

Problem Set 5

Math modeling of the atmosphere

Problem 1: Transformation of samples by use of the Cholesky decomposition

Suppose that a covariance matrix is given by

$$\mathbf{\Sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{12} \\ r_{12} & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

Then the Cholesky matrix \mathbf{L} is given by

$$\mathbf{L} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ r_{12} & \sqrt{1 - r_{12}^2} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

- 1) Verify, by direct computation, that $\mathbf{L}\mathbf{L}^T = \mathbf{\Sigma}$.
- 2) Now suppose that the desired PDF is positively correlated, with $r_{12} = 0.99$, and it has zero mean: $\boldsymbol{\mu} = 0$. Use the formula

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{Y} + \boldsymbol{\mu} \quad (3)$$

to sketch how the Cholesky decomposition \mathbf{L} maps the following four points, $\mathbf{Y} = [1 \ 1]^T, [1 \ -1]^T, [-1 \ -1]^T, [-1 \ 1]^T$ — into \mathbf{X} . Does the distribution of points \mathbf{X} look positively correlated? Does it matter whether \mathbf{X} , \mathbf{Y} , and $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ are treated as row or column vectors?

- 3) Repeat part 2), but let $r_{12} = -0.99$. Does the resulting distribution look negatively correlated?
- 4) What is the Cholesky decomposition \mathbf{L} for the covariance matrix

$$\mathbf{\Sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & r_{12}\sigma_x\sigma_y \\ r_{12}\sigma_x\sigma_y & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix} ? \quad (4)$$

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4) The Cholesky decomposition \mathbf{L} is

$$\mathbf{L} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x & 0 \\ r_{12}\sigma_y & \sigma_y\sqrt{1-r_{12}^2} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (5)$$