EX9 – HAMMING CODE

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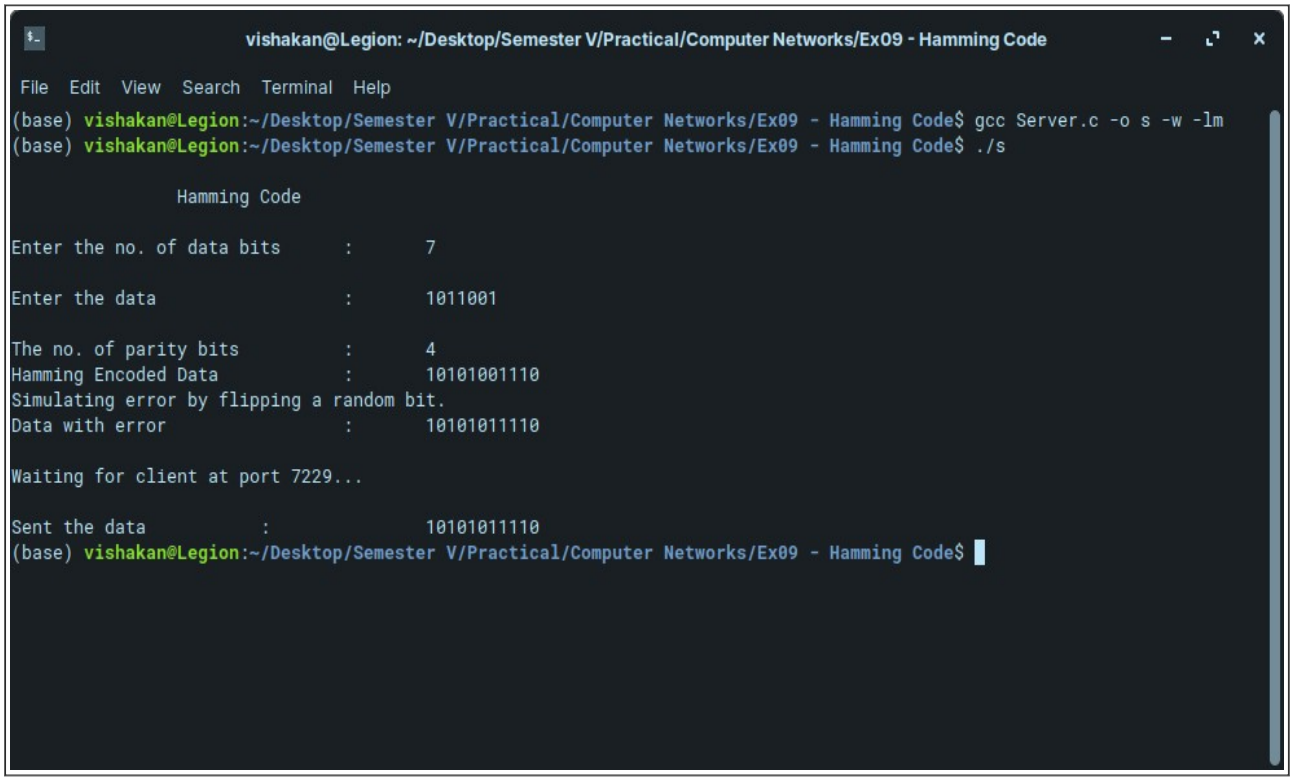
Server Program:

```
#include "Hamming.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>

#define PORT 7229

int main(void){
	int sockfd, newfd, len, flag, i, *hammed_data, *error_data;
	int data_bits, total_bits, parity_bits;
	struct sockaddr_in server_address, client_address;
	char buffer[1024];

	printf("\n\t\tHamming Code\n");
	printf("\nEnter the no. of data bits\t:\t");
	scanf("%d", &data_bits);

	printf("\nEnter the data\t\t\t:\t");

	int data[data_bits];

	for(i = 0; i < data_bits; i++){
		scanf("%1d", &data[i]);
	}

parity_bits = findParityBits(data_bits);
printf("\nThe no. of parity bits\t\t:\t%d", parity_bits);
total_bits = parity_bits + data_bits;

hammed_data = putParityBits(data, data_bits);
printf("\nHamming Encoded Data\t\t:\t");
printMessage(hammed_data, total_bits);

printf("\nSimulating error by flipping a random bit.");
error_data = flipABit(hammed_data, total_bits);

printf("\nData with error\t\t\t:\t");
printMessage(error_data, total_bits);

for(i = 0; i < total_bits; i++){
buffer[i] = error_data[i] + '0';
}
```

```
        buffer[i] = '\0';

        sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

        if(sockfd < 0){ //Error has occurred.
                perror("Socket cannot be created.\n");
                exit(1);
        }

        bzero(&server_address, sizeof(server_address));

        server_address.sin_family = AF_INET;
        server_address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
        server_address.sin_port = htons(PORT);

        if(bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&server_address, sizeof(server_address)) < 0){
                perror("Bind error occurred.\n");
                exit(1);
        }

        printf("\n\nWaiting for client at port %d...\n", PORT);
        listen(sockfd, 2);
        len = sizeof(client_address);

        newfd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&client_address, &len);

        flag = send(newfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
        printf("\nSent the data\t\t:\t\t%s\n", buffer);

        close(sockfd);
        close(newfd);

        return 0;
}
```

Output:

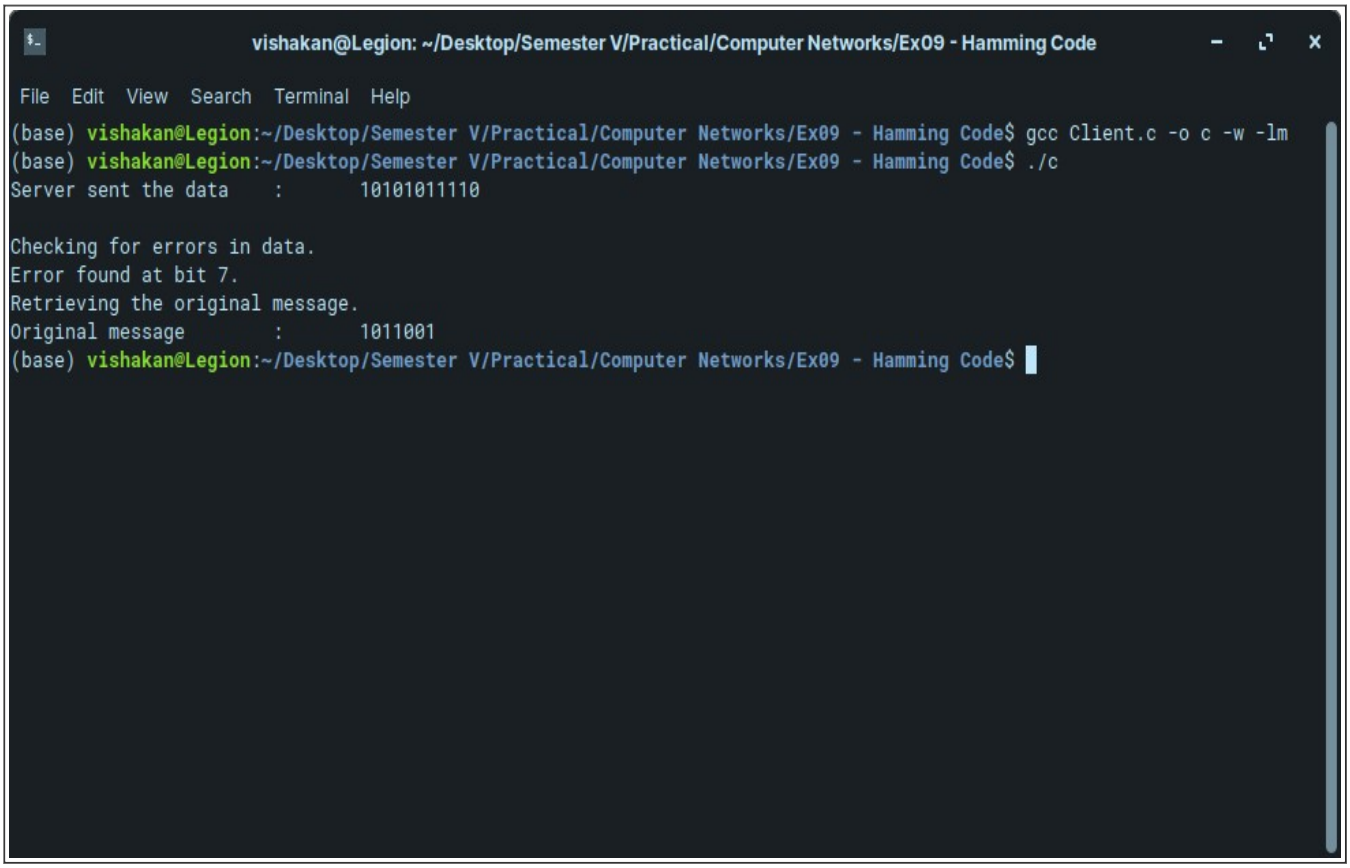

vishakan@Legion: ~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$ gcc Server.c -o s -w -lm
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$ ./s
Hamming Code
Enter the no. of data bits : 7
Enter the data : 1011001
The no. of parity bits : 4
Hamming Encoded Data : 10101001110
Simulating error by flipping a random bit.
Data with error : 10101011110
Waiting for client at port 7229...
Sent the data : 10101011110
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$

Client Program:

```
#include "Hamming.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>

#define PORT 7229

int main(void){
	int sockfd, flag, len, i;
	int *data, data_bits, parity_bits, total_bits;
	struct sockaddr_in server_address, client_address;
	char buffer[1024];

	sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

	if(sockfd < 0){
		perror("Socket cannot be created.\n");
		exit(1);
	}

	bzero(&server_address, sizeof(server_address));

	server_address.sin_family = AF_INET;
	server_address.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
	server_address.sin_port = htons(7229);

	connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&server_address, sizeof(server_address));

	flag = recv(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);

	printf("Server sent the data\t:\t%s\n", buffer);

	total_bits = strlen(buffer);

	int hammed_data[total_bits];

	for(i = 0; i < total_bits; i++){
		hammed_data[i] = buffer[i] - '0';
	}

	parity_bits = findParityBits(total_bits);

	printf("\nChecking for errors in data.");
	data = detectError(hammed_data, total_bits, parity_bits);

	printf("\nRetrieving the original message.");
	data = getMessage(data, total_bits, parity_bits);
```

```
        printf("\nOriginal message\t:\t");
        printMessage(data, total_bits – parity_bits);
        printf("\n");


        close(sockfd);


        return 0;
}
```

Output:


vishakan@Legion: ~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$ gcc Client.c -o c -w -lm
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$ ./c
Server sent the data : 10101011110
Checking for errors in data.
Error found at bit 7.
Retrieving the original message.
Original message : 1011001
(base) vishakan@Legion:~/Desktop/Semester V/Practical/Computer Networks/Ex09 - Hamming Code$

Header File “Hamming.h”:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>

int findParityBits(int msg_bits);
int *putParityBits(int *data, int data_bits);
int *flipABit(int *data, int bits);
int *detectError(int *array, int bits, int parity_bits);
int *getMessage(int *hammed_data, int bits, int parity_bits);
void printMessage(int *data, int bits);
long convertBinToDec(long bin_value);
int *reverseArray(int *array, int len);



int findParityBits(int msg_bits){
	//Calculates the number of parity bits required
	int i = 0;

	//No. of redundant bits are always power of 2 that is greater than the whole
	message size
	while(pow(2, i) < msg_bits + i + 1){
		i += 1;
	}

	return i;
}

int *putParityBits(int *data, int data_bits){
	//Places the required parity bits on a given array of data
	//Even parity is assumed here
	int i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, parity_bits = 0, total_bits = 0;
	int *hammed_data, bit_value = 0, parity_pos = 0;

	parity_bits = findParityBits(data_bits);
	total_bits = parity_bits + data_bits;
	hammed_data = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * total_bits);

	data = reverseArray(data, data_bits);

	for(i = 0; i < total_bits; i++){
		//Insert empty parity bits at the correct position
		if(i == ((1 << j) - 1)){ // 1 << i == 2^i in binary
			hammed_data[i] = 0;
			j++;
		}
```

```
                else{
                        hammed_data[i] = data[k];
                        k++;
                }
        }

        for(i = 0; i < total_bits; i++){
                //Calculate the parity values for each parity bit

                for(j = 0; j < parity_bits; j++){
                        bit_value = ((i + 1) & (1 << j));

                        if(bit_value){
                        //Implies the index value is not a power of 2, thus a data bit is at 'i'
                                parity_pos = (1 << j) - 1;
                                hammed_data[parity_pos] = hammed_data[parity_pos] ^
                                hammed_data[i];
                        }
                }
        }

        return reverseArray(hammed_data, total_bits);
}

int *flipABit(int *data, int bits){
        //Flips a random bit in the data to simulate error
        int pos;

        pos = rand() % bits;
        data[pos] = (data[pos] + 1) % 2;

        return data;
}

int *detectError(int *data, int bits, int parity_bits){
        //Detects the error (and corrects, if possible)
        int i = 0, j = 0, parity_pos, bit_value;
        int new_parity = 0, error_pos = 0, *new_data;

        data = reverseArray(data, bits);

        for(j = parity_bits - 1; j >= 0; j--){
                //Calculate the parity values again for each parity bit
                //and compare

                new_parity = 0;

                for(i = 0; i < bits; i++){
                        bit_value = ((i + 1) & (1 << j));
```

```
                        if(bit_value){
                //Implies the index value is not a power of 2, thus a data bit is at 'i'
                                new_parity = new_parity ^ data[i];
                        }
                }

                error_pos += new_parity * (1 << j);
        }

        if(error_pos){
                printf("\nError found at bit %d.", bits - error_pos + 1);
                data[error_pos - 1] = (data[error_pos - 1] + 1) % 2;
        }

        else{
                printf("\nNo Error was found.");
        }

        return data;
}

int *getMessage(int *hammed_data, int bits, int parity_bits){
        //Retrieves the original message from the Hamming encoded data
        int *data, i = 0, j = 0, k = 0;

        data = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * (bits - parity_bits));

        for(i = 0; i < bits; i++){
                if(i != ((1 << j) - 1)){
                        data[k++] = hammed_data[i];
                }
                else{
                        j++;
                }
        }

        return reverseArray(data, bits - parity_bits);
}

void printMessage(int *data, int bits){
        //Prints a given array of data
        int i = 0;

        for(i = 0; i < bits; i++){
                printf("%d", data[i]);
        }

        return;
}
```

```
long convertBinToDec(long bin_value){
	//Converts a given binary value to decimal
	int dec_value = 0, i = 0, rem = 0;

	while(bin_value != 0){
		rem = bin_value % 10;
		bin_value /= 10;
		dec_value += rem * pow(2, i);
		i++;
	}

	return dec_value;
}

int *reverseArray(int *array, int len){
	//Reverses the given array of data
	int *rev, i = 0;
	rev = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * len);

	for(i = 0; i < len; i++){
		rev[i] = array[(len - 1) - i];
	}

	return rev;
}
```