

Evaluation of 100 Gb/s LAN networks for the LHCb DAQ upgrade



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How the LHCb DAQ works today

Numbers:

- Collisions happen every **25 nanoseconds**
- FPGA based hardware trigger reduces from 40 MHz to 1 MHz
- Event-building and software trigger at 1 MHz
- Raw data output : $\sim 0.5 \text{ Tb/s}$ (zero suppressed)

Hardware trigger:

- Limited to simple algorithms
- Limited (regional) data

Software trigger:

- Reduce rate to ~12 kHz
- Executed in a farm of ~2000 nodes



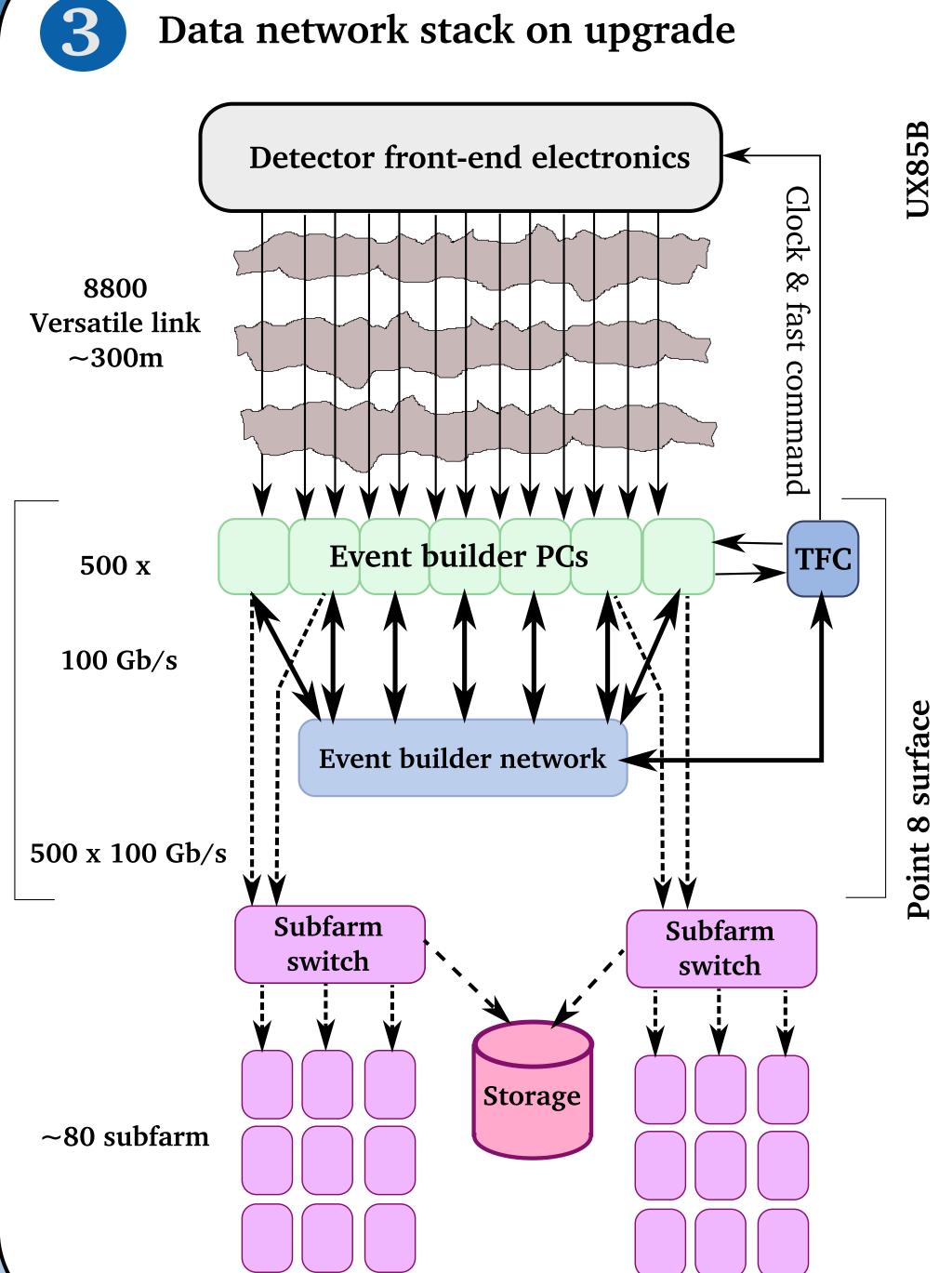
The 2019/20 upgrade

LHCb will change to a **full software event building** and trigger-free readout system:

- Eliminate the hardware triggers
- More flexibility & higher selectivity
- Leverage technologies from the **HPC world**

Numbers:

- Raw data input (zero suppressed) 40 Tb/s
- Software selection at 40 Mhz
- 8800 input optical links from the detector
- **500** event building nodes, **~2500** filter nodes



Our benchmark & status

We implemented the **DAQPIPE[1]** benchmark to evaluate the available solutions for the DAQ event building part.

Current tests have been done on 100 Gb/s networks up to 16 nodes and showed access to bandwidth of 85 Gb/s per node.

We have some exchanges to make larger **scale** tests on existing and upcoming HPC clusters based on those network technologies.

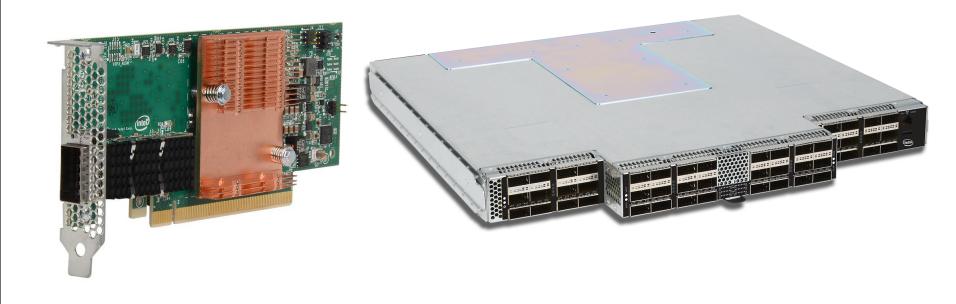
[1] Protocol-independent event building evaluator for the LHCb DAQ system RT'14, Daniel Hugo Cámpora Pérez ; Rainer Schwemmer ; Niko Neufeld



100 Gb/s network technologies

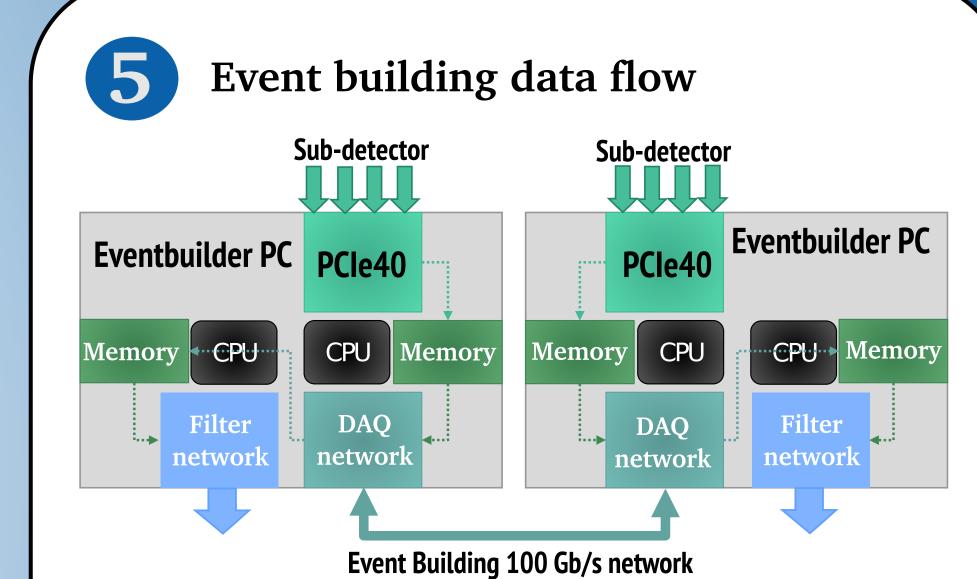
EDR InfiniBand & Intel® Omni-Path

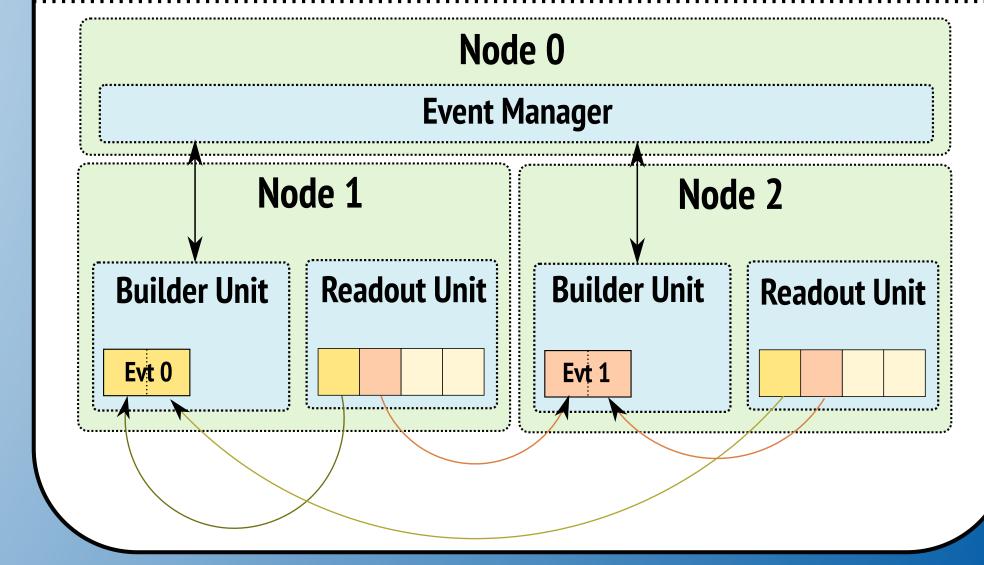
- Signaling rate : 25 Gb/s
- Link width: 4
- Speeds for 4x links : 100 Gb/s
- Provides RDMA for low CPU overhead
- Optimized for **HPC deployments**



100 Gb/s Ethernet

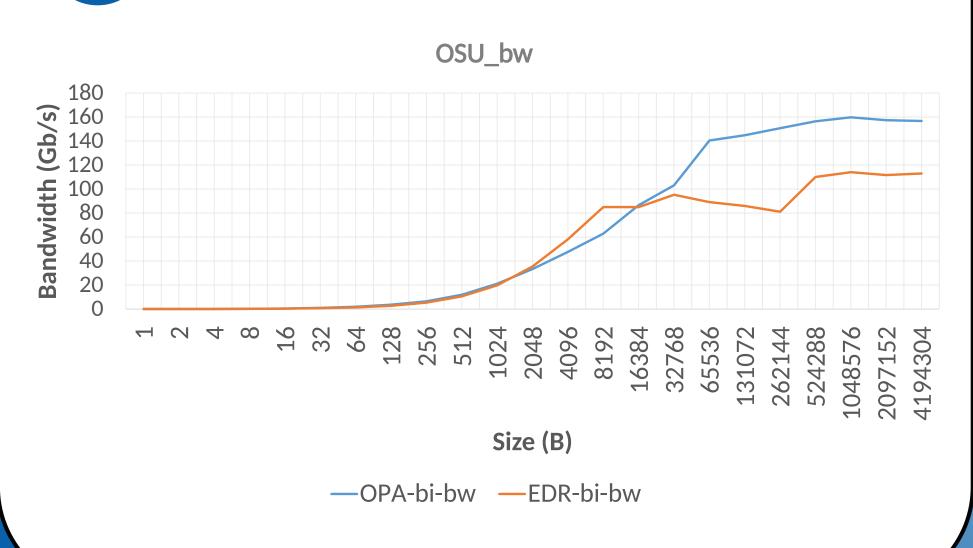
- Technology first defined by IEEE 802.36ba-2010
- We had the chance to test several early releases
- Interest for event building and filter farm



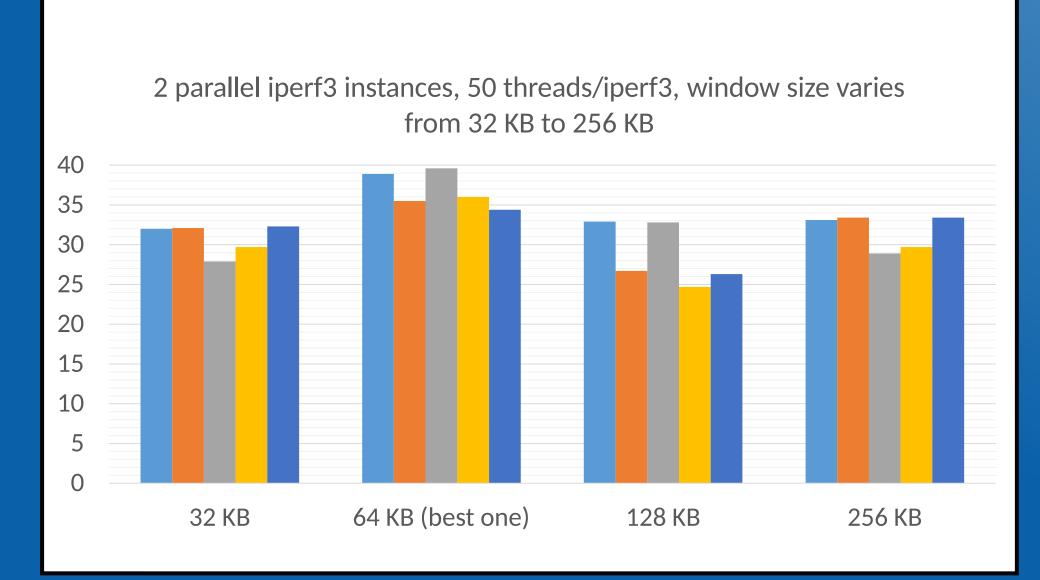


On the fly communication monitoring

OSU benchmark on Intel® Omni-Path

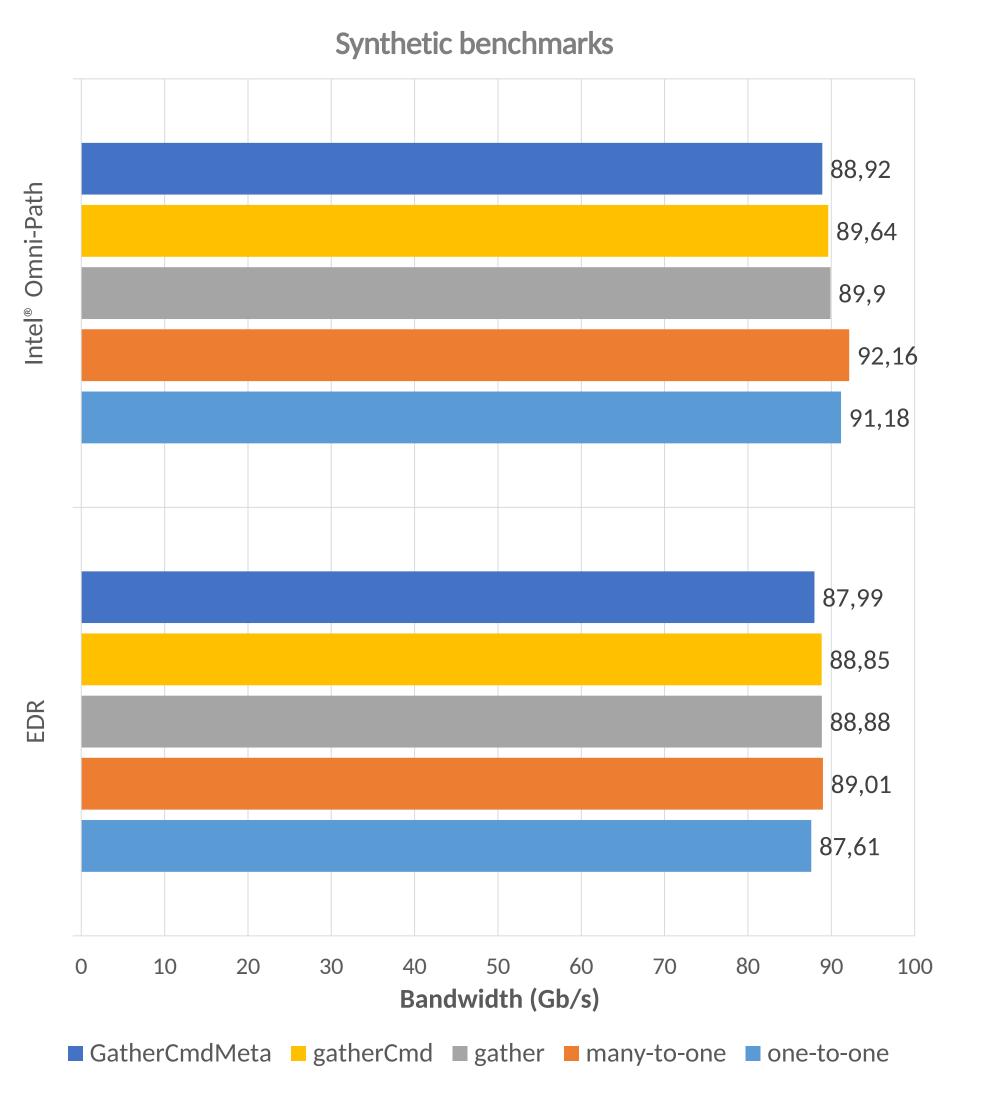


Iperf on Intel® Ruby Rapids 100 Gb/s



Synthetic benchmark on HPC networks

Experimentation with some synthetic benchmarks (no synchronisations, just sending packets) with various communication topology, scheduling and mix of message sizes to evaluate potentiel effects on the network. With **DAQPIPE** we are close to the **GatherCmdMeta** case.



DAQPIPE benchmark on InfiniBand

Evalution with the **DAQPIPE benchmark** using different versions and running modes on 16 Infiniband EDR nodes. Best result are obtained by using only one task (sending or receiving) per process, not mixing the two, cf. one-way and **v1**.

