

# Thoughts on residual-multinomial resampling

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- $R := N - \sum \lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor$
- $r_i := \frac{1}{R}(Nw_t^{(i)} - \lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor)$
- Parent  $i$  is deterministically assigned  $\lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor$  offspring, for each  $i$ , and the remaining  $R$  offspring are assigned to parents chosen independently  $\sim \text{Categorical}(r_{1:N})$
- Let  $\mathcal{I} \subseteq [N]$  denote the index set of offspring that are assigned to the “deterministic slots”
- $|\mathcal{I}| = N - R = \sum \lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor$
- $\mathcal{I} \mid w_t^{(1:N)}$  is uniform over the  $\binom{N}{R}$  possible subsets of size  $N - R$ , due to the Standing Assumption
- $a_t^{\mathcal{I}}$  and  $a_t^{\mathcal{I}^c}$  are conditionally independent given  $\mathcal{I}$ , due to the Standing Assumption
- The assumed bounds on  $g_t$  imply almost surely  $w_t^{(i)} \in [\frac{1}{a^2N}, \frac{a^2}{N}]$ , hence  $\lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor \in [a^{-2}, a^2]$  and  $|\mathcal{I}| = O(N)$

So...

$$\mathbb{P}[a_t^{(1:N)} = a_{1:N} \mid \mathcal{H}_t] = \sum_{\mathcal{I} \subseteq [N]} \mathbb{P}[\mathcal{I} \mid \mathcal{H}_t] \mathbb{P}[a_t^{\mathcal{I}} = a_{\mathcal{I}} \mid \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{H}_t] \mathbb{P}[a_t^{\mathcal{I}^c} = a_{\mathcal{I}^c} \mid \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{H}_t] \quad (1)$$

$\mathbb{P}[\mathcal{I} \mid \mathcal{H}_t]$  is not tractable, but will sum to one if the other terms can be bounded independently of  $\mathcal{I}$ .

$$\mathbb{P}[a_t^{\mathcal{I}} = a_{\mathcal{I}} \mid \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{H}_t] \propto \left( \prod_{i=1}^N \mathbb{1}_{\{|\{j \in \mathcal{I} : a_j = i\}| = \lfloor Nw_t^{(i)} \rfloor\}} \right) \left( \prod_{i \in \mathcal{I}} q_{t-1}(X_t^{(a_i)}, X_{t-1}^{(i)}) \right) \quad (2)$$

Indicators ensure correct number of deterministic slots for each parent,  $q$ 's incorporate probability of particular parent-offspring assignment.

$$\mathbb{P}[a_t^{\mathcal{I}^c} = a_{\mathcal{I}^c} \mid \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{H}_t] \propto \prod_{i \in \mathcal{I}^c} r_{a_i} q_{t-1}(X_t^{(a_i)}, X_{t-1}^{(i)}) \quad (3)$$

$r$ 's are the probabilities from the Categorical sampling of parents,  $q$ 's as above.