MthStat 568/768 – Multivariate Statistical Analysis – Spring 2024

Homework 7

Due Wednesday, May 8

- 1. The British towns dataset contains distances between 48 British towns.
 - (a) Carry out a metric multidimensional scaling. From a plot of the eigenvalues, does a two-dimensional solution appear reasonable?
 - (b) Plot the two-dimensional solution (as a 2D scatterplot) labeling each point by town name. Compare with a map of England. Do they look similar?
- 2. Consider the zoo dataset, where 17 variables are observed on 101 animals. Excluding the variable "type", the other 16 variables are categorical: most of them are yes/no indicators, and "legs" can be seen as a categorical variable too. So, the dissimilarity between animals i and j can be defined as the number of characteristics in which they differ: $\delta_{ij} = \#\{k : x_{ik} \neq x_{jk}\}$. In R you can do this as follows:

```
\label{eq:defD} \begin{array}{l} D <- \mbox{ matrix}(\mbox{nrow}=101,\mbox{ncol}=101) \\ \mbox{for (i in } 1:101) \{ \mbox{ for (j in } 1:101) \{ \mbox{ D[i,j]} <- \mbox{sum}(\mbox{x[i,]}!=\mbox{x[j,]}) \} \} \end{array}
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- (a) Carry out a two-dimensional multidimensional scaling. Plot the resulting configuration using animal names as labels.
- (b) Try to find, if possible, an interpretation for the coordinates, in terms of anatomical or physiological characteristics of the animals.