

# Neural Network Alternatives to Convolutional Audio Models for Source Separation

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***#Adobe Research***

***MLSP 2017***

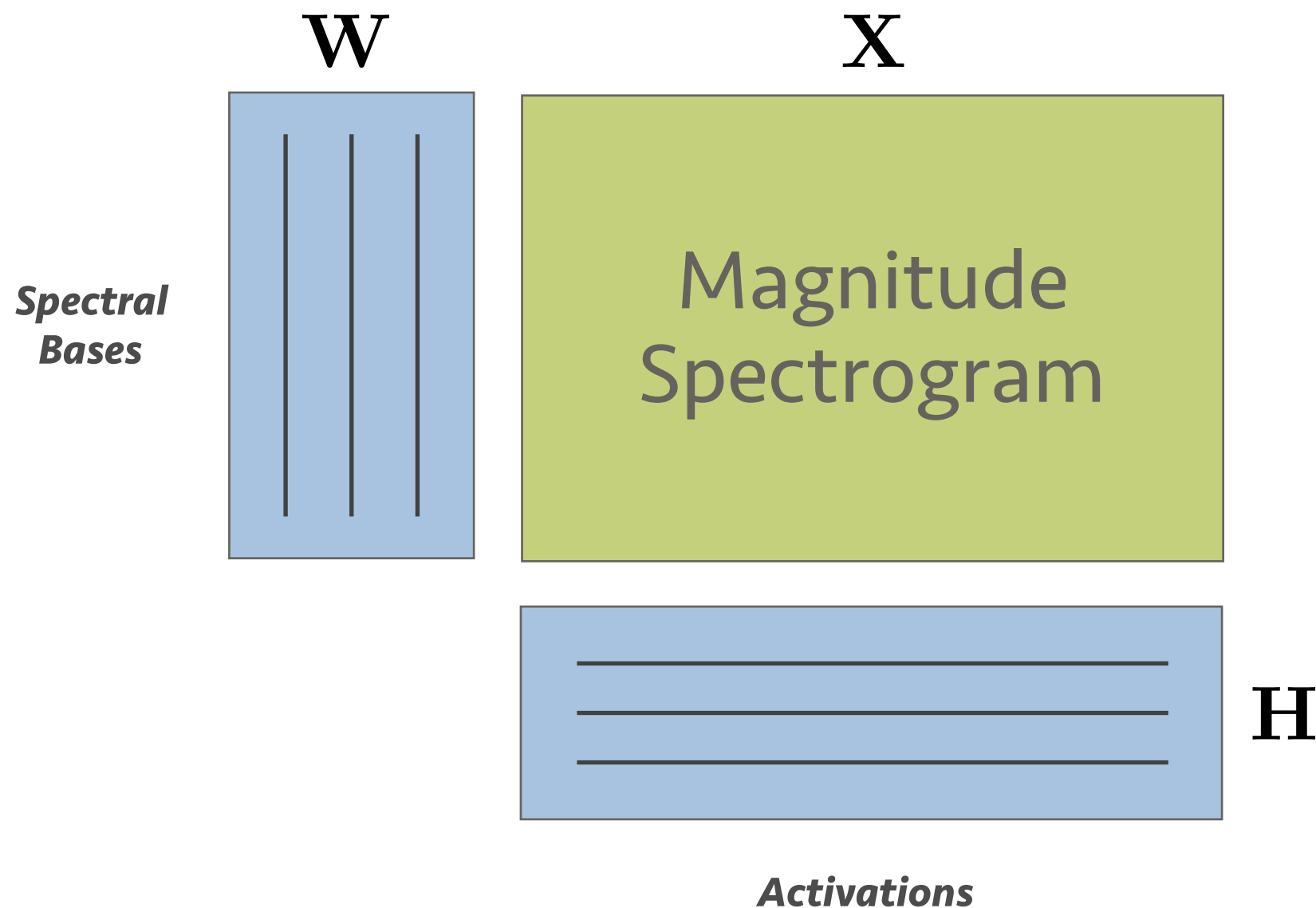
# Motivation

- Supervised single channel source separation
  - Using models trained from clean sounds
- Dominant approach
  - Non-negative Matrix Factorization (NMF)
    - Interpretable, reusable models
- Non-negative Auto-encoder (NAE)
  - Interpreting NMF as a neural net
    - Reusable models with Significant improvements
- Modeling temporal dependencies in spectrograms
  - Incorporate temporal structure into NAE models
    - CNN's, RNN's, LSTM's etc.

# Learning an NMF model

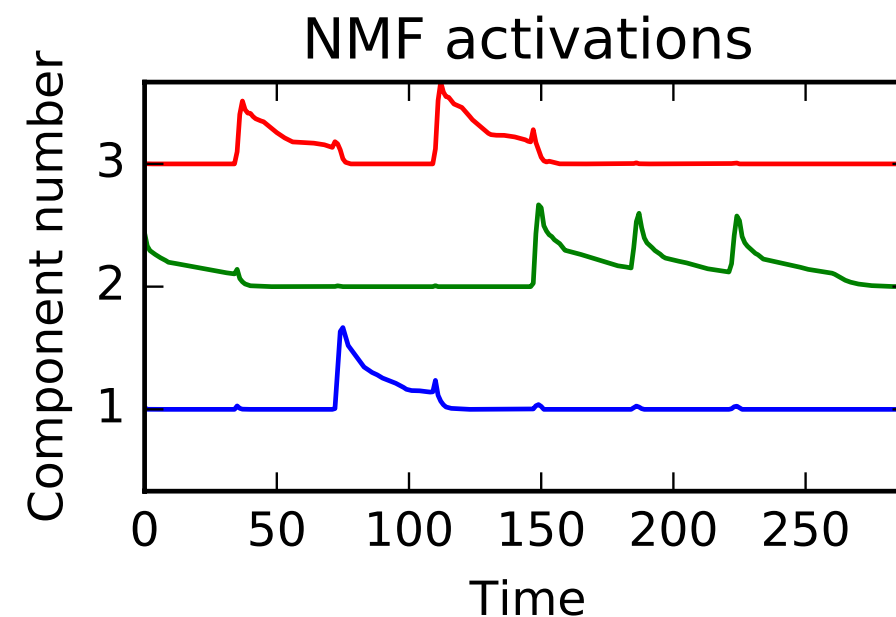
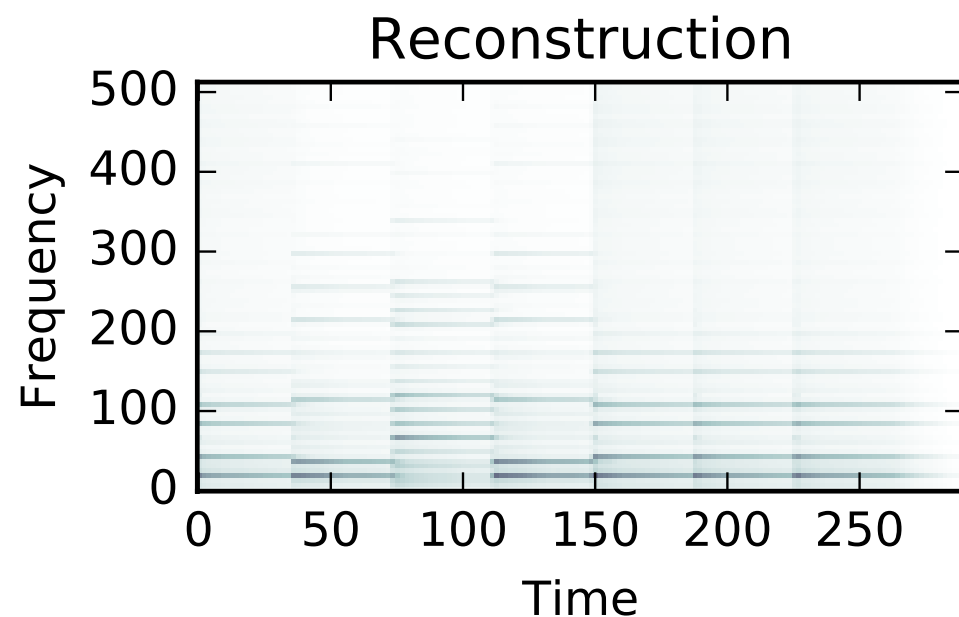
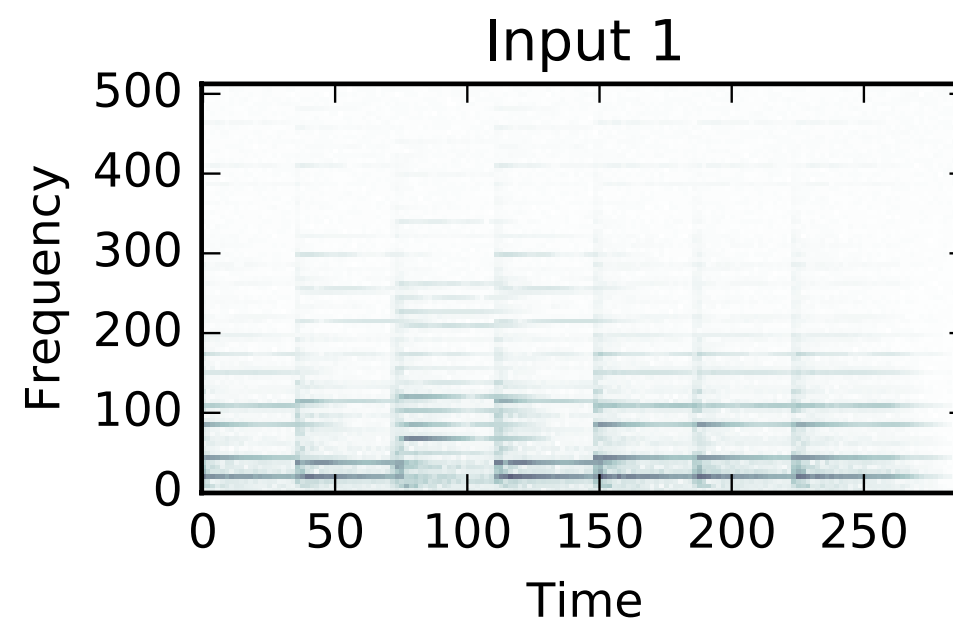
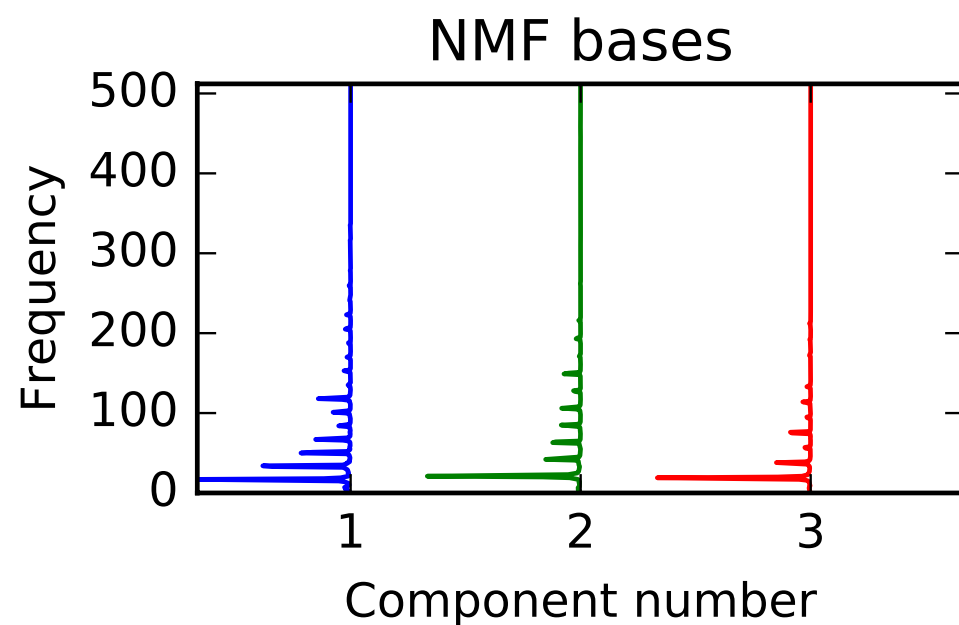
- Learning spectral bases from spectrograms.

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{W} \cdot \mathbf{H} \quad \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{H} \in \mathbb{R}^+$$



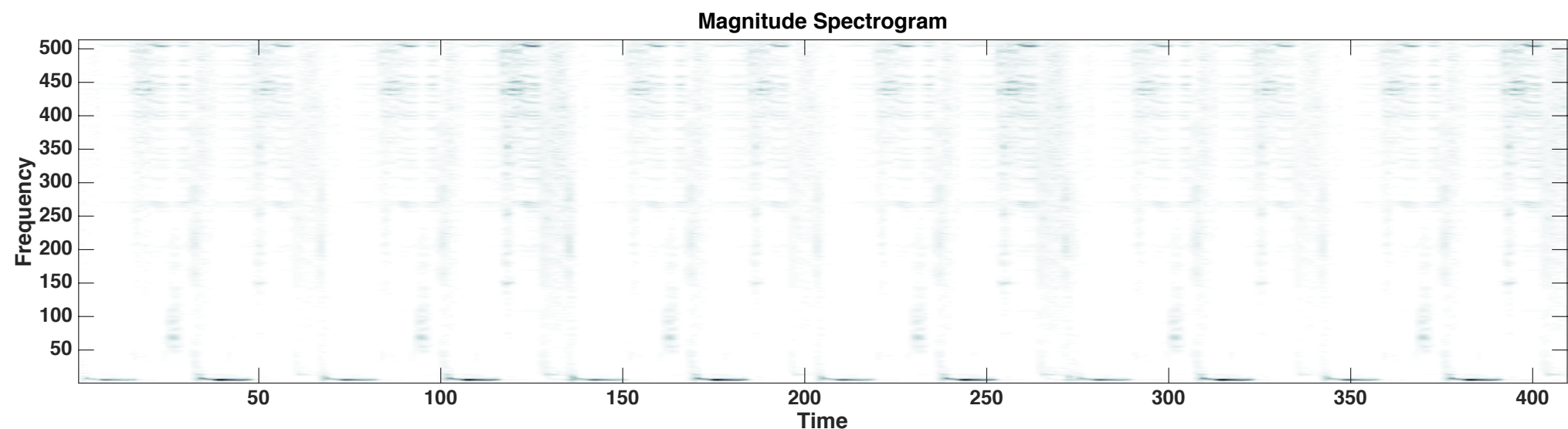
# NMF in action

- Analyzing piano notes

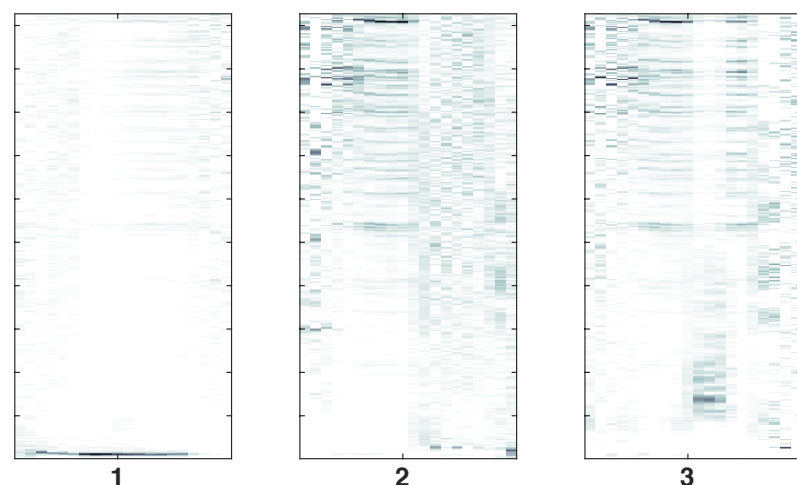


# NMF for Non-stationary sounds

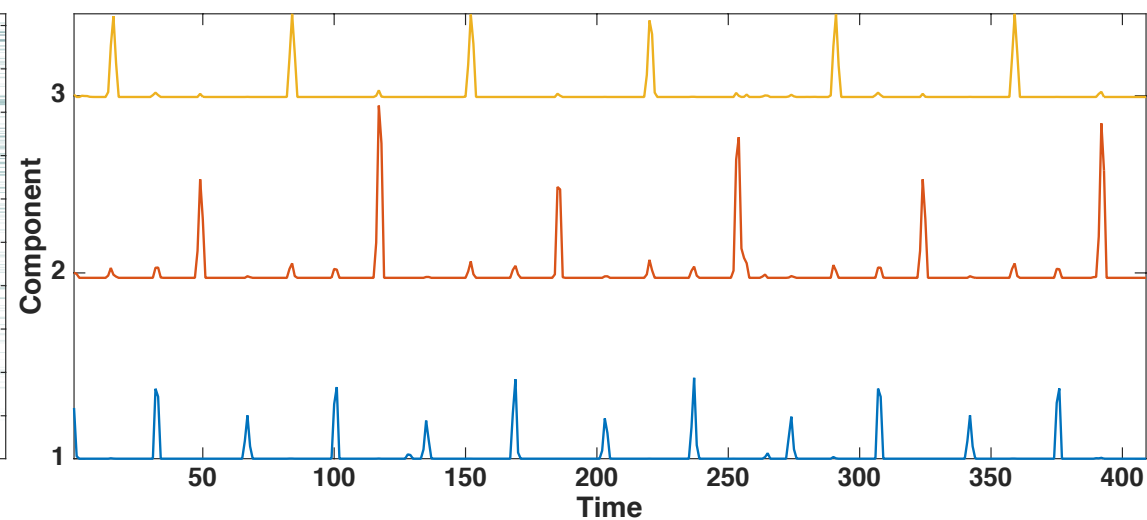
- Convolutional NMF
  - Modify spectral-bases to be matrices
    - Bases capture snippets from spectrogram
- Significant model changes
  - Difficult to model silences



*Components*



*Activations*



# Non-negative Auto-encoder

- Interpret NMF as a neural network

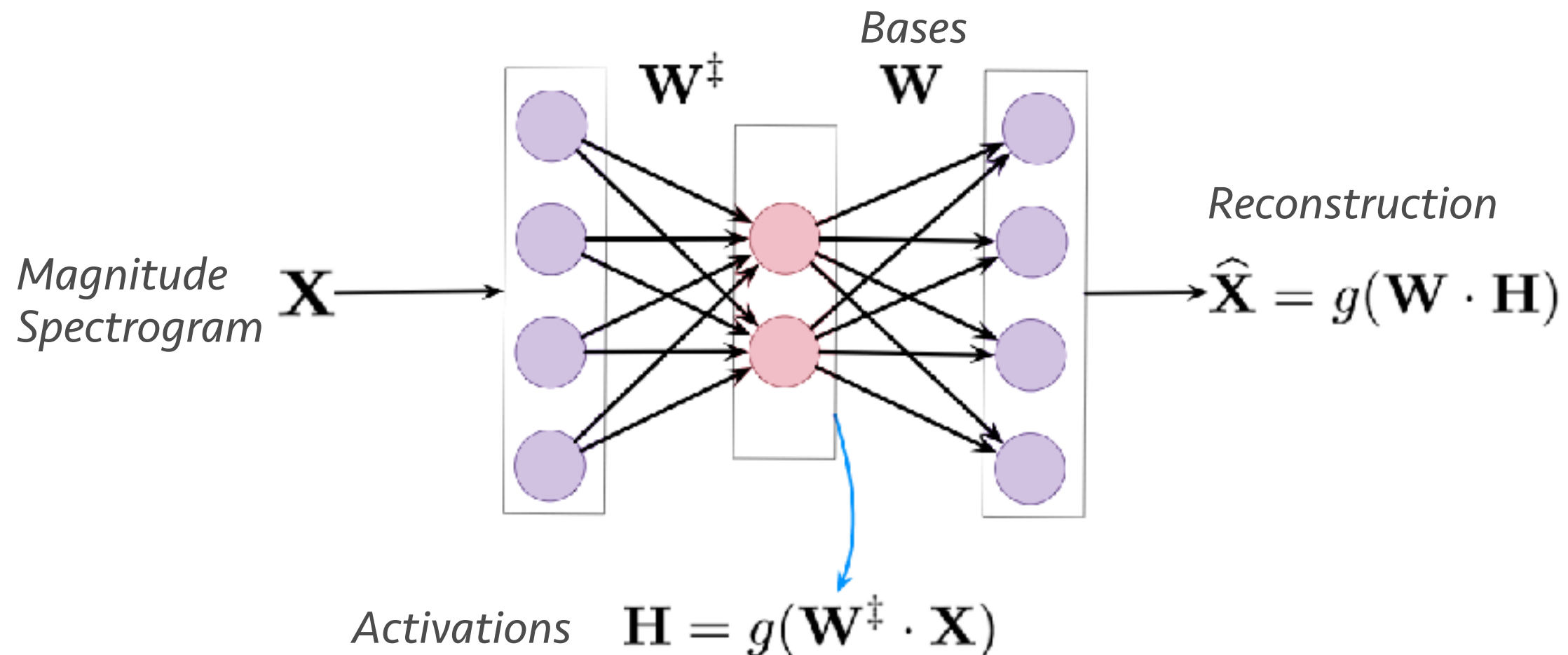
*NMF*

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{W} \cdot \mathbf{H}$$

*Non-negative Auto-encoder (NAE)*

$$\mathbf{H} = g(\mathbf{W}^\dagger \mathbf{X}) ; \quad \hat{\mathbf{X}} = g(\mathbf{W} \mathbf{H})$$

$$g(x) = \max(x, 0) \text{ or } |x| \text{ or } \ln(1 + e^x)$$

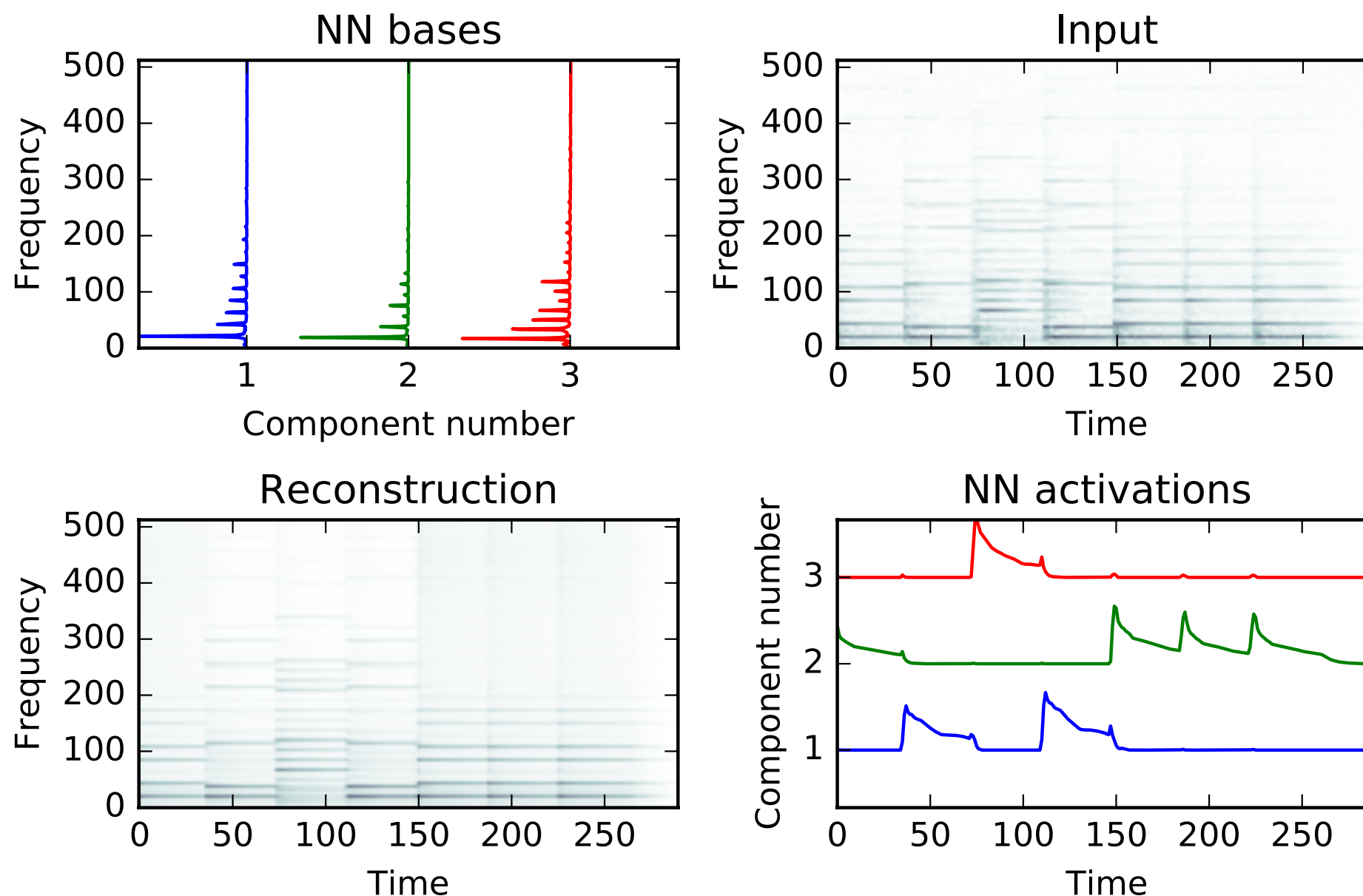


# NAE in action

- Bases can take negative values

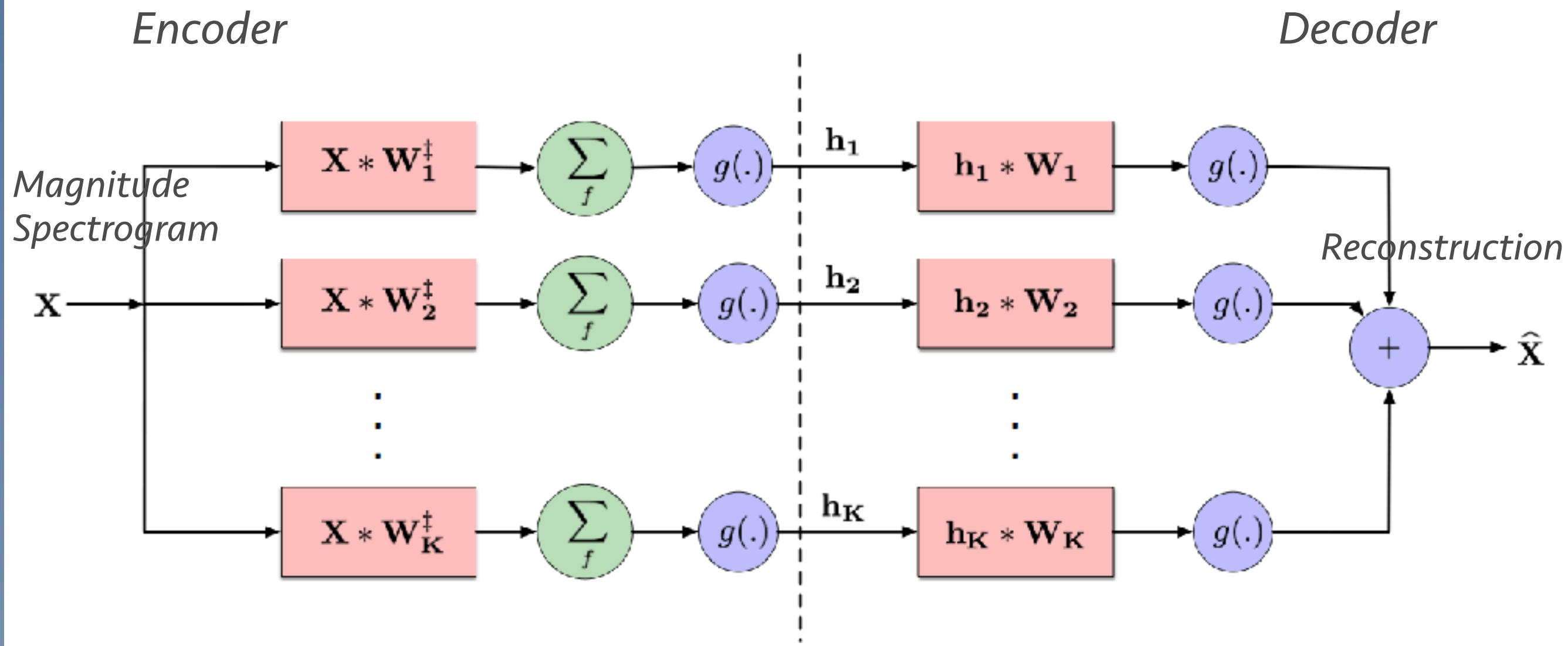
$$KL(\mathbf{X} || g(\mathbf{W} \cdot \mathbf{H})) + \lambda ||\mathbf{H}||_1$$

$$g(x) = \ln(1 + e^x)$$



# Convolutive models

- Cross-frame patterns in spectrograms
  - CNN's naturally deal with sequences
    - Spectro-Temporal models
- CNN-CNN auto-encoder (CCAIE)





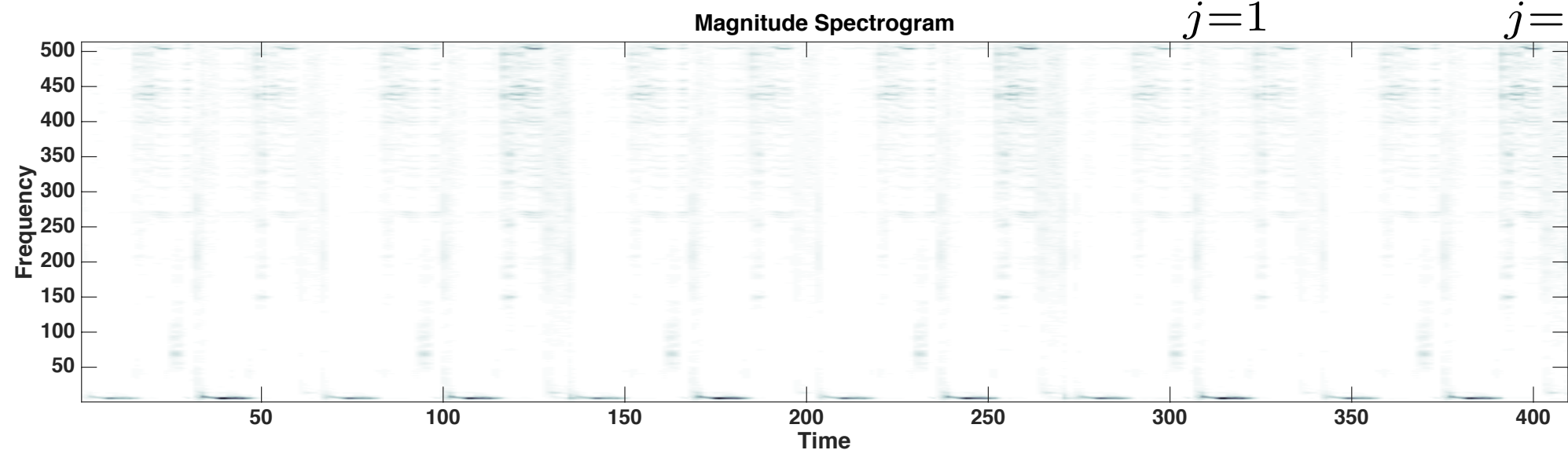
# CCAЕ in action

- Encoder acts as a matched filter

- Bases allow negative values

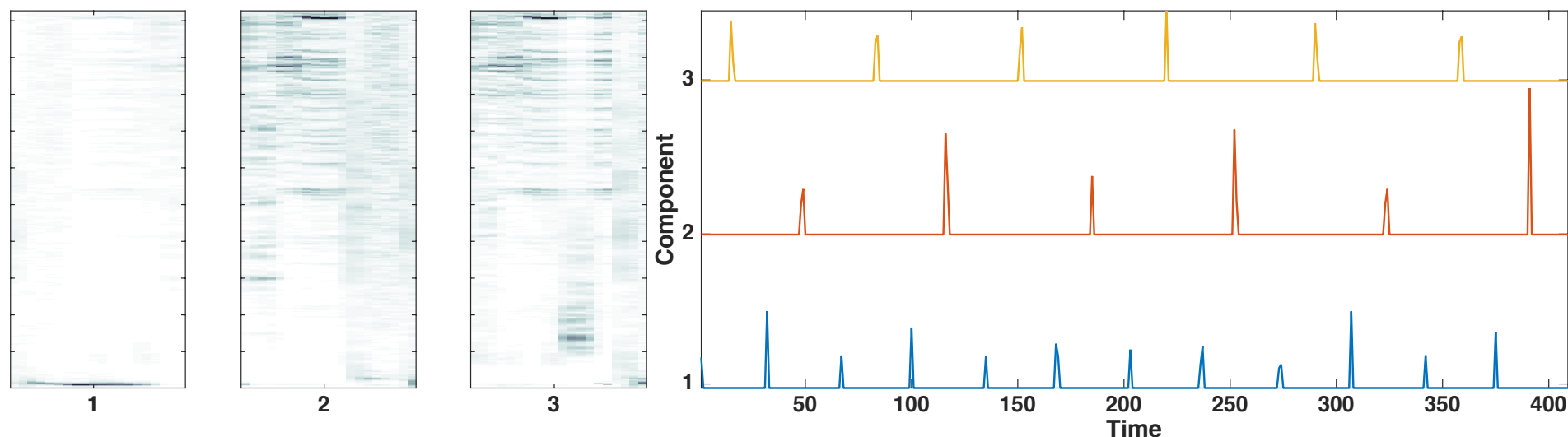
- Models silence easily

$$g(x) = \ln(1 + e^x) \quad KL(\mathbf{X}||\hat{\mathbf{X}}) + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^K |\mathbf{h}_j| + \mu \sum_{j=1}^K ||\mathbf{W}_j||_1$$



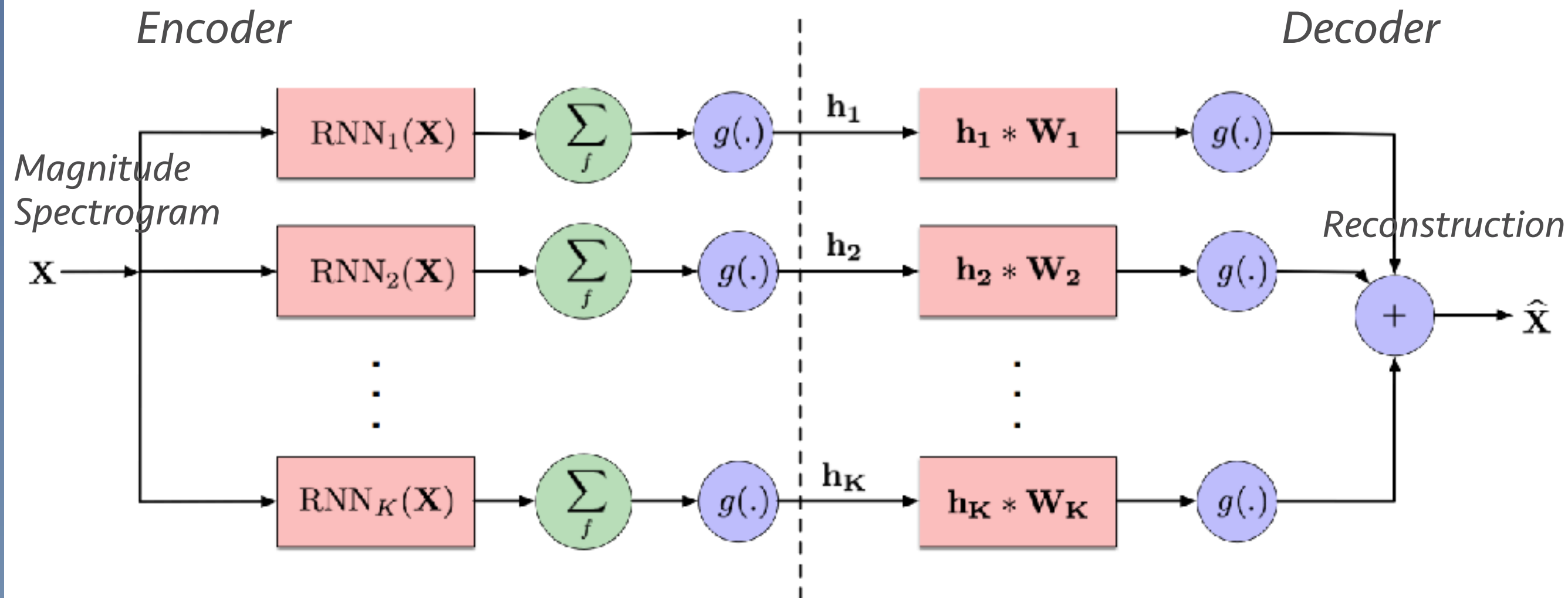
*Components*

*Activations*



# Extensions

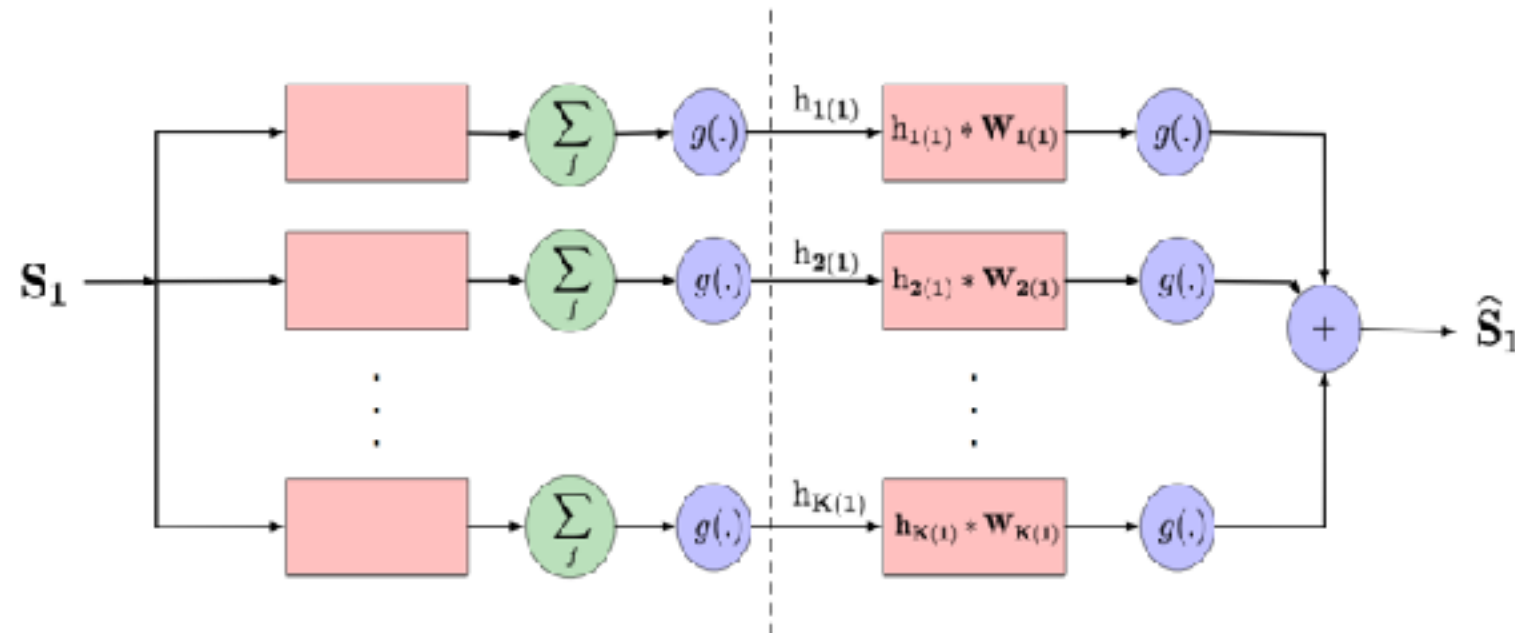
- Difficult to extend NMF models
  - Easy to extend neural nets
- Encoder acts as a matched filter
  - Inverse of FIR is IIR
    - Use RNN's (LSTM's) in the encoder
- RNN-CNN auto-encoder (RCAE)



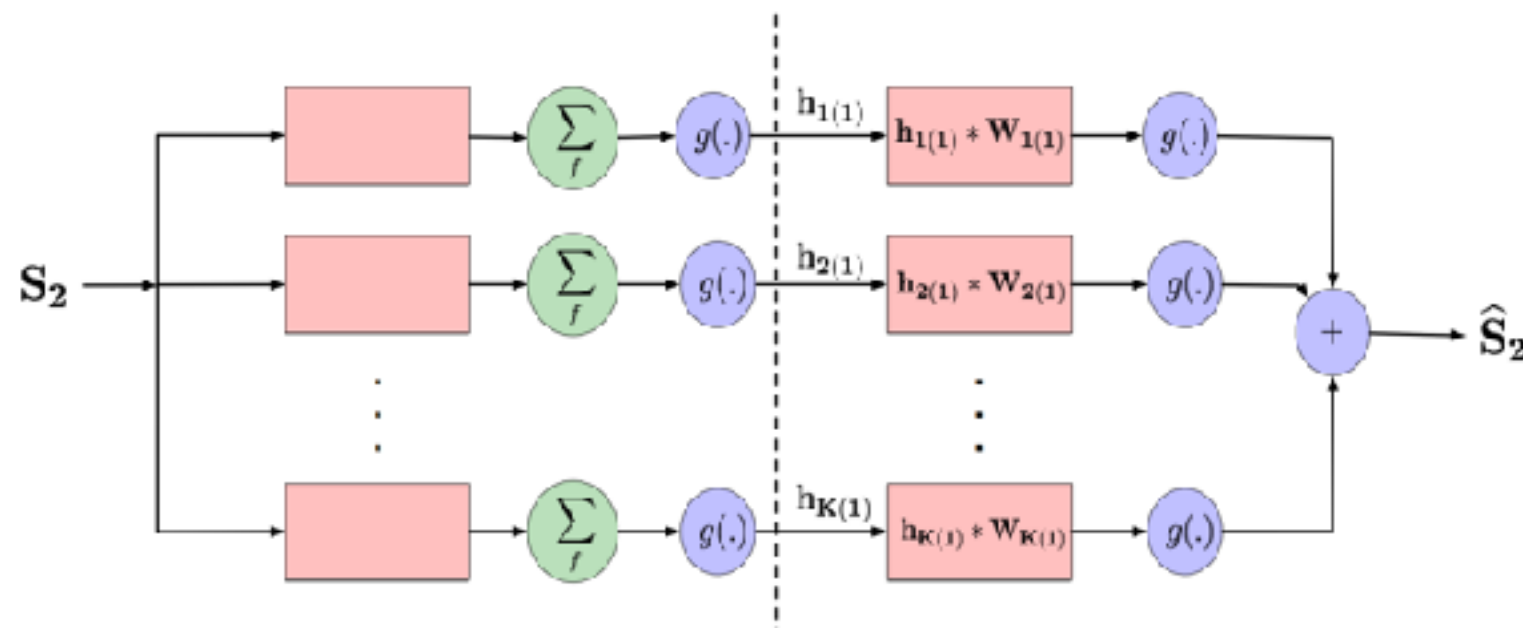
# CAE Source separation

- Estimate models for each source

*Training data for source 1*



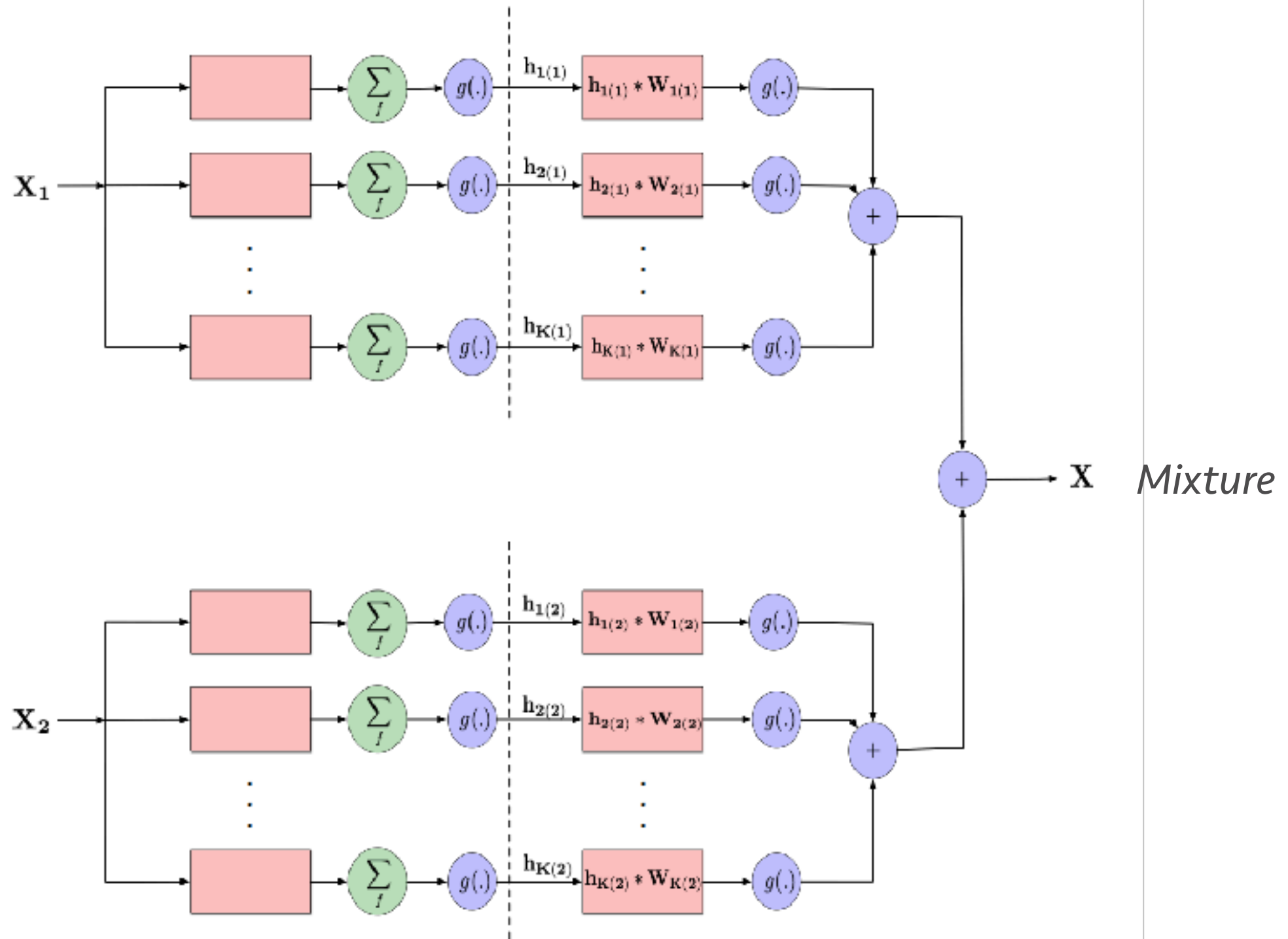
*Training data for source 2*



# CAE Source separation

- Estimate the contribution of the sources in the unknown mixture using trained models

*Training in  
data from  
mixture 1*



*Training in  
data from  
mixture 2*

# CAE Source separation

- Goal: Estimating network inputs (source spectrograms)

- Given the source models

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}_1 + \mathbf{X}_2$$

- Gradient-descent/back-propagation to train the network

- Spectrograms to sources

- Inversion using mixture phase

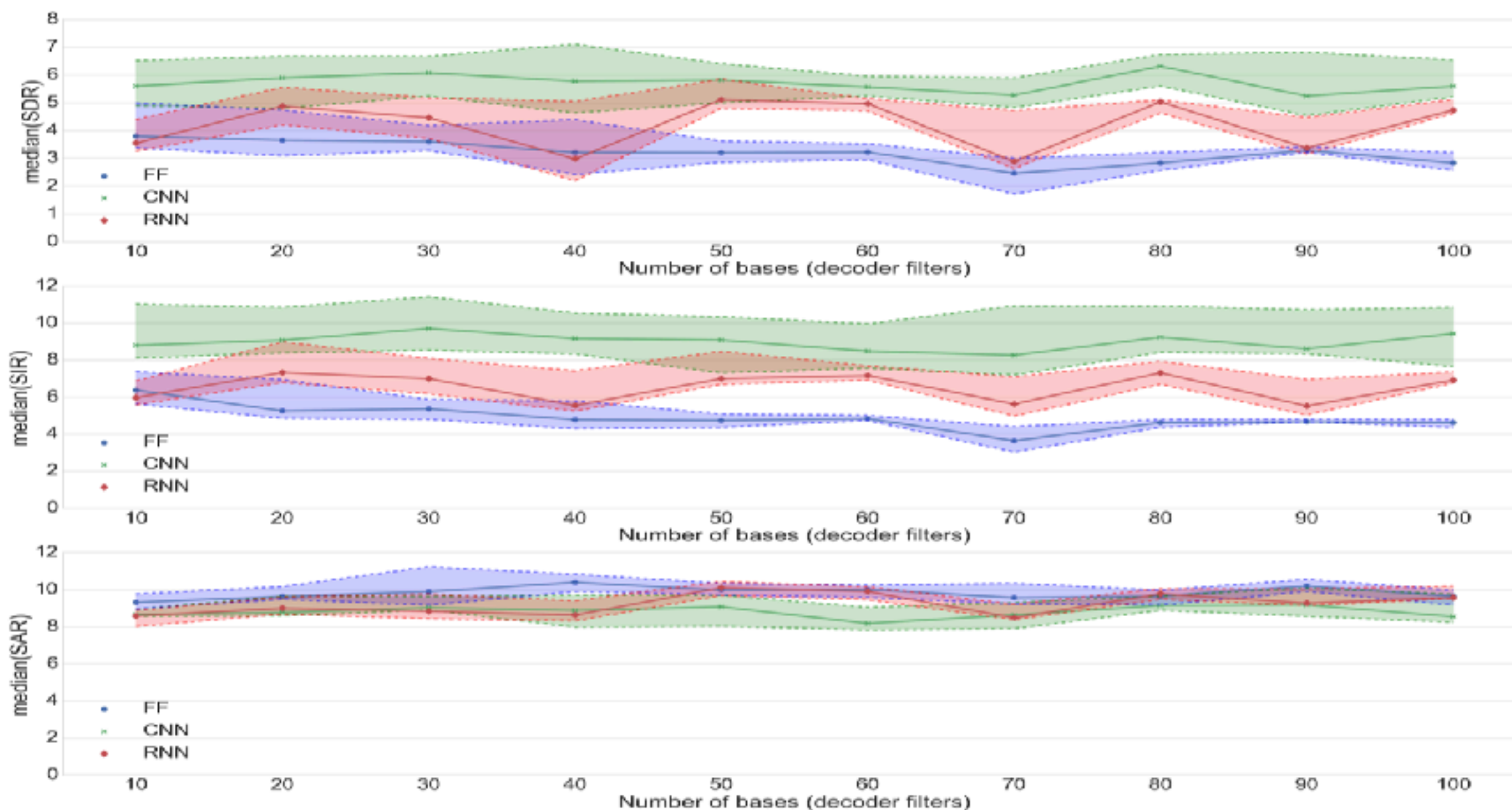
$$x_i(t) = \text{STFT}^{-1} \left( \frac{\mathbf{X}_i}{\sum_i \mathbf{X}_i} \odot \mathbf{X} \odot e^{i\Phi_m} \right) \text{ for } i \in \{1, 2\}$$

# Evaluation

- Two-speaker mixtures
  - Training data ~ 15-20 seconds
  - Test data: Single sentence mixture at 0 dB
  - Evaluated for 10 pairs of speakers
- Evaluation metrics
  - BSS\_eval metrics (SDR, SIR, SAR)
- Compared CCAE and RCAE versions
  - NAE models as baseline
  - Parameters
    - Decomposition rank

# Separation Results

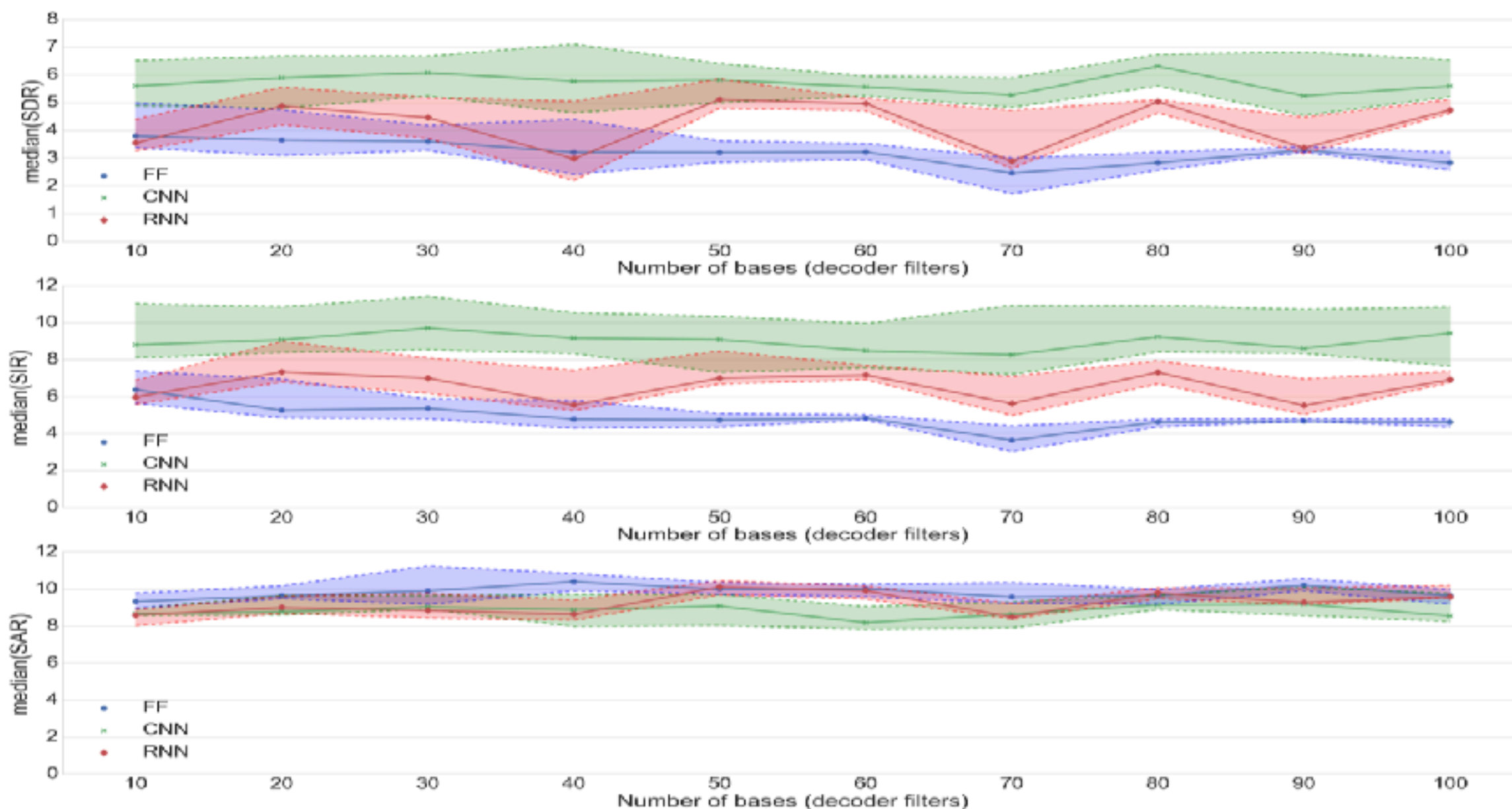
- NAE vs CCAE vs RCAE
  - Filter width = 8 samples
  - Filter height = 512 samples
- Best performance setting:  $K = 80$





# Separation Results

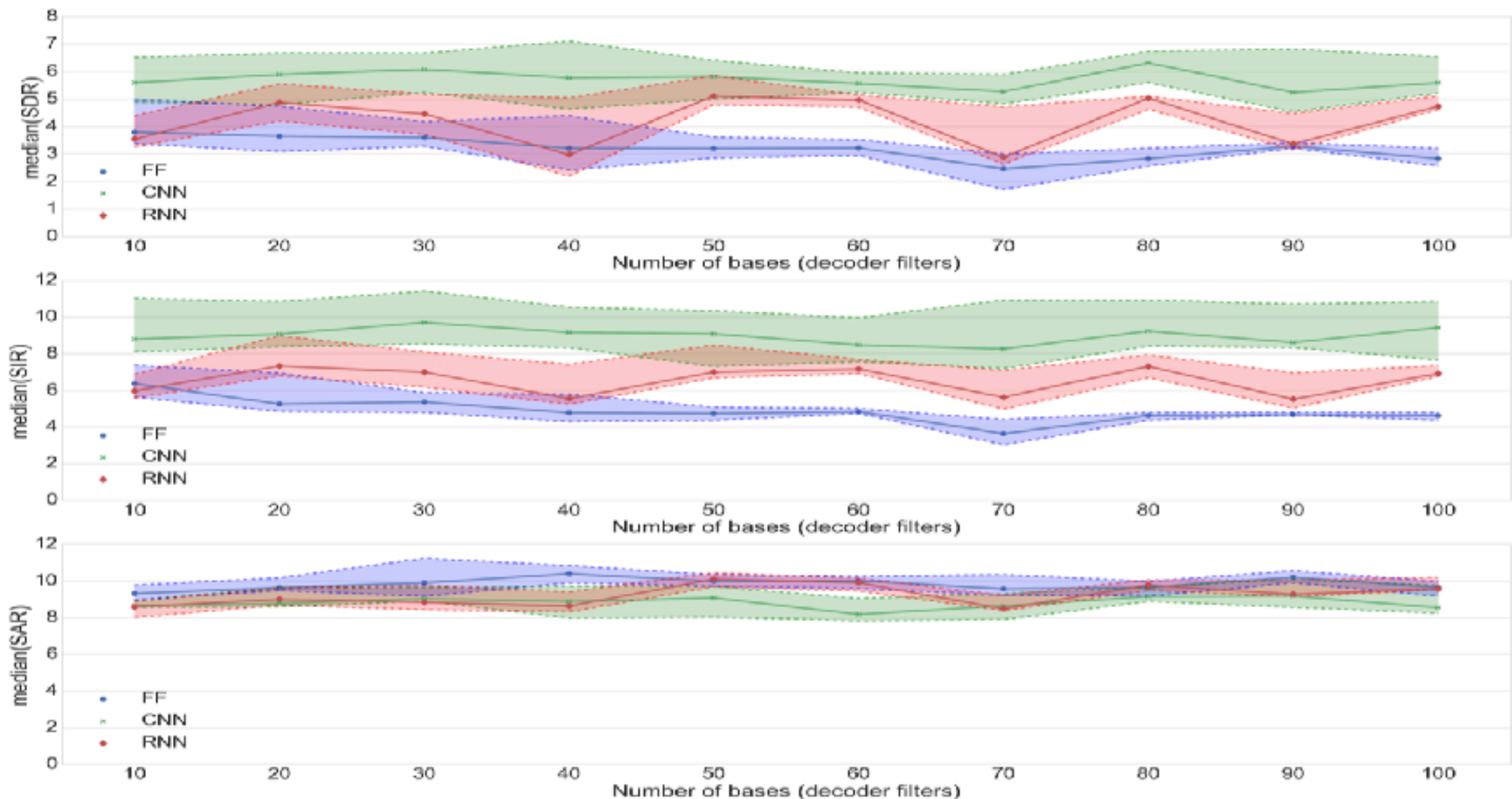
- CCAE models are significantly better
  - Inter-quartile range is higher
- Significant improvement in SIR
  - SAR values comparable





# Separation Results

- Median performance almost constant
  - CCAE models are robust to choice of decomposition rank
- RCAE models better than NAE models
  - Not as good as CCAE models



# Conclusions

- An alternative to convolutive basis decompositions
  - CNN's allow network to learn spectro-temporal patterns
- CAE models superior to NAE models
  - Significant improvement in separation performance
- Easily generalizable to novel convolutive models and architectures
  - RCAE models and other possible extensions
- Code available on GitHub
  - [https://github.com/ycemsubakan/sourceseparation\\_nn](https://github.com/ycemsubakan/sourceseparation_nn)

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# THANK YOU