## Feed the Machine: Self-Assessment Scoring Project 3

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## Once Upon a Time.....

### **Problem Statement:**

Once upon a time, Epi, spent her days creating a self assessment questionnaire for trainers to complete after the conclusion of a course on teaching in a remote environment.

Epi's goal was to find a way to measure the responses & provide insight on what the trainers learned.

She asked, 'can machine learning accurately and effectively evaluate a trainer's response to a collection of essay-style questions & predict the trainer's training and facilitation skills?'



#### **Source Data:**



#### File #1

- Extracted from SalesForce & cleaned utilizing Tableau.
- Essay responses from 2,388 trainers to twenty open-ending questions from June 2020 May 2021, resulting in 42,998 rows of data.



#### File #2

- Extracted from SalesForce & cleaned utilizing Tableau.
- Student scoring on the respective trainer's training and facilitation skills.
- 912 trainers taught courses of those 486 received scoring.
- Final cleaned data included 312 trainers and 6,240 records.

### **Tools Used:**

#### **Cleaning the Data:**

Tableau

#### **Preprocessing:**

- Python Pandas
- Python NLTK
- Matplotlib

#### **Machine Learning:**

- Scikit-learn
  - Naive Bayes Classifier
  - GaussianNB
- Linear Regression
- Random Forest Regressor

#### **Showing the Work:**

- HTML / CSS
- GitHub Pages



## **Analysis: Preprocessing Steps**



#### **Phase #1: Preprocessing Steps**

- 1. Tokenization
- 2. StopWords
- 3. Lemmatization
- 4. POS Tag
- 5. TF-IDF Vectorizer

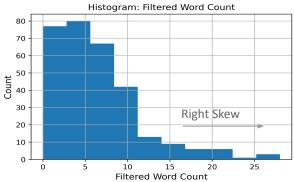
#### Phase #2: Data Model/Machine Learning

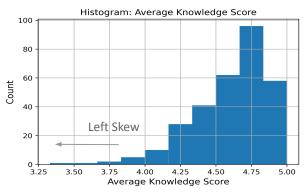
- 6. Vader Sentiment
- 7. Linear Regression
- 8. Random Forest Regressor

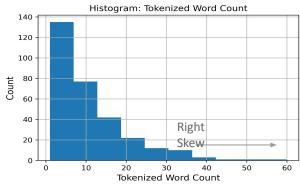
# Squeeze the Data (EDA)

## **Data Distributions:**









## Regression Analysis Questions:

**Question #11:** What is the one tip that you would share with someone preparing to teach a virtual class for the first time?

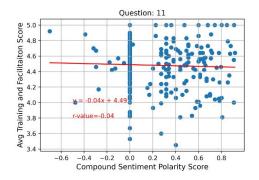
**Question #12:** What would you recommend as a tip or method to keep remote learners engaged and why?

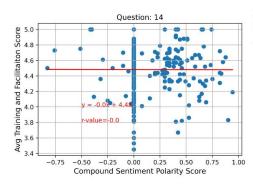
**Question #13:** What is one activity your co-trainer can do to support you while you are teaching a remote class?

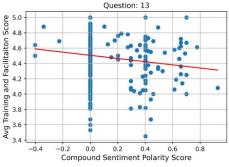
**Question #14:** What is one way you can gain empathy for the student's virtual classroom experience?

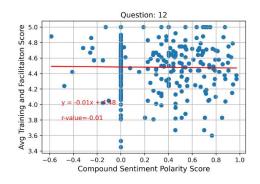
**Question #15:** What do you think is one benefit of having at least two trainers for your class?

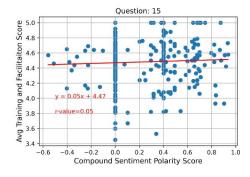
## Regression Analysis: 11- 15











```
1 x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x, y)
2 lr=LinearRegression()
3 lr=fit(x_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train Score: {lr.score(x_train, y_train)}')
5 print(f'Test Score: {lr.score(x_test, y_test)}')
```

Train Score: 0.9981767627232403 Test Score: -3.7761136947519567e+20

```
i from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
2 rf-RandomForestRegressor()
3 rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train Score: (rf.score(X_train, y_train))')
5 print(f'Test Score: (rf.score(X_test, y_test))')
```

Train Score: 0.8333213183080262 Test Score: -0.21815295513420074

```
: 1 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test-train_test_split(X, y)
2 !r_sineareagression()
3 !r_fit(X_train, y_train)
4 print(f'rrain_score: {lr_score(X_train, y_train)}')
5 print(f'rest_score: {lr_score(X_test, y_test)}')
```

Train Score: 0.9851222028668941 Test Score: -2.003957461602507e+20

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
fr-RandomForestRegressor()
fr-fit(X_train, y_train)
print(f'Train Score: (ff.score(X_train, y_train))')
print(f'Train Score: (ff.score(X_test, y_test))')
```

Train Score: 0.8243957523880294 Test Score: -0.22385640935375828

```
1 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test-train_test_split(X, y)
2 in-LinearRegression()
3 in-fit(X_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train score: {ir.score(X_train, y_train))')
5 print(f'Test Score: {ir.score(X_test, y_test)}')
```

Train Score: 0.9324175573633741 Test Score: -8.832098978101474

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
2 rf.RandomForestRegressor()
3 rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train Score: {rf.score(X_train, y_train)}')
5 print(f'Test Score: {rf.score(X_test, y_test)}')
```

Train Score: 0.7963627191877984 Test Score: -0.27776369546714874

```
1 x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(X, y)
2 lr-LinearRegression()
3 lr-fit(x_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train Score: {lr.score(x_train, y_train)')
5 print(f'Test Score: {lr.score(x_test, y_test)')
```

Train Score: 0.9935957578875253 Test Score: -9.075123203712988e+19

```
1 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
2 rf-RandomForestRegressor()
3 rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
4 print(f'Train Score: (rf.score(X_train, y_train)))
5 print(f'Test Score: (rf.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

Train Score: 0.8368818565097764 Test Score: -0.13420872584807908

Train Score: 0.8131823492967503 Test Score: -7.487114006163058e+21

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
    rf=RandomForestRegressor()
    rf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print(f'Train Score: (rf.score(X_train, y_train))')
    print(f'Test Score: (rf.score(X_test, y_test))')
```

Train Score: 0.7499803277810564 Test Score: 0.04139800790353798

#### ML - Questions 11 – 15:

## Showing the Work

## **Project Results Page:**

#### User Friendly Data Interface:

- HTML
- CSS
- Java
- Script SCSS

Presents Results of "Feed The Machine Class Project"



This is for technical trainers who are are learning to teach in a virtual or remote environment. Please provide an answer to the following question:

#### \*EXAMPLE REGRESONS



\*PLOTS

Pocky Mountain National Park



#### Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park



## Conclusion

## **Conclusion:**

Epi discovered that she was unable to predict a trainer's facilitation and training skills based on the responses to the essay style questions.

Although disappointed, an energized Epi went back to the drawing board to develop questions that would produce meaningful and predictable data.



## Real-world Application:

Not all questions have the same intent, purpose, or outcomes: self assessment vs performance vs multiple choice.

Sentiment analysis will be used to assess questions to get a sense of introducing bias in questions.

Machine learning models will be used to test predictability and efficacy of various exam questions and types.

If we can measure effective exam questions, can we ask fewer questions with the same or better reliability.



### **SUCCESS!**

Massive thank you to Jenni, David, Elizabeth, Austin, and Catherine for helping me find answers to these questions and give me an impressive tool I will use in my day-to-day job.

You are awesome! (97.8% positive)

I could not have done this without you! (90.4% positive)

