

# sP Exam Mini-project Assingment

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This project has been developed on Windows 10, version 21H2, with the CLion compiler, version 2023.1.3.  
It does not require and specific tool or libraries to run.

Output figures can be found in Section 1.

Listing 1: CMakeLists.txt

```
1 cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.25)
2 project(Exam)
3
4 set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 23)
5
6 set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -fopenmp")
7
8 add_executable(Exam main.cpp lib/lib.cpp lib/lib.h lib/graph.cpp lib/graph.h)
```

Listing 2: lib.cpp

```
1 //
2 // Created by jonas on 31-05-2023.
3 //
4
5 #include <random>
6 #include <iostream>
7 #include <algorithm>
8 #include "lib.h"
9
10 //using namespace stochastic;
11 namespace stochastic {
12
13     /** =====
14      *  AGENT CLASS
15      *  =====
16      */
17
18     /*
19      *  Req. 1
20      *  Operator overload (+)
21      */
22     std::vector<stochastic::Agent> stochastic::Agent::operator+(const stochastic::Agent &rhs) ↗
23     ↪const {
24         std::vector<stochastic::Agent> agents;
25         agents.push_back(*this);
26         agents.push_back(rhs);
27         return agents;
28     }
29
30     /*
31      *  Req. 1
32      *  Operator overload (>=)
33      */
34     stochastic::Reaction operator>=(const Agent &lhs, const Agent &rhs) {
```

```

34     auto reaction = stochastic::Reaction();
35     std::string out;
36
37     out += lhs.name;
38     reaction.agentVec.push_back(lhs);
39     reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
40
41     out += " -> ";
42
43     out += rhs.name;
44     reaction.agentVec.push_back(rhs);
45     reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
46
47     reaction.leftHandSide = std::vector<Agent>{lhs};
48     reaction.rightHandSide = std::vector<Agent>{rhs};
49     reaction.out = out;
50     return reaction;
51 }
52
53 /*
54  * Req. 1
55  * Operator overload (>=)
56  */
57 stochastic::Reaction operator>=(const Agent &lhs, const std::vector<Agent> &rhs) {
58     auto reaction = stochastic::Reaction();
59     std::string out;
60
61     out += lhs.name;
62     reaction.agentVec.push_back(lhs);
63     reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
64
65     out += " -> ";
66
67     for (int i = 0; i < rhs.size(); ++i) {
68         if (i > 0) {
69             out += " + ";
70         }
71         out += rhs[i].name;
72         reaction.agentVec.push_back(rhs[i]);
73         reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
74     }
75
76     reaction.leftHandSide = std::vector<Agent>{lhs};
77     reaction.rightHandSide = rhs;
78     reaction.out = out;
79     return reaction;
80 }
81
82 /*
83  * Req. 1
84  * Operator overload (>=)
85  */
86 stochastic::Reaction operator>=(const std::vector<Agent> &lhs, const Agent &rhs) {
87     auto reaction = stochastic::Reaction();
88     std::string out;
89     for (int i = 0; i < lhs.size(); ++i) {
90         if (i > 0) {
91             out += " + ";
92         }
93         out += lhs[i].name;
94         reaction.agentVec.push_back(lhs[i]);

```

```

95         reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("decrement");
96     }
97
98     out += " -> ";
99
100    out += rhs.name;
101    reaction.agentVec.push_back(rhs);
102    reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
103
104    reaction.leftHandSide = lhs;
105    reaction.rightHandSide = std::vector<Agent>{rhs};
106    reaction.out = out;
107    return reaction;
108 }
109
110 /*
111  * Req. 1
112  * Operator overload (>=)
113  */
114 stochastic::Reaction operator>=(const std::vector<Agent> &lhs, const std::vector<Agent> ↗
->&rhs) {
115     auto reaction = stochastic::Reaction();
116     std::string out;
117     for (int i = 0; i < lhs.size(); ++i) {
118         if (i > 0) {
119             out += " + ";
120         }
121         out += lhs[i].name;
122         reaction.agentVec.push_back(lhs[i]);
123         reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("decrement");
124     }
125
126     out += " -> ";
127
128     for (int i = 0; i < rhs.size(); ++i) {
129         if (i > 0) {
130             out += " + ";
131         }
132         out += rhs[i].name;
133         reaction.agentVec.push_back(rhs[i]);
134         reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");
135     }
136
137     reaction.leftHandSide = lhs;
138     reaction.rightHandSide = rhs;
139     reaction.out = out;
140     return reaction;
141 }
142
143 /*
144  * Req. 1
145  * Operator overload (>=)
146  * Used for reactants that decay into environment
147  */
148 stochastic::Reaction operator>=(const Agent &lhs, const std::string &env) {
149     auto reaction = stochastic::Reaction();
150     std::string out;
151
152     out += lhs.name;
153     reaction.agentVec.push_back(lhs);
154     reaction.actionVec.emplace_back("increment");

```

```

155         out += " -> " + env;
156
157         reaction.leftHandSide = std::vector<Agent>{lhs};
158         reaction.out = out;
159         return reaction;
160     }
161
162
163     /** =====
164     *  MONITOR CLASS
165     *  =====
166     */
167
168     void stochastic::Monitor::insert (double &time, SymbolTable<Agent> &table) {
169         auto it = monitorMap.find(time);
170
171         if (it != monitorMap.end()) {
172             auto tableVec = it -> second;
173             tableVec.push_back(table);
174             monitorMap[time] = tableVec;
175         }
176         else {
177             monitorMap[time] = std::vector<SymbolTable<Agent>> {table};
178         }
179     }
180
181     void stochastic::Monitor::fileStream(const std::string& filePath) {
182         std::ofstream outFile (filePath);
183
184         if (outFile.is_open()) {
185             outFile << "time,agentname,agentamount" << std::endl;
186
187             for (auto &mapping : monitorMap) {
188                 for (auto &table : mapping.second) {
189                     for (auto &agent : table.fetchTable()) {
190                         outFile << std::to_string(mapping.first) + "," + agent.first + "," + ↵
191                             ↵std::to_string(agent.second.amount) << std::endl;
192                     }
193                 }
194             }
195             outFile.close();
196         }
197
198     int stochastic::Monitor::estimatePeak() {
199         auto peak = 0;
200         for (auto &mapping : monitorMap) {
201             for (auto &table: mapping.second) {
202                 auto H = table.get("H");
203                 if (H.amount > peak) {
204                     peak = H.amount;
205                 }
206             }
207         }
208
209         std::cout << "Estimated peak of hospitalized agents: " + std::to_string(peak) << std::endl;
210         return peak;
211     }
212
213     void stochastic::Monitor::multiplyH() {
214         for (auto &mapping : monitorMap) {

```

```

215         for (auto &table: mapping.second) {
216             auto H = table.get("H");
217             H.amount *= 1000;
218             table.insert("H", H);
219         }
220     }
221 }
222
223 /** =====
224  *  ALGORITHM CLASS
225  *  =====
226  */
227
228 double stochastic::Algorithm::computeDelay(stochastic::Reaction &r, ↵
↵stochastic::SymbolTable<Agent> &table) {
229     std::random_device rd;
230     std::mt19937 gen(rd());
231
232     double lambdaK = 1.0;
233     for (auto &agent: r.leftHandSide) {
234         lambdaK *= table.get(agent.name).amount;
235     }
236     lambdaK *= r.lambdaRate;
237
238     std::exponential_distribution<double> expDist(lambdaK);
239     return expDist(gen);
240 }
241
242 bool stochastic::Algorithm::amountChecker(const stochastic::Reaction &reaction, ↵
↵stochastic::SymbolTable<Agent> &table) {
243     for (auto &agent: reaction.leftHandSide) {
244         if (!(agent.amount <= table.get(agent.name).amount)) {
245             return false;
246         }
247     }
248     return true;
249 }
250
251 /**
252  * Req. 4
253  * This is the stochastic simulation
254  * @param reactionVec Used as the set of reactions to compute
255  * @param endTime Defines the end time
256  * @param agentVec Used to create our symbol table for
257  * @param filePath The path to where we want to save the state monitor
258  * @return
259  */
260 stochastic::Monitor stochastic::Algorithm::simulation(
261     std::vector<stochastic::Reaction> &reactionVec,
262     double endTime,
263     std::vector<stochastic::Agent> &agentVec,
264     const std::string& filePath)
265 {
266     double t = 0.0;
267     Monitor monitor;
268     stochastic::SymbolTable<stochastic::Agent> table = ↵
↵stochastic::SymbolTable<stochastic::Agent>::generateSymbolTable(agentVec);
269
270     while (t <= endTime) {
271         stochastic::Reaction minDelayRec = stochastic::Reaction();
272         for (auto &reaction: reactionVec) {

```

```

273         reaction.delay = stochastic::Algorithm::computeDelay(reaction, table);
274
275         if (reaction.delay < minDelayRec.delay) {
276             minDelayRec = reaction;
277         }
278     }
279
280     t += minDelayRec.delay;
281
282     if (all_of(minDelayRec.leftHandSide.begin(), minDelayRec.leftHandSide.end(),
283         [&table](const auto &agent) { return table.get(agent.name).amount > 0;
→})) {
284         for (stochastic::Agent &r: minDelayRec.leftHandSide) {
285             auto a = table.get(r.name);
286             a.amount -= 1;
287             table.insert(r.name, a);
288         }
289         for (stochastic::Agent &p: minDelayRec.rightHandSide) {
290             auto a = table.get(p.name);
291             a.amount += 1;
292             table.insert(p.name, a);
293         }
294     }
295     //TODO: print/save/monitor state
296     monitor.insert(t, table);
297 }
298
299 monitor.fileStream(filePath);
300 return monitor;
301 }
302
303 /** =====
304  *  VISUALIZER CLASS
305  *  =====
306  */
307
308 /**
309  * Req. 2
310  * This function pretty prints the reaction network
311  * @param reactionVec
312  */
313 void stochastic::Visualizer::prettyPrintReactions(const std::vector<Reaction> &reactionVec) {
314     std::cout << "===== " << std::endl;
315     for (auto &reaction: reactionVec) {
316         std::cout << "Reaction: " + reaction.out + " || Rate: " +
→std::to_string(reaction.lambdaRate) << std::endl;
317     }
318     std::cout << "===== " << std::endl;
319 }
320
321 /**
322  * Req. 2
323  * This function generates a network graph of any given set of reactions
324  * @param reactionVec
325  * @param filePath
326  */
327 void stochastic::Visualizer::generateNetworkGraph(const std::vector<Reaction> &reactionVec,
→const std::string &filePath) {
328     std::ofstream outfile(filePath);
329
330     std::vector<std::string> nameVec;

```

```

331     std::string numNode = "N";
332
333
334     outfile << "digraph {" << std::endl;
335
336     for (auto &reaction: reactionVec) {
337         for (auto &lhs: reaction.leftHandSide) {
338             if (!(std::find(nameVec.begin(), nameVec.end(), lhs.name) != nameVec.end())) {
339                 outfile << lhs.name + " [shape=box];" << std::endl;
340                 nameVec.push_back(lhs.name);
341             }
342             outfile << lhs.name + " -> " + numNode << std::endl;
343         }
344         for (auto &rhs: reaction.rightHandSide) {
345             if (!(std::find(nameVec.begin(), nameVec.end(), rhs.name) != nameVec.end())) {
346                 outfile << rhs.name + " [shape=box];" << std::endl;
347                 nameVec.push_back(rhs.name);
348             }
349             outfile << numNode + " -> " + rhs.name << std::endl;
350         }
351         outfile << numNode + " [label=\"" + std::to_string(reaction.lambdaRate) + "\"];";
352         numNode += "I";
353     }
354
355     outfile << "}" << std::endl;
356     outfile.close();
357 }
358 }

```

Listing 3: lib.h

```

1  //
2  // Created by jonas on 31-05-2023.
3  //
4
5  #ifndef EXAM_LIB_H
6  #define EXAM_LIB_H
7
8  #include <string>
9  #include <vector>
10 #include <map>
11 #include <cmath>
12 #include <fstream>
13
14 namespace stochastic {
15     class Reaction;
16
17     class Agent {
18     public:
19         std::string name;
20         int amount = 0;
21
22         Agent() = default;
23
24         Agent(const std::string& name, int amount) {
25             this->name = name;
26             this->amount = amount;
27         }
28
29         //Req. 1
30         std::vector<Agent> operator+(const Agent &other) const;
31         friend stochastic::Reaction operator >= (const Agent &lhs, const Agent &rhs);

```

```

32     friend stochastic::Reaction operator >=> (const std::vector<Agent> &lhs, const Agent &rhs);
33     friend stochastic::Reaction operator >=> (const Agent &lhs, const std::vector<Agent> &rhs);
34     friend stochastic::Reaction operator >=> (const std::vector<Agent> &lhs, const ↵
↪std::vector<Agent> &rhs);
35     friend stochastic::Reaction operator>=>(const Agent &lhs, const std::string &env);
36
37 };
38
39 class Reaction {
40 public:
41     std::vector<stochastic::Agent> agentVec;
42     std::vector<std::string> actionVec;
43
44     std::vector<Agent> leftHandSide;
45     std::vector<Agent> rightHandSide;
46
47     double lambdaRate{};
48     double delay = DBL_MAX;
49
50     std::string out;
51
52     Reaction() = default;
53
54     Reaction(Reaction const &reaction, double lambdaRate) {
55         *this = reaction;
56         this->lambdaRate = lambdaRate;
57     }
58 };
59
60 /**
61  * Req. 3
62  * This class allows us to store an instance of the reaction network, using Agent objects, ↵
↪in a symbol table
63  * @tparam T
64  */
65 template <typename T>
66 class SymbolTable {
67     std::map<std::string, T> table;
68
69 public:
70     void insert (const std::string &key, const T &value) {
71         table[key] = value;
72     }
73
74     void update (const std::string &key, const T &value) {
75         auto previousValue = get(key);
76         auto newValue = previousValue + value;
77         table[key] = newValue;
78     }
79
80     T& get (const std::string &key) {
81         auto it = table.find(key);
82         if (it != table.end()) {
83             return it->second;
84         }
85         else {
86             throw std::invalid_argument("Does not exist");
87         }
88     }
89
90     bool contains (const std::string &key) const {

```



```

91         return table.count(key) != 0;
92     }
93
94     void remove (const std::string &key) {
95         table.erase(key);
96     }
97
98     void PrintAll () {
99         for (auto val : table) {
100             std::cout << "Name: " << val.first << " Amount: " << val.second.amount << std::endl;
101         }
102         std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
103     }
104
105     std::map<std::string, T> fetchTable() {
106         return table;
107     }
108
109     static SymbolTable<T> generateSymbolTable(const std::vector<T>& inputVec) {
110         auto symbolTable = SymbolTable<T>();
111         for (auto &input : inputVec) {
112             symbolTable.insert(input.name, input);
113         }
114         return symbolTable;
115     }
116
117 };
118
119 /**
120  * Req. 7
121  * This class lets us instantiate a state monitor consisting of several symbol tables.
122  * This allows us to store our reactions over a timespan.
123  */
124 class Monitor {
125     std::map<double, std::vector<SymbolTable<Agent>>> monitorMap;
126 public:
127     Monitor() = default;
128
129     void insert (double &time, SymbolTable<Agent> &table);
130     void fileStream(const std::string& fileName);
131     int estimatePeak();
132     void multiplyH();
133 };
134
135 class Algorithm {
136 public:
137     static double computeDelay(stochastic::Reaction &r, stochastic::SymbolTable<Agent>& table);
138     static bool amountChecker(const stochastic::Reaction& reaction, ↵
139     ↵stochastic::SymbolTable<Agent>& table);
140     static stochastic::Monitor simulation(std::vector<stochastic::Reaction> &reactionVec, ↵
141     ↵double endTime, std::vector<stochastic::Agent> &agentVec, const std::string& filePath);
142 };
143
144 class Visualizer {
145 public:
146     //Req. 2
147     static void prettyPrintReactions(const std::vector<Reaction> &reactionVec);
148     static void generateNetworkGraph(const std::vector<Reaction>& reactionVec, const ↵
149     ↵std::string &filePath);
150 };

```

```

149 }
150
151 #endif //EXAM_LIB_H

```

---

## 1 Outputs

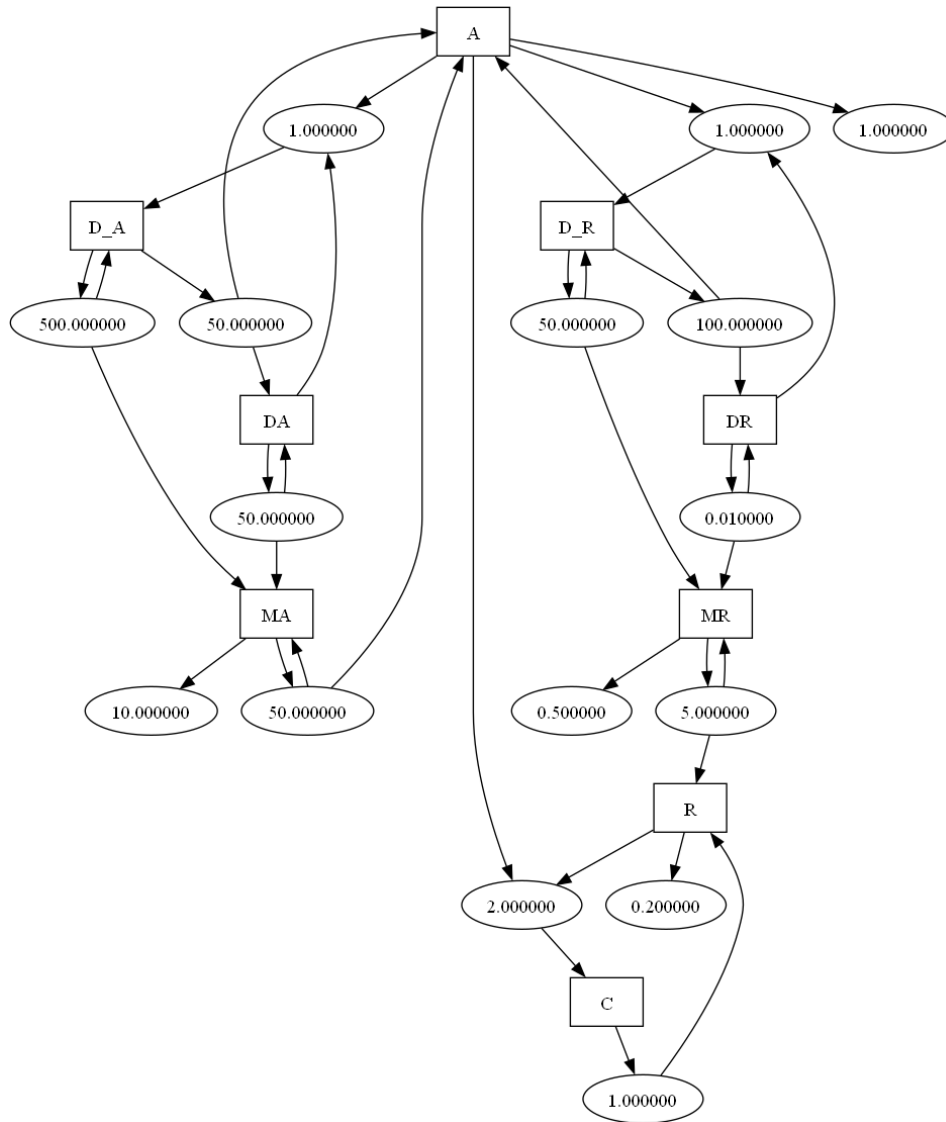


Figure 1: Network graph of the circadian oscillator example

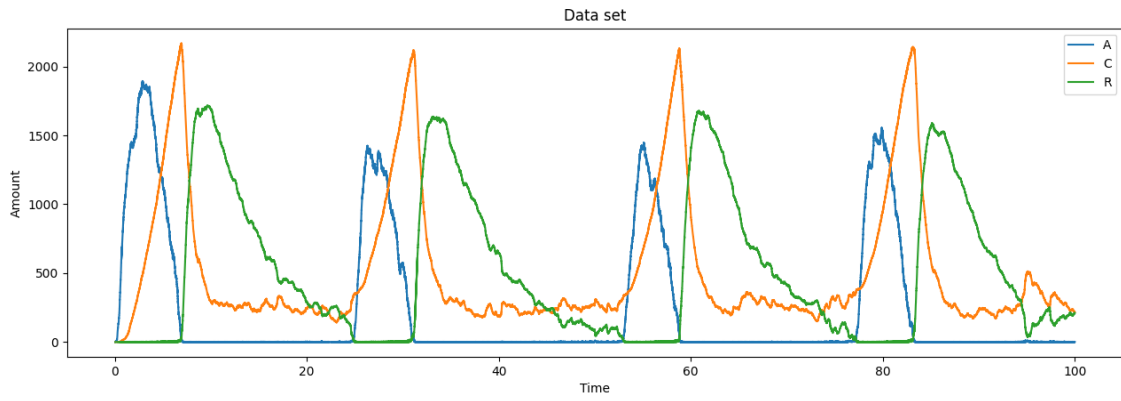


Figure 2: Output plot of the circadian oscillation example

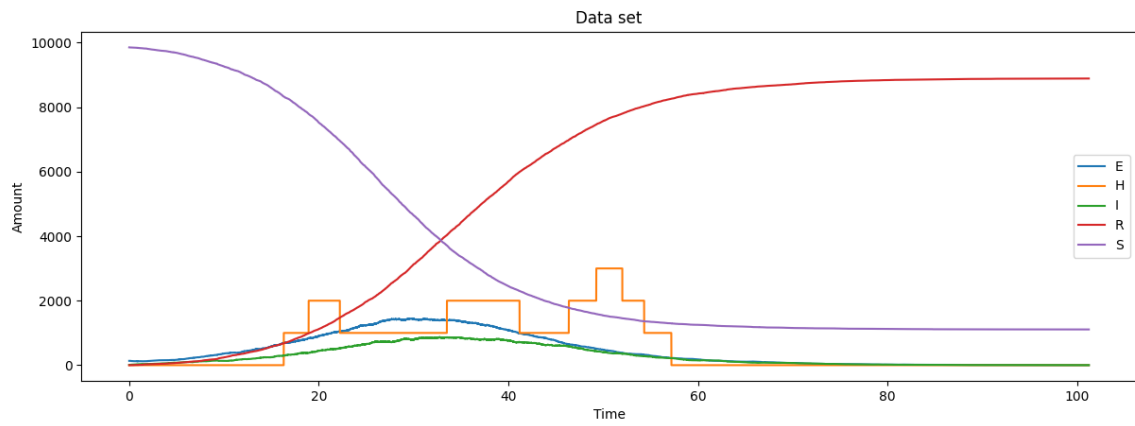


Figure 3: Output of the covid 19 example with  $N = 10,000$

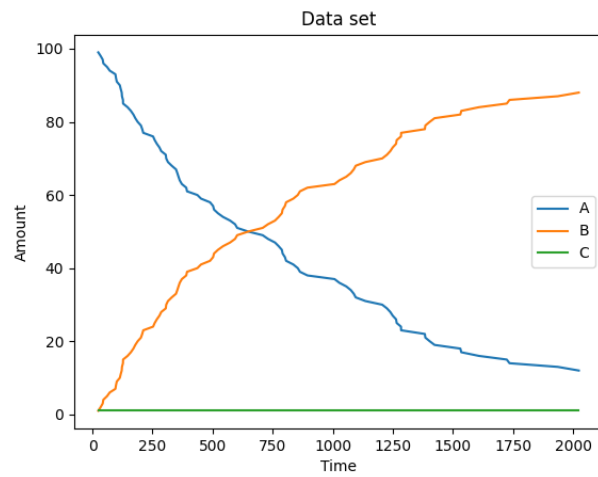


Figure 4: Output of figure 1, where  $A=100$ ,  $B=0$ ,  $C=1$

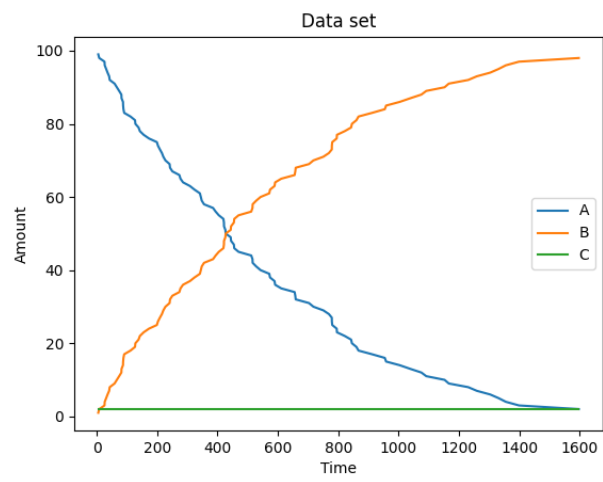


Figure 5: Output of figure 1, where  $A=100$ ,  $B=0$ ,  $C=2$

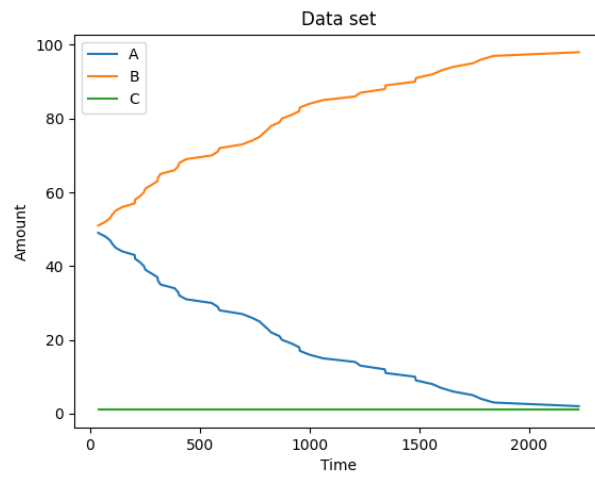


Figure 6: Output of figure 1, where  $A=50$ ,  $B=50$ ,  $C=1$