# gputils 0.11.7

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# gpasm

## 2.1 Running gpasm

The general syntax for running gpasm is

gpasm [options] asm-file

Where options can be

#### 2.1.1 Using gpasm with "make"

On most operating systems, you can build a project using the make utility. To use gpasm with make, you might have a "makefile" like this:

This will rebuild "tree.hex" whenever either of the "tree.asm" or "treedef.inc" files change. A more comprehensive example of using gpasm with makefiles is included as example1 in the gpasm source distribution.

#### 2.1.2 Dealing with errors

gpasm doesn't specifically create an error file. This can be a problem if you want to keep a record of errors, or if your assembly produces so many errors eftlef' 962j /R198399ef.inc gpasm

general syntax 21 dediasel written as

base	general syntax	21 decimal written as
binary	B'[01]*'	B'10101'
octal	O'[0-7]*'	O'25'
decimal		

binary

### 2.2.5 Processor header files

gputils distrib

### \_\_CONFIG

```
__CONFIG <expression>
```

Sets the PIC processor's configuration fuses.

### \_\_IDLOCS

```
__IDLOCS <expression> or __IDLOCS <expression1>,<expression2>
```

Sets the PIC processor's identification locations. For 12 and 14 bit processors, the four id locations are set to the hexadecimal value of expression. For 18cxx de

#### **MACRO**

```
<label> MACRO [ <symbol> [ , <symbol> ]* ]
```

Declares a macro with name <label>. gpasm replaces any occurrences of <symbol> in the macro definition with the parameters given at macro invocation.

See also: LOCAL, ENDM

#### **MESSG**

MESSG <string>

Writes <string> to the list file, and to the standard error output.

See also: ERROR

#### NOEXPANB59APi0teTrIW9i9t6264 T-72.6P

#### **UDATA\_ACS**

```
<label> UDATA_ACS <expression>
```

Only for relocatable mode. Creates a new uninitialized accessbank data section in the output object file. <a href="related-specifies"><a href="related-section"><a href="relat

See also: CODE, IDATA, UDATA

#### UDATA\_OVR

```
<label> UDATA_OVR <expression>
```

Only for relocatable mode. Creates a new uninitialized overlaid data section in the output object file. <a href="relocated-label"><a href="relocated

See also: CODE, IDATA, UDATA

#### **UDATA\_SHR**

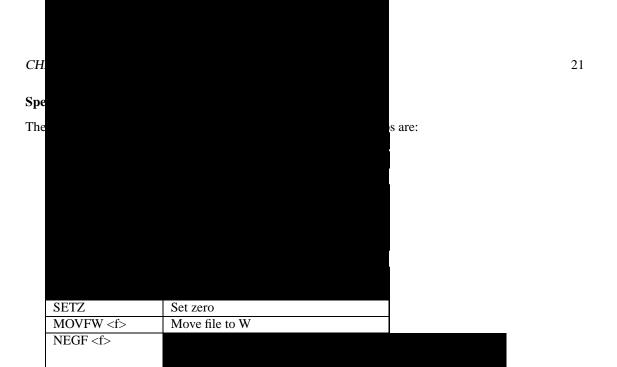
 $\operatorname{\mathsf{def}}$  <\label> UDATA\_SHR <\expression>

Only

### 2.4.2 Instruction set summary

### 12 bit Devices (PIC12C5XX)

Syntax	Description
ADDWF <f>,<dst></dst></f>	



oncomerro

### 115 Duplicate Label

Duplicate label or redefining a symbol that can not be redefined.

#### 124 Illegal Argument

gpasm encountered an illegal argument in an expression.

#### 125 Illegal Condition

An illegal condition like a missing ENDIF or ENDW has been encountered.

#### 126 Argument out of

### 2.5.2 Warnings

**201** Symbol not previously defined.

The symbol being #undefined was not previously defined.

202 Argument out of range

The argument does not fit in the allocated space.

**211** Extraneous arguments

Extra arguments were found on the line.

215 Processor superseded by command line

The processor was specified on the command line and in the source file. The command line has prece-

The ID locations value specified is too large.

**305** Using default destination

# gplink

gplink relocates and links gpasm COFF objects and generates an absolute executable COFF.

## 3.1 Running gplink

The general syntax for running gplink is

gplink [options] [objects] [libraries]

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If the user does not specify a linker script, gplink will

# gplib

gplib creates, modifies and extractCOFF archi

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### 4.4 Archive format

The file format is a standard COFF archive. A header is added to each member and the unmodified object is copied into the archive.

Being a standard archive they do include a symbol index. It provides a simple why to determine which member should be extract to resolve external references. This index is not included in mplib archives. So using gplib archives with Microchip Tools will probably cause problems unles the "-n" option is added when the archive is created.

# **Utilities**

### 5.1 gpdasm

gpdasm is a disassembler for gputils. It converts hex files generated by gpasm and gplink into disassembled instructions.

### 5.1.1 Running gpdasm

The general syntax for running gpdasm is

gpdasm [options] hex-file

Where

## 5.2 gpvc

gpvc is cod file viewer for gputils. It provides an easy way to view the contents of the cod files generated by gpasm and gplink.

### 5.2.1 Running gpvc

The general syntax for running gpvc is

Where options can be one of:

Option	Meaning
a	Display all information
d	

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V