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Pledge: I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System.

Give the complexity of the following functions. Choose the most appropriate notation from among O, θ , and Ω .

```
1. void function1(int n) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
         for (int j = i; j <= n; j += 2) {</pre>
             cout << "*";
    }
}
Answer: \theta(n^2)
   2. void function2(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i * i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         count++;
    cout << count;</pre>
}
Answer: \theta(\sqrt{n})
   3. void function3(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = n/2; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j + n/2 <= n; j++) {
             for (int k = 1; k \le n; k *= 2) {
                  count++;
         }
    }
    cout << count;</pre>
}
Answer: \theta(n^2 lg(n))
   4. void function4(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = n/2; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j *= 2) {
             for (int k = 1; k <= n; k *= 2) {
                  count++;
              }
         }
    cout << count;</pre>
Answer: \theta(n \lg^2(n))
```

```
5. void function5(int n) {
    if (n % 2 == 0) {
        return;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
             cout << "*";
             break;
         }
    }
Answer: O(n)
   6. void function6(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n/2; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n/3; j++) {</pre>
             for (int k = 1; k \le n/4; k++) {
                  count++;
         }
    }
    cout << count;</pre>
Answer: \theta(n^3)
   7. void function7(int n) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
         for (int j = 1; j <= n; j += i) {</pre>
             cout << "*";
         }
    }
Answer: \theta(n \lg(n))
   8. void function8(int n) {
    int i = 1, s = 1;
    while (s <= n) {
         i++;
         s += i;
        cout << "*";
    }
}
Answer: \theta(\sqrt{n})
```

9. Processing Arrays

a. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to sum all the elements inside it. What is the running time of your algorithm? $\theta(n)$

- b. Suppose you have an unsorted array of integers of length n and want to determine if all the values inside are positive. What is the running time of your algorithm? O(n)
- c. Suppose you have a sorted array of integers of length n and want to determine the median value. What is the running time of your algorithm? $\theta(1)$

10. True T / F
$$f(n) = 3n^2 + 4n + 2 \in \theta(n^2)$$

If true, prove it by giving *integral* values for the required constants c_1 , c_2 , and n_0 . Choose the tightest values possible for the c_1 and c_2 constants. If false, show the contradiction.

$$c_1 = 3$$

$$c_2 = 4$$

$$n_0 \ge 5$$

Lower:
$$3n^2 + 4n + 2 \ge 3n^2$$

Upper:
$$3n^2 + 4n + 2 \le 4n^2$$