Logic for First Submission

Problem Statement:

'YourOwnCabs' (YOC) is an online on-demand cab booking service. it was doing around 100 rides per day. Owing to a successful business model and excellent service, the company's business is growing rapidly, and these numbers are breaking their own records every day. YOC's customer base and ride counts are increasing on a day-by-day basis.

It is highly important for business stakeholders to derive quick and on-demand insights regarding the numbers to decide the company's future strategy. Owing to the massive growth in business, it is getting tough for the company's management to obtain the business numbers frequently, as backend MySQL is not capable of catering to all types of queries owing to large volume data.

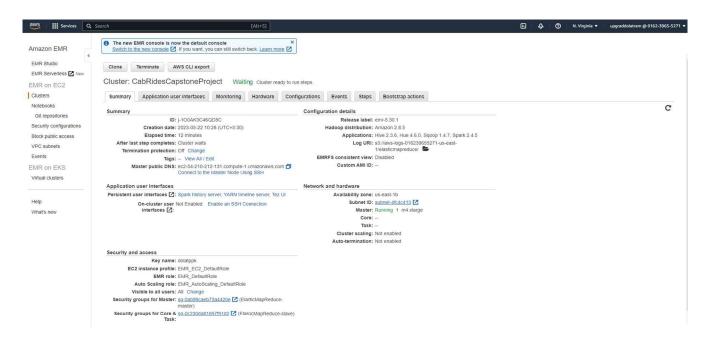
Proposed Solution:

We, as a big data engineer, must architect and build a solution to provide a data driver analytical solution to analyze their bookingand streaming data which can answer their questions backed by data to take business decisions.

- Booking data analytics solution: This is a feature in which the ride-booking data is stored in a way such that it is available for all types of
 analytics without hampering business. These analyses mostly include daily, weekly and monthlybooking counts as well as booking counts by
 the mobile operating system, average booking amount, total tip amount, etc.
- 2. Click-stream data analytics solution: Click-stream is the application browsing data that is generated on every action taken by the user on the app. This includes link click, button click, screen load, etc. This is relevant to know the user's intent and then take action to engage them more in the app according to their browsing behavior. Since this is very high-volume data (more than the bookings data), it needs to be architecture quite well and stored in a proper format for analysis.

Booking and Click-Streaming data would be pushed into fully managed Hive distributed data warehouse where analyst can getrequired data without even worried query speed and storage to support business decisions

Created an EMR instance with services like Hadoop, Sqoop, Hive, Hue and Spark to run the servicesto complete Cab Ride Capstone Project Analysis.



Step – 1: Reading Streaming data from kafka and load into HDFS

Reading kafka stream and writing steaming data as .json file in HDFS local directory

Cab booking app event data are pushed in de-capstone5 Topic on Bootstrap-server - 18.211.252.152 Port – 9092. Weneed to read these streaming data and push into Hive managed table which further can be used for analysis.

Below are steps followed to read kafka topic and store these information in Hive table.

1. Reading data kafka.bootstrap.servers:

Pyspark file "spark kafka to local.py" created to read streaming data from the kafka server.

2. Executed this file to dump streaming data into local HDFS directory:

Below listed commands were used to dump data in local directory, validate whether file is created or notand validate records in .json file.

spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 s3://dolat-s3/CapstoneFiles/spark_kafka_to_local.py

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-33-215 ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/root

Found 2 items

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop hadoop 0 2023-05-23 12:12 /user/root/bookings

drwxr-xr-x - hadoop hadoop 0 2023-05-23 13:00 /user/root/datewise_bookings_agg

[hadoop@ip-172-31-33-215 ~]$ spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2:11:2.4.5 s3://dolat-s3/CapstoneFiles/spark kafka to 100a1.py

[o to Setions to actuate with the control of the contr
```

hadoop fs -cat /user/root/clickstream_data_dump/part-00000-e08eb778-7b21-4c2b-84cd-9e2c6467c5ea-

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-33-215 ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/root/clickstream_data_dump/part-00000-e0@eb778-7b21-4c2b-84cd-9e2c6467c5ea-c000.json | head -n 5 ("value_str":"(\"customer_id\": \"26564820\", \"app_version\": \"3.2.35\", \"0.5_version\": \"Android\", \"lat\": \"16.4454865\", \"lon\": \"99.902065 de545711-3914-4450-8c11-b17b8dabb5e1\", \"button_id\": \"16.6468aa-1231-1leb-adc1-0242ac120002\", \"1s_button_click\": \"No\", \"1s_page_view\": \"Yes \"'. \"No\", \"1s_scroll_down\": \"8000\", \"10.0\": \"2000-014 09:159:07\\n')\") \"10.0\": \"10.0\": \"10.0\": \"10.0\": \"10.0\", \"10.0\": \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.0\", \"10.
```

Reading created .json file from HDFS and transforming into structured format as .csv file

Dump .json file created in above step is has lot of junk data which needs to filtered out before loading into Hivemanaged table for further analysis.

Pyspark file "spark_local_flatten.py" created to transform into more structured format as load into .csv file in HDFSdirectory which will be then loaded in Hive managed table.

1. JSON transformation into more formatted .csv file:

Pyspark file "spark_local_flatten.py" was created to read streaming dump data from .json file and transforminto more structured .csv file and load it into HDFS directory.

2. Executed this file to transform data into structured csv file and load local HDFS directory:

Below listed commands were used to transform json file and convert into more structured format.

spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 s3://dolat-s3/CapstoneFiles/spark_local_flatten.py

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-33-215 -]$ spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 s3://dolat-s3/CapstoneFiles/spark_local_flatten.py
Ivy Default Cache set to: /home/hadoop/.ivy2/cache
the jars for the packages stored in: /home/hadoop/.ivy2/jars
:: loading settings :: url = jar:file:/usr/lib/spark/jars/ivy-2.4.0.jar!/org/apache/ivy/core/settings/ivysettings.xml
org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11 added as a dependency
:: resolving dependencies :: org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-cul-12.11:2.4.5 in central
    found org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 in central
    found org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 in central
    found org.apache.spark*sql-kafka-cul-12.3 in central
    found org.spark-project.spark*unused:1.0.0 in central
    found org.spark-project.spark*unused:1.0.0 in central
:: resolvition report :: resolved il3ms :: artifacts d1 l2ms
    :: modules in use:
    org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 from central in [default]
    org.apache.spark*spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 from central in [default]
    org.spark-project.spark*unused:1.0.0 from central in [default]
    org.spark-pr
```

hadoop fs -ls /user/root/clickstream_flattened

hadoop fs -cat /user/root/clickstream_flattened/part-00000-199eb4e5-0cac-44a1-a819-151d442489df-c000.csv | head -n 10

Step – 2: Load data from AWS RDS to Hadoop

 Data Ingestion with Sqoop: We need MySQL connector installed to make a bridge in between MySQL database and targeted location to retrieve required dataset from MySQL.

Commands executed to install MySQL connector:-

wget https://de-mysql-connector.s3.amazonaws.com/mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.tar.gz

tar -xvf mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.tar.gz cd mysql-connector-java-8.0.25/ sudo cp mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.jar /uṣr/lib/sqoop/lib/

Executed Code Screenshot:-

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 ~] $ cd mysql-connector-java-8.0.25/
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25] $ sudo cp mysql-connector-java-8.0.25.jar /usr/lib/sqoop/lib/
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25] $
```

2. Executed sqoop import command to ingest the bookings table data from AWS RDS to HDFS location:

Sqoop Import executed Code Screenshot:-

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$ sqoop import \
> --connect jdbc:mysql://upgraddetest.cyaielc9bmnf.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com/testdatabase \
> --table bookings \
> --username student --password STUDENT123 \
> --target-dir /user/root/bookings \
> -m 1
Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set $ACCUMULO HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
23/05/22 05:22:45 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.7

File Output Format Counters
Bytes Written=165678
23/05/22 05:23:13 INFO mapreduce.ImportJobBase: Transferred 161.7949 KB in 22.5813 seconds (7.165 KB/sec)
23/05/22 05:23:13 INFO mapreduce.ImportJobBase: Retrieved 1000 records.
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$
```

Note: 1000 records are retrieved from MvSQL RDS and imported in HDFS

3. **Verifying imported file in HDFS:** Refer below screenshot where we could see that bookings table isimported from MySQL database and saved into HDFS directory as a file.

hadoop fs -ls /user/root/bookings

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/root/bookings
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r- 1 hadoop hadoop 0 2023-05-22 05:23 /user/root/bookings/_SUCCESS
-rw-r--r- 1 hadoop hadoop 165678 2023-05-22 05:23 /user/root/bookings/part-m-00000
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$
```

4. **Verifying imported file in HDFS:** Verifying records by just reading top 10 records.

hadoop fs -cat /user/root/bookings/part-m-00000 | head -n 10

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/root/bookings/part-m-00000 | head -n 10 BK8968087150,51811359,15055660,2.2.14,Android,-49.4319655,103.917851,-58.8043875,146.477367,2020-06-23 19:33:10.0,2020-3 BK629851904,31663218,60872180,3.4.1,i0S,-83.5408405,175.80085,86.20705,128.367238,2020-05-23 12:22:04.0,2020-08-09 19:0 BK1797410350,86869399,94276051,4.1.36,iOS,-67.8930645,55.234128,-51.1079,-31.07475,2020-05-19 14:14:32.0,2020-08-23 18:0 BK5788246325,58230837,45457227,2.4.27,Android,13.707887,113.499943,54.3812915,-18.437751,2020-03-24 01:30:15.0,2020-05-05 BK8342703255,84232510,86494681,4.1.34,Android,-6.091461,-114.649789,22.8449505,70.137827,2020-08-03 19:10:52.0,2020-05-05 BK6015582453,11981042,35862658,2.4.39,iOS,-18.910034,-70.193103,-10.182921,173.877213,2020-07-17 05:33:48.0,2020-04-30 BK4529355854,60071878,78022360,2.1.9,iOS,1.215274,-56.014903,35.152876,104.324905,2020-01-02 01:48:40.0,2020-02-16 04:5 BK9720088219,14327312,94427067,3.1.2,Android,-55.4822225,173.362256,65.0121265,51.390751,2020-04-10 15:11:07.0,2020-01-BK7157532607,46407210,43160003,1.3.4,Android,46.005843,-16.826146,7.6126015,-156.428577,2020-06-09 05:56:31.0,2020-03-05 BK5014871433,65861573,64708618,1.3.28,iOS,-29.565326,64.843709,84.068109,-49.820835,2020-08-14 20:43:42.0,2020-06-03 05 cat: Unable to write to output stream.

[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 mysql-connector-java-8.0.25]$ [
```

 Data validation: Below screenshots we could see that no of bookings/records are exactly matching withvalidation document.

Bookings Table Count

Please check the number of records in the bookings table

```
Number of records - 1000
```

Step – 3: Load Aggregated bookings data into Hadoop

Pyspark file "datewise_bookings_aggregates_spark.py" created to aggregate total number of bookings by pickup dateand save aggregated in .csv format and save in HDFS location.

1. Executed this file to save aggregated file as .csv format into HDFS location

spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 /home/hadoop/datewise_bookings_aggregates_spark.py

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 ~]$ spark-submit --packages org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11:2.4.5 /home/hadoop/datewise_bookings_aggregates_spark.py
Ivy Default Cache set to: /home/hadoop/.ivy2/cache
The jars for the packages stored in: /home/hadoop/.ivy2/jars
:: loading settings :: url = jar:file:/usr/lib/spark/jars/ivy-2.4.0.jar!/org/apache/ivy/core/settings/ivysettings.xml

org.apache.spark#spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.11 added as a dependency
:: resolving dependencies :: org.apache.spark#spark-submit-parent-deb30924-f33f-481a-860c-7e29d090972f;1.0

confs: [default]
```

In below screenshot we could see that datewise bookings aggregated file is saved on .csv format in /user/root/datewise_bookings_agg HDFS directory

2. **Verifying data in saved file:** Executed head –n 10 bash command to see top 10 records to make surethat pickup_date level no of bookings are calculated correctly.

hadoop fs -cat /user/root/datewise_bookings_agg/part-00000-e40bc997-e4ef-41e4-9b a-6bbc32bf47b7-c000.csv | head -n 10

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/root/datewise_bookings_agg/part-00000-e40bc997-e4ef-41e4-9bda-6bbc32bf47b7-c000.csv | head -n 10 pickup_date, count 2020-01-01,1 2020-01-02,3 2020-01-03,2 2020-01-04,2 2020-01-05,2 2020-01-05,2 2020-01-07,2 2020-01-07,2 2020-01-09,4 2020-01-09,4 2020-01-09,4 2020-01-09,2 [hadoop@ip-172-31-45-126 ~]$
```

3. **Data validation:** Below screenshots we could see that aggregated booking counts are exactly matchingwith validation document.

```
hive> select count(*) from datewise total bookings;
Query ID = hadoop_20230522164903 abc976d8-1466-446a-b9f4-fe5ace38dbb2
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Tez session was closed. Reopening...
Session re-established.
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1684732171643_0009)
                                  STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
        VERTICES
                     MODE

        Map 1 ...... container
        SUCCEEDED
        1
        1
        0
        0

        Reducer 2 ..... container
        SUCCEEDED
        1
        1
        0
        0

OK
290
Time taken: 14.522 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

Bookings Aggregates Table Count

Please check the number of records in the bookings aggregates table

```
Number of records - 289
```

Step – 4: Load data from AWS RDS to Hadoop creating Hive managed tablesand loading relevant data in those tables.

<u>Creating database and tables and Loading the data into these Hive tables from HDFS files:</u>

Once these tables are created in Hive DW, next step is to load data from files saved in HDFS directory from MySQLBookings and Kafka Streaming systems.

1. Created database and bookings, clickstream and datewise total bookings (aggregated) in it:

```
hive> create database cabrides;

OK

Time taken: 1.065 seconds

hive> use cabrides;

OK

Time taken: 0.058 seconds

hive>
```

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS clickstream data (
   > customer_id INT,
   > app_version STRING,
   > os_version STRING,
   > lat DOUBLE,
   > lon DOUBLE,
   > page id STRING,
   > button id STRING,
   > is button click BOOLEAN,
   > is page view BOOLEAN,
   > is scroll up BOOLEAN,
      is scroll down BOOLEAN,
       time stamp TIMESTAMP
   > COMMENT 'This table will store click streaming data red from kafka';
OK
Time taken: 0.067 seconds
hive>
```

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS bookings detail (
    > booking id STRING,
        customer_id INT,
       driver id INT,
        customer_app_version STRING,
customer_phone_os_version STRING,
       pickup_lat DOUBLE,
       pickup lon DOUBLE,
       drop lat DOUBLE,
       drop_lon DOUBLE,
      pickup_timestamp TIMESTAMP,
       drop_timestamp TIMESTAMP,
        trip_fare DECIMAL(10, 2),
        tip amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
        currency code STRING,
       cab color STRING,
      cab registration no STRING,
      customer_rating_by_driver INT,
      rating by customer INT,
       passenger count INT
     COMMENT 'This table will store Bookings data red from MySQL RDS';
OK
Time taken: 0.069 seconds
hive>
```

2. Loading data into these table table:

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/clickstream_data_dump/part-00000-e08eb778-7b21-4c2b-84cd-9e2c6467c5ea-c000.json' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE clickstream_data;

```
hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/clickstream_data_dump/part-00000-e08eb778-7b21-4c2b-84cd-9e2c6467c5ea-c000.json' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE clickstream_data;
Loading data to table cabrides.clickstream_data
OK
Time taken: 1.073 seconds
```

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/bookings/part-m-00000' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE bookings_detail;

```
hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/bookings/part-m-00000' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE bookings_detail;
Loading data to table cabrides.bookings_detail
OK
Time taken: 0.615 seconds
hive>
```

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/datewise_bookings_agg/part-00000-e40bc997-e4ef-41e4-9bda-6bbc32bf47b7-c000.csv'

OVERWRITE INTO TABL datewise_total_bookings;

```
hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/root/datewise_bookings_agg/part-00000-e40bc997-e4ef-41e4-9bda-6bbc32bf47b7-c000.csv' OVERWRITE INTO TABLE datewise_total_bookings;
ACIVATE WINDOWS

OK

Time taken: 0.416 seconds
hive> []
```

3. Data validation: Below screenshots we could see that no of events/records are exactly matching with validation document.

Clickstream date Table:

Clickstream Table Count

Please check the number of records in the clickstream table

```
Number of records - 2984
```

Bookings_detail table:

```
hive> select count(*) from bookings_detail;
Query ID = hadoop_20230522070613_0a560f69-63e0-40d4-bda0-317ddf70a90a

Total jobs = 1

Launching Job 1 out of 1

Tez session was closed. Reopening...
Session re-established.

Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1684732171643_0004)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0

Reducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0

VERTICES: 02/02 [===========>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 5.63 s

OK

1000

Time taken: 16.287 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

Bookings Table Count

Please check the number of records in the bookings table

```
Number of records - 1000
```

datewise_total_bookings table:

Bookings Aggregates Table Count

Please check the number of records in the bookings aggregates table

```
Number of records - 289
```