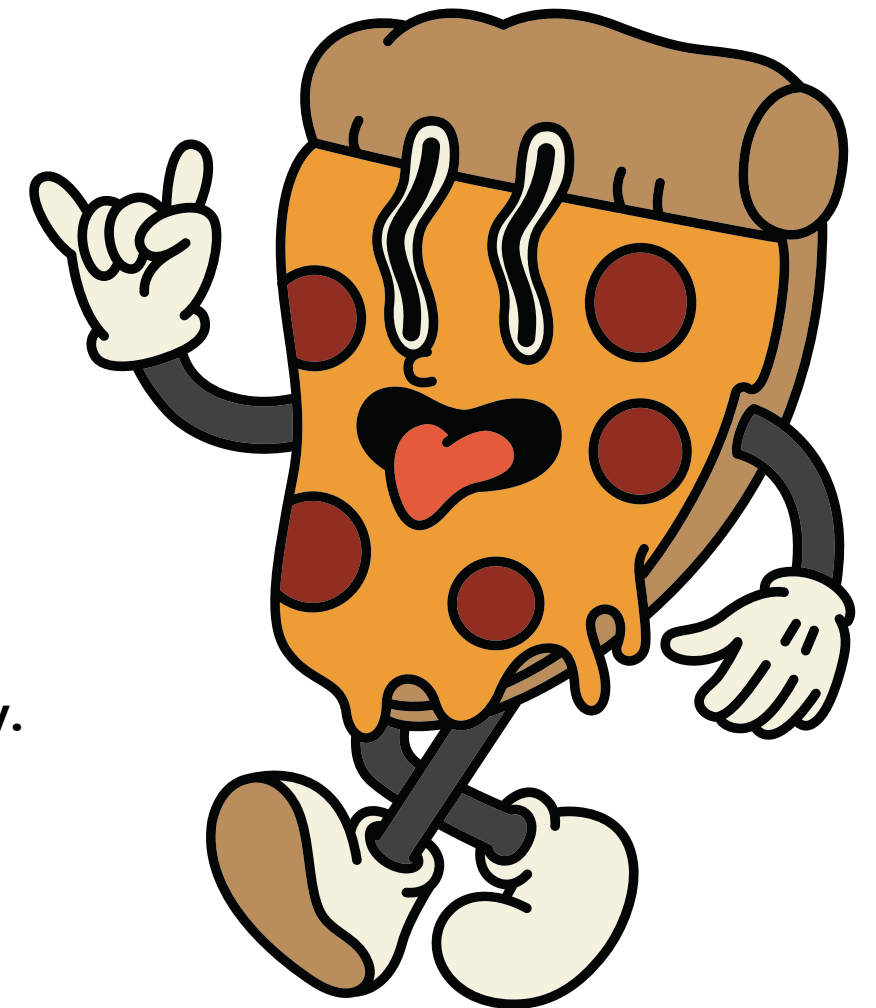
- Q1 Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Q2 Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Q3 Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Q4 Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- Q5 List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

Intermediate:

- Q6 Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- Q7 Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Q8 Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- Q9 Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Q10 Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

Advanced:

- Q11 Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- Q12 Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- Q13 Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



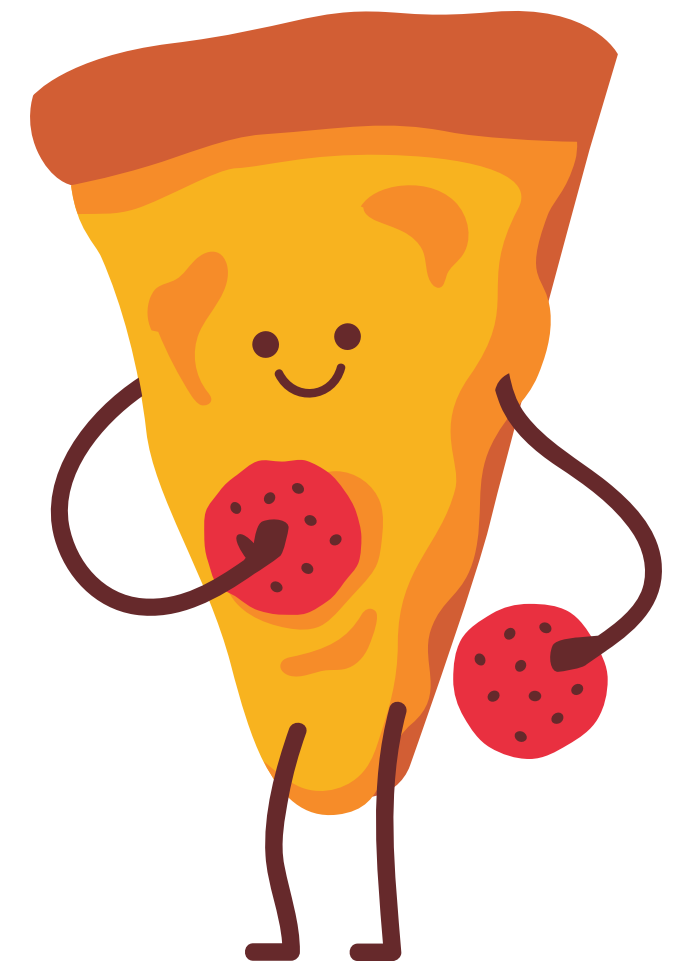
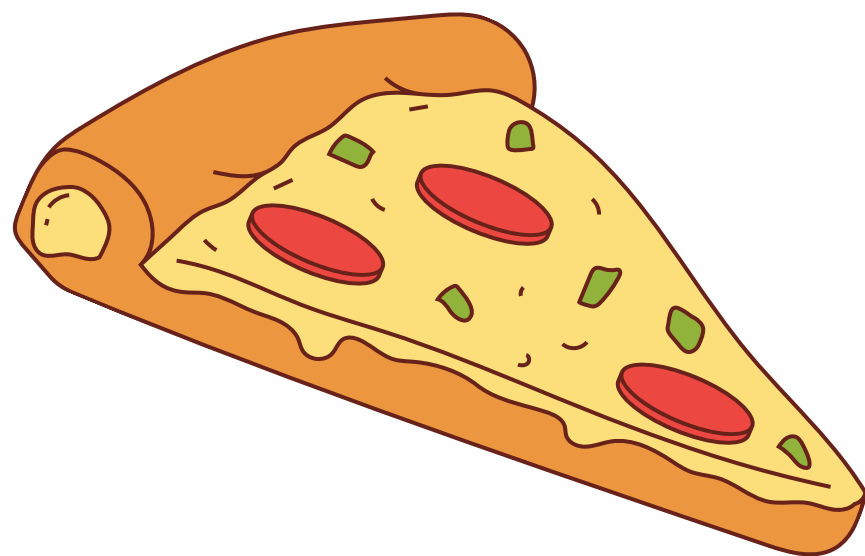
Q1 retrieve the total number of order placed,

SELECT

COUNT(order_id) **AS** total_order

FROM

orders;



Result Grid	
	total_order
▶	21350

Q2 calculated total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT
```

```
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS total_sales
```

```
FROM
```

```
    order_details
```

```
    JOIN
```

```
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```



Result Grid

	total_sales
▶	817860.05

Q3 Identify the highest price pizza

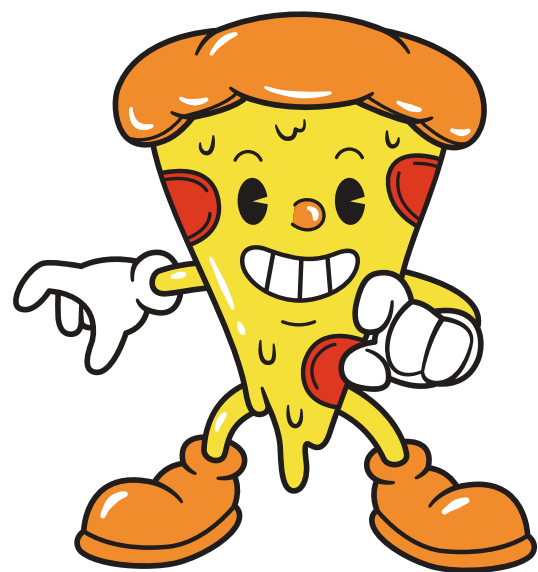
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```



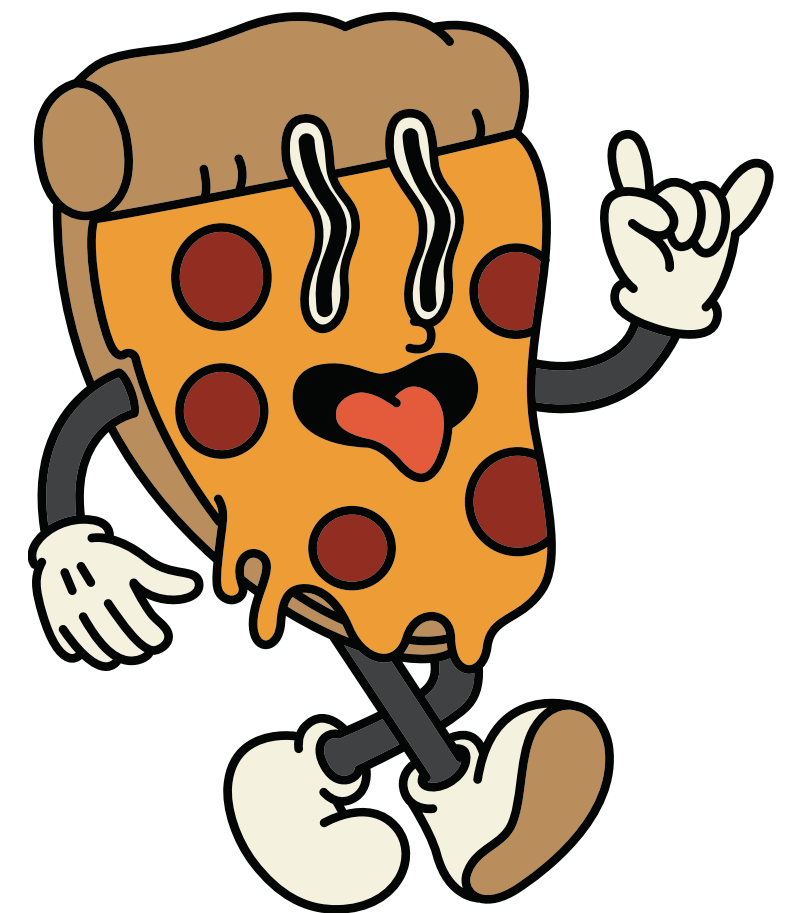
Result Grid			Filter Rows
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	

Q4 identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size, COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
        order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size order by order_count desc ;
```

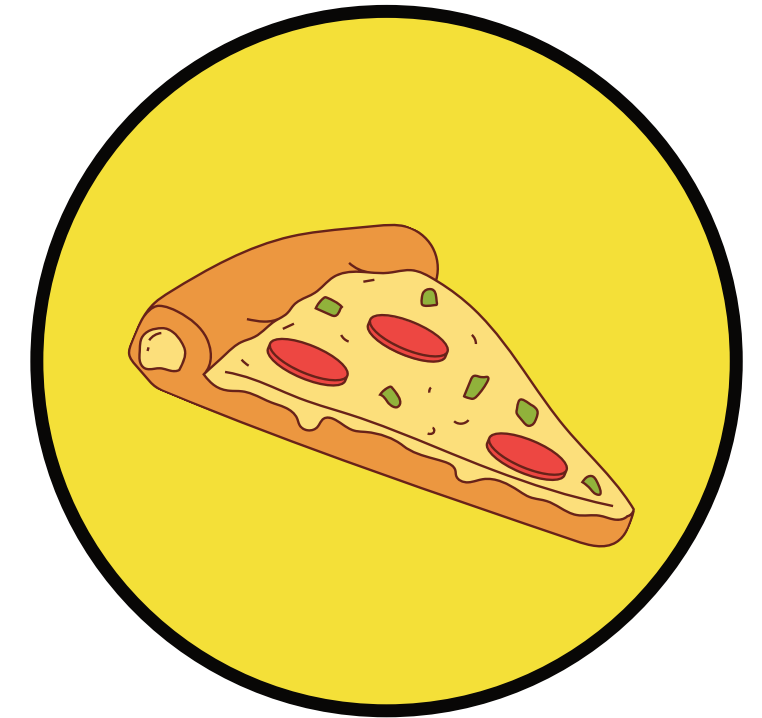


Result Grid		
	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



Q5.. List the top 5 most ordered pizza type along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	

Q6 List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

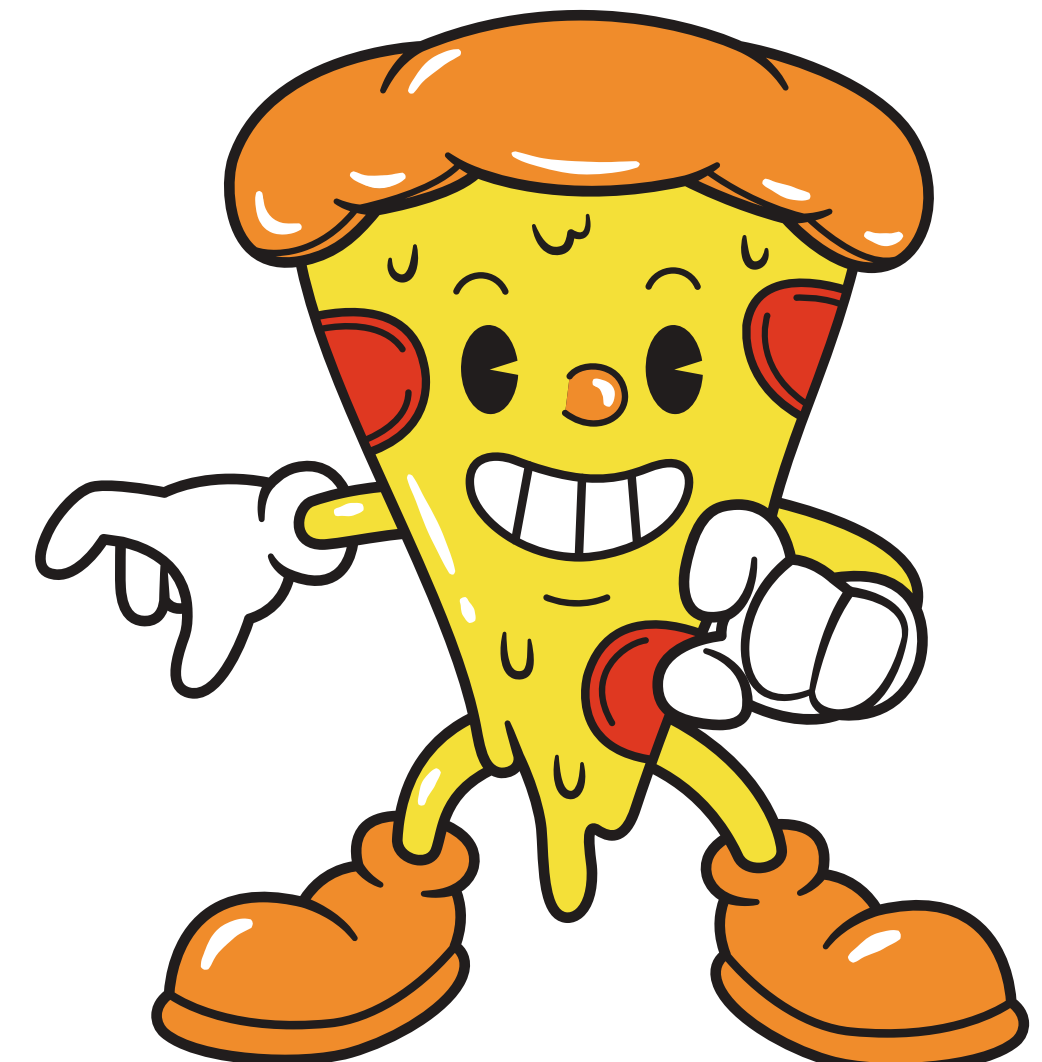
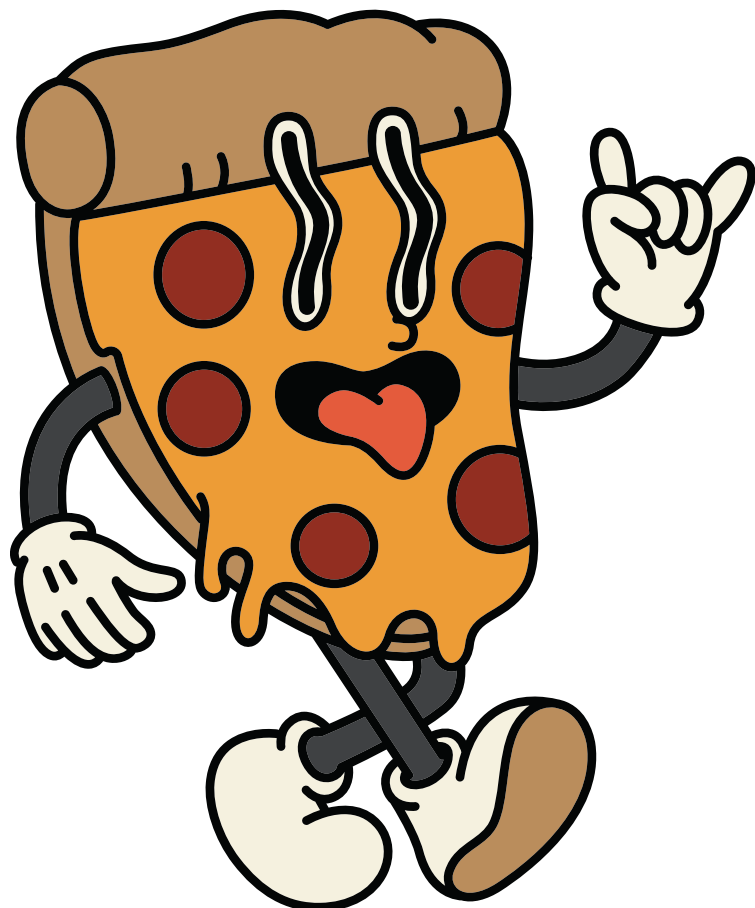


	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Q 7 determine the distribution of order by hour of the day.

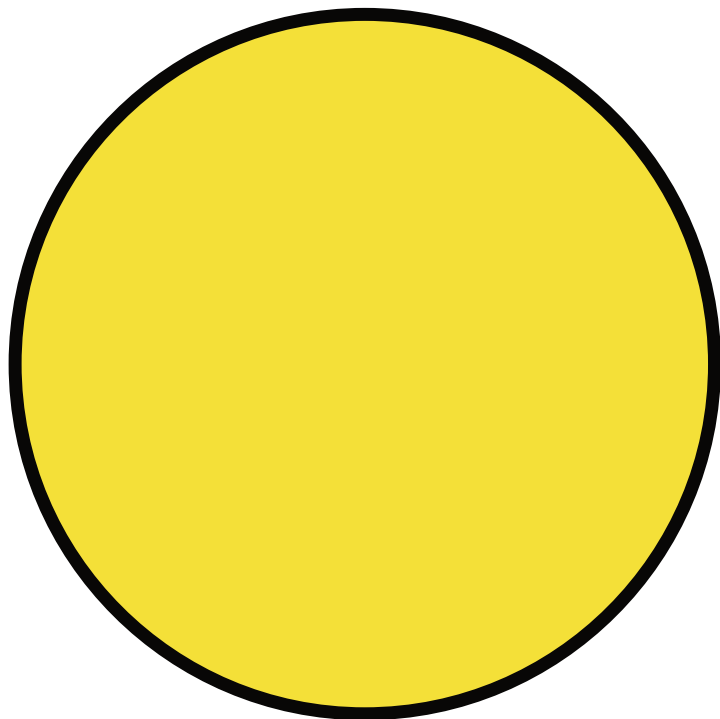
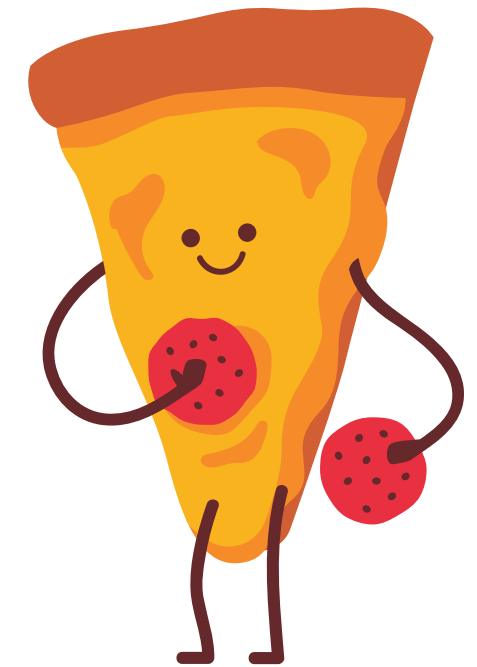
```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

	hour	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2300
Result 1	×	



Q 8 join relevent tables to find the catogory wise distribution of pizzas.

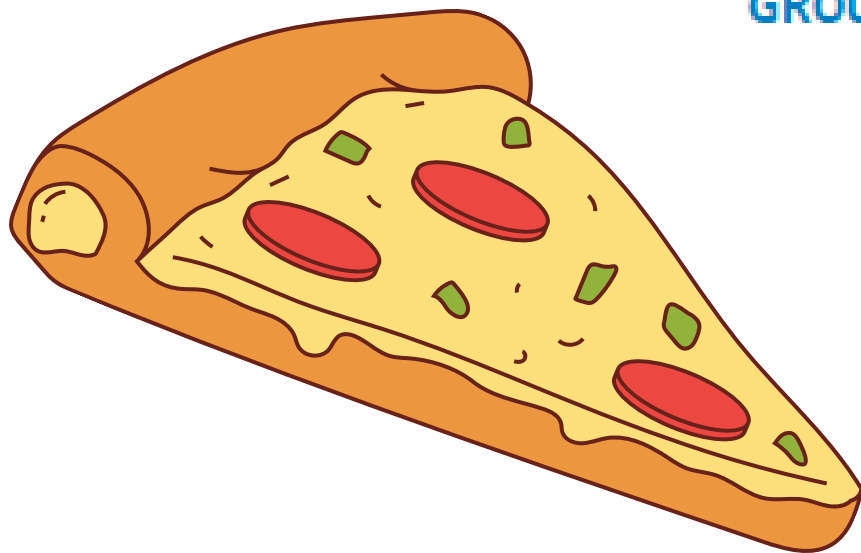
```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	COUNT(name)	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	

Q9 group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

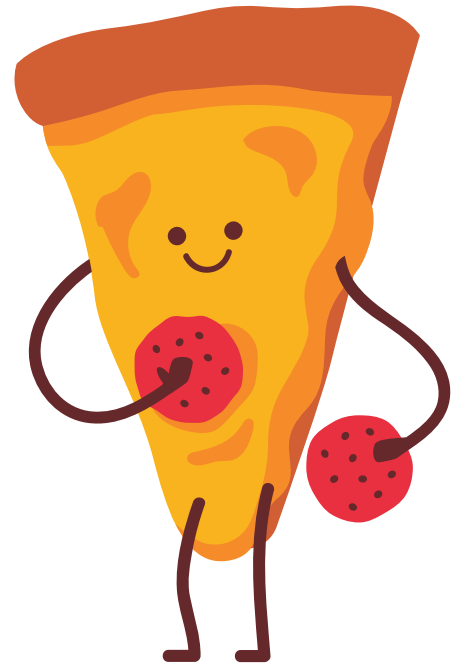


	avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
▶	138



Q10 determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

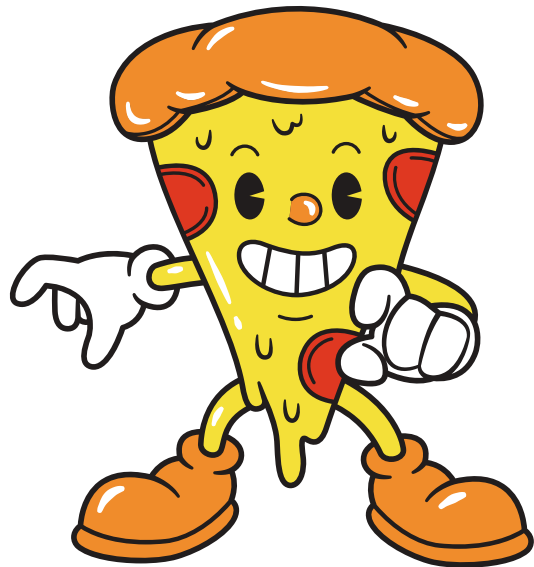
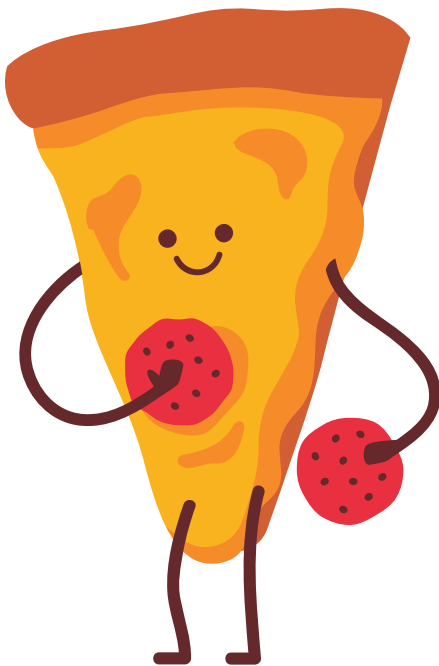
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```



	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

Q11 Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

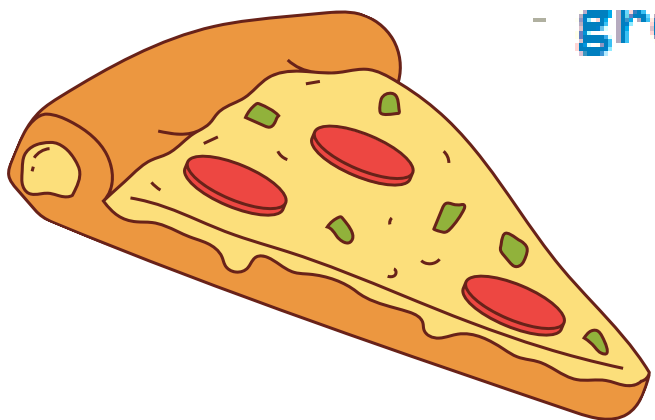
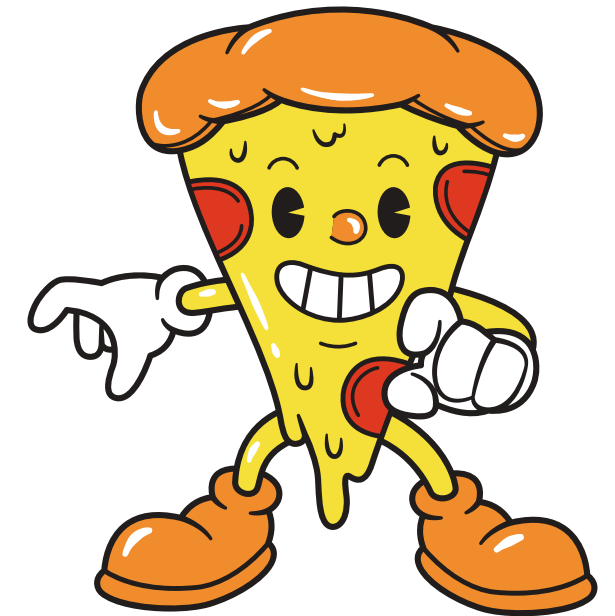
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    round( SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
    2) AS total_sales
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) as revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```



Result Grid			Filter R
	category	revenue	
▶	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	

Q 12 analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19300.05	

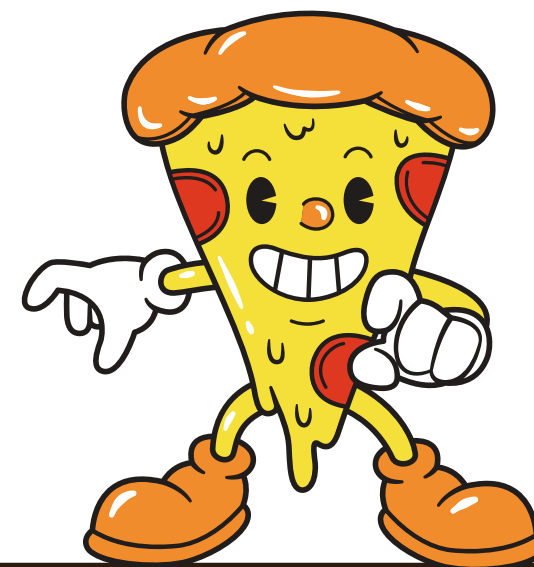
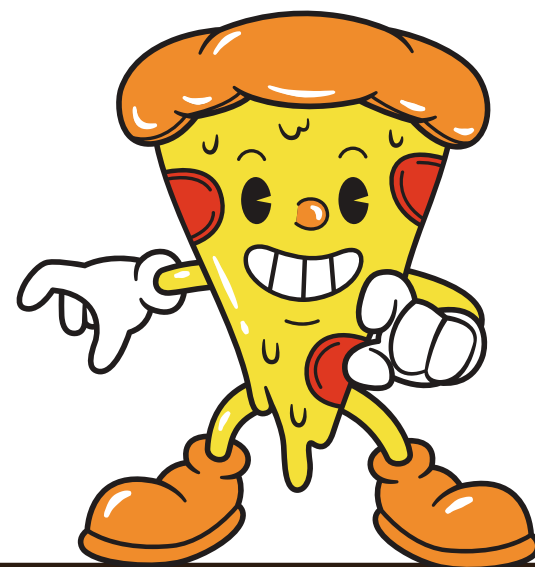
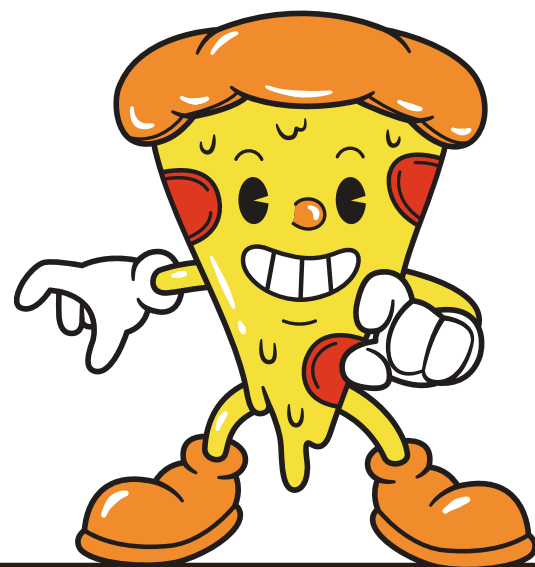
Q13 determine the top 3 ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name, revenue from
⇒ (select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
⇒ (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a)as b
where rn <= 3;
```



	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25

PIZZA PARTY!



Thank you !!!

Pizza

TIME

