

Assignment-04

Suyog Tangade
MD/2020/710

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/suyogtangade/Assignment4.git>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/suyogtangade/Assignment4.git>

Question taken from

https://github.com/gadepall/ncert/blob/main/linalg/linear_forms/gvv_ncert_linear_forms.pdf

So by reduction of the (2×3) matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} & 7 \\ 9 & -10 & 14 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.8)$$

gives matrix with 2 non zero row, so its rank is 2.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 9 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.9)$$

The rank of the above matrix is also 2.

\therefore lines are Consistent and gives unique solution.

1 LINEAR FORMS EXERCISE 2.5(c)

Find out whether the following pair of linear equations are consistent, or inconsistent.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 7 \quad (1.0.1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 14 \quad (1.0.2)$$

2 SOLUTION

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 7 \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 14 \quad (2.0.2)$$

The above equations can be expressed as the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 9 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

The augmented matrix for the above equation is row reduced as follows:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{3} & 7 \\ 9 & -10 & 14 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow \frac{2}{3}R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{10}{9} & \frac{14}{3} \\ 9 & -10 & 14 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow \text{add } -9\text{time } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ to } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ row}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{10}{9} & \frac{14}{3} \\ 0 & -20 & -28 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow \frac{-1}{20}R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{10}{9} & \frac{14}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_1 \leftarrow \text{add } \frac{-10}{9}\text{time } 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ to } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ row}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{28}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

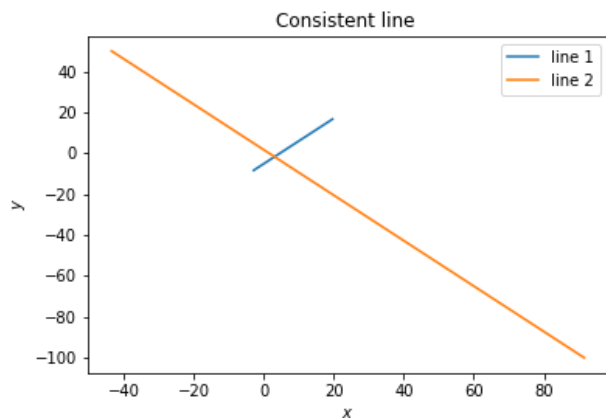


Fig. 2.1: Graphical solution

\therefore This figure verifies that two lines are intersecting at one point.