Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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OVERVIEW

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

Directions

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Fay_A04_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Monday, Feb 7 @ 7:00pm.

Set up your session

[1] "Date" [2] "Source"

- 1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
- 2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.

```
#1
getwd()
## [1] "/Users/samvanasse/Desktop/ENV872-R/Environmental_Data_Analytics_2022/Assignments"
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
EPAair.03.2018.data <-
  read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.03.2019.data <-
  read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.PM25.2018.data <-
  read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair PM25 NC2018 raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.PM25.2019.data <-
  read.csv("../Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
dim(EPAair.03.2018.data)
## [1] 9737
              20
colnames (EPAair. 03. 2018. data)
```

```
[3] "Site.ID"
   [4] "POC"
##
##
  [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
##
   [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair.03.2018.data)
                   9737 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 364 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018",...: 60 61 62
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ POC
                                          : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0.03 0.036 0.044 0.049 0
## $ UNITS
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 40 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 :
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                         : Factor w/ 17 levels "", "Asheville, NC", ...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
## $ STATE_CODE
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
                                         : Factor w/ 32 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                          : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
dim(EPAair.03.2019.data)
## [1] 10592
colnames (EPAair.03.2019.data)
   [1] "Date"
##
   [2] "Source"
##
  [3] "Site.ID"
   [4] "POC"
##
##
   [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
```

##

##

[6] "UNITS"

[7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"

```
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair.03.2019.data)
                   10592 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
  $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019", ...: 1 2 3 4
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ Site.ID
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ POC
                                          : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0.037 0.029 0.038 0.038
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          : int 27 17 15 20 34 34 27 35 35 28 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 38 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 33 33 33 33 33 33 33
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS PARAMETER DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 :
## $ CBSA NAME
                                         : Factor w/ 15 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
                                         : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                         : Factor w/ 30 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
                                          : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(EPAair.PM25.2018.data)
## [1] 8983
colnames(EPAair.PM25.2018.data)
## [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
                                         "POC"
##
  [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                        "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                        "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                        "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                        "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                        "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                        "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair.PM25.2018.data)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 8983 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                  : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018", ...: 2 5 8 11 14 17
## $ Source
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                  : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ Site.ID
## $ POC
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1.7 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                  : int 12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Blackstone", ...: 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                 : int 111111111...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                 : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                  : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                 : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                  : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
## $ STATE
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY CODE
                                 : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                 : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                  : num 36 36 36 36 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                  : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
dim(EPAair.PM25.2019.data)
## [1] 8581 20
colnames(EPAair.PM25.2019.data)
  [1] "Date"
                                       "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
                                       "POC"
##
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                       "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                       "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
                                       "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                       "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                       "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                       "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                       "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair.PM25.2019.data)
## 'data.frame': 8581 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                  : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019",...: 3 6 9 12 15 18
## $ Source
                                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                  : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ...
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                  : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Board Of Ed. Bldg.", ..: 14 14 14 14 14
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                 : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                  : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                 : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
## $ STATE_CODE : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...

## $ STATE : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

## $ COUNTY_CODE : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...

## $ COUNTY : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

## $ SITE_LATITUDE : num 36 36 36 36 ...

## $ SITE_LONGITUDE : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
```

Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change date to a date object
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS_PARAMETER_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3
EPAair.03.2018.data$Date <-
  as.Date(EPAair.O3.2018.data$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
EPAair.03.2019.data$Date <-
  as.Date(EPAair.O3.2019.data$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
EPAair.PM25.2018.data$Date <-
  as.Date(EPAair.PM25.2018.data$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
EPAair.PM25.2019.data$Date <-
  as.Date(EPAair.PM25.2019.data$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
#4 & 5
EPAair_03_NC2018_processed <-
  EPAair.03.2018.data %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
         COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPAair_03_NC2019_processed <-
  EPAair.03.2019.data %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
         COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed <-
  EPAair.PM25.2018.data %>%
  select(Date, DAILY AQI VALUE, Site.Name, AQS PARAMETER DESC,
         COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE) %>%
  mutate(AQS PARAMETER DESC = "PM2.5")
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed <-
  EPAair.PM25.2019.data %>%
  select(Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,
         COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE) %>%
  mutate(AQS_PARAMETER_DESC = "PM2.5")
write.csv(EPAair_03_NC2018_processed, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2018 processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAair_03_NC2019_processed, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2019 processed.csv")
```

Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Filter records to include just the sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School". (The intersect function can figure out common factor levels if we didn't give you this list...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be $14,752 \times 9$.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.

mutate(Month = month(Date)) %>%

11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair_O3_PM25_NC2122_Processed.csv"

```
#7
EPAair.03.2018.processed <-
  read.csv(".../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2018_processed.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.03.2019.processed <-
  read.csv(".../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_processed.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.PM25.2018.processed <-
  read.csv(".../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.PM25.2019.processed <-
  read.csv(".../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19 <-
  rbind(EPAair.03.2018.processed, EPAair.03.2019.processed, EPAair.PM25.2018.processed, EPAair.PM25.201
EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19.processed <-
  EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19 %>%
  filter(Site.Name == "Linville Falls" | Site.Name == "Durham Armory" |
           Site.Name == "Leggett" | Site.Name == "Hattie Avenue" |
           Site.Name == "Clemmons Middle" | Site.Name == "Mendenhall School" |
           Site.Name == "Frying Pan Mountain" | Site.Name == "West Johnston Co." |
           Site.Name == "Garinger High School" | Site.Name == "Castle Hayne" |
           Site.Name == "Pitt Agri. Center" | Site.Name == "Bryson City" |
           Site.Name == "Millbrook School") %>%
  group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  summarise(meanAQI = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
            meanLAT = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
            meanLON = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE)) %>%
```

```
mutate(Year = year(Date))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Date', 'Site.Name', 'AQS_PARAMETER_DESC'. You can override usin,
#9

EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19.processed.spread <-
    pivot_wider(EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19.processed, names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, values_from = meanAQI

#10

dim(EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19.processed.spread)

## [1] 8976    9

#11

write.csv(EPAair.03.PM25.18thru19.processed.spread, row.names = FALSE,
    file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC2122_Processed.csv")</pre>
```

Generate summary tables

12a. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame from your results from Step 9 above. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group.

12b. BONUS: Add a piped statement to 12a that removes rows where both mean ozone and mean PM2.5 have missing values.

13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override using the `.groups` argum
EPAair.O3.PM25.NC2122.Processed.summaries

```
## # A tibble: 223 x 5
## # Groups:
              Site.Name, Month [127]
                Month Year meanOzone meanPM
##
     Site.Name
##
     <fct>
                 <int> <int>
                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                 32.4
                                        26.7
##
  1 Bryson City
                     2 2019
                     3 2018
                                 41.6
                                        34.7
## 2 Bryson City
## 3 Bryson City
                     3 2019
                                 41.0
                                        32.5
## 4 Bryson City
                     4 2018
                                 44.5
                                        28.2
## 5 Bryson City
                     4 2019
                                 45.4
                                        26.7
                     5 2018
## 6 Bryson City
                                 37.9
                                        33.5
## 7 Bryson City
                     5 2019
                                 39.3
                                        31.8
## 8 Bryson City
                     6 2018
                                 40.3
                                        25.1
## 9 Bryson City
                     6 2019
                                 32.8
                                        31.0
## 10 Bryson City
                     7 2018
                                 35.1
                                        34.3
## # ... with 213 more rows
```

#13

dim(EPAair.03.PM25.NC2122.Processed.summaries)

[1] 223 5

14. Why did we use the function drop_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: