

Software testing in CI/CD pipelines

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Buzzword Bingo - Rules

1

Take a Bingo card

2

Every time you
recognize a
highlighted buzzword,
mark it on your card

3

If you completed a
row, column or
diagonal, come over
and choose a
Giveaway

Agenda

- Concepts - Software testing in CI/CD pipelines
- Our goals for today
- Sample app
- Container platform
- CI/CD pipelines
- Integration testing
- End-2-End testing
- What's next?
- Recap



Concepts – Software testing

- Software tests influencing your company
- Software testing has various aspects
 - Technical aspect
 - Business aspect



Concepts – Software testing - Technical perspective

- Ensures that your software works as expected
- Provides information about the quality of the software
- Helps identifying bugs
- Eases software changes

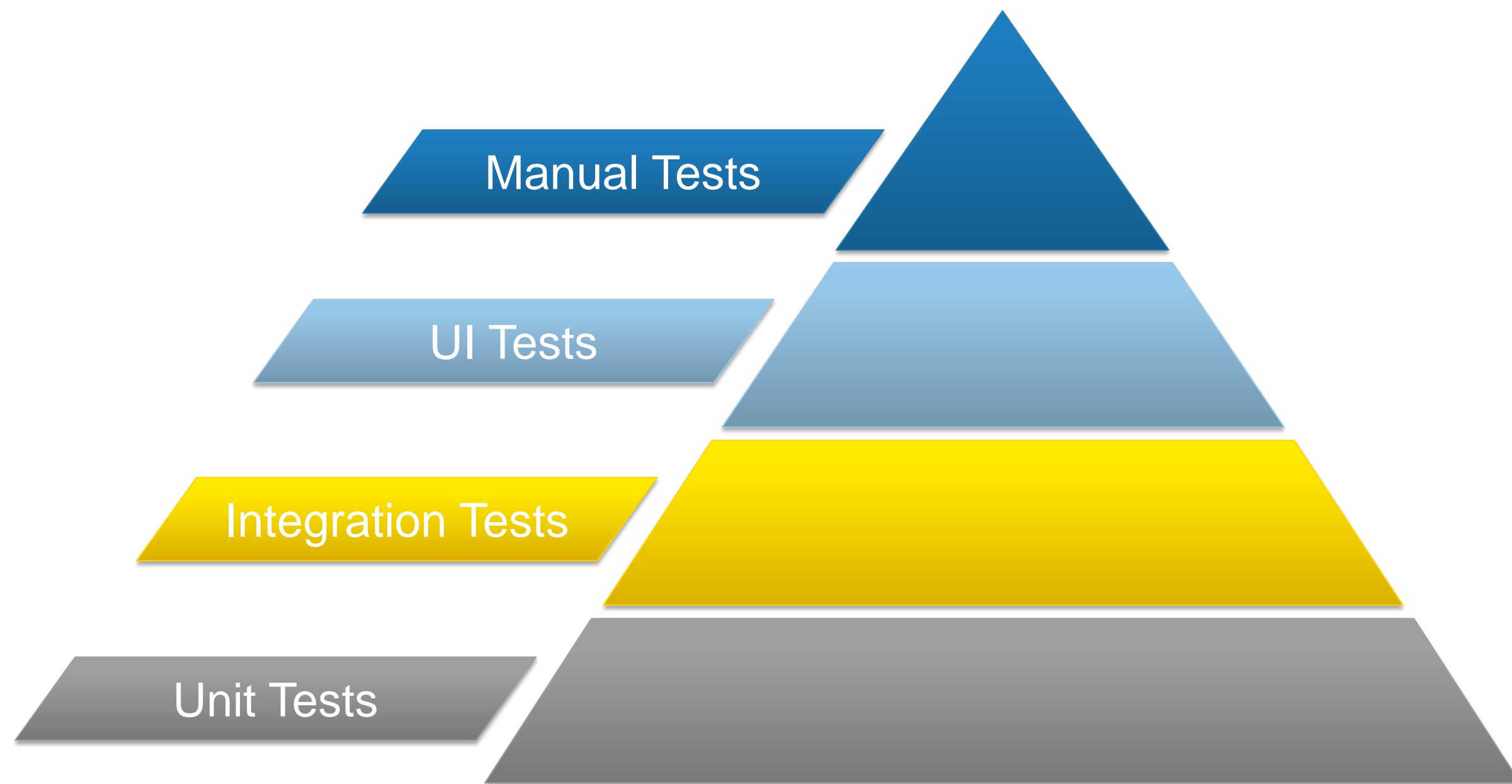


Concepts – Software testing – Business perspective

- Ensures stable revenue streams
- Increases customer satisfaction
- Lowers costs for development

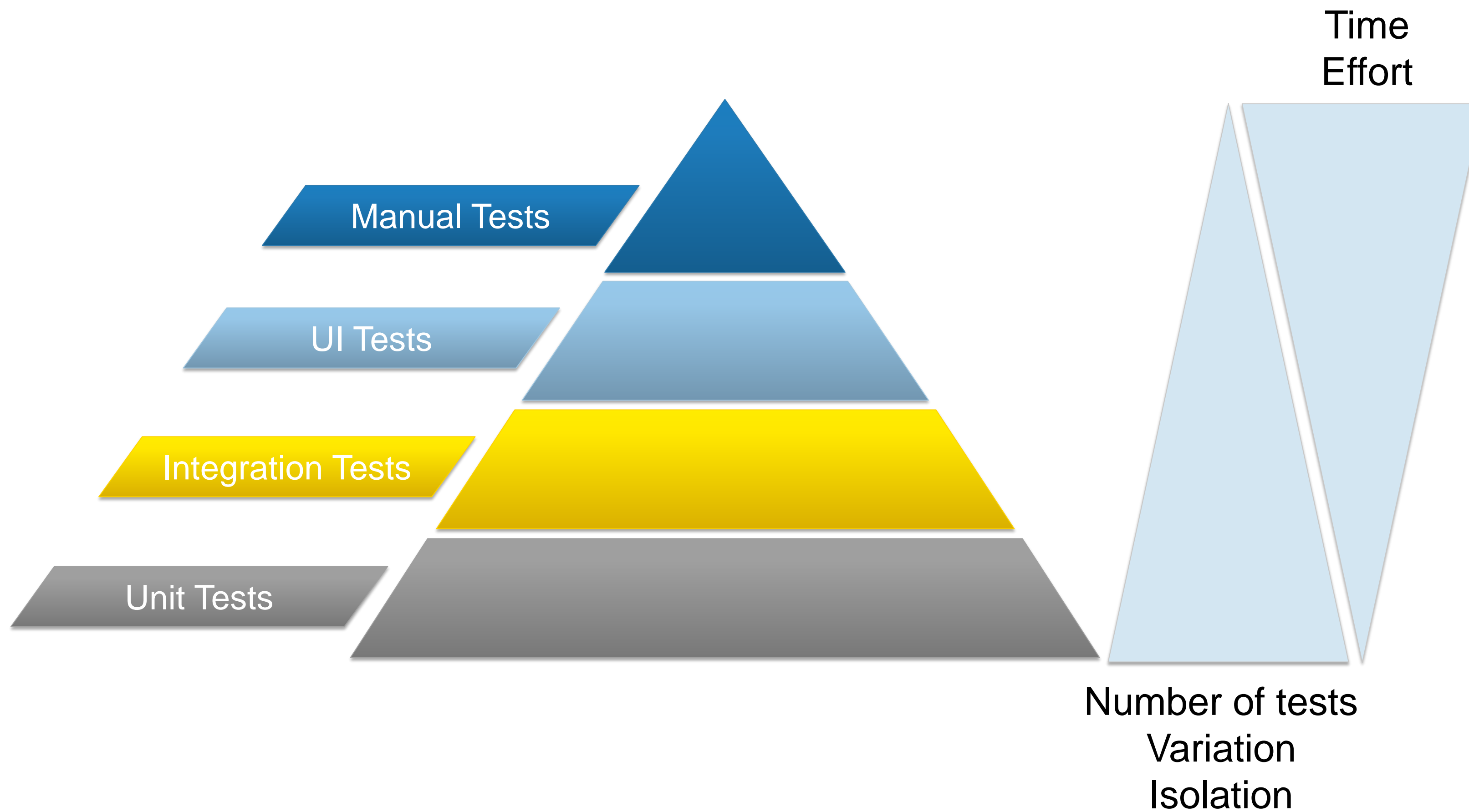


Concepts – Software testing

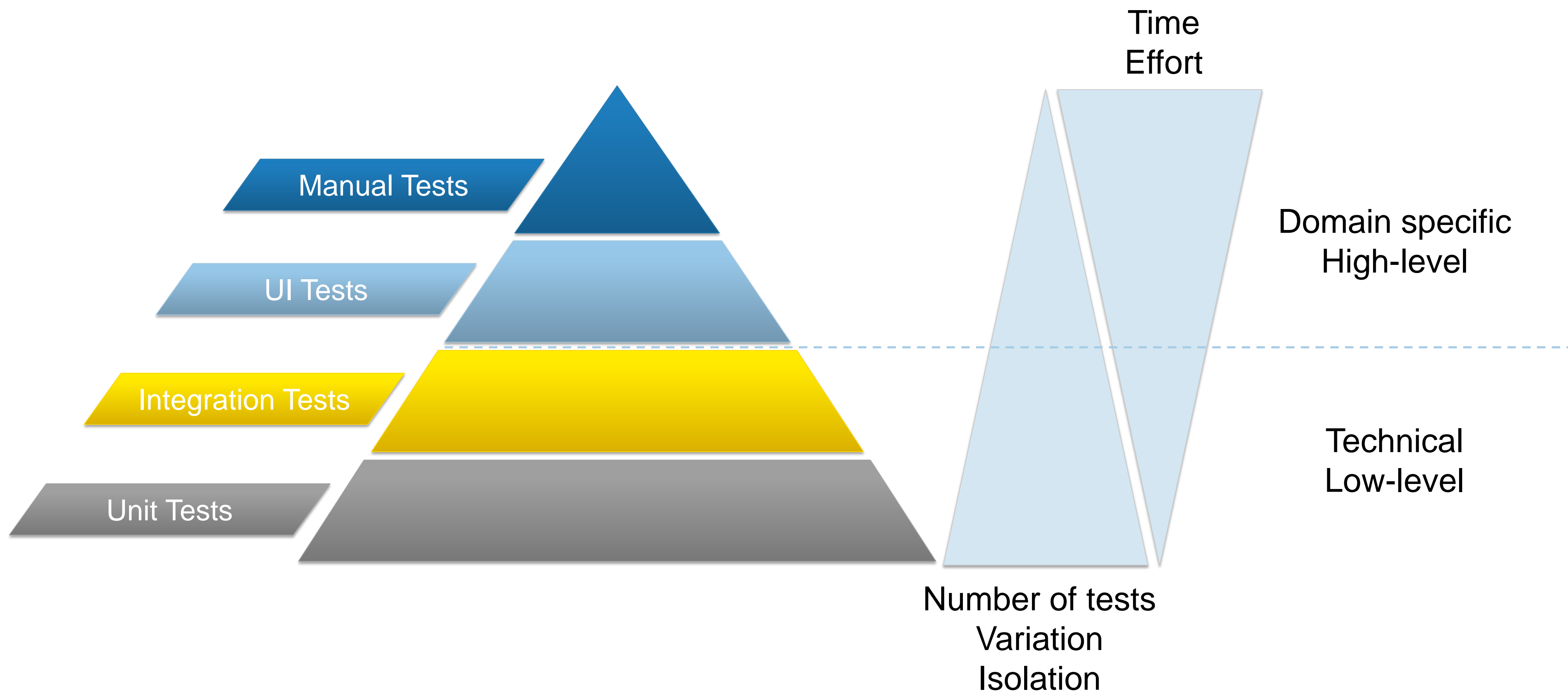


Test Pyramid

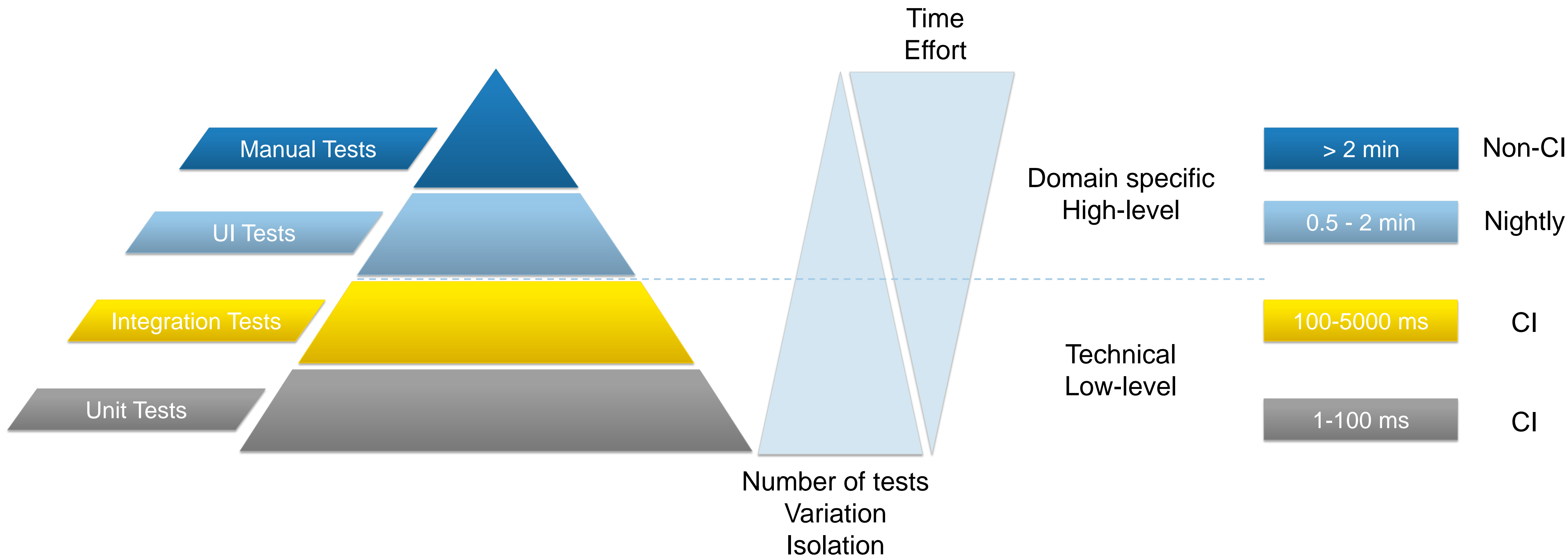
Concepts – Software testing



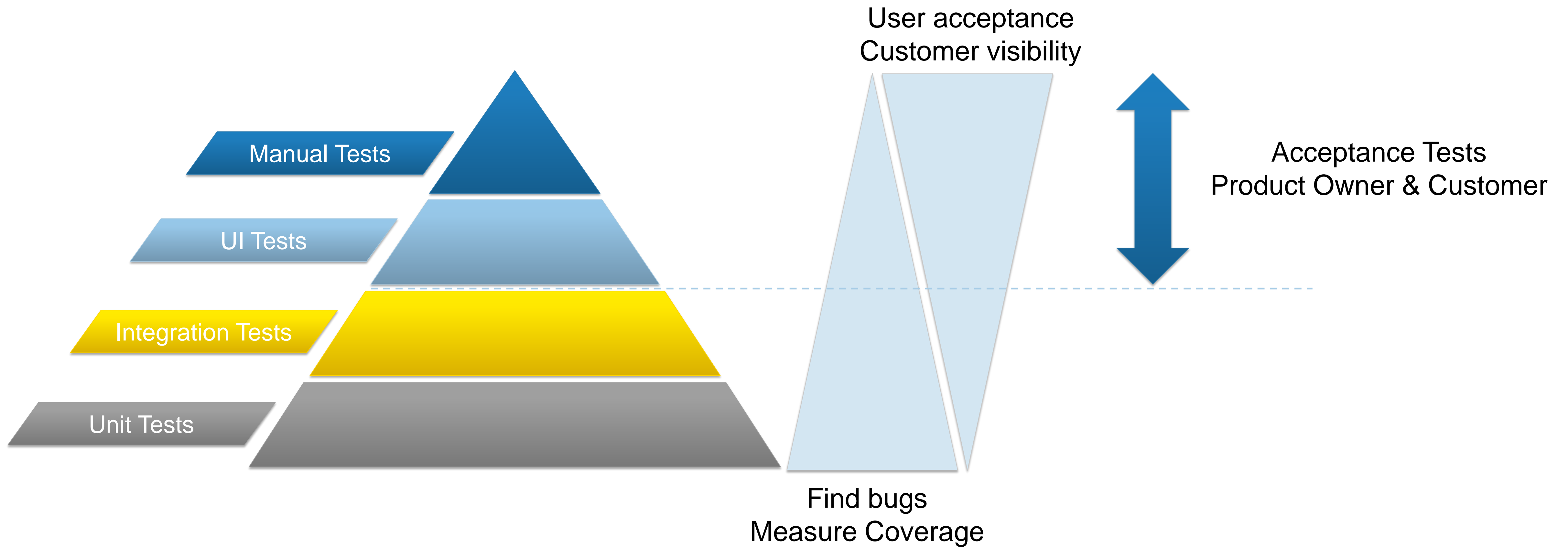
Concepts – Software testing



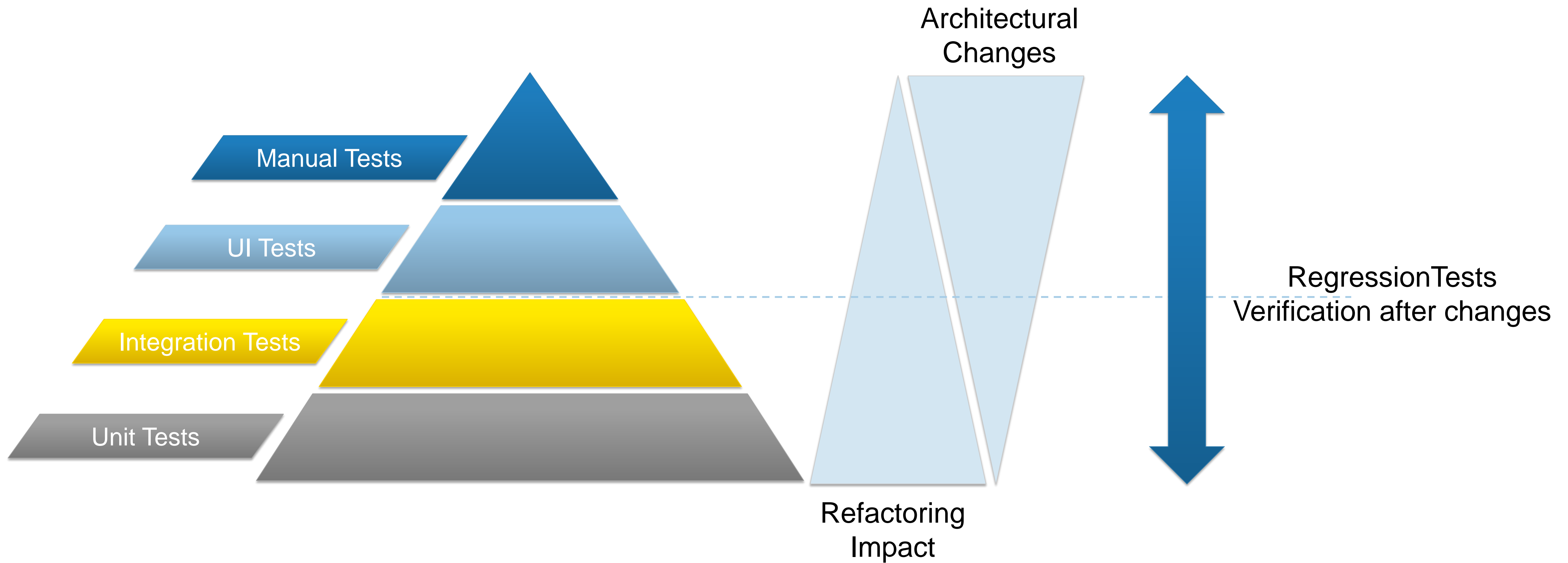
Concepts – Software testing



Concepts – Software testing

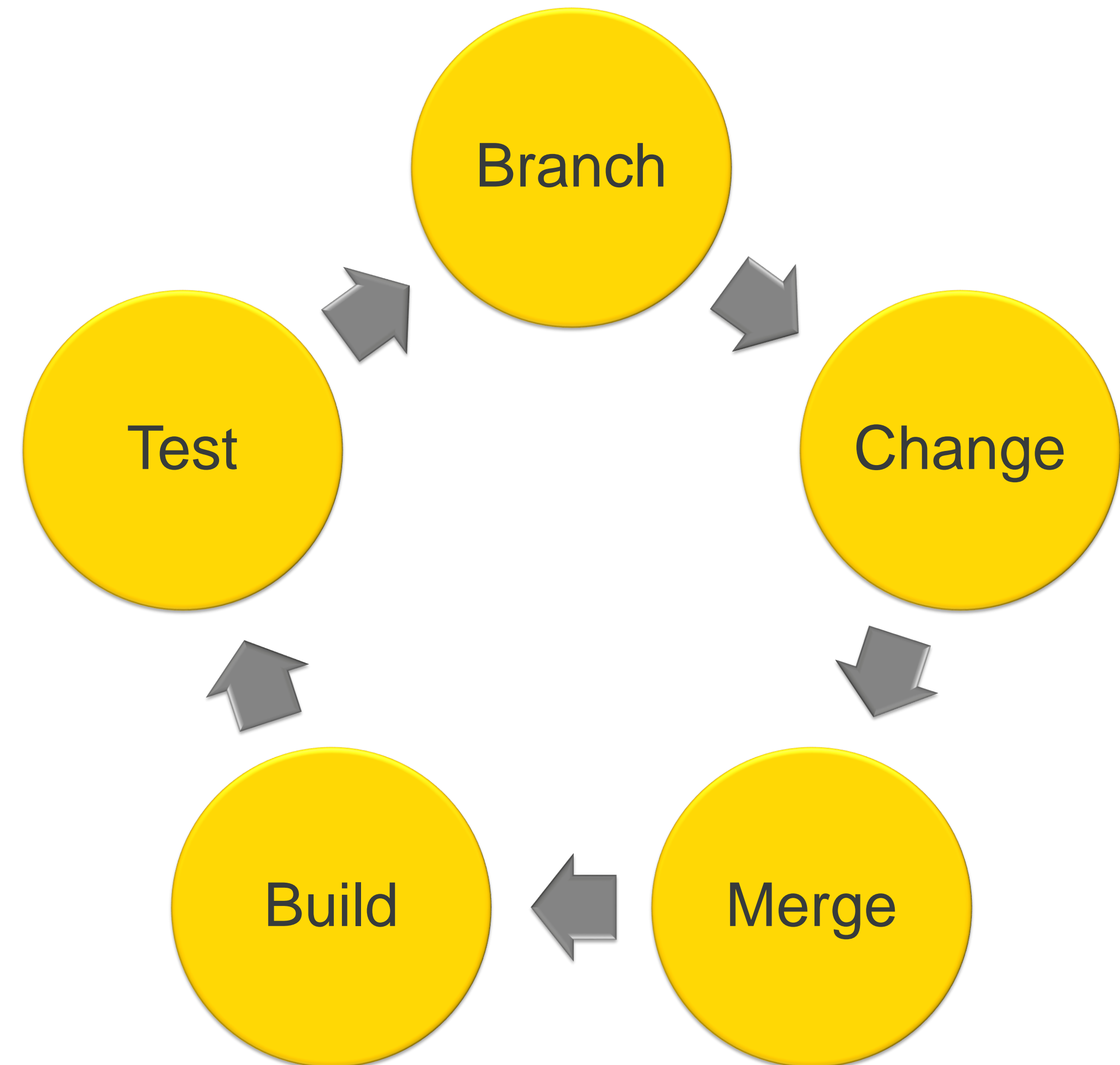


Concepts – Software testing



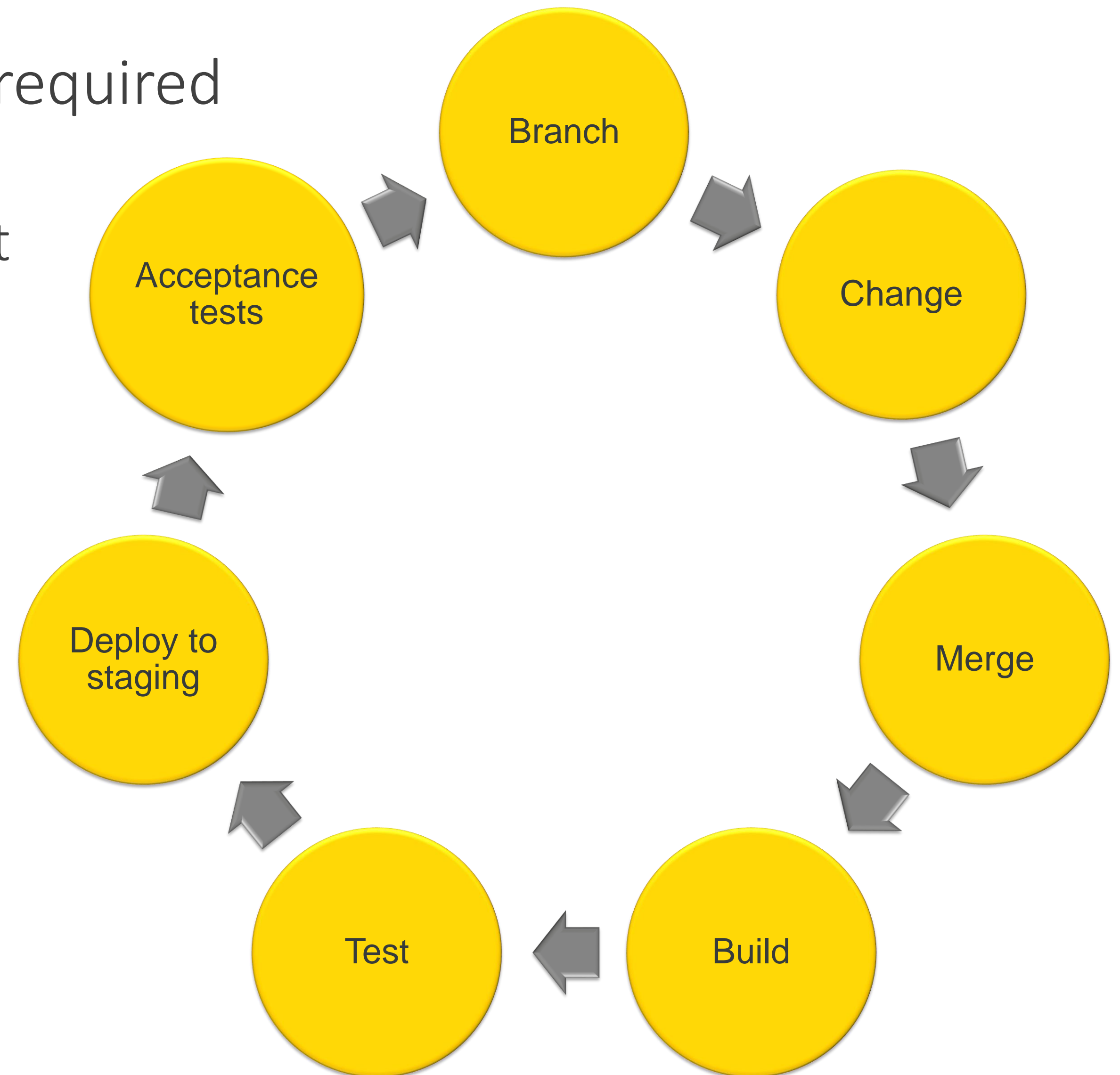
Concepts – CI – Continuous integration

- Born from [extreme programming](#)
- Merge your code early and often
- Build your code automated after change
- Test your code automated after change
- Goal
 - Early feedback on changes
 - Reduce merge conflicts



Concepts – CD – Continuous delivery

- Release your software whenever it's required
- Extends [continuous integration](#) by
 - Deployment into a staging environment
 - Acceptance tests

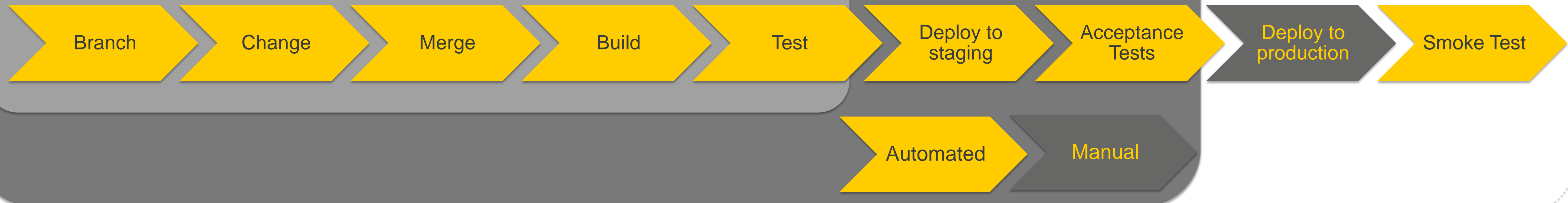


Concepts – CI/CD pipelines

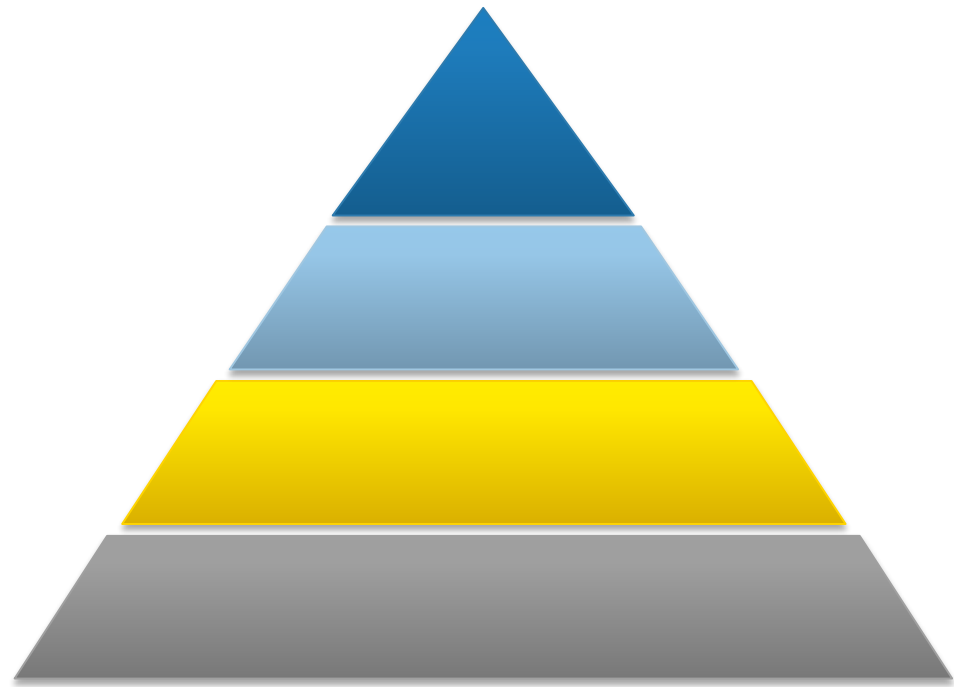
- Automate everything from code change to pre production
- Increase visibility of issues while building, testing, deploying your product
- Allows fast feedback loops
- Empowers you to deliver continuously
- Enables continuous deployment

Continuous delivery

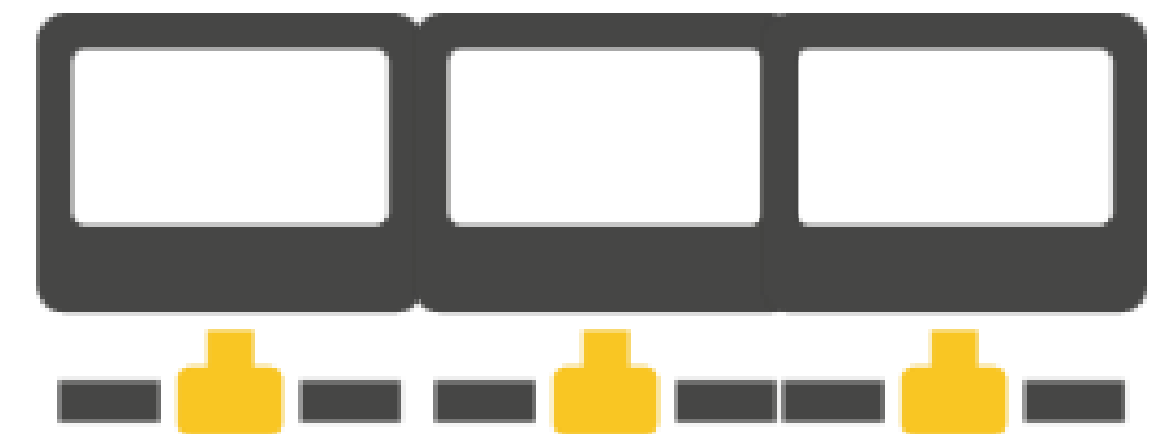
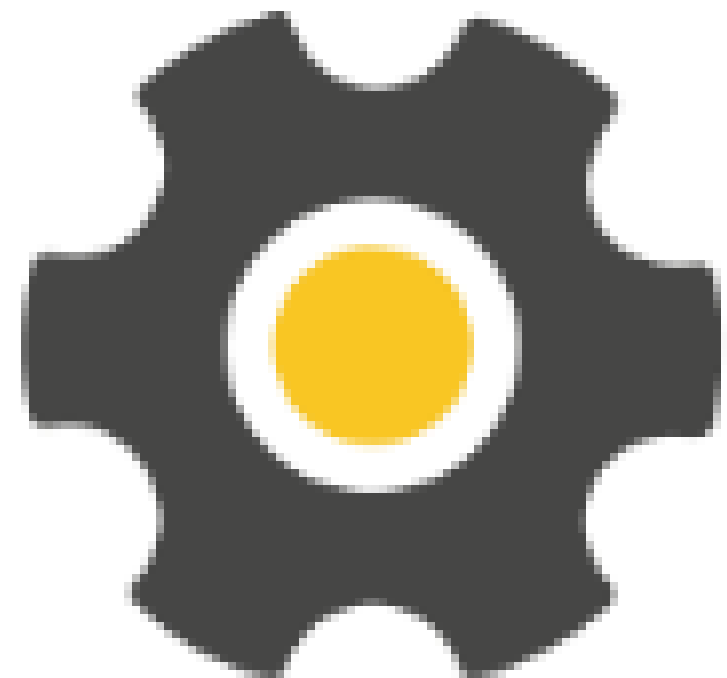
Continuous integration



Concepts



Software testing in CI/CD pipelines



Our goals for today

1. Take a sample app
2. Create a multi stage environment on a container platform
3. Build the app
4. Create a pipeline to deploy the app
5. Add integration tests to the pipeline
6. Add End-2-End tests to the pipeline



Sample app

- Todo list app
- Located in a [git](#) service (GOGS)
- Small GUI
- Small REST API

TODO list

No todos found

New TODO entry

Title

Short title of the task

Description

Full description of the task

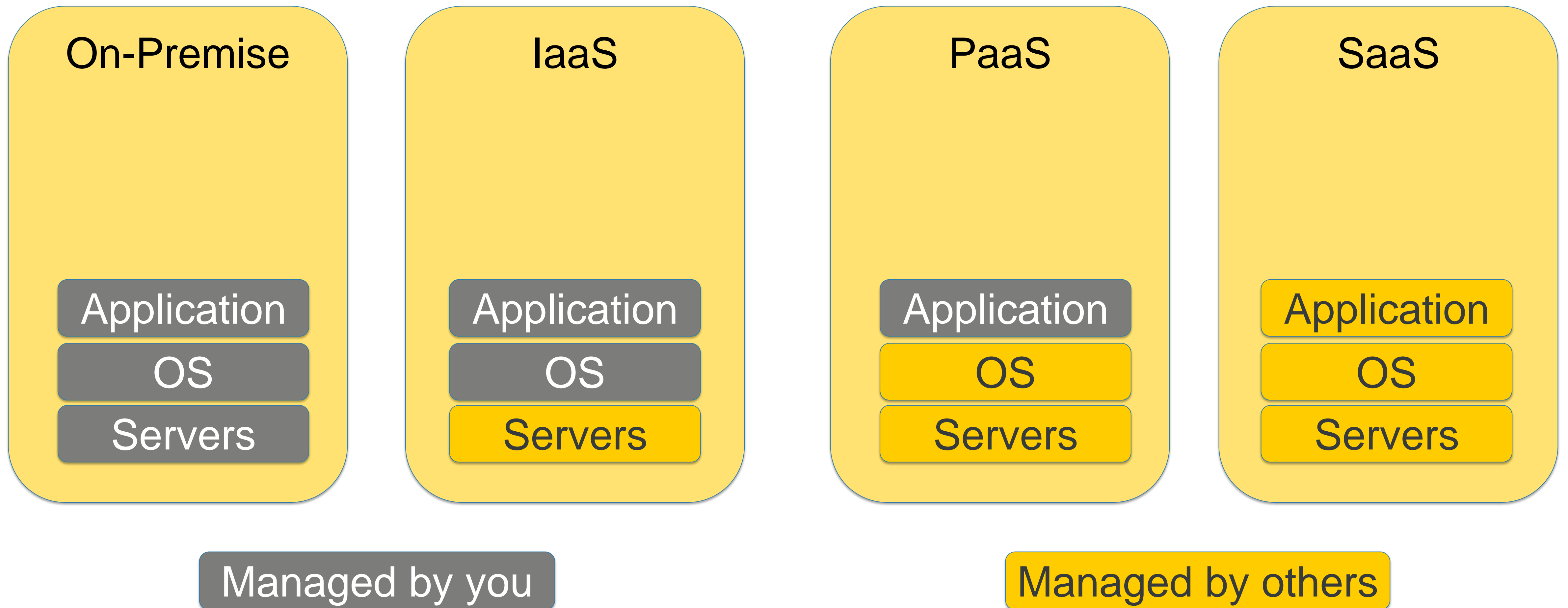
Add

Our goals for today

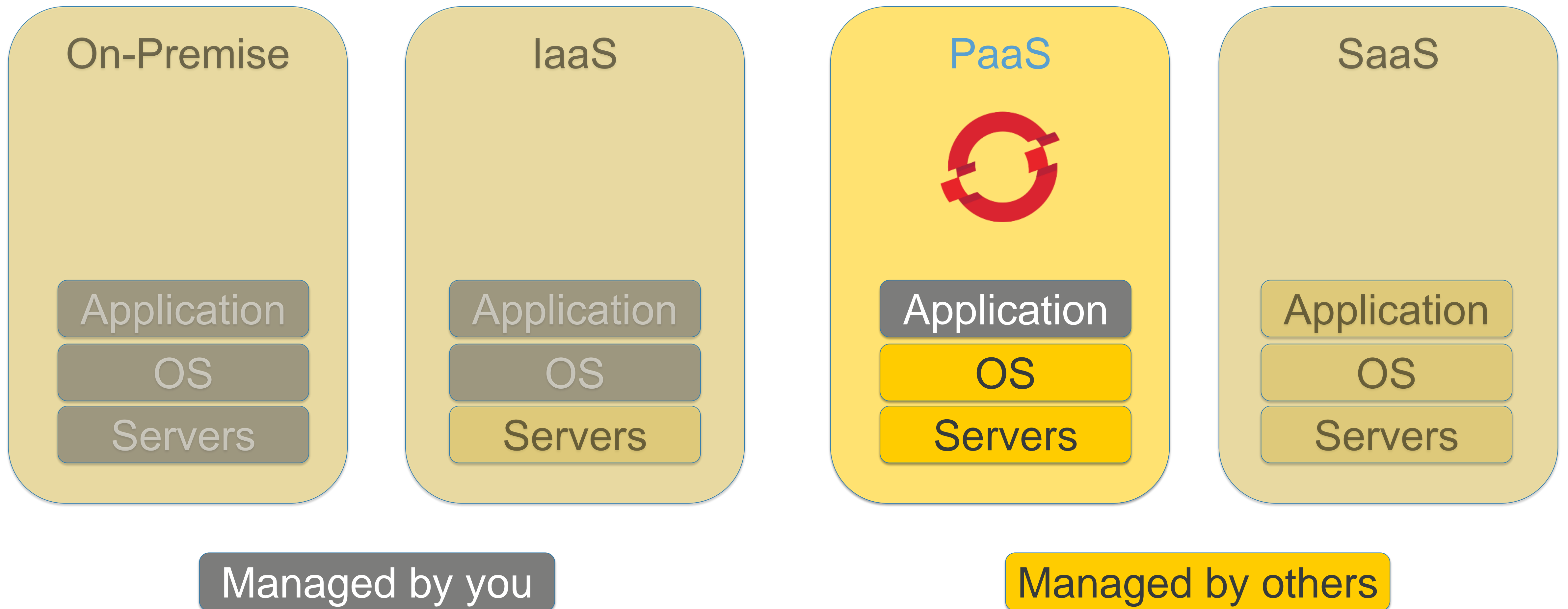
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Container platform

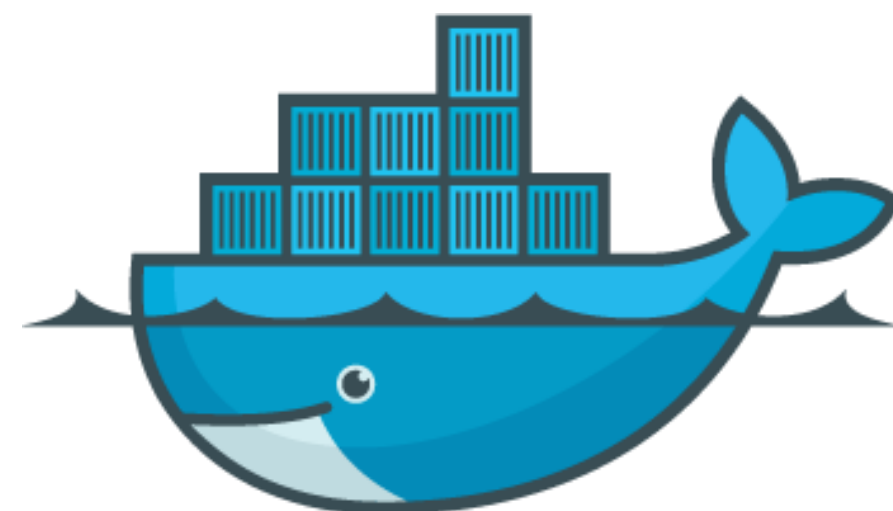
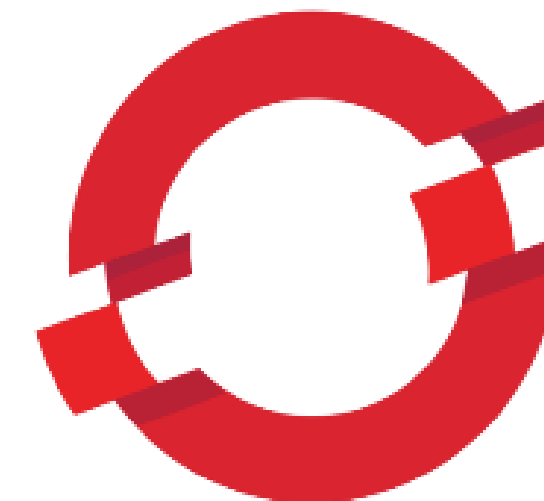


Container platform

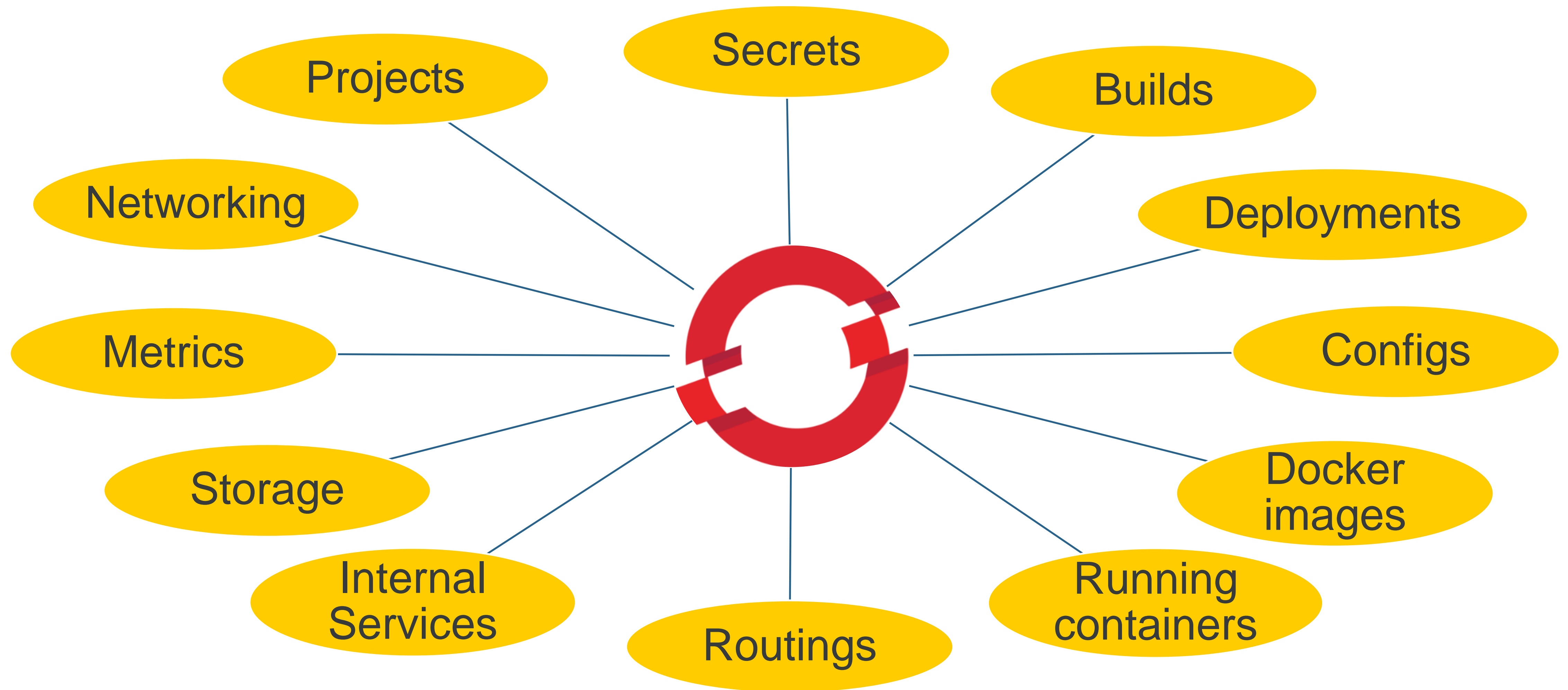


Container platform - OpenShift

- Developed and maintained by RedHat since 2011
- Open source container platform *OKD* (Apache Licence 2.0)
- Professional support options
- Public OpenShift cloud available
- Based on Kubernetes
- Uses *Docker* containers
- Additional platform specific features



Container platform - OpenShift



Mission

Create a multi stage environment on a container platform

Let's code!

Our goals for today

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Classic vs. Modern

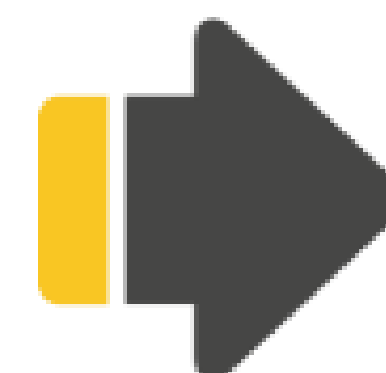
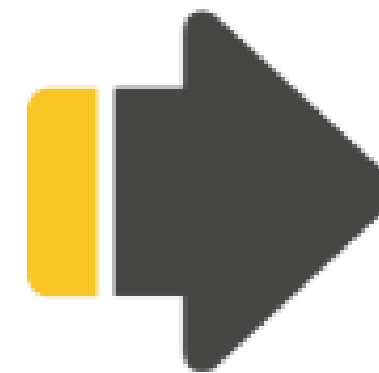
CI/CD pipelines – Classic

- Jenkins installed on a VM or bare metal
- Create a job
 - By yourself
 - Via admin
 - Via a business process
- Maybe adapt to a predefined pipeline
- Shared resources / workers



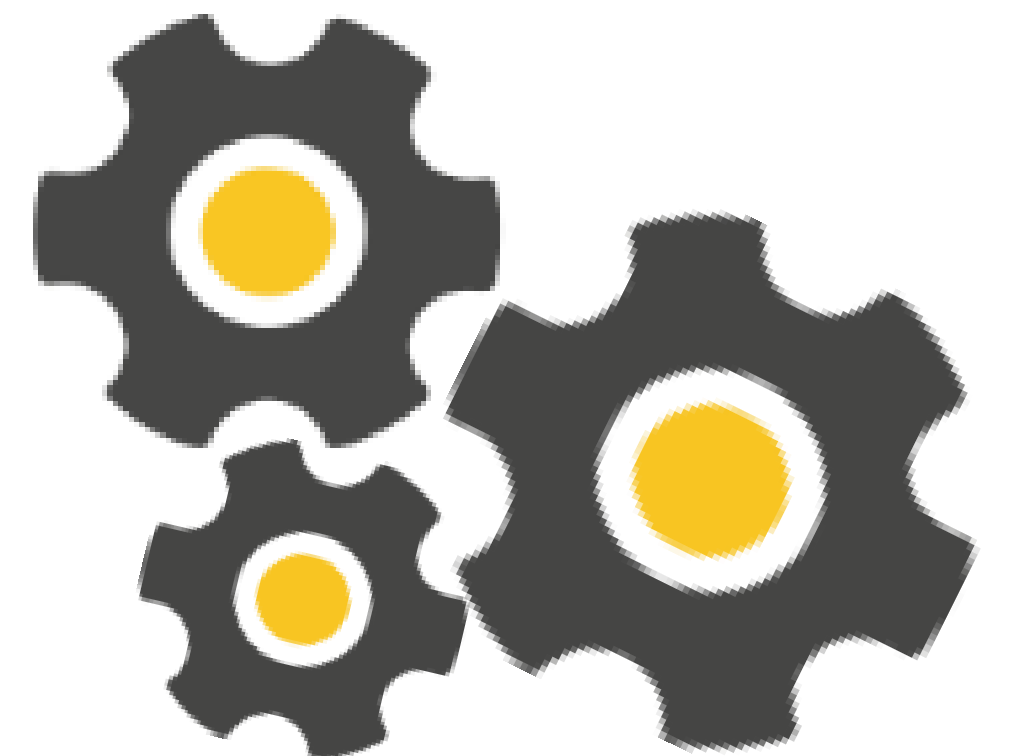
CI/CD pipelines – Modern

- Define your individual pipeline
- Bind it to your source control
- Deploy the pipeline to your Jenkins
- Get some coffee

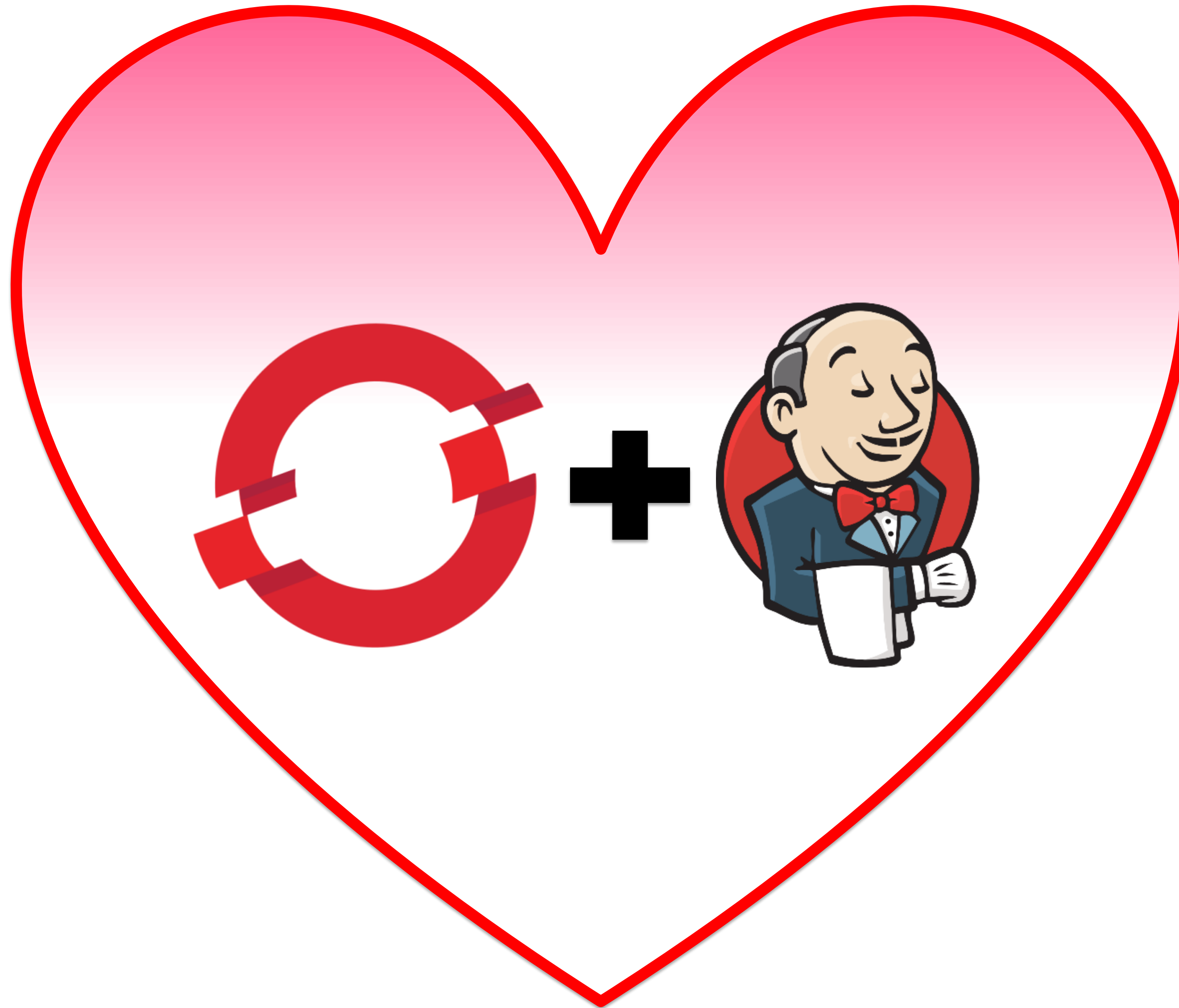


CI/CD pipelines – Modern

- The modern life cycle has to be enabled by software
 - [Configuration as code](#)
- Various software solutions on the market
 - Travis CI
 - GitLab CI
 - OpenShift with Jenkins
 - etc.
- Provide a configurable platform to specify build pipelines

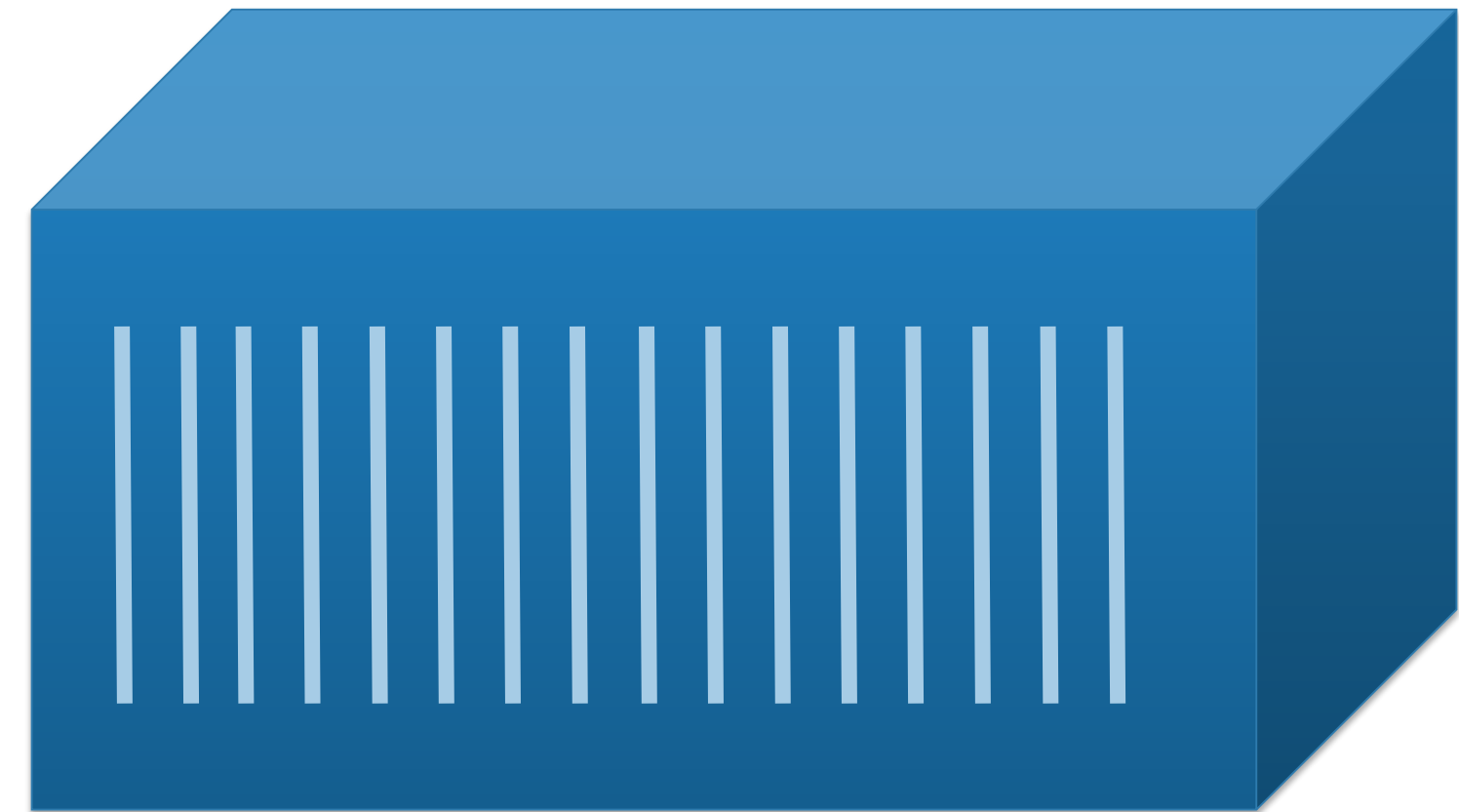
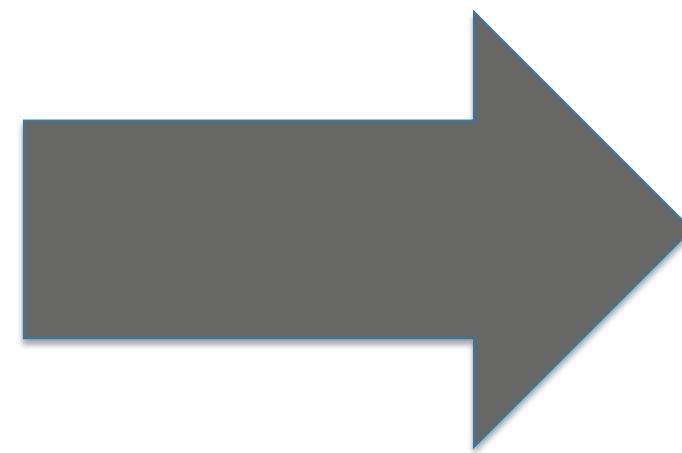


CI/CD pipelines – Jenkins and OpenShift



CI/CD pipelines – Build the software

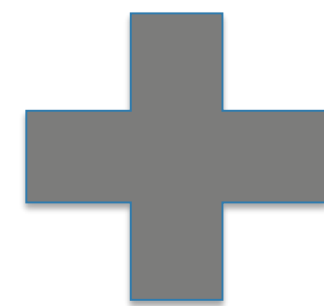
- What we have: Source code
- What we want: A deployable artefact
- How do we come from Source code to a deployable artefact?



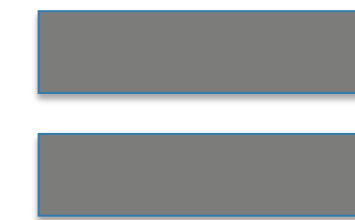
CI/CD pipelines – Build the software – Jenkins

- We need a Jenkins file to define the pipeline
- Build a [Jenkins](#) containing the Jenkins file
- To build software, you need a build config
- Jenkins and build configuration stored in the git repository

```
node{  
    checkout scm  
}
```

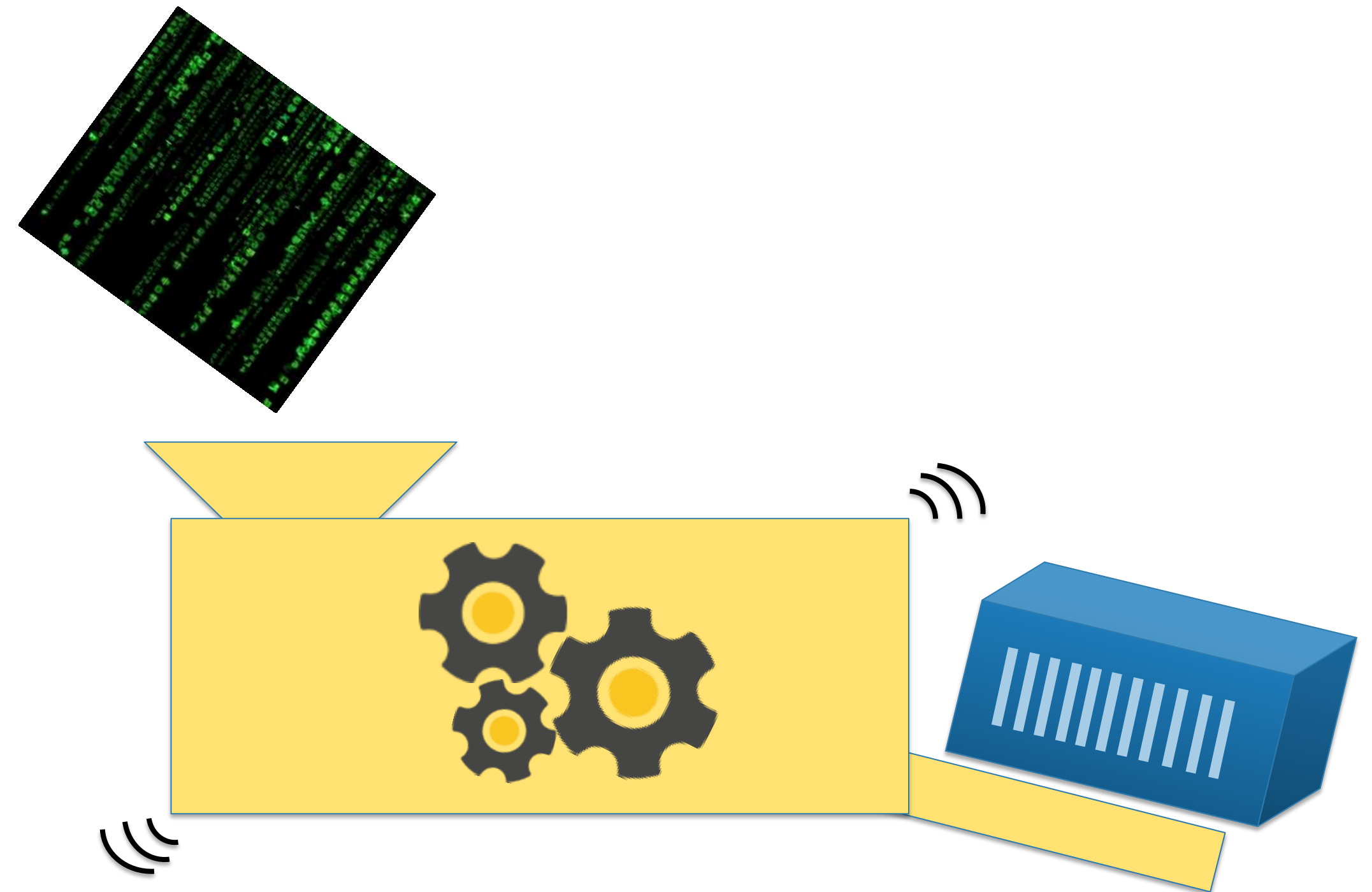


```
- apiVersion: v1  
kind: BuildConfig  
metadata:  
  labels:  
    build: ${APPLICATION_NAME}-pipeline  
    component: backend  
    app: ${APPLICATION_NAME}  
    name: ${APPLICATION_NAME}-pipeline  
spec:  
  failedBuildsHistoryLimit: 5  
  runPolicy: Serial  
  source:  
    git:  
      uri: ${INFRASTRUCTURE_REPOSITORY_URL}  
      sourceSecret:  
        name: gitlab-ssh  
      type: Git  
    strategy:  
      jenkinsPipelineStrategy:  
        jenkinsfilePath: infra/jenkins/Jenkinsfile  
      type: Source
```



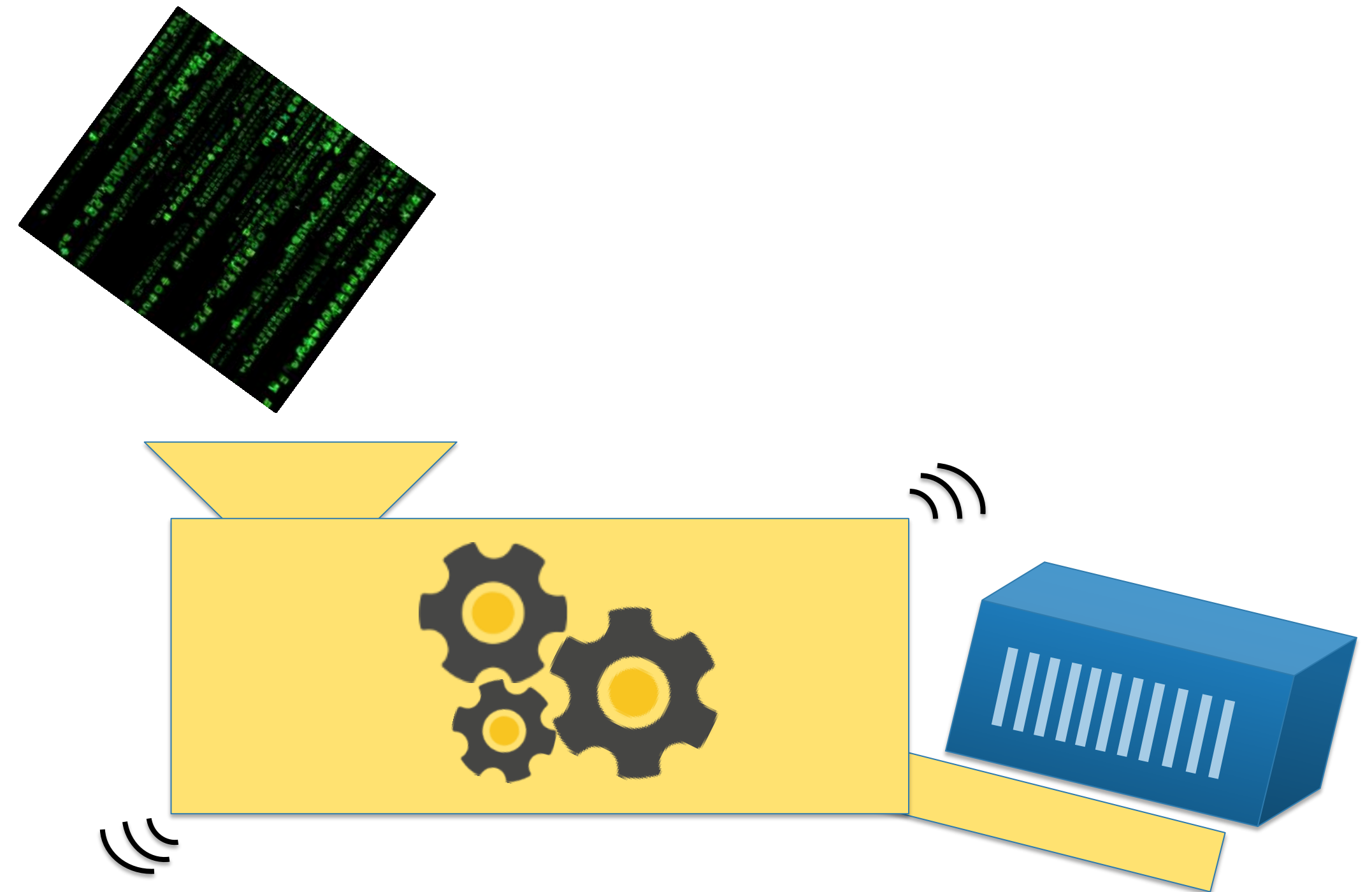
CI/CD pipelines – Build the software – S2I

- We're going to use [Source to Image](#) (S2I)
- OpenShift feature
- S2I defines an interface to build software
- Used via build config



CI/CD pipelines – Build the software – S2I

- S2I images contain a build environment
- S2I creates a deployable Docker image containing the app
- Image is pushed to the registry into an image stream
- Available for many technologies and ready to use



CI/CD pipelines – Build the software – S2I



CI/CD pipelines – Build the software – S2I

Mission

Build the app

Jenkins! Please serve the app!

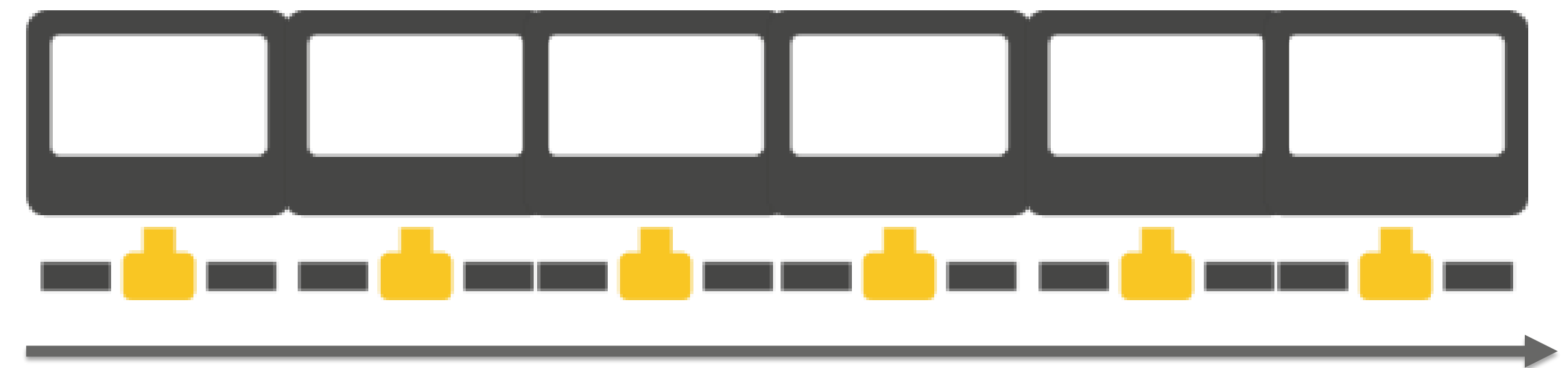
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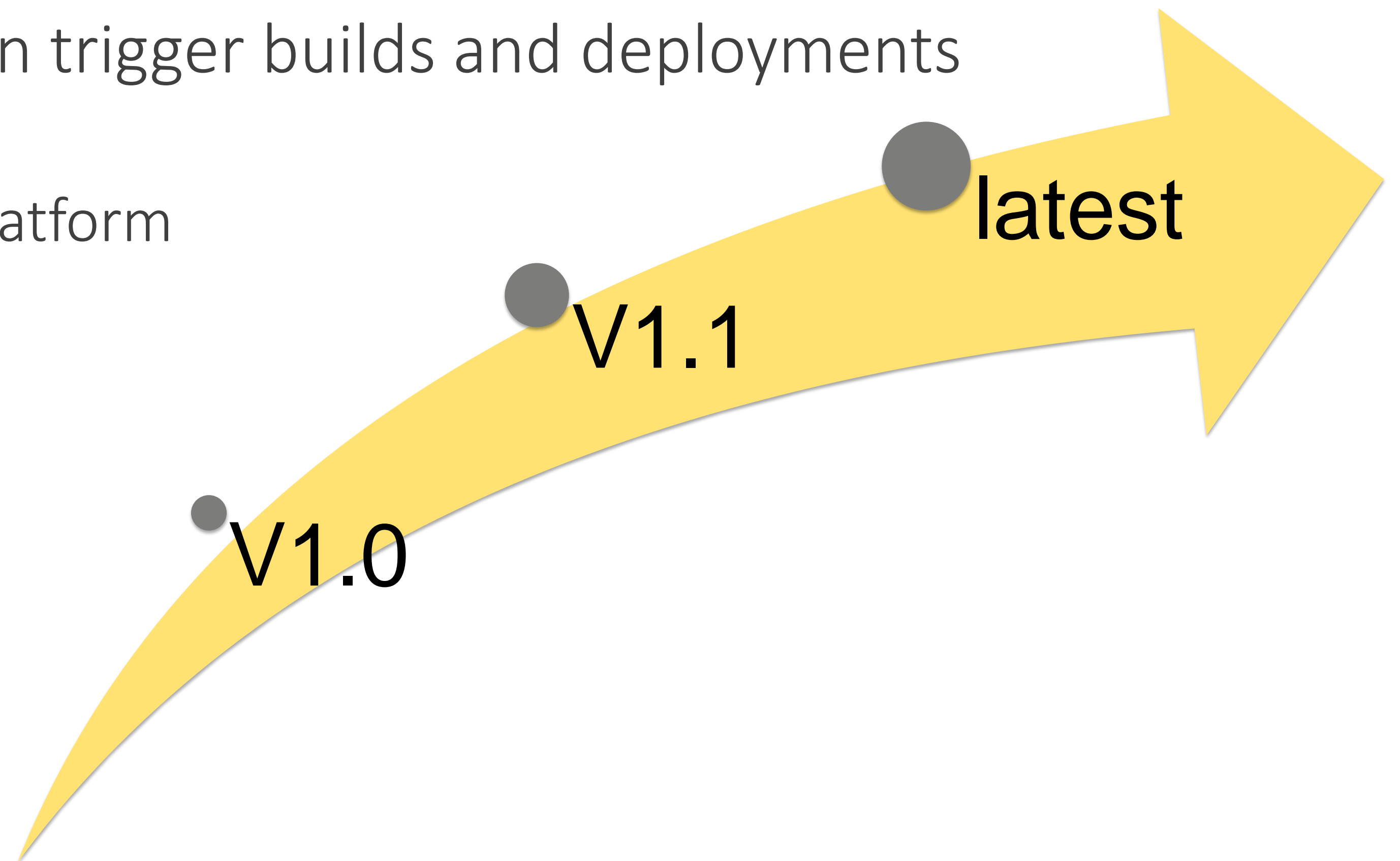
CI/CD pipelines – The pipeline

- We have
 - A Jenkins file
 - A deployable immutable artefact
- We need
 - To deploy the artefact - [Deployment config](#)
 - To transport the artefact between stages - Image streams



CI/CD pipelines – The pipeline – Image streams

- Same idea as for a Docker registry
- ... with some additions
- Image streams contain Docker images identified by tags
- Changes on **image streams** can trigger builds and deployments
- Image streams can refer to
 - The registry of the container platform
 - Other image streams
 - External registries



CI/CD pipelines – The pipeline

Mission

Create a pipeline to deploy the app

The deployment is strong with this one.

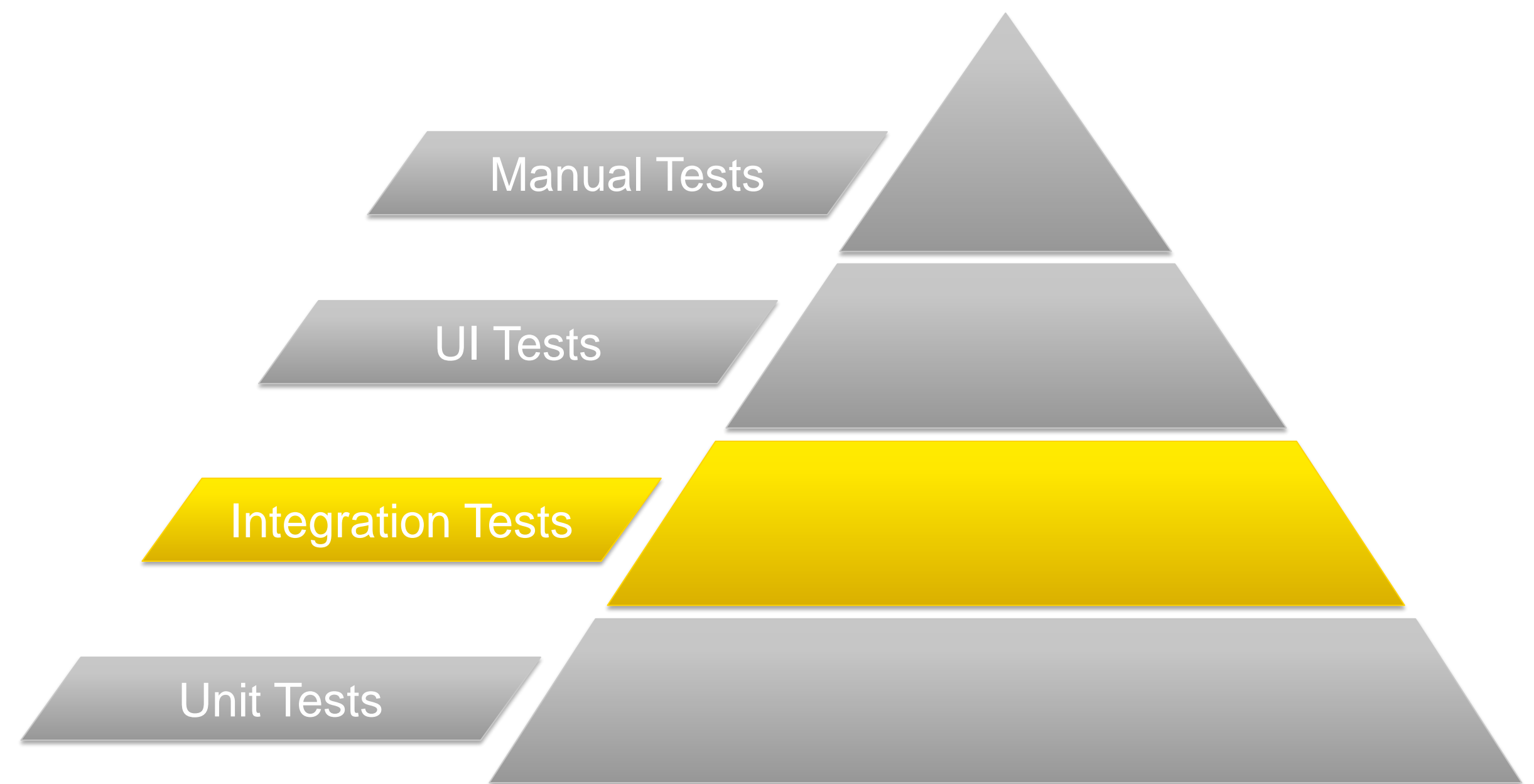
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Integration testing

- Tests the communication between software components
- The **system under test** (SUT) is tested as a black box
- Software required to provide endpoints to communicate with
- **CITRUS** 🍊



Integration testing with CITRUS

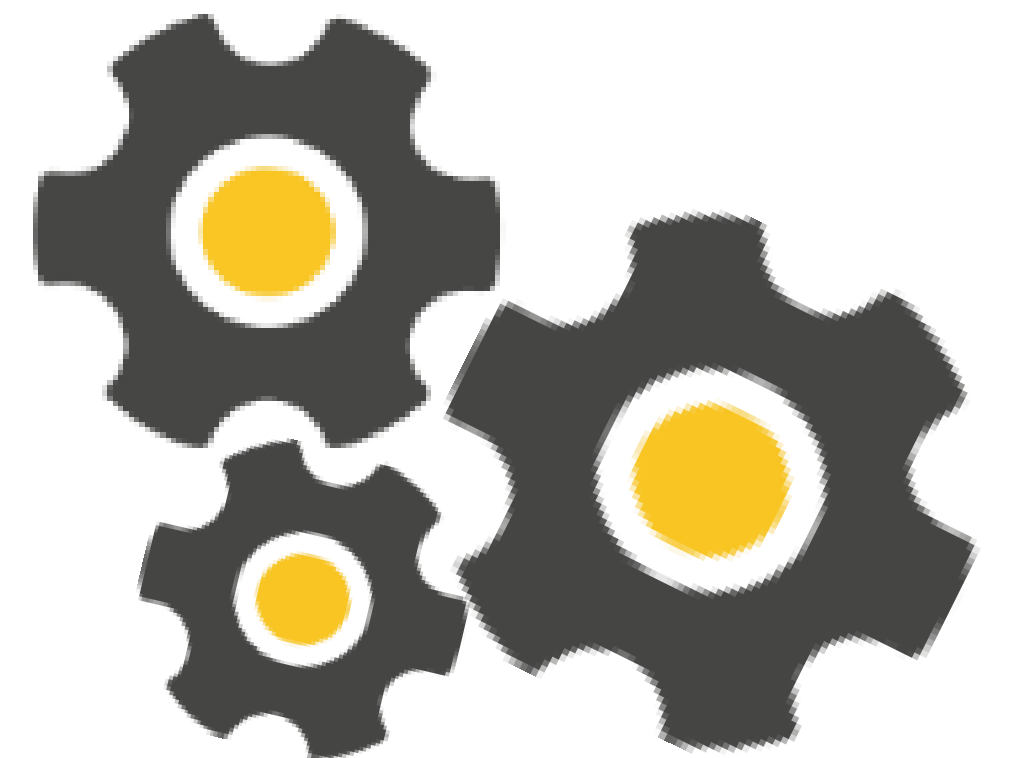
Citrus is
an open-source framework for automated
integration testing of messaging interfaces
in enterprise applications.



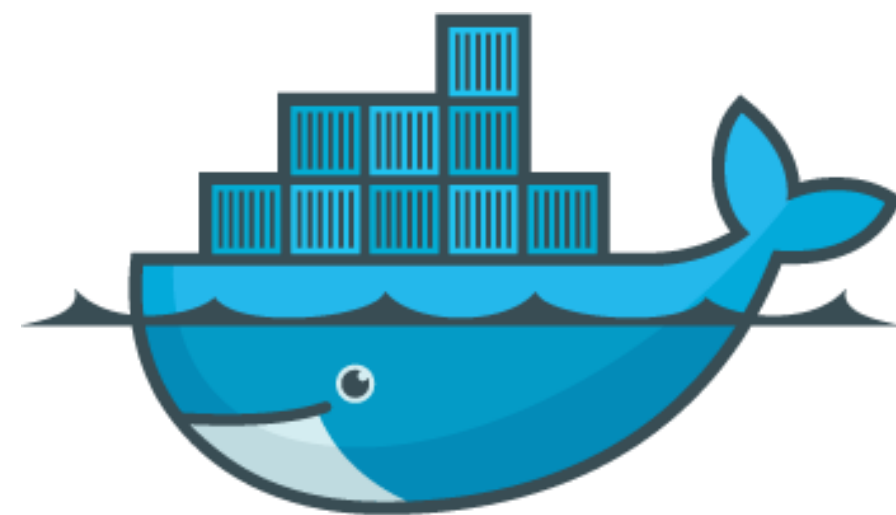
citrusframework.org

Integration testing with CITRUS

- Based on the [Spring](#) Framework
- Integrates with common build tools
 - Maven
 - Gradle
 - Ant
- Therefore tests are easily executable with Jenkins
- Rich Java- and XML-DSL
- No mocks – only real messages over the wire



Integration testing with CITRUS🍊



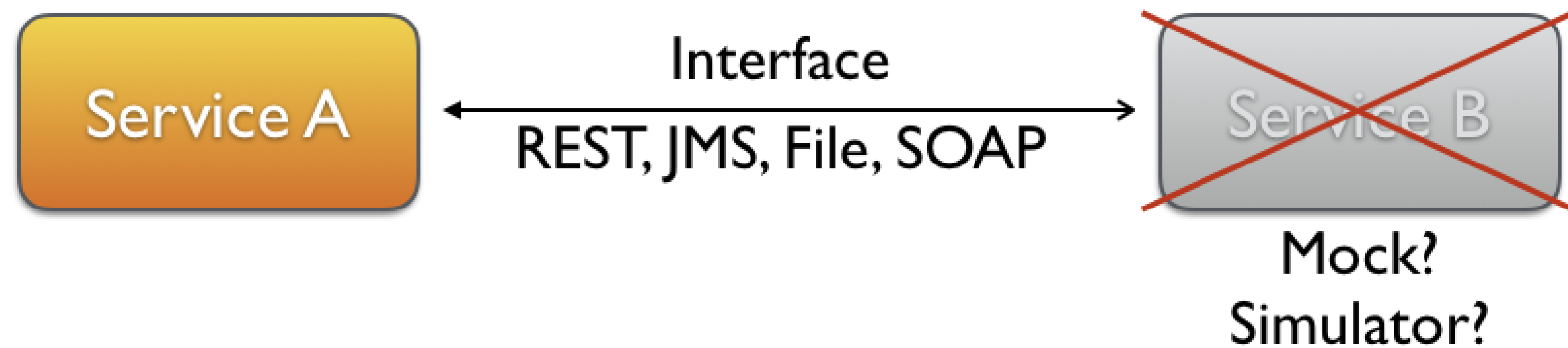
Integration testing with CITRUS

Endpoint	Description
citrus-http	HTTP client and server
citrus-jms	JMS consumer and producer
citrus-ws	SOAP WebServices client and server
citrus-mail	Mail client and server
citrus-docker	Docker client
citrus-camel	Apache Camel components
citrus-kubernetes	Kubernetes client
citrus-selenium	Selenium browser
citrus-ftp	FTP client and server
citrus-vertx	Vert.x consumer and producer
citrus-ssh	SSH client and server
citrus-jdbc	JDBC server simulation
...	...

Integration testing with CITRUS🍊



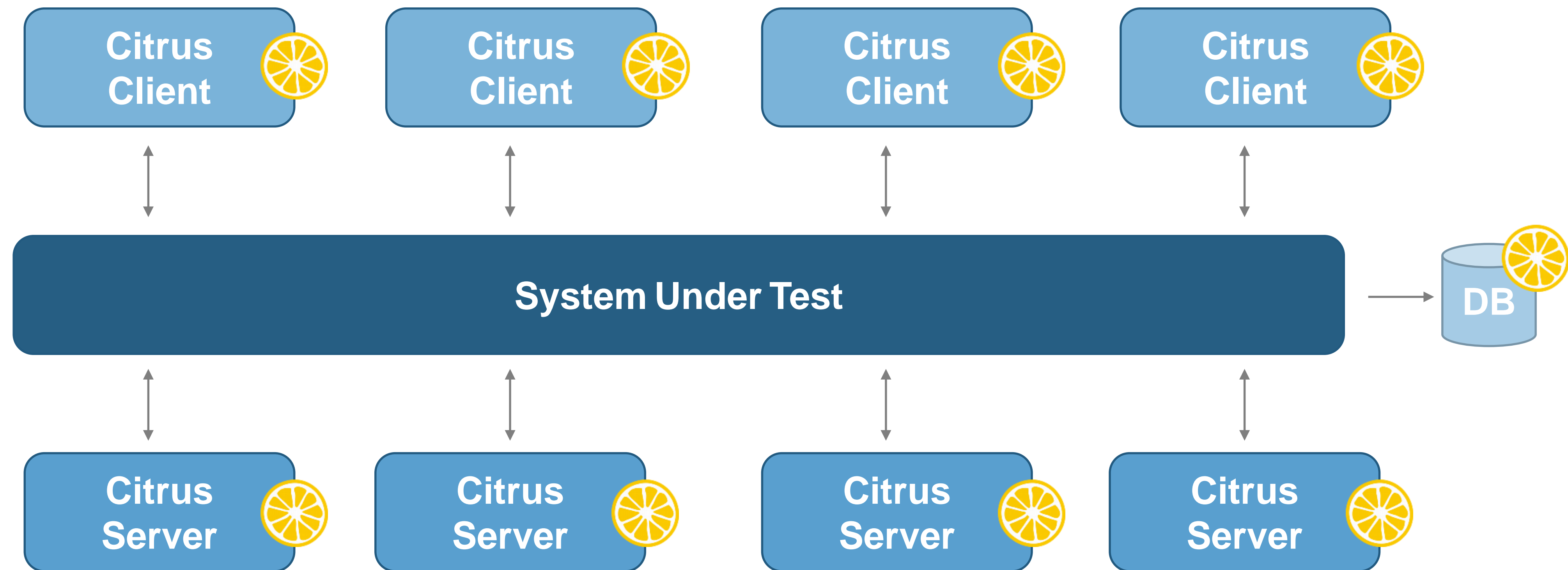
Integration testing with CITRUS🍊



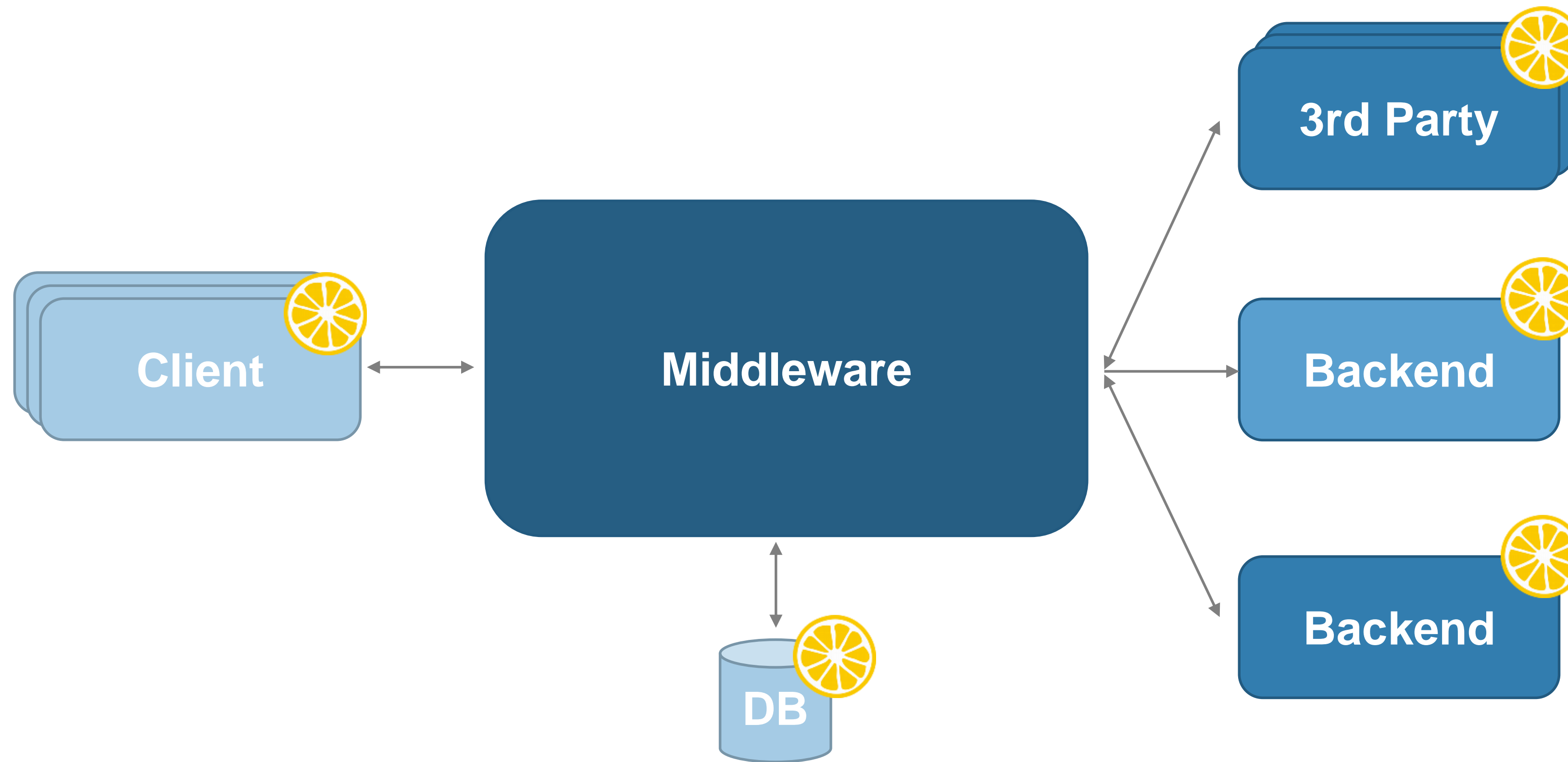
Integration testing with CITRUS🍊



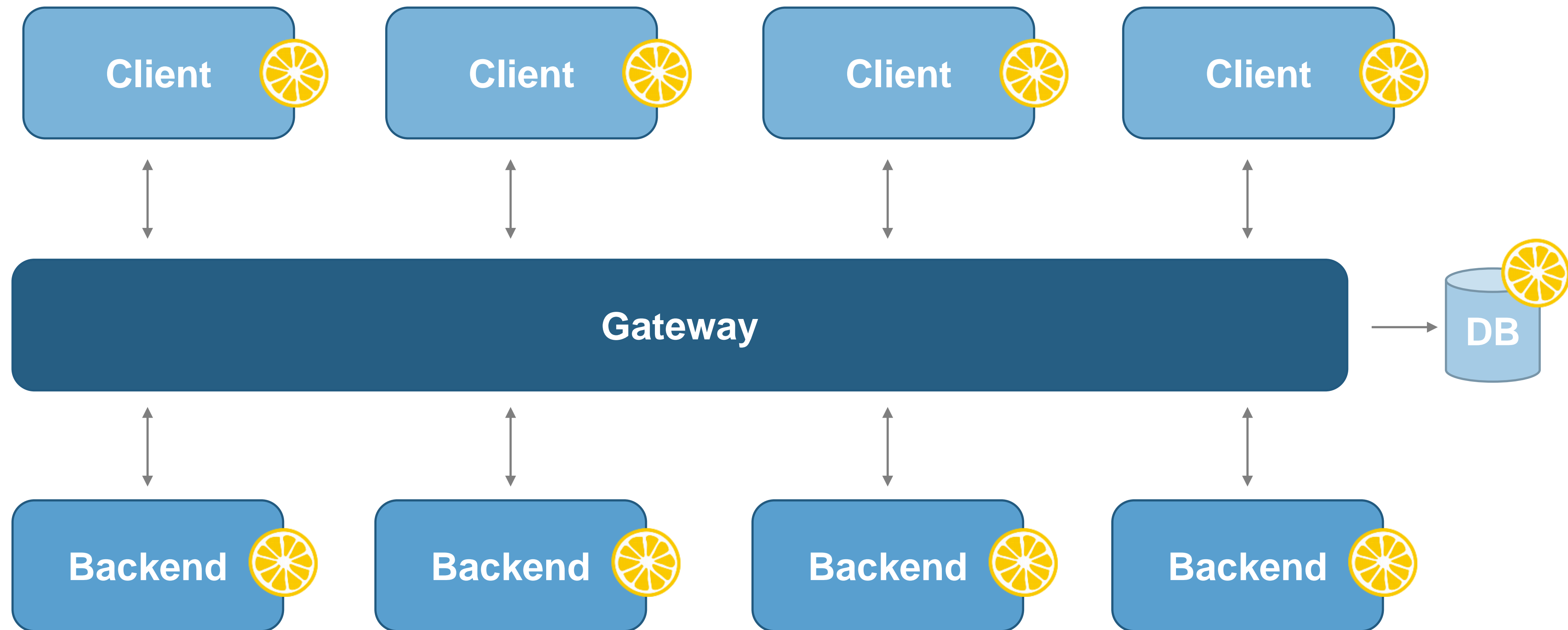
Integration testing with CITRUS



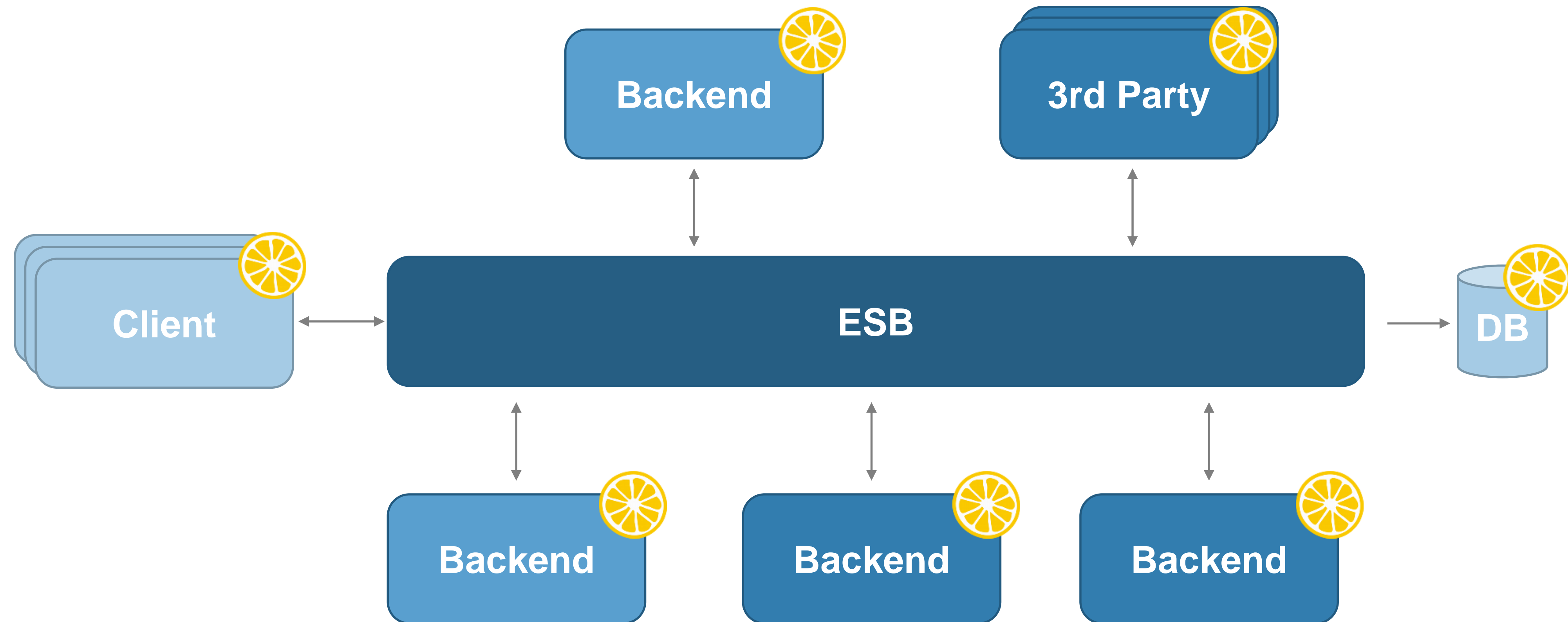
Integration testing with CITRUS



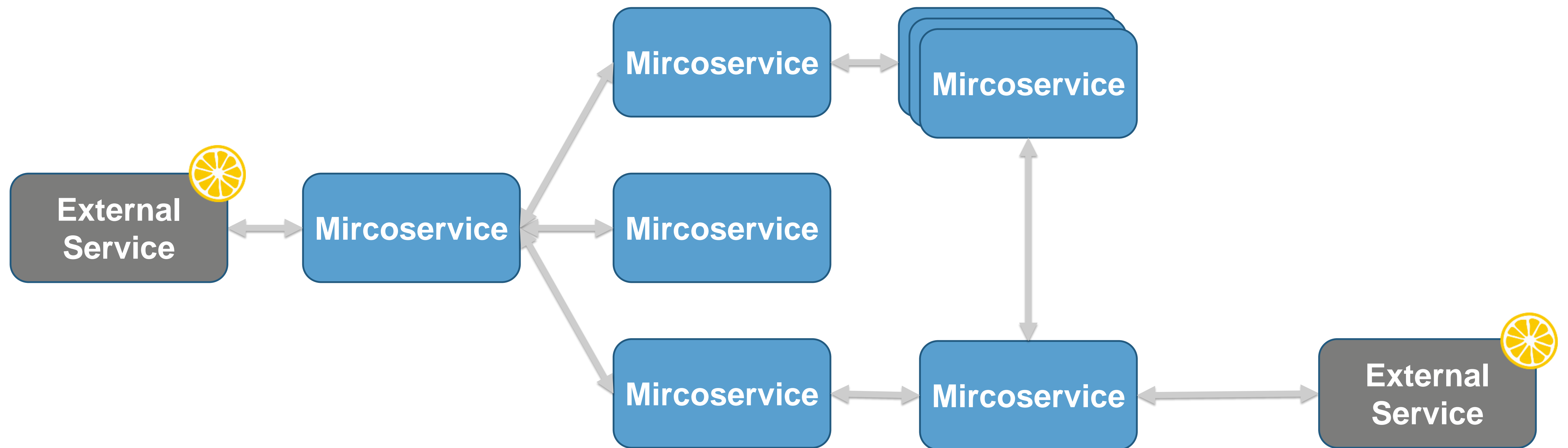
Integration testing with CITRUS



Integration testing with CITRUS



Integration testing with CITRUS



Mission

Add integration tests to the pipeline

Let's add some juicy tests

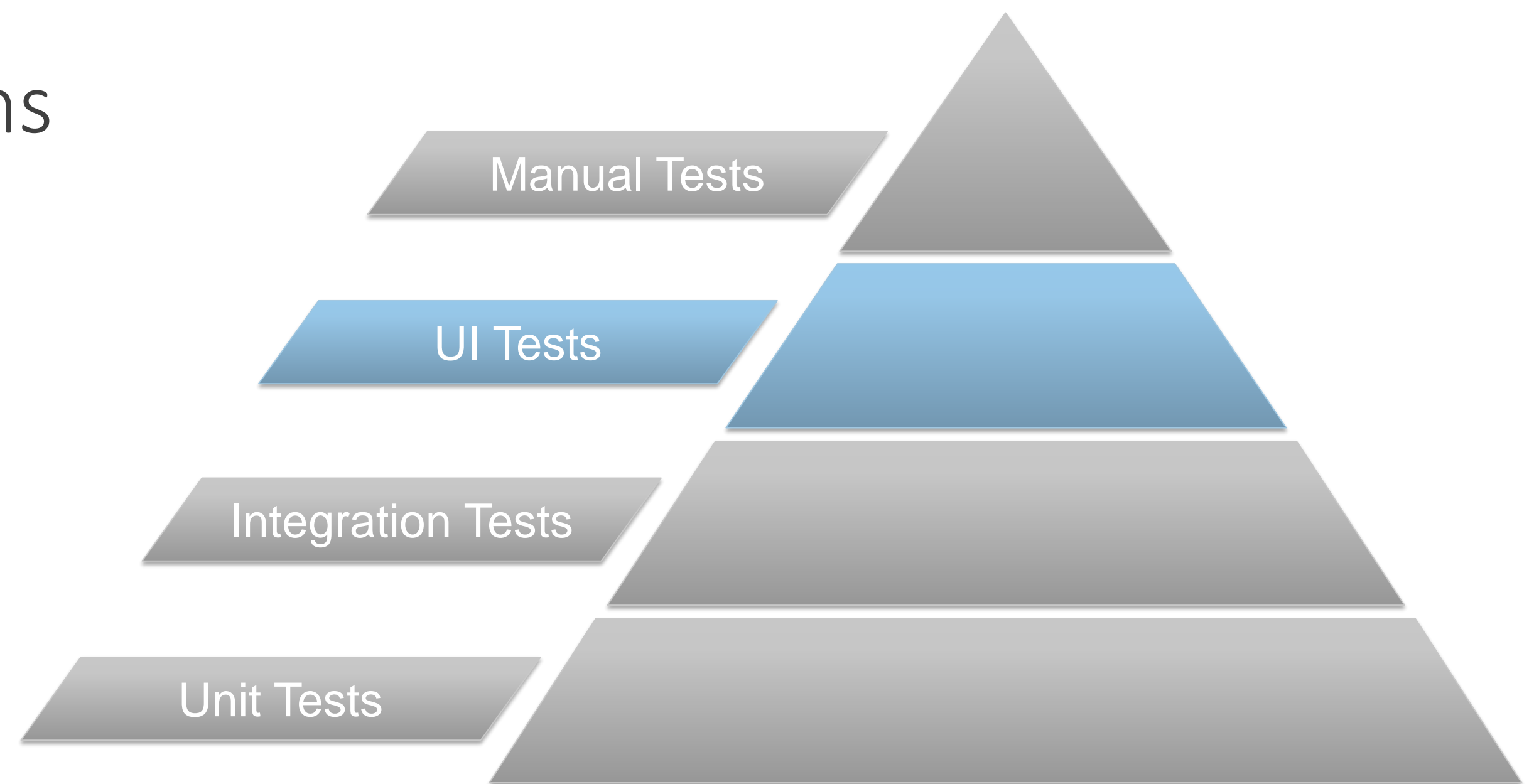
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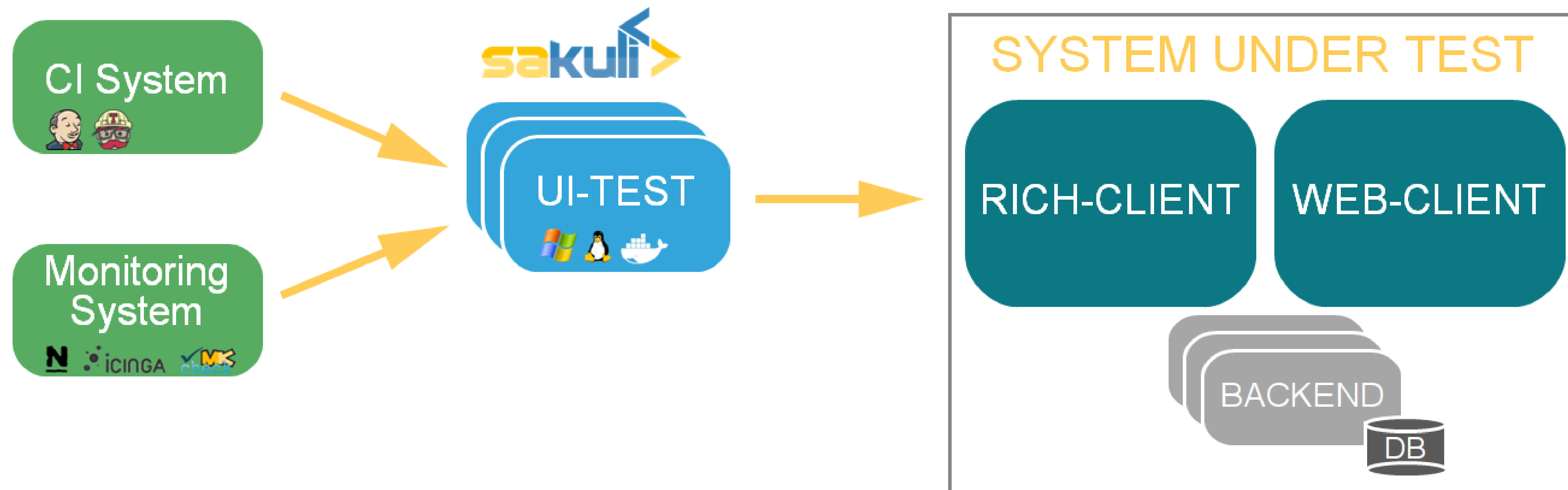


End-2-End testing

- Tests the whole application from end to end
- Tests the system from a user perspective
- Ensures that the **critical paths** of the application are working
- Includes desktop checks as well as browser checks
 - Important for fat client tests
 - Important for hybrid applications



End-2-End testing with



End-2-End testing with **sakuli**>

- The idea of **Sakuli**: Combine two frameworks
- Combine their strengths
- Eliminate their weaknesses
- Unify the API
- Make it executable and scalable in **cloud environments**
- Run it on every platform
- Provide native integration of monitoring systems

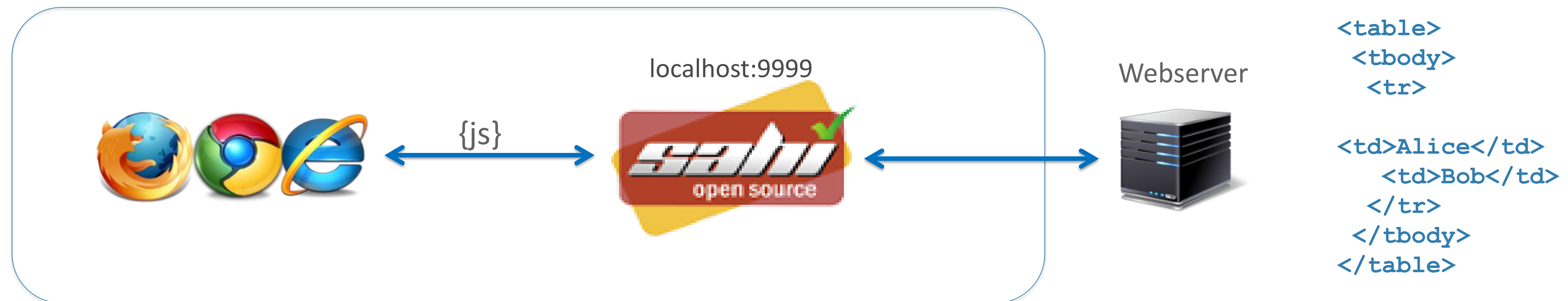


End-2-End testing with

Web testing tool (sahi.co.in, seleniumhq.org)

method based DOM access:

```
_assertContainsText ("Logged in as: Sakuli", _div("user_field"));  
_click(_span("Loaded Run Tabela"));  
_assertExists(_table("cross_table_fixed"));  
_assertExists(_cell("testing allowed", _rightOf(_span("Name")), _under(_cell("Action"))));
```



End-2-End testing with

Visual automation tool (sikuli.org)

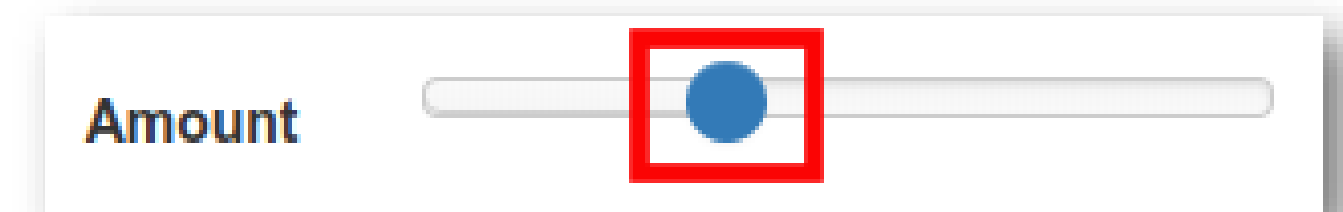
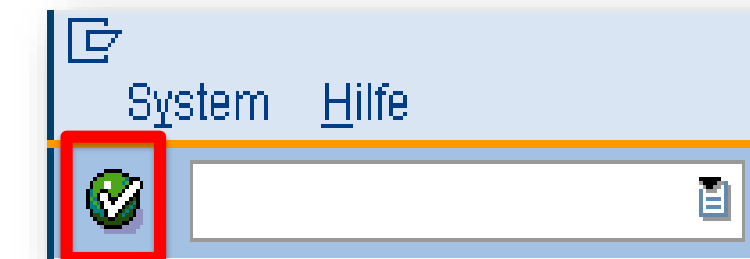
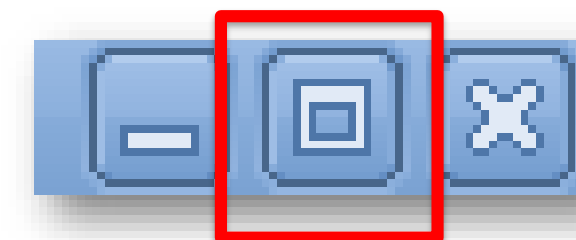
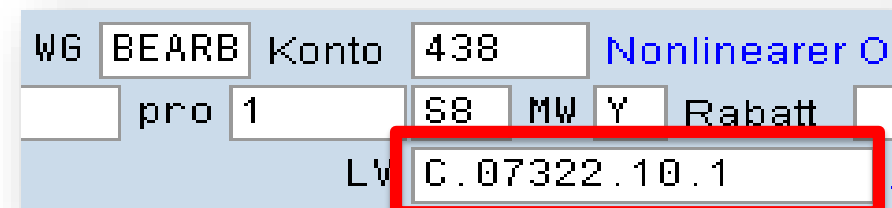
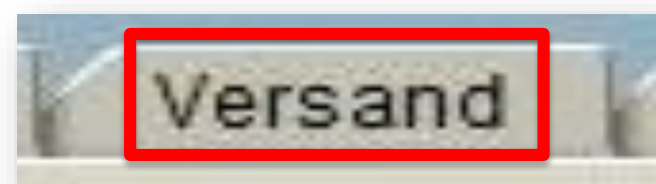
image identification, mouse & keyboard interaction:

```
screen.find("sap_ok").click();
```

```
screen.find("sap_ok").right(40).click().type("2223");
```

```
var bubble = new Region().waitForImage("bubble.png", 20);
```

```
bubble.dragAndDropTo(bubble.left(35)).highlight();
```



End-2-End testing with **sakuli**

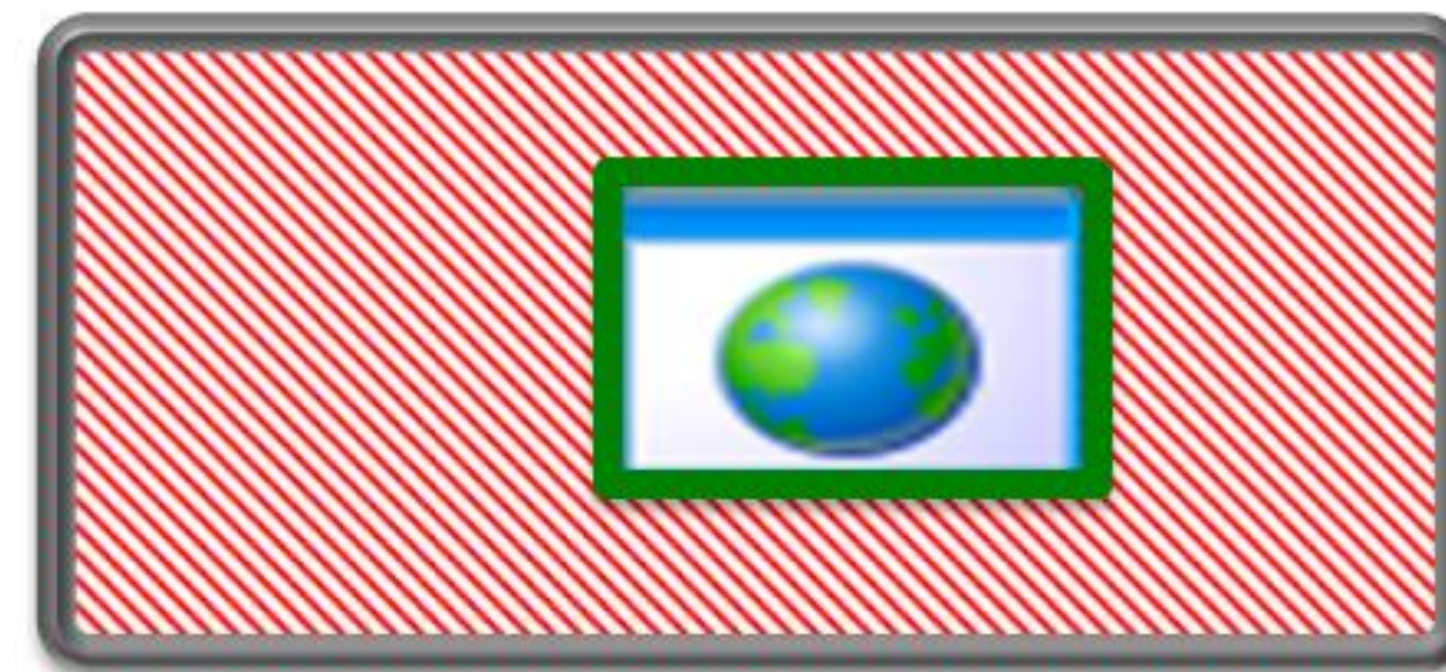
Sikuli

- ✓ universal, complete screen
- ✗ (more) resource intensiv
- ✗ needs a "unlocked" screen



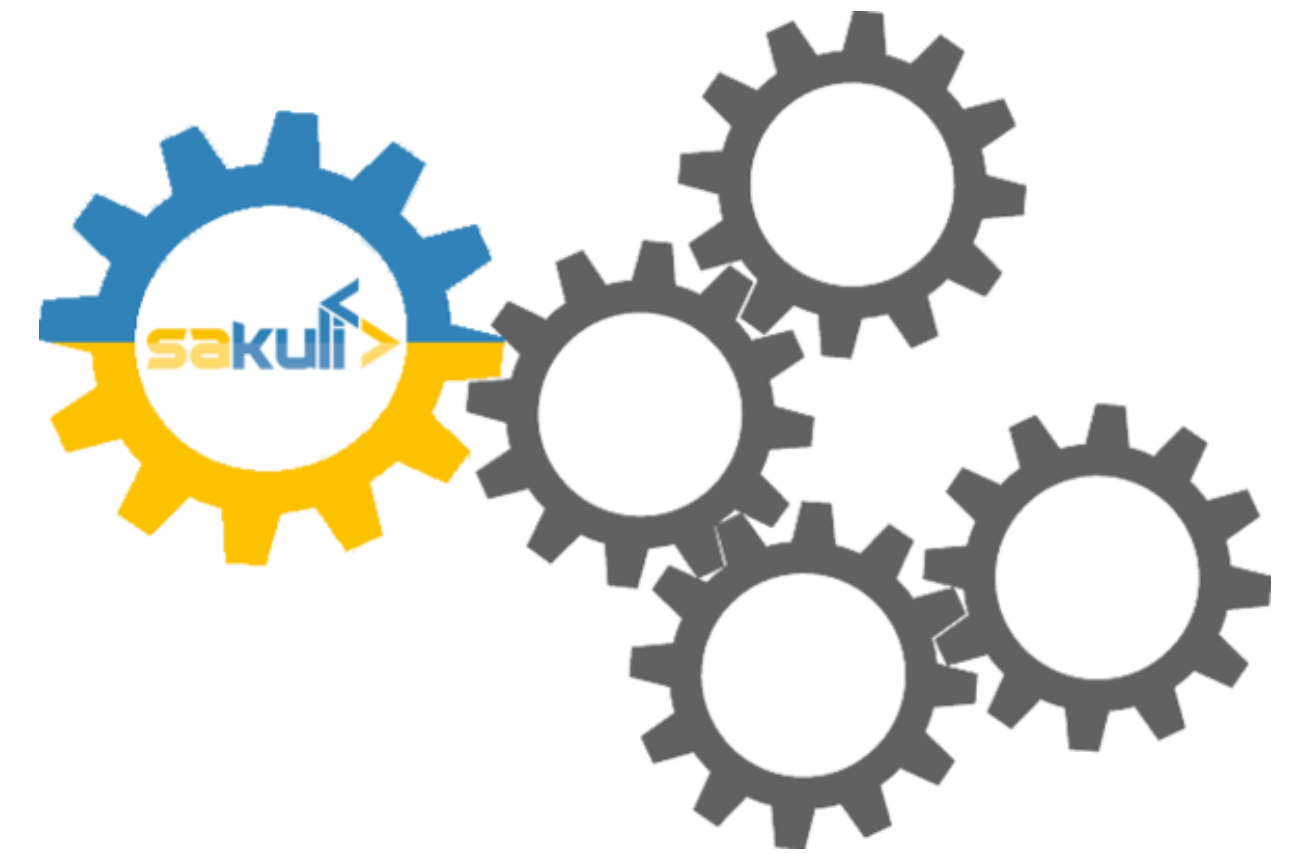
Sahi / Selenium

- ✗ limited on **web**,
(no Flash, Java applets...)
- ✓ fast through DOM navigation
- ✓ easy to write and stabilize
(Controller + Recorder)



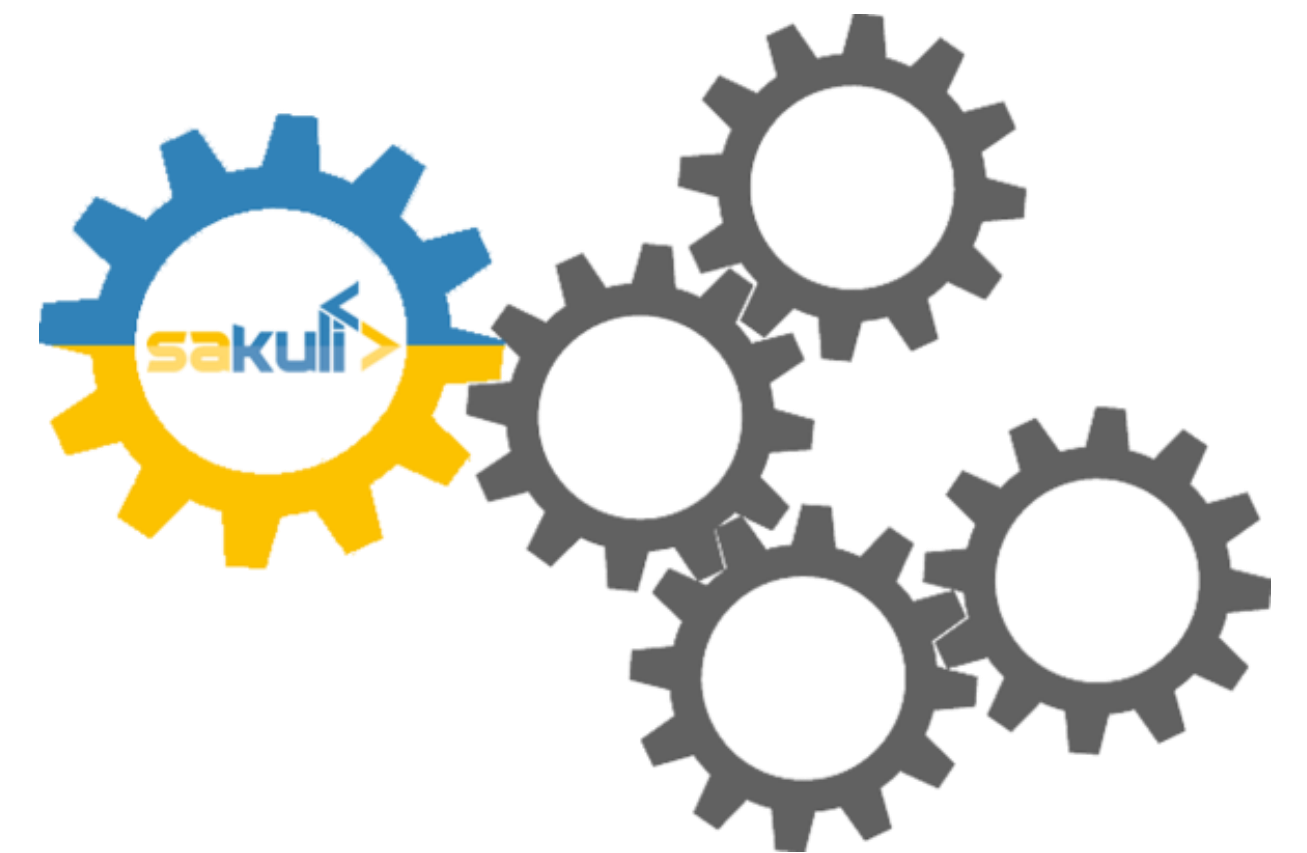
End-2-End testing with

- Various ways to execute Sakuli tests
 - Native installation
 - Maven dependency
 - Docker container



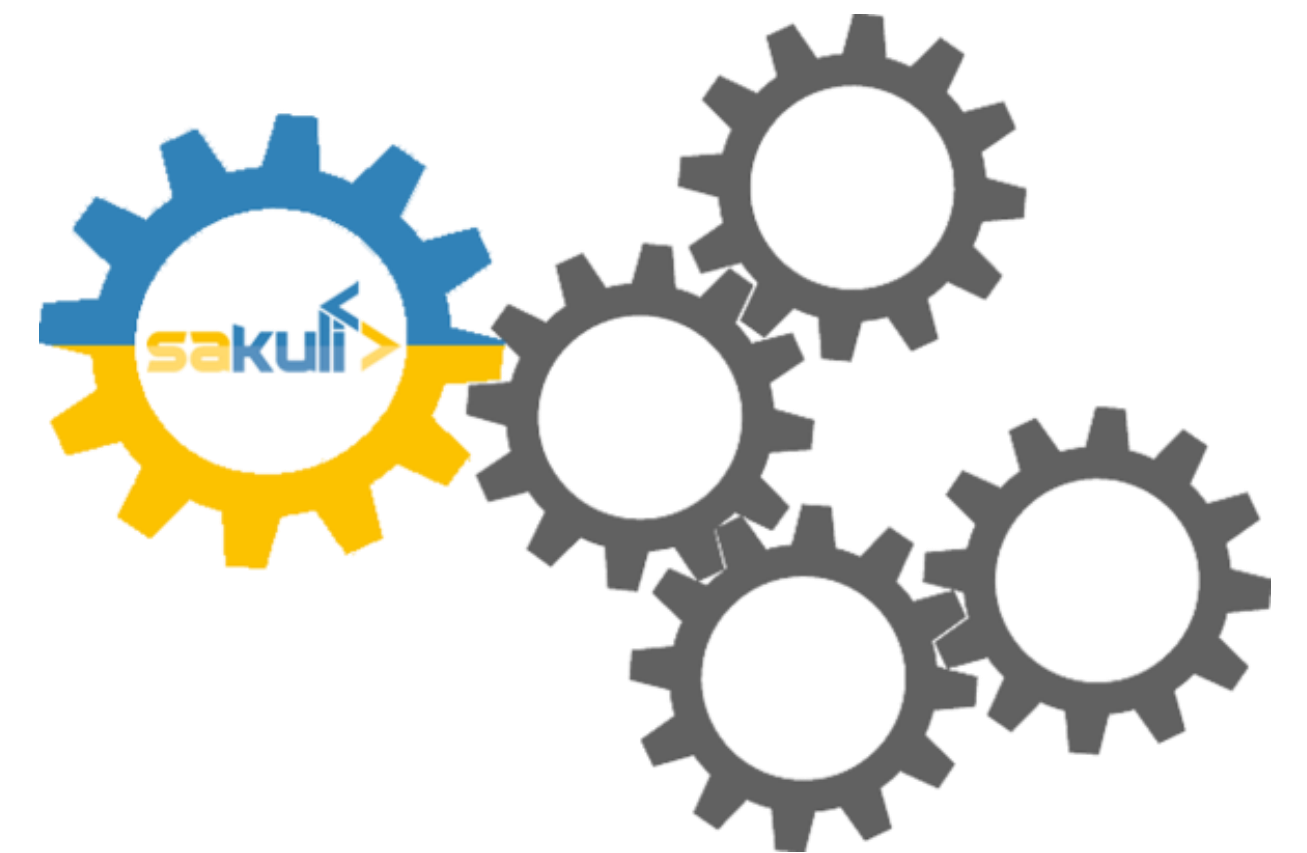
End-2-End testing with **sakuli**> – Native Execution

- Supports all end user platforms: Windows, Linux, Mac
- Installable on the end user client
- Easy JavaScript based API syntax
- Execution of test scripts without compile process



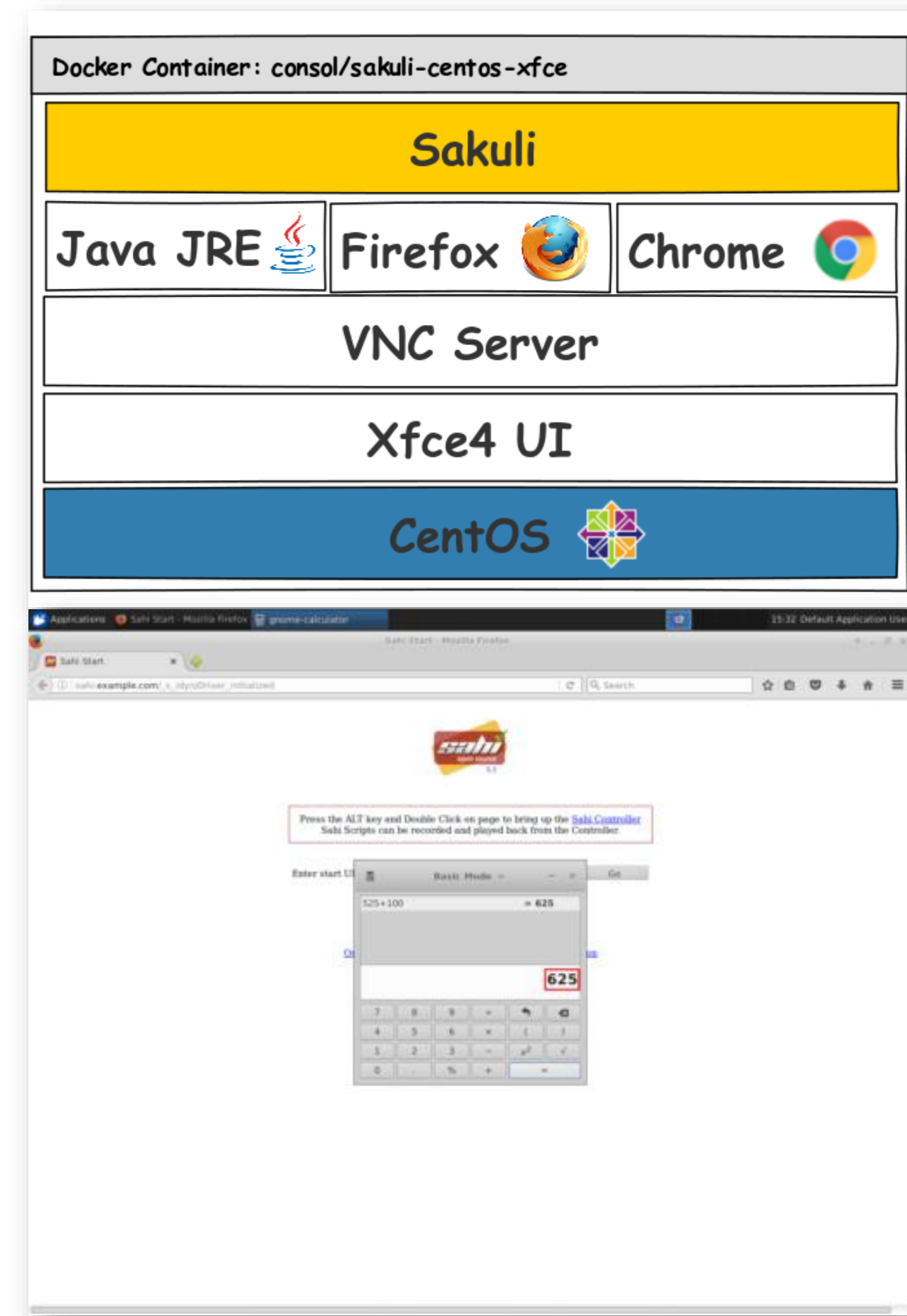
End-2-End testing with – Maven Execution

- Java Syntax, Maven Dependency
- Easy integration in maven build cycle
- Support through well known Java IDEs
- Optional: Integrate Selenium as Web-Testing-Engine



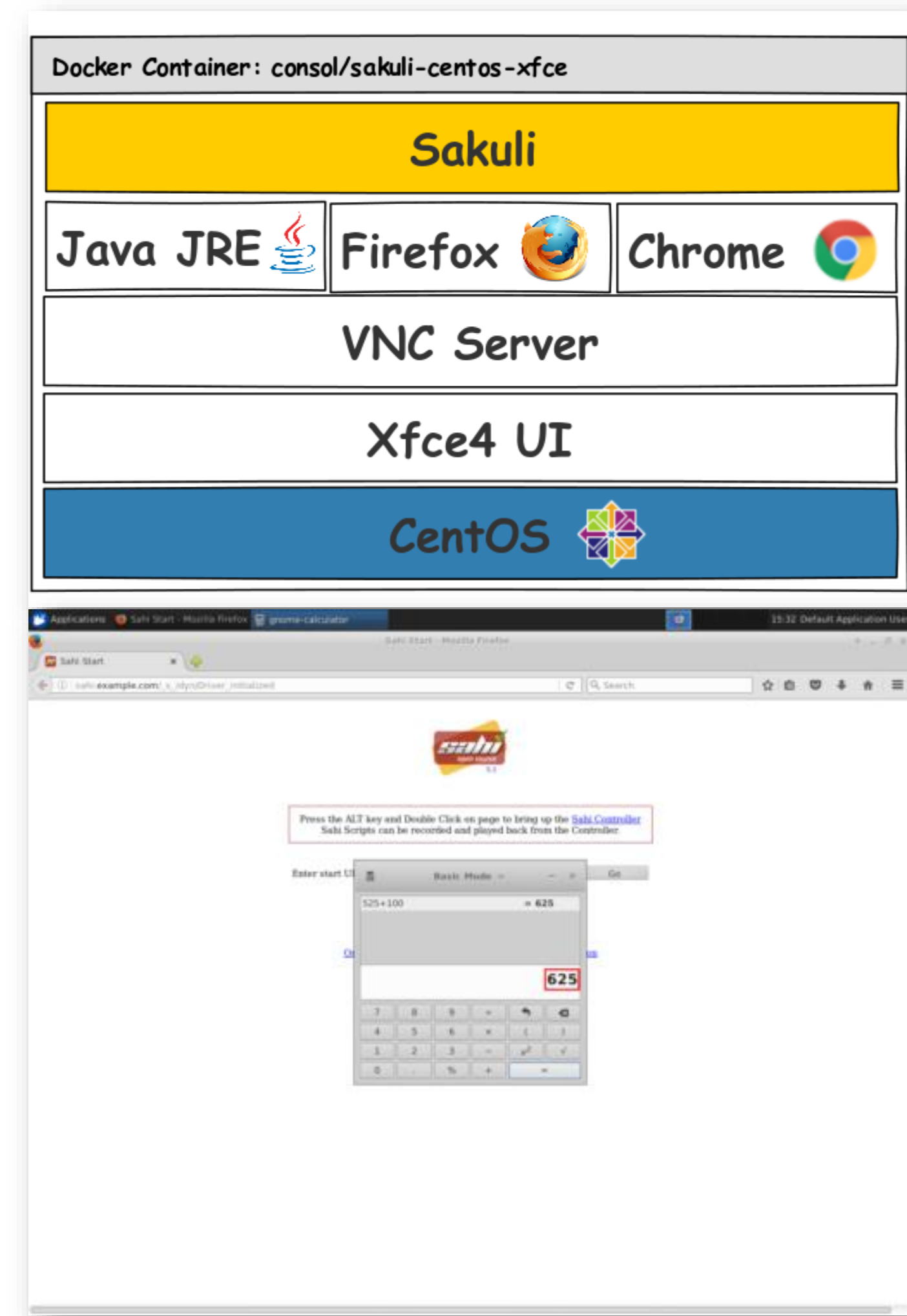
End-2-End testing with – Containerized Execution

- Supported Container platforms:
 - Docker Compose
 - [Kubernetes](#)
 - OpenShift
- Ready to use E2E environment
- Allows Java and JavaScript syntax



End-2-End testing with – Containerized Execution

- Tests with
 - a real desktop
 - a real browser
 - a native client
- Easy integration for running headless UI tests
- Scalable environment leveraging container technology



Mission

Add End-2-End tests to the pipeline

Start up your containers, gentleman!

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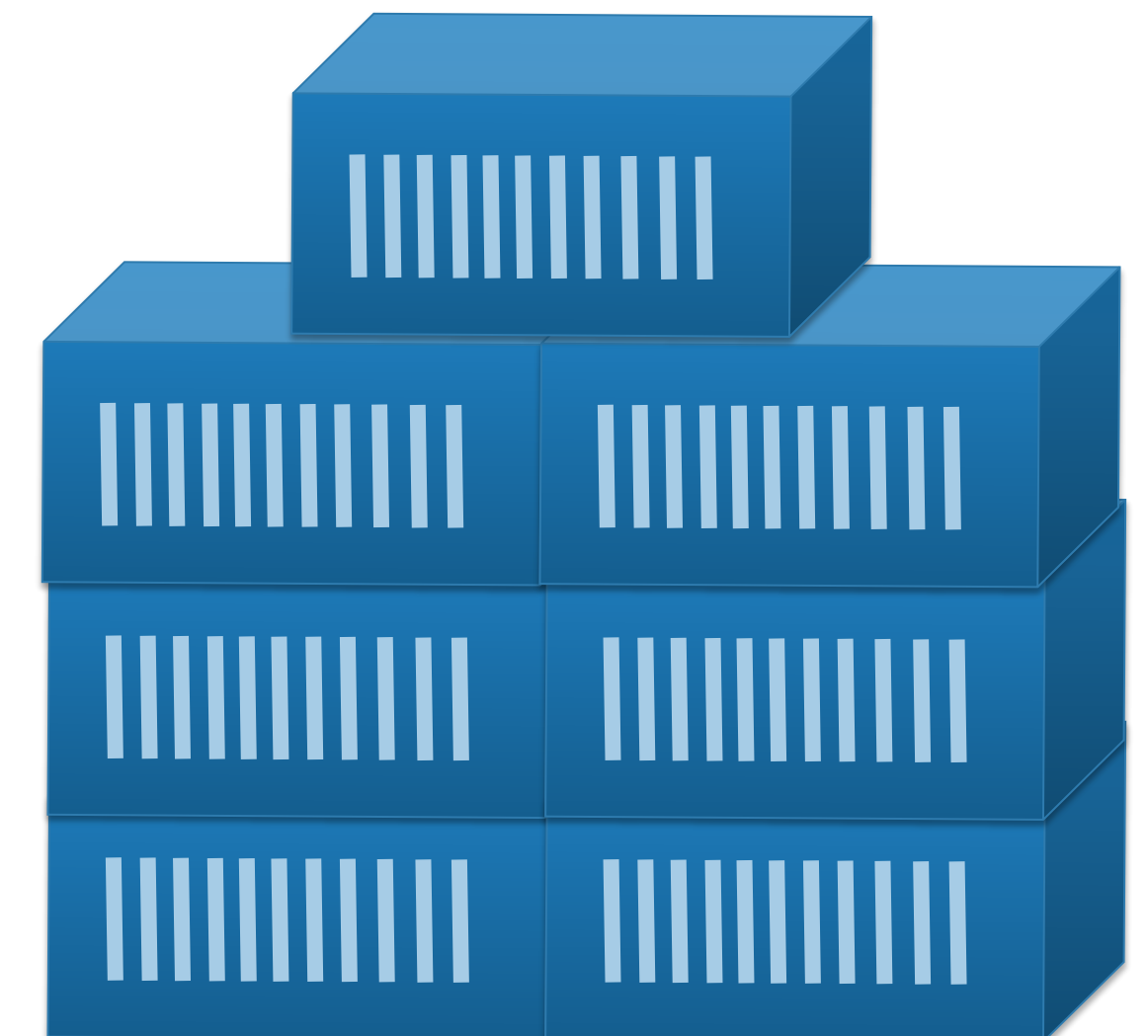
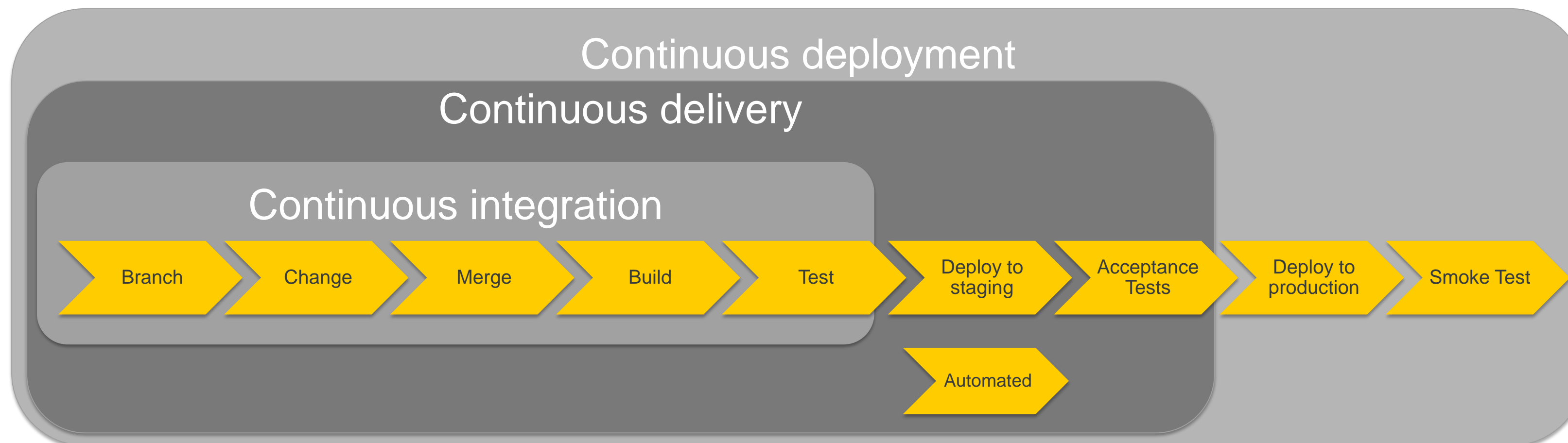
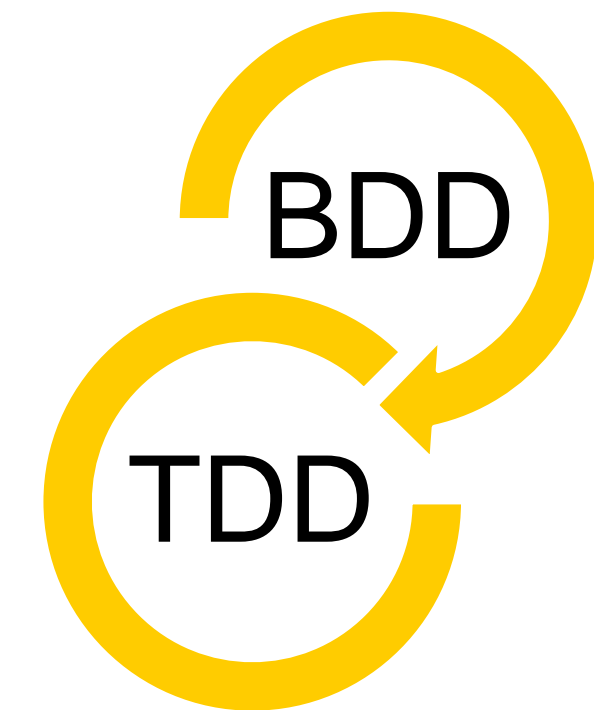
What's next

- Add monitoring – [Open Monitoring Distribution](#) (OMD)
- Add notifications on test errors/warnings
- Create issues for findings automatically



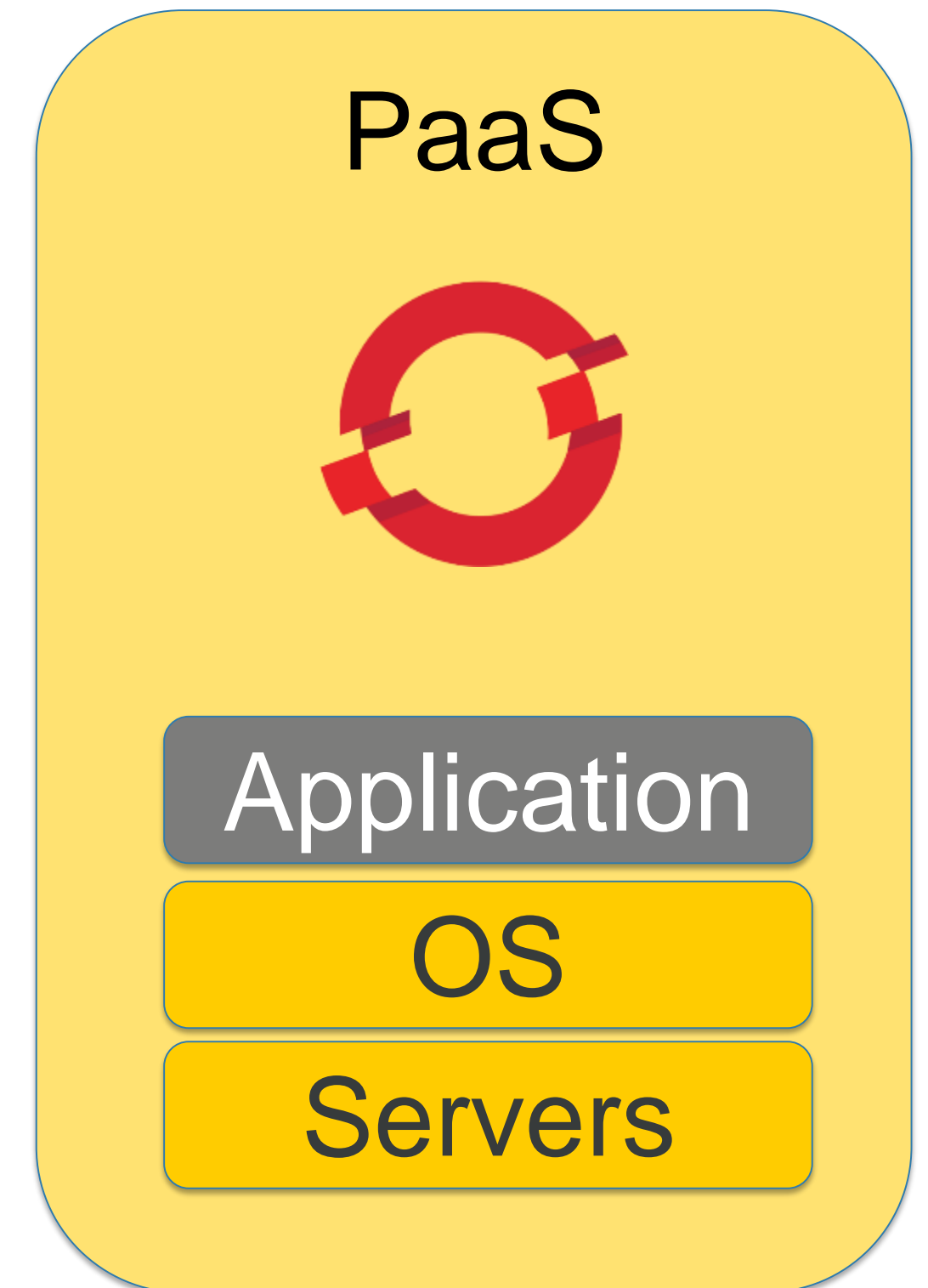
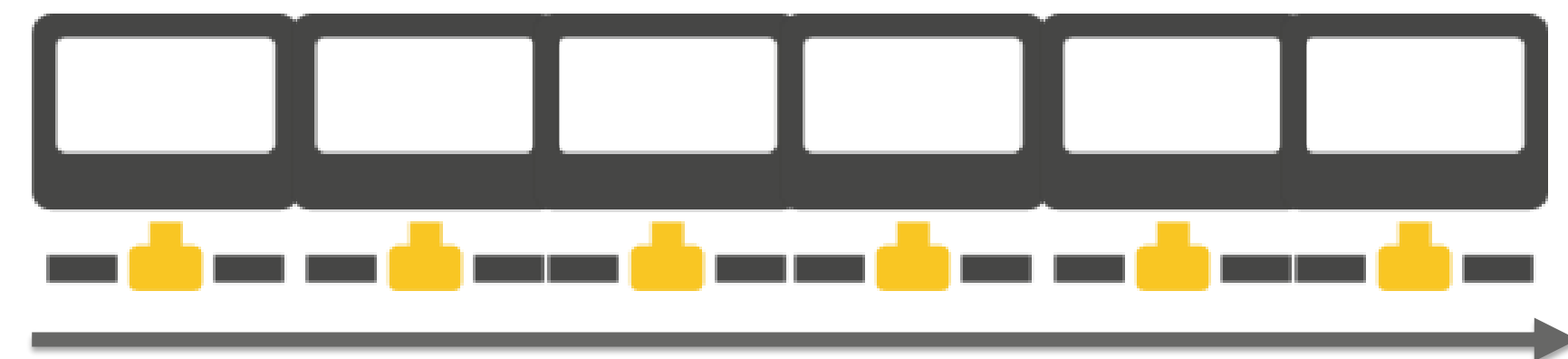
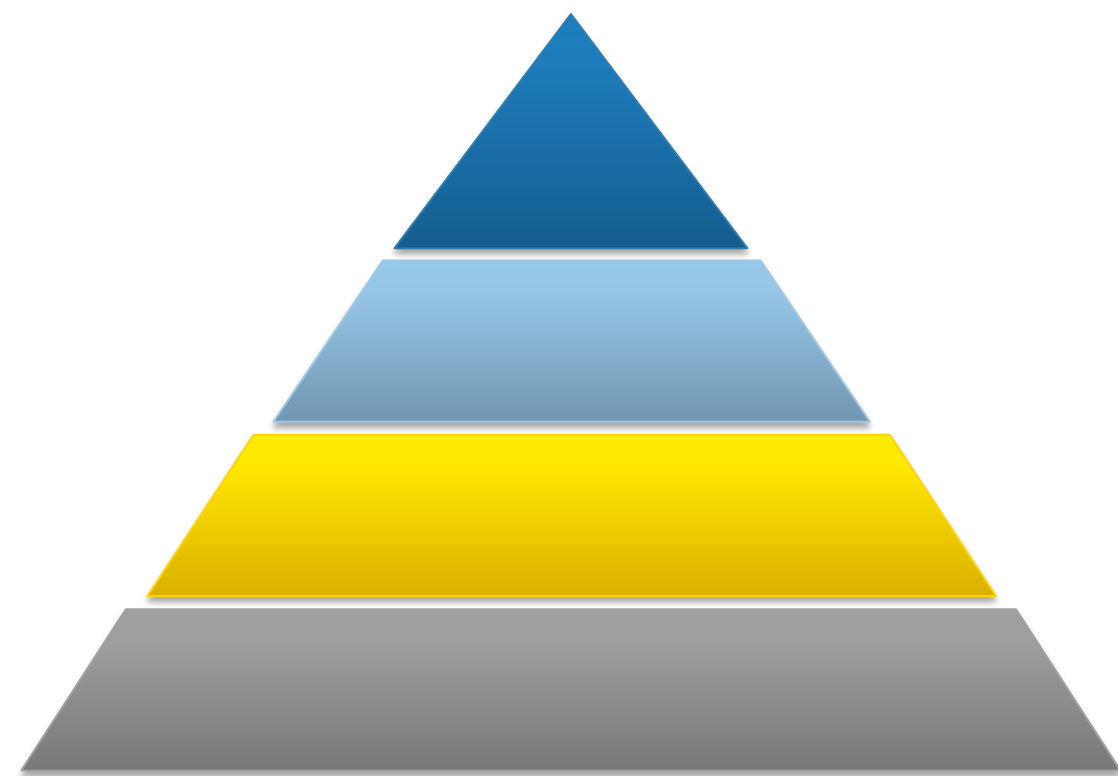
What's next

- Improve your tests with BDD
- Scale your tests with the cloud
- Extend continuous delivery to continuous deployment



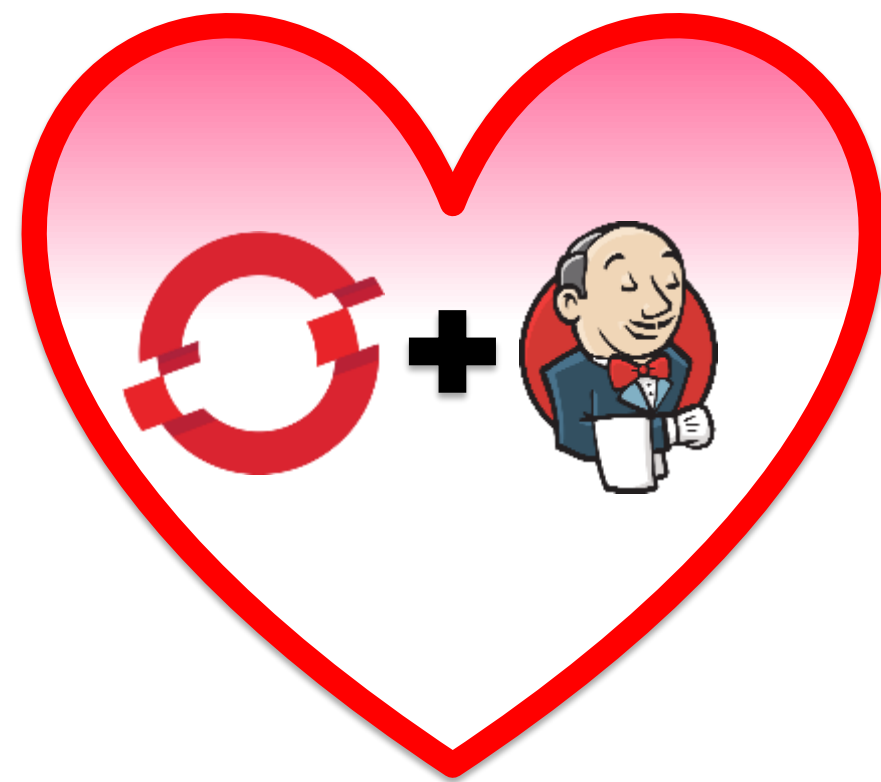
Recap

- The concepts of CI/CD pipelines
- The concepts of testing software
- The differences between various *aaS attempts
- Various OpenShift concepts like BC, DC, IS, S2I



Recap

- How to create CI/CD pipelines with OpenShift and Jenkins
- How to use the Citrus integration testing framework
- How to use the Sakuli End-2-End testing framework
- You can use everything, parts or nothing!









Questions?



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Thank you!