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```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

## **Perceptron class**

```
In [2]: class Perceptron:
            def __init__(self, input_size, lr=1, epochs=100):
                self.W = np.zeros(input_size+1)
                self.epochs = epochs
                self.lr = lr
            #Relu activation function
            def activation fn(self, x):
                return 1 if x >= 0 else 0
            def predict(self, x):
                x = np.insert(x, 0, 1)
                z = self.W.T.dot(x)
                a = self.activation fn(z)
                return a
            def train(self, X, labels):
                for _ in range(self.epochs):
                    for i in range(len(labels)):
                        x = np.insert(X[i], 0, 1)
                        y_pred = self.predict(X[i])
                         error = labels[i] - y_pred
                         self.W = self.W + self.lr * error * x
```

## Training data - ASCII representation of numbers 0 to 9

```
In [3]: X train = [
            [0,0,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0]
                                    # 0
            [0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0], # 1
            [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0], # 2
            [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1], # 3
                                   # 4
            [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1],
                                   # 5
            [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0],
            [1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0],
                                   # 6
                                   # 7
            [1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0],
            [1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0], # 8
            [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1]
                                    # 9
        ]
In [4]: # Labels - 0 for even, 1 for odd
        y_{train} = np.array([0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1])
```

## Creating and training the perceptron

```
In [11]: perceptron = Perceptron(input_size=10)
    perceptron.train(X_train, y_train)
```

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## Test the trained perceptron

```
In [14]: test_numbers = [
             [0,0,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0]
                                     # 1
             [0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0],
             [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0],
             [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1], # 3
             [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1], # 4
             [1,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0], #5
             [1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0], # 6
             [1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0], # 7
             [1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0], # 8
                                     # 9
             [1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1]
         ]
         for i, pred in enumerate(test_numbers):
             predictions = perceptron.predict(pred)
             print(f"Predicted label for {i}: {'Odd' if predictions == 1 else 'Eve
         n'}")
         Predicted label for 0: Even
         Predicted label for 1: Odd
         Predicted label for 2: Even
         Predicted label for 3: Odd
         Predicted label for 4: Even
         Predicted label for 5: Odd
         Predicted label for 6: Even
         Predicted label for 7: Odd
         Predicted label for 8: Even
         Predicted label for 9: Odd
In [ ]:
```