



# FUNCTIONS & SCOPE

## FUNCTION DECLARATION

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*syntax*

```
function name(parameters) {  
  // do something  
}
```

*example*

```
function speak(name) {  
  console.log("Hello, " + name);  
}
```

## FUNCTION EXPRESSION

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*syntax*

```
let name = function(parameters) {  
  // do something  
};
```

*example*

```
let speak = function(name) {  
  console.log("Hello, " + name);  
}
```

## ARROW FUNCTION

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*syntax*

```
let name = (parameters) => {  
  // do something  
}
```

*example*

```
let speak = (name) => {  
  console.log("Hello, " + name);  
}
```

## CALLING A FUNCTION

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*syntax*

```
name(arguments);
```

*example*

```
speak("Michelle");
```

## VAR, LET, & CONST

keyword	local scope	mutable	browsers
var	<b>function</b> only	yes	all
let	any block	yes	<b>modern</b>
const	any block	<b>no</b>	<b>modern</b>

## FUNCTIONS & HOISTING

type	name hoisted	content hoisted
declaration	yes	<b>yes</b>
let expression	<b>no</b>	no
var expression	yes	no

## GLOBAL, LOCAL, & BLOCK SCOPE

a variable declared outside of a function is in the **global scope**

```
let temp = 75;
```

```
function predict() {  
  let forecast = 'Sun';  
  console.log(temp + ' and ' + forecast);  
  // 75 and Sun  
}
```

a variable declared within a function is in the **local scope** of that function

```
if (temp > 70) {  
  let forecast = 'It's gonna be warm!';  
  console.log(temp + '! ' + forecast);  
  // 75! It's gonna be warm!  
}
```

a variable declared with let and within a block, such as an if statement, is in the **block scope** of that statement