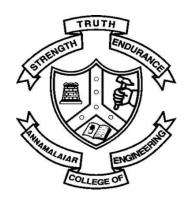
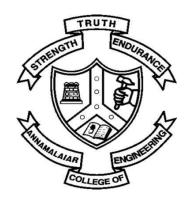
ANNAMALAIAR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING Mudaiyur-606902



DEPARTMENT OF	
NM1074 – EBPL (Data Science, Data Analytics, Dev	ops)
Name	
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Year Semester	



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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

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Mr. / Ms	ofSemester,
B.E., / B.TECH	in the NM1074 –
EBPL (Data Science, Data Analytics, Devo	ops) practical course during the
academic year 2024 – 2025.	
Faculty in-Charge	Head of the Department
Submitted for the Anna University On	

Internal Examiner

External Examiner









OCI Data Science Use cases

Use case #1:

Data Science-Driven Predictive Maintenance for Industrial IoT-Enabled Smart Manufacturing

Business Challenge

Toyota, a global leader in automotive manufacturing, faced a critical challenge in managing its highly automated production facilities. Frequent unplanned equipment failures resulted in costly downtime, disrupted production schedules, and significant financial losses. With complex machinery operating in multiple plants worldwide, traditional time-based maintenance strategies proved inefficient and reactive, often leading to unnecessary servicing or unexpected breakdowns.

The primary challenges Toyota encountered included:

- **Unplanned Downtime**: Unexpected failures disrupted production lines, causing financial losses and delays in vehicle manufacturing.
- **High Maintenance Costs**: Routine maintenance was scheduled based on time intervals rather than actual equipment condition, leading to inefficient resource utilization.
- **Data Overload**: The presence of massive IoT sensor data streams made it difficult to analyze patterns and detect anomalies effectively.
- Workforce Efficiency: Maintenance teams spent excessive time on preventive maintenance, often servicing equipment that did not require immediate attention.
- **Operational Inefficiencies**: Manual monitoring and maintenance scheduling led to production inefficiencies and reduced equipment lifespan.

To address these challenges, Toyota sought an advanced predictive maintenance solution that leveraged data science and artificial intelligence to anticipate potential failures before they occurred. The goal was to minimize downtime, optimize maintenance schedules, and enhance operational efficiency using real-time data-driven insights.









Why Toyota Chose This Solution

Toyota adopted Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Data Science to develop a robust, scalable, and efficient predictive maintenance system. This solution enabled the company to harness the power of machine learning and big data analytics to enhance equipment reliability and performance.

Key Components of the Solution:

1. IoT Data Collection

- o IoT sensors installed on machinery captured real-time data, including temperature, vibration, pressure, and operational logs.
- Data was continuously streamed to OCI Object Storage, ensuring seamless and secure storage.

2. Big Data Processing with OCI Big Data Service

- Toyota used OCI Big Data Service to process massive datasets efficiently.
- Advanced analytics tools helped filter, preprocess, and structure raw IoT sensor data for model training.

3. Machine Learning with OCI Data Science

- Data scientists developed and trained predictive maintenance models using OCI Data Science.
- Anomaly detection algorithms identified abnormal sensor readings that indicated potential equipment failures.
- Historical failure data was utilized to fine-tune machine learning models for accurate failure prediction.

4. Real-Time Monitoring and Alerts

- OCI Functions and API Gateway facilitated real-time alerts, notifying maintenance teams about imminent failures.
- The system provided dashboard visualizations with predictive insights, enabling proactive decision-making.

5. Automated Maintenance Optimization

- The predictive maintenance framework enabled condition-based servicing, reducing unnecessary maintenance activities by 25%.
- The system optimized maintenance schedules by predicting failure probabilities and prioritizing critical machinery.









By integrating OCI's AI-driven analytics, Toyota successfully transitioned from reactive maintenance to a proactive, predictive approach that significantly enhanced operational resilience.

Results and Business Impact

Toyota's adoption of OCI Data Science-driven predictive maintenance delivered substantial business benefits and operational efficiencies. The implementation resulted in the following key outcomes:

1. Reduced Unplanned Downtime

- 30% reduction in unexpected equipment failures, leading to uninterrupted production workflows.
- Increased equipment reliability, ensuring production schedules remained on track.
- Multi-million dollar savings in downtime costs, improving overall financial performance.

2. Cost Savings in Maintenance Operations

- 25% reduction in unnecessary servicing by implementing condition-based maintenance.
- Lower maintenance costs by eliminating redundant preventive maintenance tasks.
- Optimal utilization of spare parts and resources, reducing waste and improving sustainability.

3. Improved Equipment Lifespan and Performance

- Predictive analytics helped prevent excessive wear and tear by detecting early warning signs of failures.
- Machinery operated at optimal performance levels, extending operational lifespan and improving production efficiency.

4. Enhanced Workforce Efficiency

- Maintenance teams focused on high-priority repairs, rather than spending excessive time on unnecessary routine checks.
- Real-time failure alerts enabled technicians to take timely action, minimizing disruptions.









5. Increased Operational Efficiency and Scalability

- The cloud-based architecture provided scalability to expand predictive maintenance across multiple factories worldwide.
- Integration with Toyota's existing enterprise resource planning (ERP) and manufacturing execution systems (MES) ensured seamless adoption across different manufacturing units.

Conclusion

Toyota's shift to a data science-driven predictive maintenance strategy on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure transformed its approach to industrial equipment maintenance. By leveraging IoT, big data analytics, and machine learning, the company successfully reduced downtime, optimized maintenance schedules, and improved the overall efficiency of its manufacturing operations.

This implementation serves as a model for other manufacturing organizations seeking to enhance reliability and reduce costs through predictive analytics. With continuous improvements and further integration of AI-driven decision-making, Toyota is poised to achieve even greater operational efficiencies in the future.

Use Case #2:

Data Science-Powered Real-Time Fraud Detection and Risk Analytics in Financial Transactions

Business Challenge

Mastercard, a global leader in financial services, faced escalating threats from cybercriminals employing increasingly sophisticated fraud techniques. Traditional rule-based fraud detection systems were no longer sufficient to combat evolving fraud patterns. These legacy systems suffered from two major drawbacks:

• **High False-Positive Rates**: Many genuine transactions were incorrectly flagged as fraudulent, leading to customer dissatisfaction and transaction delays.









• **Missed Fraudulent Activities**: Advanced fraud schemes, such as coordinated fraud rings and synthetic identity fraud, went undetected due to the static nature of rule-based detection.

With financial fraud cases on the rise and regulatory compliance becoming more stringent, Mastercard needed a robust and scalable solution capable of:

- Detecting and preventing fraud in real time with high accuracy.
- Reducing false positives to minimize customer inconvenience.
- Enhancing compliance with financial regulations such as PSD2, PCI DSS, and AML laws.
- Automating fraud risk scoring and investigation processes to improve response times.

To address these challenges, Mastercard sought a cutting-edge, AI-powered fraud detection system that could provide real-time insights and proactively mitigate financial risks.

Why Mastercard Chose This Solution

To build an advanced fraud detection system, Mastercard adopted Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Data Science, leveraging state-of-the-art machine learning techniques and big data analytics. The solution was designed to provide real-time fraud detection, dynamic risk scoring, and automated fraud investigation capabilities.

Key Components of the Solution:

1. Graph-Based Fraud Analytics

- Fraudsters often operate in interconnected networks, making graph analytics an essential tool for identifying hidden relationships among fraudulent transactions.
- Mastercard used OCI Graph Studio to analyze transaction networks, uncovering links between suspicious accounts and fraudulent activities.

2. Machine Learning for Real-Time Fraud Detection

- Mastercard trained advanced machine learning models on historical transaction data using OCI Data Science.
- The models utilized supervised learning (for known fraud patterns) and unsupervised learning (for anomaly detection in new fraud schemes).









 Features such as transaction velocity, geolocation patterns, device fingerprinting, and behavioral analytics were incorporated to improve fraud detection accuracy.

3. Continuous Transaction Monitoring with OCI Streaming

- OCI Streaming Service enabled real-time transaction processing, ensuring that fraudulent transactions were identified as they occurred.
- Streaming data pipelines ingested transaction logs, cardholder behavior, and risk signals for instant analysis.

4. Integration with Payment Systems via OCI API Gateway

- Mastercard used OCI API Gateway to integrate the fraud detection system with existing payment processing infrastructure.
- Fraud detection APIs provided real-time risk assessment and transaction validation, allowing immediate action on suspicious activities.

5. Real-Time Data Analysis and Storage with Oracle Autonomous Database

- Oracle Autonomous Database stored transactional data, customer profiles, and fraud investigation logs.
- AI-powered adaptive query optimization enabled fast, real-time analytics to support security teams.

6. Automated Fraud Risk Scoring System

- A risk-based fraud scoring model assigned scores to each transaction, determining whether it should be approved, flagged for review, or blocked.
- This system helped security teams prioritize high-risk cases for immediate investigation, accelerating fraud mitigation efforts.

By integrating these components, Mastercard developed a real-time fraud detection system that was not only highly accurate but also scalable to handle millions of transactions per second.

Results and Business Impact

Mastercard's deployment of OCI Data Science-powered fraud detection resulted in significant improvements in fraud prevention, operational efficiency, and regulatory compliance.

1. 50% Improvement in Fraud Detection Accuracy

- Advanced machine learning models and graph-based analytics doubled the fraud detection rate, reducing financial losses due to fraudulent activities.
- New fraud patterns were detected in real-time, allowing immediate intervention.









2. Real-Time Fraud Prevention with Reduced False Positives

- The system significantly reduced false-positive rates, ensuring that genuine transactions were not incorrectly flagged.
- Improved customer experience with fewer transaction declines and reduced manual verification steps.

3. Enhanced Regulatory Compliance and Risk Management

- The system helped Mastercard comply with stringent financial regulations by providing accurate fraud risk assessments and audit trails.
- Automated fraud risk scoring facilitated seamless reporting to regulatory authorities, reducing legal and compliance risks.

4. Faster Fraud Investigations and Response Times

- Automated fraud detection reduced the workload on security teams, allowing them to focus on high-risk threats.
- Real-time alerts and risk scores enabled security analysts to take immediate action, blocking fraudulent transactions before they could be completed.

Conclusion

Mastercard's adoption of OCI Data Science for real-time fraud detection revolutionized its ability to combat financial fraud. By leveraging graph analytics, machine learning, and real-time data streaming, the company successfully enhanced fraud detection accuracy, minimized false positives, and improved regulatory compliance.

This advanced fraud detection framework not only safeguarded Mastercard's financial assets but also reinforced customer trust by ensuring secure, seamless transactions. As cyber threats continue to evolve, Mastercard remains well-equipped to adapt and enhance its fraud prevention capabilities using AI-powered analytics and cloud-based scalability.

Use Case #3:

Data Science-Enabled Customer Churn Prediction and Retention Strategy Optimization in Telecom









Business Challenge

Customer churn is a major challenge in the highly competitive telecom industry, where retaining existing subscribers is often more cost-effective than acquiring new ones. Verizon, a leading telecom provider, faced an increasing churn rate due to factors such as competitive pricing from rivals, inconsistent service quality, and ineffective customer engagement.

Traditional customer retention efforts relied on reactive strategies, where the company tried to win back customers after they had already decided to leave. However, with millions of subscribers generating vast amounts of data, manually identifying at-risk customers was impractical. Verizon required an advanced, data-driven solution to proactively predict churn and implement targeted retention strategies that would enhance customer satisfaction and loyalty.

Why Verizon Chose This Solution

To address the challenge, Verizon adopted Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Data Science to build an AI-powered churn prediction system. The company utilized historical customer data, including:

- Call records: Frequency, duration, and dropped call rates.
- Billing trends: Unusual fluctuations, late payments, and service downgrades.
- Customer complaints: Sentiment analysis of customer grievances and feedback.

Verizon incorporated Natural Language Processing (NLP) to analyze customer support interactions and detect early signs of dissatisfaction. By leveraging machine learning algorithms, the company identified patterns that indicated a likelihood of customer attrition

Key OCI services used in the solution:

- 1. **OCI Data Science** Developed and trained machine learning models to predict churn probability.
- 2. **OCI AI Services** Provided personalized recommendations for targeted retention strategies.
- 3. **OCI Data Flow** Processed large volumes of customer data efficiently in a serverless environment.









4. **OCI Data Catalog** – Ensured secure management and governance of customer data while maintaining compliance with regulations.

Once the churn prediction model identified high-risk customers, automated retention campaigns were launched using AI-driven insights. Personalized incentives, such as tailored discounts, exclusive offers, and proactive customer support outreach, were automatically triggered based on the predicted churn risk.

Results and Business Impact

1. 20% Reduction in Customer Churn

By predicting churn before it occurred, Verizon was able to intervene proactively, significantly reducing the rate at which customers left the service. This directly contributed to improved revenue retention.

2. AI-Driven Retention Campaigns Increased Customer Satisfaction by 15% Personalized engagement strategies, driven by AI-powered recommendations, enhanced customer loyalty. Customers who received proactive support and exclusive offers reported higher satisfaction scores.

3. Proactive Engagement Prevented Churn Before It Occurred

Instead of responding to customer complaints after dissatisfaction had escalated, Verizon's AI-powered system flagged at-risk customers early. This allowed the company to resolve issues and provide value-added services before customers considered switching providers.

4. Improved Customer Support Efficiency

The automation of churn prediction allowed Verizon's customer service teams to focus on high-risk accounts, optimizing resource allocation. Agents were able to prioritize personalized interactions, leading to better service quality and improved retention rates.

Conclusion

By leveraging OCI Data Science and AI-driven analytics, Verizon transformed its customer retention strategy from reactive to proactive. The predictive churn model not only reduced customer attrition but also enhanced overall satisfaction and loyalty. This









data-driven approach continues to help Verizon stay competitive in the evolving telecom landscape

Use Case #4:

Data Science-Optimized Demand Forecasting and Inventory Planning for Retail Supply Chains

Business Challenge

Retail supply chains operate in a highly dynamic environment where balancing demand and inventory is critical to success. Walmart, a global retail giant, faced significant challenges in demand forecasting, leading to frequent stockouts (lost sales due to unavailable products) and excess inventory (leading to high storage costs and potential product wastage).

Traditional demand forecasting models relied on historical sales data and fixed assumptions, making them ineffective in handling:

- Seasonal demand fluctuations (e.g., increased sales during holidays or back-to-school seasons).
- **Shifting consumer preferences** driven by trends, promotions, and competitive pricing.
- External market factors such as inflation, economic shifts, and supply chain disruptions.

The inefficiencies in Walmart's supply chain resulted in:

- Revenue losses due to unfulfilled customer demand.
- **High operational costs** from overstocked products sitting in warehouses.
- **Inefficient vendor coordination**, impacting restocking and delivery schedules.

To enhance demand accuracy and optimize inventory planning, Walmart sought an advanced, AI-driven forecasting solution that could dynamically adjust to market trends and real-time consumer behavior.









Why Walmart Chose This Solution

Walmart implemented Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Data Science to develop a demand forecasting model capable of handling large-scale retail data. The company integrated machine learning (ML) and AI-powered analytics to predict sales more accurately and optimize inventory levels.

Key Technologies and OCI Services Used:

1. OCI Data Science:

- Developed machine learning models for demand prediction using time-series forecasting and regression techniques.
- Analyzed vast datasets, including sales history, pricing trends, weather patterns, and promotional impacts.

2. OCI AI Services:

 Enhanced model accuracy with AI-driven insights, detecting demand trends based on customer behavior, local events, and market conditions.

3. OML4Spark (Oracle Machine Learning for Apache Spark):

- Provided large-scale data processing, handling Walmart's extensive transaction records efficiently.
- Enabled real-time analysis of data from thousands of Walmart stores and e-commerce channels.

4. OCI Autonomous Database:

- Offered a secure and scalable database for storing sales and inventory data.
- Allowed real-time querying and analytics without the need for manual database administration.

5. OCI Data Flow:

- Automated the data pipeline, ensuring smooth data ingestion, transformation, and processing.
- Reduced manual intervention and improved operational efficiency.

Implementation Process:









1. Data Collection & Preprocessing:

- Walmart consolidated data from multiple sources, including in-store transactions, e-commerce purchases, supplier deliveries, and competitor pricing.
- External factors such as seasonal demand, economic indicators, and local events were integrated into the forecasting model.

2. Model Training & Optimization:

- Time-series models, including ARIMA, LSTMs (Long Short-Term Memory networks), and Prophet, were trained on OCI Data Science.
- AI algorithms continuously refined predictions by incorporating real-time sales trends and external influences.

3. Automated Forecasting & Inventory Adjustment:

- Predictions were automatically updated in OCI Autonomous Database and shared with inventory management systems.
- The system adjusted stock levels dynamically, ensuring optimal product availability at each Walmart store and warehouse.

Results and Business Impact

1. 40% Improvement in Demand Forecasting Accuracy

- By leveraging AI and real-time data analytics, Walmart achieved significantly higher forecasting precision.
- Stockouts were reduced, ensuring customers found the products they needed when shopping.

2. Optimized Inventory Levels & Reduced Storage Costs

- Overstocked items were minimized, cutting unnecessary warehousing costs.
- The supply chain became leaner, with just-in-time restocking aligned with demand predictions.

3. Faster Response to Market Changes









- Walmart's pricing and stocking decisions became dynamic, responding instantly to sales trends and external factors.
- For example, during holiday seasons, predictive analytics enabled proactive inventory adjustments, ensuring popular products were stocked adequately.

4. Enhanced Supply Chain Efficiency & Vendor Coordination

- AI-driven insights improved communication with suppliers and distributors, leading to better fulfillment planning.
- Restocking was optimized based on store-level demand, preventing overordering and reducing logistics costs.

Conclusion

By adopting OCI Data Science-powered demand forecasting, Walmart transformed its retail supply chain into a data-driven, AI-optimized operation. This reduced financial losses, improved customer satisfaction, and enhanced inventory efficiency. The solution continues to evolve, allowing Walmart to stay competitive in the ever-changing retail landscape.

Use Case #5:

Data Science-Augmented Medical Diagnosis and Image Analysis for Healthcare Providers

Business Challenge

Medical imaging plays a crucial role in diagnosing diseases, but the process is often hindered by challenges such as:

- **High dependency on radiologists**, leading to bottlenecks in diagnosis.
- Human error in detecting anomalies in complex medical images.
- Increased patient load, which delays diagnosis and treatment decisions.









• Regulatory and security challenges related to handling patient medical data.

Mayo Clinic, a globally recognized healthcare provider, sought an AI-driven solution to **augment radiologists** in diagnosing diseases from X-rays, MRIs, and CT scans. Traditional diagnostic methods were time-consuming and prone to errors, leading to delayed treatments and compromised patient outcomes.

To overcome these limitations, Mayo Clinic required a data science-powered medical imaging system that could:

- Enhance diagnostic accuracy using deep learning models.
- **Reduce turnaround time** for analyzing medical images.
- Ensure data privacy and compliance with healthcare regulations like HIPAA.

Why Mayo Clinic Chose This Solution

Mayo Clinic implemented Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Data Science to build an AI-powered medical imaging system that could assist radiologists in disease detection and diagnosis.

Key Technologies and OCI Services Used:

1. OCI Data Science:

- Developed and trained deep learning models using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) for automated image analysis.
- Analyzed massive datasets of labeled medical images to identify patterns in diseases such as cancer, pneumonia, and fractures.

2. OCI Vision AI:

- Used computer vision algorithms to detect anomalies in X-rays, MRIs, and CT scans with high accuracy.
- Assisted radiologists by highlighting potential problem areas, reducing the likelihood of missed diagnoses.

3. OCI API Gateway:









- Enabled seamless integration of AI-powered diagnostic models with hospital management systems.
- Allowed real-time access to AI-driven medical insights for doctors across multiple departments.

4. OCI Autonomous Database:

- Provided secure storage for medical images, patient records, and AI-generated diagnostic reports.
- Ensured compliance with healthcare regulations such as HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act) and GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation).

Implementation Process

1. Data Collection & Preprocessing

- **Medical images** (X-rays, MRIs, CT scans) were collected from Mayo Clinic's imaging systems.
- Data anonymization techniques were applied to protect patient privacy.
- Images were preprocessed (resized, normalized) for training deep learning models.

2. Model Development & Training

- Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) were trained using historical labeled medical images.
- AI models were fine-tuned with expert feedback from radiologists to improve accuracy.
- Transfer learning from pre-trained medical AI models was used to accelerate development.

3. AI Integration & Deployment

- AI models were deployed on OCI Vision AI to automate anomaly detection.
- Results were integrated with hospital management systems via OCI API Gateway.
- Radiologists received AI-assisted reports, speeding up the diagnostic process.

Results and Business Impact









1. 25% Improvement in Diagnostic Accuracy

- AI-assisted diagnostics significantly reduced false positives and false negatives.
- Radiologists received precise anomaly detection insights, reducing misdiagnosis rates.

2. Faster Patient Diagnosis & Treatment Decisions

- AI processed medical images in seconds, compared to traditional methods taking hours
- Faster analysis enabled quicker treatment initiation, improving patient recovery outcomes.

3. Increased Doctor Productivity & Patient Capacity

- AI-powered imaging analysis helped radiologists focus on complex cases, reducing workload.
- Doctors could serve more patients daily, improving hospital efficiency.

4. Enhanced Compliance & Data Security

- OCI Autonomous Database ensured secure patient data storage, preventing breaches.
- The system adhered to HIPAA, GDPR, and other medical regulations, ensuring legal compliance.

Conclusion

By leveraging OCI Data Science and AI-powered medical image analysis, Mayo Clinic revolutionized radiology diagnostics, making the process faster, more accurate, and scalable. This transformation not only enhanced patient care but also optimized hospital operations, allowing medical professionals to focus on life-saving treatments.