Class 8: Machine Learning Mini-Project

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wisc.df <- read.csv("WisconsinCancer.csv", row.names = 1)
head(wisc.df)</pre>

	diagnosis	s radius_mean	texture_mean p	erimeter_mean	area_mea	n
842302	N	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.	0
842517	N	1 20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.	0
84300903	N	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.	0
84348301	N	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.	1
84358402	N	1 20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.	0
843786	N	12.45	15.70	82.57	477.	1
	smoothnes	ss_mean compa	ctness_mean con	cavity_mean co	oncave.po	ints_mean
842302	(0.11840	0.27760	0.3001		0.14710
842517	(0.08474	0.07864	0.0869		0.07017
84300903	(0.10960	0.15990	0.1974		0.12790
84348301	(0.14250	0.28390	0.2414		0.10520
84358402	(0.10030	0.13280	0.1980		0.10430
843786	(0.12780	0.17000	0.1578		0.08089
	symmetry	mean fractal	_dimension_mean	radius_se te	kture_se	perimeter_se
842302	0 .	. 2419	0.07871	1.0950	0.9053	8.589
842517	0 .	. 1812	0.05667	0.5435	0.7339	3.398
84300903	0 .	. 2069	0.05999	0.7456	0.7869	4.585
84348301	0 .	. 2597	0.09744	0.4956	1.1560	3.445
84358402	0 .	. 1809	0.05883	0.7572	0.7813	5.438
843786	0 .	. 2087	0.07613	0.3345	0.8902	2.217
	area_se s	smoothness_se	compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.	points_se
842302	153.40	0.006399	0.04904	0.05373		0.01587
842517	74.08	0.005225	0.01308			0.01340
84300903	94.03	0.006150	0.04006	0.03832		0.02058
84348301	27.23	0.009110	0.07458	0.05661		0.01867
84358402	94.44	0.011490	0.02461	0.05688		0.01885
843786	27.19	0.007510	0.03345	0.03672		0.01137

```
symmetry_se fractal_dimension_se radius_worst texture_worst
842302
             0.03003
                                   0.006193
                                                    25.38
                                                                   17.33
                                                    24.99
842517
             0.01389
                                   0.003532
                                                                   23.41
84300903
             0.02250
                                                    23.57
                                                                   25.53
                                   0.004571
84348301
             0.05963
                                   0.009208
                                                    14.91
                                                                   26.50
84358402
                                                    22.54
             0.01756
                                   0.005115
                                                                   16.67
843786
             0.02165
                                   0.005082
                                                    15.47
                                                                   23.75
         perimeter_worst area_worst smoothness_worst compactness_worst
842302
                               2019.0
                                                 0.1622
                   184.60
                                                                    0.6656
                                                 0.1238
842517
                   158.80
                               1956.0
                                                                    0.1866
84300903
                   152.50
                               1709.0
                                                 0.1444
                                                                    0.4245
84348301
                    98.87
                                567.7
                                                 0.2098
                                                                    0.8663
84358402
                   152.20
                               1575.0
                                                 0.1374
                                                                    0.2050
843786
                   103.40
                                741.6
                                                 0.1791
                                                                    0.5249
         concavity_worst concave.points_worst symmetry_worst
842302
                   0.7119
                                         0.2654
                                                         0.4601
842517
                   0.2416
                                         0.1860
                                                         0.2750
84300903
                   0.4504
                                         0.2430
                                                         0.3613
84348301
                   0.6869
                                         0.2575
                                                         0.6638
84358402
                   0.4000
                                         0.1625
                                                         0.2364
843786
                   0.5355
                                         0.1741
                                                         0.3985
         fractal_dimension_worst
842302
                          0.11890
842517
                          0.08902
84300903
                          0.08758
84348301
                          0.17300
                          0.07678
84358402
843786
                          0.12440
```

Q1. How many samples in the dataset?

```
nrow(wisc.df)
```

[1] 569

Q2. How many malignant (M) and benign (B) samples are there?

```
sum(wisc.df$diagnosis == "M")
```

[1] 212

```
table(wisc.df$diagnosis)
```

```
B M
357 212
```

Q3. How many variables/features in the data are suffixed with "_mean"?

```
grep("_mean", colnames(wisc.df))
```

```
[1] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
```

What features are "mean" values?

```
grep("_mean", colnames(wisc.df), value = T)
```

```
[1] "radius_mean" "texture_mean" "perimeter_mean" [4] "area_mean" "smoothness_mean" "compactness_mean" [7] "concavity_mean" "concave.points_mean" "symmetry_mean"
```

[10] "fractal_dimension_mean"

Need to remove the first diagnosis column from my data before doing any analysis. I will store it for later as a factor

```
wisc.data <- wisc.df[,-1]
diagnosis <- as.factor(wisc.df$diagnosis)
head(wisc.data)</pre>
```

	radius_mean te	exture_mean	${\tt perimeter_mean}$	area_mean	smoothness_mean
842302	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840
842517	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474
84300903	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960
84348301	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250
84358402	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030
843786	12.45	15.70	82.57	477.1	0.12780
	compactness_me	ean concavit	y_mean concave	.points_mea	n symmetry_mean
842302	0.277	760	0.3001	0.1471	0.2419
842517	0.078	364	0.0869	0.0701	7 0.1812
84300903	0.159	990	0.1974	0.1279	0.2069

84348301	0.28390	0.241	4	0.10520	0.2597
84358402	0.13280	0.198	0	0.10430	0.1809
843786	0.17000	0.157	8	0.08089	0.2087
	fractal_dimension	_mean radius_	se texture_se	perimeter_se	area_se
842302	0.	07871 1.09	50 0.9053	8.589	153.40
842517	0.	05667 0.54	35 0.7339	3.398	74.08
84300903	0.	05999 0.74	56 0.7869	4.585	94.03
84348301	0.	09744 0.49	56 1.1560	3.445	27.23
84358402	0.	05883 0.75	72 0.7813	5.438	94.44
843786	0.	07613 0.33	45 0.8902	2.217	27.19
	smoothness_se com	pactness_se c	oncavity_se c	oncave.points	_se
842302	0.006399	0.04904	0.05373	0.01	587
842517	0.005225	0.01308	0.01860	0.01	340
84300903	0.006150	0.04006	0.03832	0.02	058
84348301	0.009110	0.07458	0.05661	0.01	867
84358402	0.011490	0.02461	0.05688	0.01	885
843786	0.007510	0.03345	0.03672	0.01	137
	symmetry_se fract	al_dimension_	se radius_wor	st texture_wo	rst
842302	0.03003	0.0061	93 25.	38 17	.33
842517	0.01389	0.0035	32 24.	99 23	.41
84300903	0.02250	0.0045	71 23.	57 25	.53
84348301	0.05963	0.0092	08 14.	91 26	.50
84358402	0.01756	0.0051	15 22.	54 16	.67
843786	0.02165	0.0050	82 15.	47 23	.75
	perimeter_worst a	rea_worst smo	othness_worst	compactness_	worst
842302	184.60	2019.0	0.1622	0	.6656
842517	158.80	1956.0	0.1238	0	.1866
84300903	152.50	1709.0	0.1444	0	.4245
84348301	98.87	567.7	0.2098	0	.8663
84358402	152.20	1575.0	0.1374	0	.2050
843786	103.40	741.6	0.1791	0	.5249
	concavity_worst c	oncave.points	_worst symmet	ry_worst	
842302	0.7119		0.2654	0.4601	
842517	0.2416		0.1860	0.2750	
84300903	0.4504		0.2430	0.3613	
84348301	0.6869		0.2575	0.6638	
84358402	0.4000		0.1625	0.2364	
843786	0.5355		0.1741	0.3985	
	fractal_dimension	_worst			
842302	0	.11890			
842517	0	.08902			
84300903	0	.08758			
84348301	0	.17300			

84358402	0.07678
843786	0.12440

2. Principal Component Analysis

The main PCA function in base R is called prcomp()

Before doing anything like PCA, t is important to check if the data need to be scaled before performing PCA. Recall two common reasons for scaling data include:

- The input variables use different units of measurement.
- The input variables have significantly different variances.

```
round(apply(wisc.data, 2, sd), 2)
```

radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean
3.52	4.30	24.30
area_mean	smoothness_mean	compactness_mean
351.91	0.01	0.05
concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
0.08	0.04	0.03
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
0.01	0.28	0.55
perimeter_se	area_se	smoothness_se
2.02	45.49	0.00
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
0.02	0.03	0.01
symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst
0.01	0.00	4.83
texture_worst	perimeter_worst	area_worst
6.15	33.60	569.36
smoothness_worst	${\tt compactness_worst}$	concavity_worst
0.02	0.16	0.21
concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	<pre>fractal_dimension_worst</pre>
0.07	0.06	0.02

```
wisc.pr <- prcomp(wisc.data, scale = T)
summary(wisc.pr)</pre>
```

Importance of components:

```
PC1
                                 PC2
                                         PC3
                                                 PC4
                                                          PC5
                                                                  PC6
                                                                          PC7
Standard deviation
                       3.6444 2.3857 1.67867 1.40735 1.28403 1.09880 0.82172
Proportion of Variance 0.4427 0.1897 0.09393 0.06602 0.05496 0.04025 0.02251
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.4427 0.6324 0.72636 0.79239 0.84734 0.88759 0.91010
                           PC8
                                  PC9
                                         PC10
                                                PC11
                                                         PC12
                                                                 PC13
                                                                         PC14
Standard deviation
                       0.69037 0.6457 0.59219 0.5421 0.51104 0.49128 0.39624
Proportion of Variance 0.01589 0.0139 0.01169 0.0098 0.00871 0.00805 0.00523
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.92598 0.9399 0.95157 0.9614 0.97007 0.97812 0.98335
                          PC15
                                  PC16
                                          PC17
                                                  PC18
                                                           PC19
                                                                   PC20
                                                                          PC21
Standard deviation
                       0.30681 0.28260 0.24372 0.22939 0.22244 0.17652 0.1731
Proportion of Variance 0.00314 0.00266 0.00198 0.00175 0.00165 0.00104 0.0010
                       0.98649 0.98915 0.99113 0.99288 0.99453 0.99557 0.9966
Cumulative Proportion
                          PC22
                                  PC23
                                         PC24
                                                 PC25
                                                          PC26
                                                                  PC27
                                                                          PC28
                       0.16565 0.15602 0.1344 0.12442 0.09043 0.08307 0.03987
Standard deviation
Proportion of Variance 0.00091 0.00081 0.0006 0.00052 0.00027 0.00023 0.00005
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.99749 0.99830 0.9989 0.99942 0.99969 0.99992 0.99997
                          PC29
                                  PC30
Standard deviation
                       0.02736 0.01153
Proportion of Variance 0.00002 0.00000
Cumulative Proportion
                       1.00000 1.00000
```

Look at cumulative proportion to see how much of the data was capture after each additional principal component. > From your results, what proportion of the original variance is captured by the first principal components (PC1)? 44.27%

Q5. How many PCs to describe at least 70% of the original variance in the data? 3 Q6. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance in the data? 7

```
attributes(wisc.pr)
```

\$names

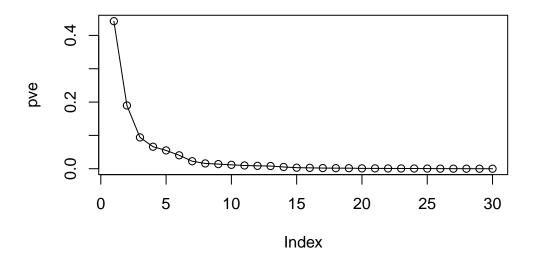
[1] "sdev" "rotation" "center" "scale" "x"

\$class

[1] "prcomp"

Make a scree plot.

```
pr.var <- wisc.pr$sdev^2
#Proportion of variance
pve <- pr.var/sum(pr.var)
plot(pve, type = "o")</pre>
```



PC3 looks like inflection point.

Let's make our main results figure from our PCA - our score plot (aka "PC plot", "PC1 vs PC2",) $\,$

```
library(ggplot2)

pc <- as.data.frame(wisc.pr$x)

ggplot(pc) +
  aes(PC1, PC2, col = diagnosis) +
  geom_point()</pre>
```



Hierarchical clustering

First, we need to scale the data.

```
data.scaled <- scale(wisc.data)
apply(data.scaled, 2, sd)</pre>
```

radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean
1	1	1
area_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	${\tt compactness_mean}$
1	1	1
${\tt concavity_mean}$	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
1	1	1
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
1	1	1
perimeter_se	area_se	smoothness_se
1	1	1
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
1	1	1
symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst

We find the distance between all pairs in the scaled dataset.

```
data.dist <- dist(data.scaled)</pre>
```

We then create a hierarchical clustering model using complete linkage.

```
wisc.hclust <- hclust(data.dist)
wisc.hclust</pre>
```

Call:

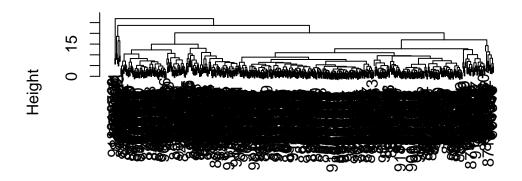
hclust(d = data.dist)

Cluster method : complete
Distance : euclidean

Number of objects: 569

plot(wisc.hclust)

Cluster Dendrogram

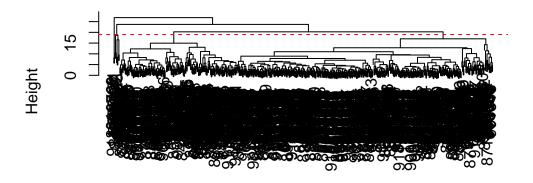


data.dist hclust (*, "complete")

Q10. Using the plot() and abline() functions, what is the height at which the clustering model has 4 clusters?

```
plot(wisc.hclust)
abline(h=19, col="red", lty = 2)
```

Cluster Dendrogram



data.dist hclust (*, "complete")

To get a cluster membership vector I will use the ${\tt cutree()}$ function and "cut" into 4 or so grps or clusters

```
grps <- cutree(wisc.hclust, h=19)
table(grps)</pre>
```

```
grps 1 2 3 4 177 7 383 2
```

Cross tabulate with diagnosis

```
table(grps, diagnosis)
```

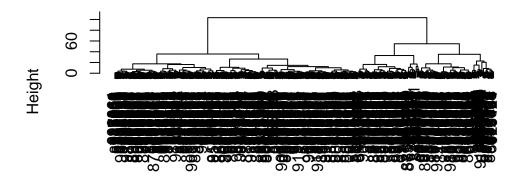
```
diagnosis
grps B M
1 12 165
2 2 5
3 343 40
4 0 2
```

Clustering on PCA results

I can cluster in PC-space and use as many or as few PCs as I want. To start with I will use 3 PCs - cluster along PC1, PC2, PC3.

```
pc.dist <- dist(wisc.pr$x[,1:3])
wisc.pr.hclust <- hclust(pc.dist, method = "ward.D2")
plot(wisc.pr.hclust)</pre>
```

Cluster Dendrogram



pc.dist hclust (*, "ward.D2")

This dendrogram shows two main clusters - are these malignant and benign?

```
diagnosis
grps B M
1 24 179
2 333 33
```

We could calculate **accuracy** - the proportion of samples we got correct if we take cluster 1 to represent all M and cluster 2 to represent all B.

```
(179+333)/nrow(wisc.data)
```

Sensitivity - ability to correctly detect ill patients

```
179/(179+24)
```

[1] 0.8817734

[1] 0.8998243

Specificity - ability to correctly reject healthy patients

```
333/(333+33)
```

[1] 0.9098361

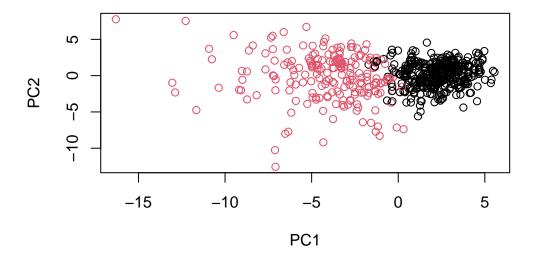
Prediction

```
url <- "https://tinyurl.com/new-samples-CSV"
new <- read.csv(url)
npc <- predict(wisc.pr, newdata=new)
npc</pre>
```

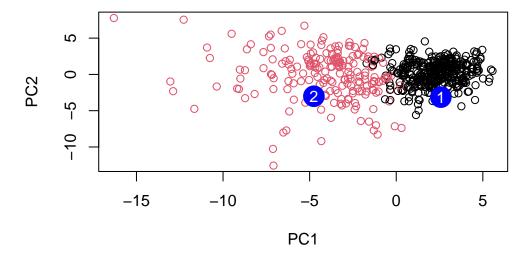
```
PC1
                     PC2
                                PC3
                                           PC4
                                                     PC5
                                                                            PC7
                                                                PC6
[1,] 2.576616 -3.135913
                         1.3990492 -0.7631950 2.781648 -0.8150185 -0.3959098
[2,] -4.754928 -3.009033 -0.1660946 -0.6052952 -1.140698 -1.2189945
                                                                      0.8193031
                                                    PC12
            PC8
                      PC9
                                PC10
                                          PC11
                                                              PC13
                                                                        PC14
[1,] -0.2307350 0.1029569 -0.9272861 0.3411457 0.375921 0.1610764 1.187882
[2,] -0.3307423 0.5281896 -0.4855301 0.7173233 -1.185917 0.5893856 0.303029
          PC15
                     PC16
                                 PC17
                                             PC18
                                                         PC19
                                                                     PC20
```

```
[2,] 0.1299153 0.1448061 -0.40509706 0.06565549 0.25591230 -0.4289500
           PC21
                      PC22
                                 PC23
                                            PC24
                                                        PC25
                                                                      PC26
[1,] 0.1228233 0.09358453 0.08347651 0.1223396 0.02124121 0.078884581
[2,] -0.1224776 0.01732146 0.06316631 -0.2338618 -0.20755948 -0.009833238
             PC27
                         PC28
                                      PC29
                                                   PC30
[1,] 0.220199544 -0.02946023 -0.015620933 0.005269029
[2,] -0.001134152  0.09638361  0.002795349 -0.019015820
  g <- as.factor(grps)</pre>
  levels(g)
[1] "1" "2"
  g <- relevel(g,2)
  levels(g)
[1] "2" "1"
  plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=g)
```

[1,] 0.3216974 -0.1743616 -0.07875393 -0.11207028 -0.08802955 -0.2495216



```
plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=g)
points(npc[,1], npc[,2], col="blue", pch=16, cex=3)
text(npc[,1], npc[,2], c(1,2), col="white")
```



Q16. Which of these new patients should we prioritize for follow up based on your results? Should prioritize follow up with patient 2 because they fall in the cluster that is mostly malignant samples.