# A word about unit test philosophy

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## Disclamer

I see unit testing as a (philosophical) path

We cannot apply all in on week...

We, as a group, might also not agree with everything

Please be critic

## Be patient, look the dragon in the eyes





## My source of thinking

- One book on TDD, conference video, research papers
- But mostly my own (home/PhD/post-doc) work
  - I hardly unit test since ? years
- Sample
  - ▶ 15 projects
  - ▶ 190129 code lines
  - C++ / C / rust / python / NodeJS / Java / GO
  - From 3700 lines to 33173 lines
- Coverage starting from 43% to 93%

## Plan





- 2. Thinking about testing methods
- 3. A word on my own experience, feelings





- 4. Quick look on frameworks / tools
- 5. Infrastructure tricks



6. Mutable testing

## A little bit of philosophy & motivation

### How much mistakes costs later .. ?

Manhattan project, 1945, Hanford

- There was a nuclear reactor
- ► For **plutonium** production

- **Takes** water in
- ▶ Cooled the reactor
- ....and dump the water out...



nttps://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Hanford N Reactor adjusted.jpg

### Then there was wastes to handle...

► Easy and quick and cheap solution

- ► Make a hole,
- **▶ Dump** everything in
- **▶ Cover** with sand.

- ► Costs estimation.... ~12 mens,
- ► An excavator
- ► A truck

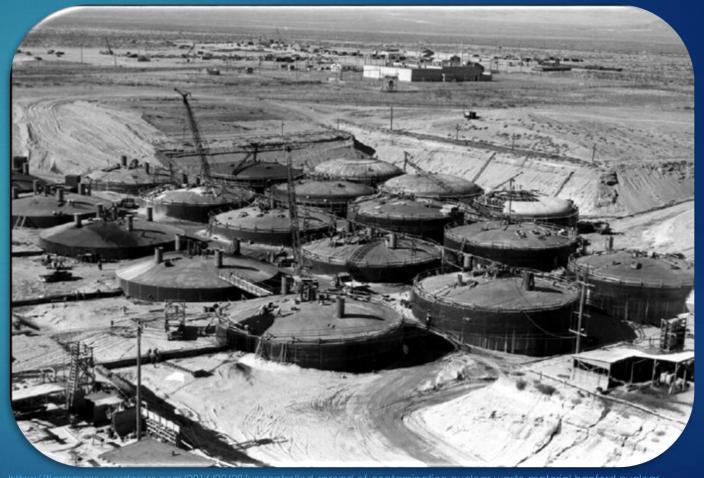


http://www.planetexperts.com/hard-lessons-in-the-us-environmental-protection-agency/

### Then there was wastes to handle...

- For liquids / muds....
- Solution was to build 177 tanks
- **Store** 710,000 m<sup>3</sup>
- ▶ In the desert,
- Dump wastes in
- And cover with sand....

- Now, **55 years** later....
- ▶ They now (2010) start to leak...



https://tlarremore.wordpress.com/2016/02/28/uncontrolled-spread-of-contamination-nuclear-waste-material-hanford-nuclear reservation-usa/

## What's inside now

- ▶ No inventory of the mixture
  - Acid
  - ▶ Little bit of Pu
  - Little bit of Ur
  - ► Little bit of Actinides
  - ▶ Little bit of Sr
- Hard to pump and handle
  - ▶ Very corrosive
  - Radioactive

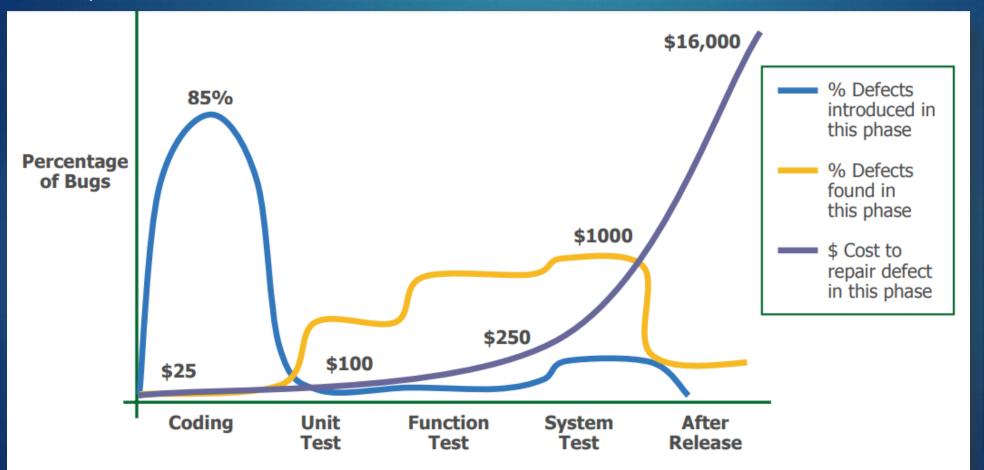


## Today

- ► Hanford site now costs 2-3 billion 5 every year to US. DOE
- ▶ Now currently 11000 people working on site to cleanup
- ▶ Since roughly 35 years and for up to (at least) 2046
- ▶ Total : ~120 billion \$
- Everybody would like to hide this big mistake

### Came back to software....

Capers Jones, 1996



<u>2011 - ref</u>

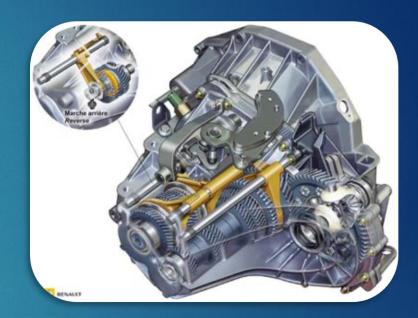
675 compa. 35 gov/mili. 13500 proj. 24 countr.

## Thinking about testing

## Lets think you are a car engineer



- You work for Renault (we are French...:D)
- You want to build a car
- You work on the **gear box**



http://www.auto-innovations.com/site/images8b/Renault\_scenic\_TL4.jpg

## You make no test...

▶ Sell the car directly to customer and see

Would you by ?



## Method 1: integration tests

- You build a prototype car and make a crash tests
- Every time you change a gear shape in the gear box

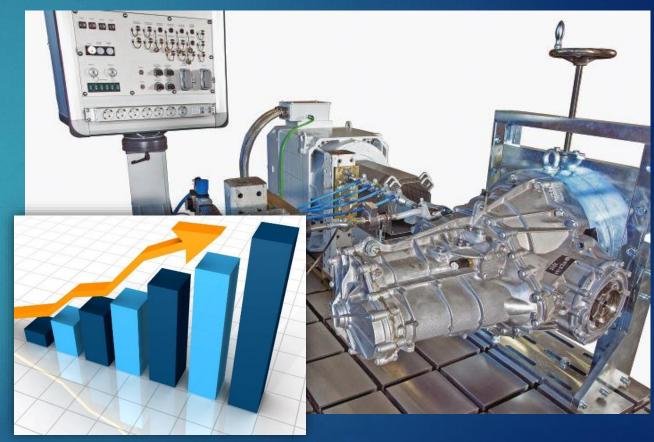




https://www.automobile-propre.com/crash-test-renault-zoe-securite/ http://maguy69.m.a.pic.centerblog.net/o/969011b4.jpg

## Method 2: unit test

- You use a test bench
- Test only the gear box
- ▶ In controlled situation
- Can:
  - put infrared camera
  - Probes to see temperature.
  - Vibration measurement



https://www.techbriefs.com/component/content/article/tb/features/application-briefs/13978

## Notice contiguous transition....

- ► There is unit test
  - Test one gear
- ▶ A little bit more, still unit test
  - Test two gears
- **...**
- ► A little bit more, integration test
  - Test the gear box
- **End to end**, now test in the car.



https://www.indiamart.com/proddetail/automotive-spur-gear-19598784273.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spiral\_bevel\_gear#/media/File:Gear-kegelzahnrad.svg

## Some word on my own experience, feelings

## When trying to push in teams.... [integration]

#### Integration test

- Mostly everybody agree
- Not exactly on the way to do it....
- Seems easier at first look

#### Quickly cost a lot

- ► Eg. CEA MPC project, 10 000 MPI tests, .... 5000 fails...
- One week to run everything
- Depressing
- Harder to debug
- Nobody looked on results except me and another one

## When trying to push in teams.... [unit tests]

#### Unit tests

- Required an investment
- Initial effort
- We are slower to start
- ► Hard to introduce in pre-existing software

#### Common first kill:

- "This one is too hard to test"
- \*
- ► "This one call many others"

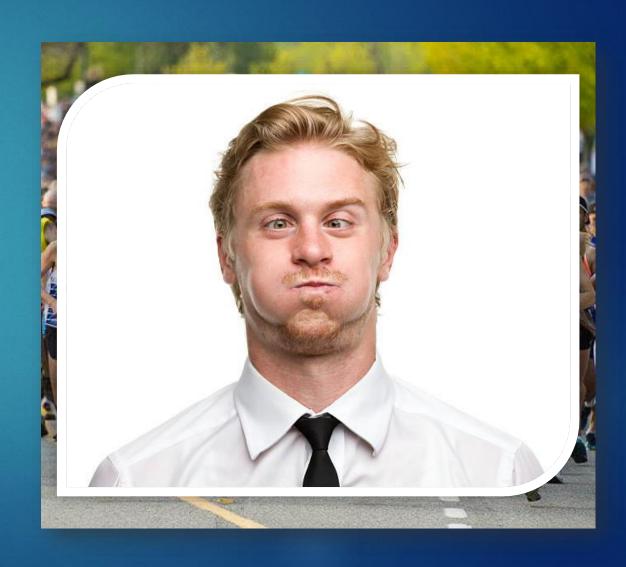


"I'm sure of this function, it is so simple"



## First time I made unit tests

- I was not convinced
  - ▶ But I tried
- ► Had the impression to **loose my time**
- It was hard
- | didn't see the benefits
- I already had most of my codes
  - Painfull to unit test for weeks



## That's also adequate tools and ways to work



## Day to day methodology: discipline

"This is a POC.... I will make my tests later"



- You will never do them later
  - ▶ Because your **design** will **not permit**
  - Because you will want to move to other stuff
  - Nobody will be happy to write unit tests for ~4 weeks
  - Your boss/commercial manager already sold it to clients....
- You already loosed half the benefits of unit tests
  - Become a more or less useless cost



## Benefits of unit test

- ► That's not only testing
- It forces you to think your design
- Forbids global variables
- Make spec, also for internal APIs
- Open easy door for refactoring / rewriting
- New developers are more confident (you in 6 months...)
- Quality loss and rush warnings. Not via a human channel through quality exigent guy!



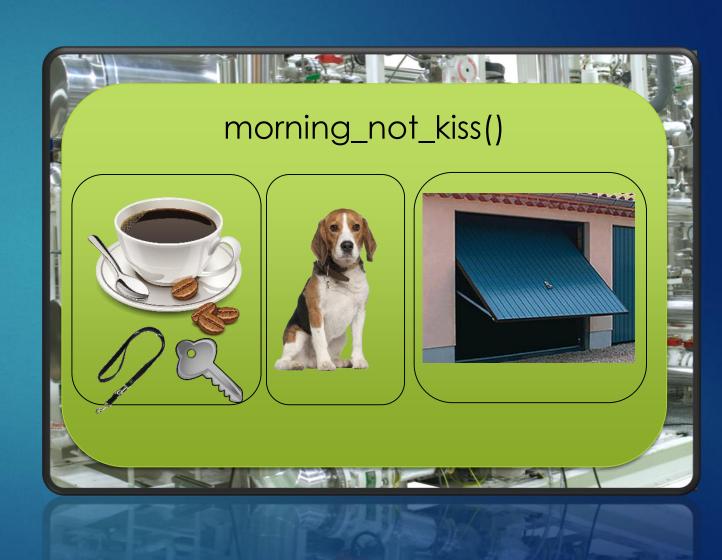
## That's also constraints

Not all codes are unit test-able



## Test a gas machine

- If your **test** become **too complex**
- You are certainly on the wrong way
- Stop, think and KISS



## Unit tests should stay simple

```
TEST(TestProject, loadContent_fail_minimum_required)
   FileLines content;
   content.push_back("[cdeps_minimum_required 2000.4.3]");
   SpecFile file;
   file.loadContent(content, "none.none");
   Options options;
   Project project(&options);
   EXPECT_EXIT(project.loadSpec(file),
       ::testing::ExitedWithCode(1, "version is too old");
```



## Example: client / server

```
//server
MasterOptions masterOptions;
masterOptions.setListen(« localhost »,8080);
MockMongoDriver mockMongo;
Master master(masterOptions, mockMongo);
master.run(WAIT_READY);
//client
GatewayOptions gatewayOptions;
gatewayOptions.setServer(« localhost » 8080);
Gateway gateway(gatewayOptions);
gateway.run();
//test
iolib.onRead(4096);
EXPECT_EQ(master.getIoiMetric(PID).readCnt, 100);
```



## Example: client / server

```
MockNetwork <a href="mailto:mockNetwork">mockNetwork</a>;
//server
MasterOptions masterOptions;
MockMongoDriver mockMongo;
Master server(masterOptions, mockNetwork, mockMongo);
server.run();
//client
GatewayOptions gatewayOptions;
Gateway gateway(gatewayOptions, mockNetwork);
//test
EXPECT_EQ(mockNetworkd.packetStats(), 1);
```



Frameworks, tools

### Frameworks

- Unit tests / integration tests
  - ► C / C++ : Google Test /Google Mock
  - C: Criterion
  - Python unit
- Schedule lot of integration tests on HPC clusters via Slurm
  - Jchronoss (schedule 10000 tests MPC test suite on Tera100 : 3000 cores)
    - http://jchronoss.hpcframework.paratools.com/
    - ▶ Initiated by Julien Adam during my PhD.
    - ▶ If you need this you might have failed unit testing, care about high costs!

### Critics about criterion

Hard to run easy in GDB due to fork (need gdb-server / connect)

```
#include <criterion/criterion.h>

Test(TestSuite, testCase)
{
    cr_assert_eq(out.bytes_read, 1);
    cr_assert_eq(out.bytes_read, 1, "Bla bla bla %d" out.bytes_read);
}
```

```
CMakeFiles/ test-libsbb-ioproxy test-libsbb-metrics test-pr-pool test-pt-pool
root@ioi-install:/tmp/test/sbb/build# ./libsbb/tests/test-libsbb-metrics
[----] /tmp/test/sbb/libsbb/tests/test-libsbb-metrics.c:43: Assertion failed: The expression (out.bytes_read) == (1) is false.
[FAIL] libsbb_metrics::init: (0.00s)
[====] root@ioi-install:/tmp/test/sbb/build#
```

## Lets look Google Test

- I would suggest Google Test
- No auto fork (easy gdb)
- Parallel run
- C++ => nice auto formatting

```
#include <googletest/gtest.h>

Test(BuilderUnitData, assign) {
    MachinTruc out;
    out.action();

    ASSERT_EQ(out.bytes_read, 1);
    EXPECT_EQ(out.bytes_read, 1);
    EXPECT_EQ(out.bytes_read, 1) << "My super message !";
}</pre>
```

```
[ OK ] BuilderUnitData.constructor (1 ms)
[ RUN ] BuilderUnitData.assign
/home/valats/Projects/lhcb-daqpipe-v2/src/units/tes
Value of: data.getCreditId(i)
(Actual: 1

Expected: i+2
Which is: 2
/home/valats/Projects/lhcb-daqpipe-v2/src/units/tes
Value of: data.getCreditId(i)
Actual: 2

Expected: i+2
Which is: 3
[ FAILED ] BuilderUnitData.assign (0 ms)
[ RUN ] BuilderUnitData.unassign
```

## Self testing: asserts

```
int reverseDefaultFreeSizes(Size size,const Size * sizeList,int nbLists)
{
    //errors
    assert(sizeList == cstDefaultFreeSizes);
    assert(64 >> 5 == 2);
    assert(sizeList[45] == -1UL);
    assert(size >= 16);
    //implem
    ...
}
```

## Some infrastructure tricks

## On remark... building unit tests

- Do not repeat yourself
- Avoid putting again sources files in every binary
- Build two libs
  - one for final target
  - one for test
- Link once

```
#build test for net
#Re-aggregate part of source files ?
add_executable(test-net-tcp test-net-tcp.c
               ../proto-tcp.c
               ../proto-tcp-pools.c
               ../net.c
               #mocking via function erasing
               fake-machin.c
               fake-bidule.c
               glue.c)
#link again everything ? What is add a new dependency ?
target include directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${ZMQ INCLUDE DIRS})
target_include_directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${B1_INCLUDE_DIRS})
target include directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${C2 INCLUDE DIRS})
target_include_directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${D3_INCLUDE_DIRS})
target link libraries(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${ZMQ LIBRARIES})
target link libraries(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${B1 LIBRARIES})
target link libraries(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${C2 LIBRARIES})
target link libraries(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${D3 LIBRARIES})
#why not ctests 'add test' simple semantic ?
add custom target(run-net-tcp-test .....)
```

## On remark... building unit tests

- Do not repeat yourself
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```
#build test
add_executable(test-net-tcp test-net-tcp.c)
target_link_libraries(test-net-tcp net-for-utests)
add_test(test-net-tcp test-net-tcp)
```

#### A word on unit testing static

- Also unit test your static functions
- If you built two libs that's easy.
  - ▶ Final one with static
  - ▶ Test one (not installed) without

```
#ifdef DISABLE_STATIC
    #define MALT_STATIC
#else
    #define MALT_STATIC static
#endif

static malt_my_local_func(void);
MALT_STATIC malt_my_local_func(void);
```

- Use a MALT\_STATIC macro instead of static keyword
  - Enabled for final software
  - Disabled for unit test intermediate lib

# One word on mutable testing

# Quality of my test?

- ▶ This is more a theoretical topic (a least for me)
- ▶ I never really used except tests made last Friday in the train...
- ▶ Idea:
  - 1. Generate code mutation
  - 2. Run unit tests
  - 3. Did we **detect** the change ?



#### Example of run

# Example of results on 300 mutations

Project	Remark	Code lines	Coverage	Detection
MPC_Allocator	С	14700	70%	ŚŚ
MPC_Allocator	No assert			
hpc_alloc_rust	Rust	8441	91%	śś
hpc_alloc_rust	No assert			ŚŚ
Ihcb-daqpipe	C++	26000	70% (42%)	śś

# Example of results on 300 mutations

Project	Remark	Code lines	Coverage	Detection
MPC_Allocator	С	14700	70%	25%
MPC_Allocator	No assert			
hpc_alloc_rust	Rust	8441	91%	44%
hpc_alloc_rust	No assert			42%
Ihcb-daqpipe	C++	26000	70% (42%)	40%

## Conclusion

#### Conclusion

- Always compare with real world engineering
- We tend to think because it is virtual it cost nothing
  - That's absolutely wrong on long term
- Hope you better unit test philosophy
- Even more true to target performance
  - Always need to change design to follow architectures
  - Make tons of performance mistake we need to fix
- I can make another talk on more technical details and time metrics

## BACKUP

## On remark... building unit tests

- Do not repeat yourself
- Avoid putting again sources files in every binary
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  - one for final target
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- Link once

```
set(SOURCES prot-tcp.c proto-tcp-pool.c proto-udp.c
            net.c test-net.c)
add library(net SHARED ${SOURCES})
add library(net-for-utests SHARED ${SOURCES})
add library(net dl)
add library(net-for-utests dl)
#...
target link libraries(net ${ZMQ LIBRARIES} ${WRAPPER LIB})
target link libraries(net-for-utests ${ZMQ LIBRARIES})
target include directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${C2 INCLUDE DIRS})
target_include_directories(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${D3_INCLUDE_DIRS})
target link libraries(test-net-tcp PRIVATE ${ZMO LIBRARIES})
target link libraries (test_net_ton DRTVATE $\int R1 | TRPARTES))
#build test
add executable(test-net-tcp test-net-tcp.c)
target link libraries(test-net-tcp net-for-utests)
add_test(test-net-tcp test-net-tcp)
```