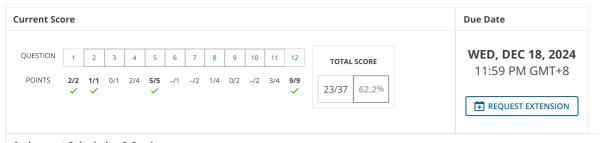


← AP Physics 2, section B4,

DC Circuits #2 (Homework)

INSTRUCTOR

Ian Page
Singapore American School



Assignment Submission & Scoring

Assignment Submission

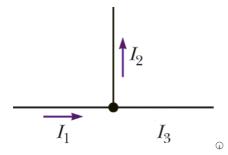
For this assignment, you submit answers by question parts. The number of submissions remaining for each question part only changes if you submit or change the answer.

Assignment Scoring

Your last submission is used for your score.



Consider the circuit node in the figure



Suppose $|I_1| = 4.00$ A and $|I_2| = 8.00$ A.

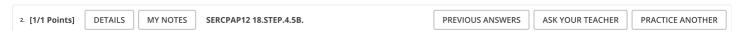
(a) Find the magnitude of I_3 (in A).



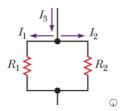
(b) State whether current I_3 is going into the node or out of the node. If the sign is positive, it indicates current into the node, whereas if it is negative, it represents current coming out of the node.



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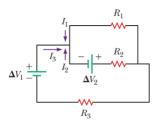
Consider the circuit in the following figure.



Suppose R_1 = 6.00 Ω and R_2 = 3.00 Ω . If I_1 = 5.00 A, find I_3 (in A) using Kirchhoff's Rules. (Enter the magnitude.)

3. [0/1 Points] SERCPAP12 18.STEP.4.7A. PREVIOUS ANSWERS ASK YOUR TEACHER PRACTICE ANOTHER DETAILS MY NOTES

Consider the circuit in the following figure.



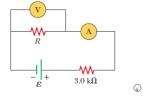
Suppose R_1 = 3.00 Ω and R_2 = 8.00 Ω . If R_3 = 5.00 Ω , ΔV_1 = 24.0 V and ΔV_2 = 6.00 V, find I_1 (in A) using Kirchoff's Rules.

Develop three equations and three unknowns using Kirchhoff's Rules, solving for the unknown current. A

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4. [2/4 Points] DETAILS MY NOTES SERCPAP12 18.A.P.050. PREVIOUS ANSWERS ASK YOUR TEACHER PRACTICE ANOTHER

For the circuit shown in the figure below, the voltmeter reads 5.9 V and the ammeter reads 3.4 mA.



(a) Find the value of R.

1.74 **✓** kΩ

(b) Find the emf of the battery.

5.90

Your response differs from the correct answer by more than 10%. Double check your calculations. V

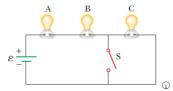
(d) What assumptions did you have to make to solve this problem?



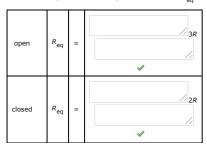
This answer has not been graded yet.



A circuit consists of three identical lamps, each of resistance R, connected to a battery as in the figure below. (Use the following as necessary: R and E for E.)



(a) Calculate an expression for the equivalent resistance R_{eq} of the circuit when the switch is open. Repeat the calculation when the switch is closed.



(b) Write an expression for the power P supplied by the battery when the switch is open. Repeat the calculation when the switch is closed.

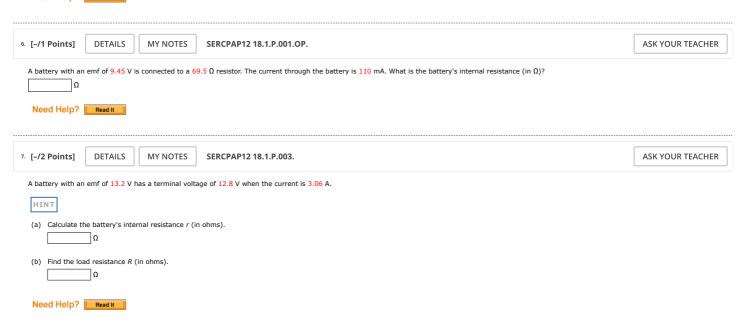


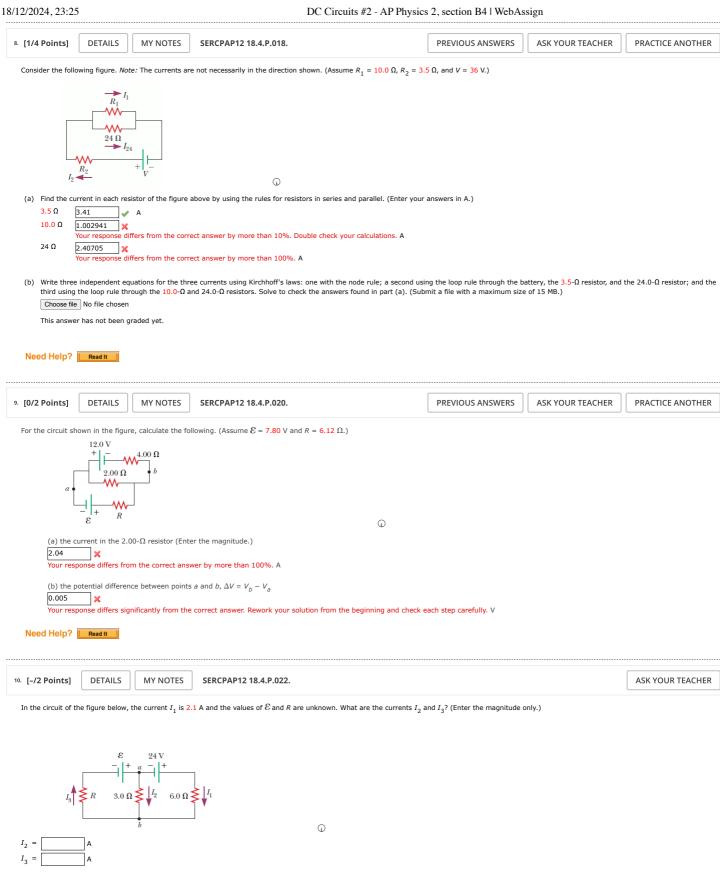
(c) Using the results already obtained, explain what happens to the brightness of the lamps when the switch is closed.

when the switch is closed, the total equivalent resistance decreases, causing the total current from the battery to increase. lamps A and B remain equally bright because they are still in series, while lamp C lights up as the right loop is now complete. the battery supplies more power due to the reduced resistance.

Score: 1 out of 1

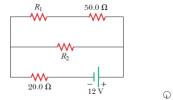
Comment:





11. [3/4 Points] DETAILS MY NOTES SERCPAP12 18.4.P.024. PREVIOUS ANSWERS ASK YOUR TEACHER PRACTICE ANOTHER

Four resistors are connected to a battery with a terminal voltage of 12 V, as shown in the figure below. (Assume $R_1 = 36.0 \Omega$ and $R_2 = 74.0 \Omega$.)



(a) How would you reduce the circuit to an equivalent single resistor connected to the battery? Use this procedure to find the equivalent resistance of the circuit.

(b) Find the current delivered by the battery to this equivalent resistance.

(c) Determine the power delivered by the battery.

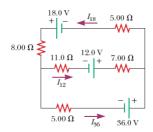
2.41

(d) Determine the power delivered to the 50.0- $\!\Omega$ resistor.

Your response differs from the correct answer by more than 100%. W

12. [9/9 Points] DETAILS MY NOTES SERCPAP12 18.4.P.030. PREVIOUS ANSWERS ASK YOUR TEACHER

For the circuit shown in the figure below, use Kirchhoff's rules to obtain equations for the upper loop, the lower loop, and the node on the left side. In each case suppress units for clarity and simplify, combining like terms. (Use the following as necessary: I_{18} , I_{12} , and I_{36} .)



(a) the upper loop



(b) the lower loop



(c) the node on the left side



(d) Solve the node equation for I_{36}



(e) Using the equation found in (d), eliminate I_{36} from the equation found in part (b).



(f) Solve the equations found in part (a) and part (e) simultaneously for the two unknowns for I_{12} and $I_{18'}$ respectively. (Enter your answers in A.)

(j)

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I_{12} = \boxed{-0.416} \checkmark A I_{18} = \boxed{2.88} \checkmark A
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(g) Substitute the answers found in part (f) into the node equation found in part (d), solving for I_{36} . (Enter your answer in A.)

Score: 1 out of 1

Comment:

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